

FINANCIAL TIV

Japanese stocks dip on fears over banking sector

Japanese stock prices dipped 2.9 per cent yesterday on growing fears about the health of the country's banks which disclosed sharply lower profits and because of the still awaited onset of economic recovery. The Nikkei average fell below 17,000 to 16,726.37, ending the week down 6.8 per cent. Page 24 and Lex; Hosokawa still voters' favourite, Page 3; Japan's trust banks slide average 44 per cent, Page 11

Revenue seeks to wind up Nissan UK: The UK Inland Revenue has applied for a winding-up order against Nissan UK, former importer and distributor of Nissan cars which was at the centre of Britain's biggest tax fraud. Page 24

Volkswagen faces \$1.1bn loss: Europe's leading carmaker is heading for a DM2bn (\$1.1bn) loss this year, Ferdinand Piech, VW chairman, said. But he expects group capital spending budgets to be cut by an average DM2bn annually over the next five years to help recovery. Page 11

irish peace priority: A joint UK-irish framework for a permanent end to violence in Northern Ireland is Irish prime minister Albert Reynolds' priority in his forthcoming summit with UK prime minister John Major. Page 24; IRA hardliners set peace deadline, Page 7

The market finally

on Tuesday with a half-point cut in base rates to 5% per cent. But its response was

muted; the FT-SE 100 index actually fell ... by 1.3 points on the day and only rose 3.4 points over the week to finish at 3,111.4

The reaction reflected

fears that the rate .

cut could be followed

Market muted ahead of UK Budget

FT-SE 100 index got what it wanted

22 Nov'93 26

by some less palatable medicine in pext Tuesday's Budget. Markets, Weekend Page H; London stocks, Pages 22-23;

Pressure rises for trade deal: Pressure mounted on the US and European Union to agree a detailed package of tariff cuts in manufactured goods and farm products pext week at the Uruguay Round of trade talks. Page 2

Subway bosses seek help: London Underground, struggling to locate faults in its Central Line power supply cables which caused three days of disruption to users, has appealed for technical help from big UK cable manufacturers and international subway operators. Page 6

Strike paralyses Belgium: Belgium was paralysed with rail and post services shut down hy the first general strike since 1996 in protest against a government austerity plan. Page 2

Hamas commander shot dead: israeli forces in Jerusalem shot dead Khaled Zer, a military chief of the Hamas Islamic fundamentalist group. His shooting came less than two days after the killing of the Hamas head in Gaza. Page 3

US official selzed: Haynes Mahoney, director of the US Information Service office in Sansa. the Yemeni capital, was abducted from his car.

Channel tunnel death fines: Five UK construction companies building the Channel tunnel were each fined \$40,000 for failing to ensure the safety of a worker who was crushed to death while acting as a train lookout. Page 7 Euro Disney shares probe: The Paris stock

market authorities have launched an inquiry into the recent volatility of shares in Euro Disney, the troubled leisure group trying to negotiate a financial restructuring package. Page 11

W Germany Inflation heads down: Western Germany's inflation rate fell for the fourth consecutive month and is expected to dip below 3 per cent by the middle of next year. Page 2

Ex-RAF officer awarded £172,000: Nichola Cannock, who was forced to retire as a senior RAF engineering officer when she became preg-nant, was awarded £172,912 (\$257,640) damages by an industrial trihunal. Page 4

Sen Francisco death jump: An unnamed man clutching his baby daughter jumped off the Golden Gate Bridge in San Francisco Bay.

M STOCK MARKET INDICES	= STERLING
Yield382	3) New York lunchtime: \$ 1.40
FT-A All-Share 1533.3 (+0.5) Nikket 16,726.37 (+496.5) New Yorksharchthine Dow Jones Ind Ave 3,683.67 (-3.9)	N) \$ 1.48 (1.4955) 6) OM 2.5325 (2.5425) FF: 8.75 (8.8075) 1) SF: 2.2175 (2.2329)
SSP Composite	£ Index 81.2 (81.7)
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3-mo interbank	SFr 1,49095 Y 198,825 DM 1,7115 (1,7089) FFr 5,9129 (5,9179)
Brent 15-day (Jan)\$14.48 (14.5)	
New York Cornex (Dec)\$377.2 (377.1 Landon\$377.0 (377.1	3) Tokyo close Y 168.52

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Lonrho to finance Libyan film about Lockerbie

Deal prompts further division between Rowland and Bock

By Robert Peston and Roland Rudd

Lonrho and the Libyan government have set up a Caribbean shell company to finance a 2633,000 documentary film about the Lockerbie bombing.

The disclosure of Lonrho's secret partnership with Libya in the film project comes just two days hefore tough new United Nations sanctions against the country are due to come into

These include a freeze on Libyan assets held abroad to increase pressure on it to hand over for trial in the west suspects accused of blowing up the Pan

Am airliner over Lockerbie, Scot-land, in 1988 with the loss of 270 lives. The deal has prompted a further division hetween Mr Dieter Bock and his joint Lonrho chief executive, Mr Tiny Row-land, who is responsible for Lon-

rho's involvement in the film. Mr Bock is known to be embarrassed

hy the Lihyan connection and

wants to minimise husiness deal-

ings with the state.
But Mr Rowland, who is currently abroad and was unavailable for comment yesterday, has accumulated what he believes to

responsible for the bombing and has passed this to UK ministers. The film is being made by Mr Allan Francovich, a producer from the US who has made a number of highly praised docu-mentaries about the US Central Intelligence Agency. It is being funded by Metropole Hotels. which is two thirds owned hy Lonrho and one third by the Libyan Arah Finance Company, the main investment vehicle of Colo-

nel Muammer Gadaffi, the Libyan leader. accumulated what he believes to Metropole has set up a wholly be evidence that Lihya was not owned subsidiary in the British

Enterprises. Hemar bired Mr Francovich as director and producer of a 50 minute television documentary, with a hudget of £832,948. Metropole has deposited £105,000 of this into Hemar's account at Credit Suisse in Zurich, Switzerland.

At a Metropole board meeting in August, members were told that talks had been held between the LAFC and Lonrho directors about the possibility of making a film on "Libyan issues". Mr Rowland then suggested that it

should he financed by Metropole.

Martin Bolland, said at the meeting that he was concerned at possible adverse publicity for the group from its involvement. However. Mr Rowland - supported hy Mr Smeida El Naili and Mr Mohamed Ali El Huwej, both of the Lihyan Arah Finance Com-pany - instructed that Hemar should be set up by Metropole and should have only three directors: himself; Mr Ken Etheridge, the former policeman who is head of security at Lonrho; and

Mr Francovich said he had

Mr El Naili.

any interference from Lonrho or the Lihyans. He said he had already found out some "incredihie" details about the back-ground to the bombing and that shooting would start in "three or four weeks". He has requested interviews with the alleged Libyan intelli-gence agents, Mr Abdel Basset Ali al-Megrahi and Mr Lamen

complete control of the project and could withdraw if there was

Khalifa Fhimah, whom the UK and US governments want to try in connection with the bombing. Recently, Mr Rowland said he felt honour bound to work with Lihya since selling it the Metropole stake for £177m in 1992.

Judge says sentence is 'commensurate'
SFO denies error over plea bargain

City anger over community service order for Levitt

By John Mason, Law Courts Correspondent

The Serious Fraud Office was at the centre of another controversy . yesterday when Mr Roger Levitt, the former financial services salesman who pleaded guilty to frand after his company col-

was ordered to carry out 180 hours of community service by Mr Justice Laws following a plea bargain with the SFO's lawyers. The Levitt Group, which col-Olympic athlete who is now a Tory MP, and Mr Adam Faith. the entertainer, to act as direc-

tors of its subsidiaries.
Its most famous individual loser was the writer Mr Frederick Forsyth, who lost some £900,000. The sentence imposed on Mr Levitt, following a three-year investigation and prosecution by

anger among both investors who lost money in the collapse of the Levitt Group and City regulators.

The SFO defended its decision not to proceed with 21 charges against Mr Levitt and Mr Mark Reed, the group's former managing director, a week into the trial. These included obtaining propwalked free from court forgery, false accounting and the most successful financial services companies of the mid-services. guilty to a severely limited part of the indictment against them -

a fraudulent trading charge involving the deception of Fimbra, the self-regulatory body for financial advisers. lapsed in December 1990, attracted celebrity names such as Mr Sebastian Coe, the former the offence the two men pleaded guilty to - which carried a possihle seven year jail sentence - adequately reflected their criminal-

ity. An SFO official said the trial

judge alone was responsible for

deciding sentences. Passing sentence on the two said he could only sentence on the charges to which they had pleaded guilty. These were comthe SFO, provoked widespread

parable to breaches of the Financial Services Act carrying a twoyear sentence. Given their loss of reputations and fortunes, community service orders were "com-

mensurate", he said. Afterwards a beaming Mr Levitt said he was "a great believer in British justice". The bankrupt entrepreneur - who will now become a vacuum cleaner sales-raan - said he planned to celebrate by getting drunk. "I-willhave to borrow the money first,"

Fimbra said sentencing was a matter for the courts. However, Mr Jim Gaskin, the Fimbra director of enforcement responsible for the Levitt case, admitted there was considerable unhappiness at the outcome of the trial. "Low sentences for fraud give

out the wrong signals to both

those who suffer from fraud and those who perpetrate it," he said. The outcome also caused dis may among lawyers acquainted with the case. Concern centred men, Mr Justice Laws said he on how an investigation and prosecution which cost millions of pounds could end with sen-

tences of community service



Roger Levitt and his wife, Diana, after the sentencing. He said he was "a great believer in British justice" and planned to celebrate by getting drunk, but "I will have to borrow the money first"

orders. "It looks very bad. I feel ashamed," said one senior lawyer as he left the courtroom. "It's extraordinary - a scandal," said a leading QC who specialises in

"He [Mr Levitt] should pay for third defendant. Mr Alan MacNawhat he has done." said one dis- mara yesterday admitted a to the victims and creditors."

gruntled investor. "It is an insult charge of recklessly furnishing misleading information to Fim-Mr Reed was ordered to do 120 bra. He will be sentenced on hours community service. A Wednesday.

Ministers raise hopes of **Budget boost** for industry

By Kevin Brown, Political Correspondent

The government launched a concerted ministerial drive yesterday to deliver an upbeat message over Britain's economic prospects, raising hopes that Tuesday's Budget will focus on

Thursday's Commons hint from Mr Kenneth Clarke, the chancellor, that tax rises will fall on consumers rather than business. The FT-SE 100 Index closed 18.3 points higher at 3,111.4, reflecting a widespread judgment that Mr Clarke's comments presage a Budget aimed at increasing industrial production. The impression left hy the chancellor was reinforced in a series of ministerial speeches on the economy co-ordinated by

Conservative central office.

Continued on Page 24

Yeltsin threatens broadcasting ban

By Leyla Boulton in Moscow

President Boris Yeltsin yesterday warned thet Russian politicians who attacked his draft constitution could have their free airtime for party political hroadcasts confiscated.

Mr Yeltsin urged candidates "not to sling mud at each other" and to campaign in a "more civilised way". His comments showed a combi-

nation of paternalism and a more authoritarian streak as he attempted to dictate the content of political debate. The constitution will be put to a referendum on the same day as parliamen-tary elections on December 12. Mr Yeltsin - in a reference to the bloody crushing of a parlia-

mentary uprising - said the price paid for a constitution to be submitted to the people had already been too high. His legal depart-ment also issued a statement saying it was absurd for candidates to run for parliament while call-ing for a boycott of the constitu-tion, which would make the elections null and void. His request for a clean cam-

The campaign reinforced growing confidence among Conservapaign was echoed in "recommen-Budget fears hit northern companies, Page 7
Glittering prizes, Page 8
Editorial Comment, Page 8 dations" issued by the special arbitration court which is sup-

It said that the prime duty of candidates was to tell votera about their programmes so they could decide whom to vote for. It also said candidates should not

slander each other. It cited an insinuation by Mr Stanislas Govoriukhin, a filmmaker running for the Demo-cratic party, linking Mr Yegor Galdar, the leader of Russia's Choice, with the theft of billions of roubles from the state mint during the October 3 uprising. Mr Vladimir Zhirinovsky

leader of the Liberal Democratic (neo-fascist) party, was criticised for "whipping up ethnic hatred". The court also suggested that candidates should devote more time to debate among each other rather than using free television

time for monologues. Mr Yeltsin revealed that he wanted parliament to be housed in the former Comecon huilding - home to some of the Moscow mayor's offices and international organisations such as the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development. The Comecon skyscraper is next to the White House, the old parliamentary huilding which will become government offices.

Brussels complains about bank restrictions, Page 2

RAISED IN THE HIGHLANDS.



THE FAMOUS GROUSE **FINEST SCOTCH WHISKY**

QUALITY IN AN AGE OF CHANGE.

CONTENTS Man in the News London SE . LSE Deslings

uda \$1.66; Belgium BF465; China Fee 19.0; Caesade CS1.40; Cypnus C21.06; Caech Rep CZK45; Denmark DN/15.00; Egypt EXA. BysA6; Indonesia RysC,800; Israel N86.90; Isray L2700; Japan Y500; Jordan JD7.50; Korsa Won 2500; Kursa H96.90; Labaton y NertBOD; China DR1.50; Patidam PASS; Prilippine Pao 45; Potent 27 32,000; Potagel Be-275; China CR1200; S.Anabia sternd SH5.20; Talaren NTBISK; Talliand Brist); Turke Dinf.250; Turkey L6000; LAE Dh11.00; USA \$1.25 (Alaska 8 Hawai 81.7

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LONDON . PARIS . FRANKFURT . NEW YORK . TOKYO

General strike paralyses Belgium

Belgium yesterdey was brought to a virtual standstill by a one-day general strike the first for 58 years - aimed at rolling back the austerity plan announced last week by the Christian Democrat-Socialist

coalition government. The action comes after localised strikes launched by the two main trade unions on November 15 and 24. It is is the first general strike in Belgium since 1936, when workers halted the country to demand a week's paid holiday e year.

The two main targets of the unions are e BFr75bn (£1.4bn) cut in forecast social security expenditure and a pay increase limit of 2 per cent for the next three years, which amounts to a freeze on wages once inflation is taken into account.

The public sector was almost totally paralysed yesterday, with the railways, post office, and schools all mostly shut down, and skeleton staffing of bospitals.

Most large private industry was at e halt. In Namur and Liège, even the police came out in sympathy. Sahena, the struggling national airline, claimed two thirds of Its employees were at work and reported delays but only two cancellations because of fog.

The port of Antwerp was at a standstill, according to the Belga news agency. This was partly the result of effective use of flying pickets, which kept euch companies as BASF. Bayer, and General Motors closed, and early yesterday

The Belgian employers' federation put the cost of this week's atrikes at BFr12bn, which they said was equivalent to 11,000 jobs over a year.

The BFr75bn saving. budget deficit of over 6 per cent and unsustainable public achieved by making eligibility for items such as child allowof national output ances dependent on income levels, is intended to keep the

Had the government of Mr Jean-Luc Dehaene not made it, officials and economists expected renewed pressures on the Belgian franc, because of the

European exchange rate mechanism within wide bands. The wage freeze was as far as the centre-left coalition could go without risk of coldebt equivalent to 130 per cent lapse, even though leading economists point out that pay has increased much faster than

tested by the markets since the

August 2 European Union deci-

sion to float currencies in the

three years. The unions and initially, the Socialist members of the government wanted to offset the cuts and the wage freeze by increases in property tax and withholding tax on investment income.

Mr Debaene has offered to meet the unions but shows no signs of backing away from the austerity package.



German inflation falls

David Waller in Frankfurt

The rate of inflation in west Germeny fell for the fourth consecutive month and is set to dip below 3 per cent by the middle of next year, economists said yesterday.

The cost of living in west Germany rose by 0.3 per cent this month, representing a year-on-year rise of 3.7 per cent. This is a sharp fall from July, when inflation reached a peak of 4.3 per cent, and from 3.9 per ceot in October. Although the reduced infla-

tioo rate on the face of it encourages market hopes of a further rate cut. Mr Hans Tietmeyer, the Bundesbank president, warned yesterday that the current inflation rate was

He sald the Bundeshank

conflict with the institution's main objectives of maintaining monetary stability and preserving the value of the D-Mark, The publication of the data

and Mr Tietmeyer's comments came at a sensitive time for financial markets, as it is widely expected the Bundeshank will cut its official rates again hefore the end of the year at one of the two remaining meetings of its policy-making council, the first of which takes place on December 2. He reiterated the Bundeshank's standard line that it

will continue examining whether there is further scope for interest rate cuts, emphasising that the decisive factor for German industry was long-term interest rates - at near-historical lows - rather than short-term ones.

His comments on the importance of defending the D-Mark

Otmar Issing, the Bundesbank's chief economist, who said on Thursday that devaluing the D-Mark would be the "the wrong medicine" for reviving the ailing German

economy. Economists said the Bundesbank would not be rushed into cutting interest rates, pointing out that indicators other than the inflation rate - particularly the money supply, capital, and foreign exchange markets – were being watched closely by the Bundesbank.

But any further easing of interest rates would be wel-comed by investors in eastern Germany, where business confidence in the privatised sector is showing signs of gradual recovery. in a survey by the Halle Economic Research Institute of 300 enterprises in the in the US and Japan. food processing sector, 56 per cent of those surveyed said the would only deliver further cuts tance of defending the D-Mark cent of those surveyed said in interest rates if this did not dovetail with remarks by Mr outlook was more positive.

Genetic engineering red tape removed

By Ariane Genillard in Bonn

The German parliament yesterday approved a measure thet removes some of the most cumbersome bureaucratic and environmental obstacles to genetic engineering research.

The measure, which updates the three-year-old law regulating progress in gene technol-ogy, is intended to hoost the competitiveness of German

chemical industries, which have complained about unfair research conditions. It will remove some of the long and costly approval procedures which had driven many chemical enterprises to focus most of their research in labo ratories abroad, in particular The move is part of the gov-

ernment's efforts to remove

strictest environmental legisla-tion in Europe, often denounced as hindering the competitiveness of German industry. "This is also particularly important for research conducted in universities and

chemical group, said. The amendment was approved after various versions were rejected by the opposition Social Democrats, who argue that research manipulating genes should be closely monitored by the

for smaller enterprises," Ms Christina Sehnert of Bayer, the

While approval procedures will still be required, the amendment greatly reduces the time involved. It introduces simpler registration procedures for research classified under the law as safe for the natural red tape and dilute some of the and human environment.

Pressure on US and EU grows for tariff cuts deal

Pressure mounted yesterday on the US and the European Union to agree a detailed package of tariff cuts in manufactured goods and farm products next week, as representatives of the 116 nations engaged in the Uruguay Round of talks on global trade liberalisation met

A meeting of all trade negotiators, held just 19 days ahead of the December 15 deadline for completing the seven-year negotiations, was repeatedly told that a top-level EU-US Wednesday "must reach a sub-

in Geneva.

stantive result". The Brussels meeting follows two days of talks in Washington this week between Mr Mickey Kantor, the US trade representative, and Sir Leon Brittan, his EU counterpart. These were described as constructive, but produced no specific agreement.

Mr Peter Sutherland, direc-

Agreement on Tariffs and Trade, complained yesterday: Constructive meetings are no substitute for concrete results."

He wants e clear outcome from the US and the EU by Wednesday so Gatt can complete by the end of the week e market access package embrac-ing all 116 countries. "We cannot afford further delay without jeopardising the round," he

At the Geneva meeting, successive ambassadors com-plained of the difficulties being created by the US-EU delay, and by a handful of last-minute changes called for by the US in sensitive areas like antidumping policy, financial services, and internationally evenhanded tax treatment.

"The world is waiting for a market access package from the US and the EU in Brussels next week," said Mr Don Kenyon, Australia's Gatt ambassa

tor-general of the General counterpart, acknowledged the need for the US and EU to settle differences. He said that in spite of the difficulties faced hy the community in terms of decision making, it was making every effort to reach a market access agreement by next week: "The US and the EU do indeed shoulder e heavy responsibility for conclusion of

the Uruguay Round." Delegates were digesting list of proposed US changes to a text disciplining the use of anti-dumping laws, with most signalling strong opposition to the changes. Mr John Schmidt, the chief US Gatt negotiator, insisted that the US "had approached this issue in a spirit of restraint, but noted that it was a matter of enormous importance in the US. Mr Sutherland called for all negotiations to be effectively completed by December 13, allowing translators to prepare texts of a prospective Uruguay at a meeting of all negotiators

French drugs chief calls for new regime

France requires e new industrial policy for its harmaceuticals sector, said Mr Jean-Francois Dehecq, president of Elf-Sanofi, yesterday. The company, France's second largest drugs group is a subsidiary of state-owned Elf Aquitaine, the oil concern due to be privatised at the beginning of next year, Paul Abrahams writes. French drugs groups' profitability over the last 20 years had been negligible compared with those of British or American companies,

"The lack of success has not been due to lack of impovation. Prices in France have been too low. There is no other reason for it. We must have a new convention between government and industry," he told the Financial Times. Mr Dehecq said the government must pay higher prices for innovative products. To compensate for additional spending on new prodncts, it was imperative a way was found to lower the prices of older drugs. The possibility of reducing the number of prescriptions should also be addressed.

The government understood that innovation had to be rewarded and was leaning in this direction, added Mr Dehecq. Snip, the French pharmaceuticals manufacturers association, expects to conclude negotiations aimed at holding back drugs spending growth.

France spends more per capita on drugs than any other European country. During the first six months this year, it spent \$108 (£72.40) per head, compared with \$46 in the UK. French doctors prescribe five times as many items as British doctors and six times as many as their Danish counterparts. However, French prices et in Ruroo

. The French market was the world'e third | tation in Paris that Britain or the Netherlands largest last year, worth \$12.26bn. For the first | might join the Strasbourg unit. three quarters this year it grow 6 per cent, according to IMS International, the market

Mediterranean **Eurocorps** under discussion

France, Italy and Spain are discussing the creation of a southern. "Eurocorps" to maintain security in the Mediterranean region, a senior military officer said, David Buchan writes from

The plan follows their recent "Ardente" troop exercise in Italy, and is designed to complement the increasing number of joint manoeuvres by the three countries' navies and air forces.

The scheme has been forwarded to the Westan European Union, defence wing of the new European Union, as a formal initiative by Italy.

The idea is to try to find a formula to bring together rapid deployment units of the three countries," the officer said.

It was unlikely to be a copy of the Strasbourg-based Eurocorps, which is to have some 40,000 French, German and Belgian troops at its disposal by 1995, but "perhaps e common command

France, Italy-and Spain are already working, through the WEU, to institutionalise their naval co-operation in the Mediterranean in the form of pre-planning" for emergencies.

Behind the scheme is the realisation, particularly on the part of France, that the Strasbourgbased Eurocorps will be Ill-suited for rapid mobile operations outside Europe, First, it is composed largely of heavy units designed for battle on the central European front, and second, there are still political, if not constitutional constraints on German forces' range of

Spain is considering joining the Eurocorps, and once that decision is taken, the Strasbourgbased force will be of a satisfactory size and membership, the officer said. There is no expec

"One day there might be a Eurocorps 2, a Eurocorps 3, particularly if the US continues to pull its troops out of Europe," said the officer.

Currently only 66 per cent of Latvia'e 2.7m inhabitants are

citizens. To qualify for citizen-

ship the rest of the population,

mainly Russians brought in to

the republic after the second

world war and their descen-

dants, must demonstrate a con-

versational knowledge of Lat-

vian and fulfil a 10-year

residence requirement. Mr Guntis Ulmanis, the Lat-

vian president, justifies this

restrictive legislation on the

Protests at Russian bank curbs

By Leyla Boulton in Moscow and David Gardner in Brussele

The European Commission has complained to the Russian gov-criment about its restrictions on foreign banks licensed to do business in Russia. The Commissioo sees them as going against the grain of a partnersbip agreement due to be endorsed next month. The complaint, in a letter

from the European Commission, which has been negotiating the partoership agree-ment, comes just hefore Russian President Boris Yeltsin's visit to Brussels oo December 9 to initial the agree-

Part of the purpose of the trip, just three days before parliamentary elections on December 12, illustrates the dilemma over Russia faced by the European Union. Eager to support Mr Yeltsin and pro-reform par-ties in the election with this public relations boost, they are limited io how much they are able to complain.

"We bave to be careful about

diplomat. "The political situa-tion does not allow it. But... we cannot accept that Mr Yeltsin should get away with anything he wants just because of the election."

The diplomat also said the EU was alarmed by a draft decree, which Mr Yeltsin may not sign, limiting the activity of foreign lawyers in Russia. The partoership agreement

graots Russia trade concessions - such as the right to be consulted before the EU takes anti-dumping ection against Russian exports - while setting a favourable regime for each other's service industries.

The banking restrictions. reversing the terms of licences already given to banks to operate in Russia, are in open conflict with Russia's law on foreign investment and a presidential decree which last month promised to protect foreign iovestors.

ln Brussels, a European Commission trade official described the banking curbs as "a bit of a spanner in the works" which "makes it a lot making threats," said one EU more difficult" to get a partner-

ship agreement by December 9. He said the Yeltsin government's move placed "a fairly severe restriction on our banking operations, until 1996 et least" and wondered whether partnership arrangement as it was last spring, wheo Mr Yelt-

deal with smaller depositors.

Moscow to condemn nationalism

The Russian foreign minister is expected to ask the 52-nation Conference on Security and Co-operation in Europe to adopt a resolution condemning 'aggressive nationalism" at the one-time cold war negotiating body's annual meeting in Rome next week.

this week by Foreign Ministry officials, is the latest move by

Anthony Robinson on the organisation seeking a new framework for Europe

more muscular Russian pres-ence in the "near abroad", as Russians describe the other former Soviet republics.

research group.

In the same vein, Russian resistance to an extension of memhership of the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation to eastern Europe hardened yesterday when a presidential spokesman said that Mr Yelt-sin agreed with the harsh attack on the notion of an expanded Nato delivered by Mr Yevgeny Primakov, the head of the Russian intelligence agency, earlier in the week.

By proposing that the CSCE

sive nationalism" Mr Andrei Kozyrev, the Russian foreign minister, is seeking international legitimacy for his pledge this month to take tough action to defend the rights of ethnic Russians everywhere in the former Soviet Union.

The new, tougher Russian stance could first be put to the test by Latvia, which yesterday passed the first reading of a restrictive law on citizenship.
The controversial legislation establishes quotas on the number of new citizens the country

Soviet past. The minister has

run-up to this week's Rome meeting. But his message

remains essentially the same.

Russia wants, and feels it

deserves, western moral support and financial assistance to help Moscow shoulder the bur-

den of peace-keeping in the Eurasian landmass, and espe-cially along the ethnic and reli-

gious fault-lines of the trans-

Caucasus and central Asian

In an October speech in Lon-

don, Mr Kozyrev reinforced his

argument by adding "No sub-

stitute for our efforts here is in

sight ... Russia's withdrawal

from its peace-keeping role

would threaten the former

Soviet Union with a Yugoslav

It is an argument which cuts

little ice with the Baltic states,

still battling to get Russian

troops and installations out of

grounds that "we could have a demographic explosion. The threat of our extinction forces will naturalise every year. us to take this step." The new hard line in Russian foreign policy was also in CIS peace-keeping tops CSCE agenda evidence yesterday when Moscow raised the stakes in its struggle with Kiev over the

nuclear weapons stationed on Ukrainian soil. The Russian cabinet threatened to stop servicing the nuclear weapons in Ukraine in retaliation for the Ukrainian parliament's decision this

month to surrender only a part of its nuclear arsenal. The missiles could become unstable.

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sin was facing a referendum on

But there is suspicion that the restrictions could be a negotiating ploy to force the Commission's hand on the few remaining items to be resolved in the agreement, such as Russlan nuclear fuel exports.

oreign ministers from the 52-nation Confer-

eoce oo Security and Co-operation in Europe (CSCE)

meet in Rome next week to

push forward the complex task

of building a new co-operative

framework for a Europe no lon-

ger divided into blocs bot still

beset by ancient fears and resurgent historical rivalries.

Top of the agenda will be sion of the latest EU-in-

spired peace plan for Bosnia, Russian efforts to gain western

support for Russian and CIS

"peace-keeping" missions in

Trans-Caucasus end central

Asia and a review of the other

fault-lines of post-cold war

The CSCE originated in the

1970s as a Soviet-inspired pro-posal to legalise and formalise

the post-war division of cold

war Europe. it helped instead

to eod that division by the

west's insistence on the inclu-

sion of human and civil rights

in the so-called "Basket 3" of

the CSCE Helsinki Final Act

The end of the cold war was

celebrated in November 1990 at

the CSCE heads of government

signed in 1975.

Europe.

Russians are very tough negotiators," the official said. negotiations next week.

A last attempt to solve the dismute will be made during Deputy prime minister Alexander Shokhin, who has been negotiating the treaty and is a candidate for the rival Party of Unity and Accord, has said the presidential decree containing the restrictions contradicts the treaty. On banking, all the treaty does is set limits for flows of capital out of Russia. and on foreign banks' right to

turely, the charter proclaimed

"a new era of democracy, peace and unity". But e few months

later war broke out in former

Yugoslavia and the Soviet

Union disintegrated into its 15 component republics.

were admitted into the CSCE at the Prague meeting of for-eign ministers in January 1992.

The CSCE writ runs therefore

way beyond Europe. It extends

from Vancouver to Vladivos-

tok, taking in Siberia and the central Asian republics of the

former Soviet Union as well as

the transatlantic Nato bas-

Its remit likewise has broad-

ened. The Paris summit agreed

to set up its own secretariat, a

Conflict Prevention Centre.

based in Vienna, and en Office

for Democratic Institutions and

Human rights based in War-

saw. But it has only minuscule

hureaucratic back-up and a

In short it is a friendly.

well-intentioned but unwieldly

creature. But it is charged,

rather like the UN itself, with

an impossible variety of diffi-

cult tasks thrown up by the

revolving chairmanship.

summit in Paris with signature re-emergence of ethnic and his-

of the Charter of Paris. Prema-torical rivalries.

tions, the US and Canada.

By Chrystia Freeland in Moscow and Matthew

The Russian diplomatic initietive, unveiled in Moscow

the Kremlin to establish a

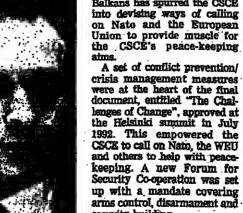
time however conflict in the Balkans has spurred the CSCE

Many of its members, while mildly grateful for the psychological reassurance which CSCE membership provides, would much prefer to be full members of e security organisation like the West European



Kozyrev: spoof speech

Union (WEU) or Neto. The CSCE's inability to prevent the violation of all its principles by the warring forces in former Yugoslevia remains e perpetual source of embarrassment. At the same



into devising ways of calling on Nato and the European Union to provide muscle for the CSCE's peace-keeping A set of conflict prevention/ crisis management measures were at the heart of the final document, entitled "The Challenges of Change", approved at the Helsinki summit in July 1992. This empowered the CSCE to call on Nato, the WEU and others to help with peace-keeping. A new Forum for

arms control, disarmament and security building. Since then, however, deep divisions within the EU, and hetween the Europeans and the Americans in Nato, have revealed how thin these institutional arrangements are.

Meanwhile, Mr Andrei Kozyrev, the Russian foreign minister, created a minor panic at the last meeting of foreign ministers in Stockholm a year ago when he made a epoof speech purporting to signal a sea-change in Russian foreign policy back to the confrontational "nyet" politics of the

Latvia and Estonia. But in some west European chancelleries support is grow-ing for carefully monitored, case-hy-case, western backing for CIS peacekeeping activities, together with the dispatch of small teams of western observers to monitor the modalities.

scenario."



Laura Silber finds a new Bedlam in a mental hospital without drugs

t Toponica, Serbia's largest psychiatric hospital, even the slient, skeletal faces shrenken. Day after day, patients shrunken by starvation, cold and infections, shiver and die beneath grey blankets, two dozen in the last fortnight, hospital workers said. workers said

Corpses decay as the staff search in. vain for relatives who can afford the

burial expenses.

The living spend their days sitting to their own excrement as hospital workers, with no drugs to administer,

stand by helpless.
Few people can even travel to
Topomica because petrol is in short
supply and public transport has been
slashed since the United Nations imposed economic sauctions on Serbia for lending military and economic support to the Serbs carving up

it is but one gruesome sample of the crisis consuming the former Yugo-slavia. Mr Svan Lampell, Belgrade head of the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societ-ies (NRC) says donor countries are "prejudiced", reluctant to give aid to the remnants of Yugoslavia, whose leaders have been branded the chief instigators of the war.

He fears Serbia will be unable to cope with the economic collapse. The stench and squalor of Toponica are evidence of his grim view. An IFRC doctor estimates that at least 200 patients are at risk of imminent death, but warns of similar cases else-

Toponica is Bedlam, the word coined from the Bethlehem Royal Hospital established in 1547 in Loncomic support to the Serbs carving up don. Only centuries later did anti-psychosnia.

Toponica is not an island of horror; 1,600 psychiatric patients, 400 more

than the maximum legal capacity, have fallen between the cracks of a society caving in. The inmates are undergoing a cruel experiment, deprived of drugs, food and beating. A hospital doctor puts it hluntly: "Wa have gone back in time 50 years at Toponica." And by western stan-dards, bospital conditions in Yugo-

were almost medieval.

The story of Toponica is filled with villains and heroes. Mrs Nadica Radic, a seemingly tireless head nurse, and a team of medical technicians, are beroes, especially given their average monthly wage equivalent to DM3. Until last week, Serbian suthorities ignored the pleas of Mrs Radic about the plight of the hospital. Now they

slavia before the Second World War

have seized on Toponica as yet another example of the "injustice" of While the embargo is the scapegoat for everything gooe wroog in Serbia, this institution also exposes the legacy of communist disregard for psychiatric care. Serb officials blame the sanctions for the acute shortage of medicines hut a Belgrade pharmacist say neuroleptic drugs are available, "but you just need to have money"

In a state whose leaders seem immune to the suffering of the population, psychiatric patients rank at the bottom of the agenda because they pose no threat to Serbian President Slobodan Milosevic.

With resources wanting in Serbia, local relief officials spar over scraps of aid. Dr Radomir Krstic, president of the Red Cross in nearby Nis, 180 miles southeast of Belgrade, appeals for help for the Nis children's clinic, dismissing the patients of Toponica. They are just idiots, they need drugs.

Four lorries carrying emergency aid have been despatched to Toponica. But Handicap International, a Parisbased aid organisation, says a \$2.5m emergency aid package for Serhian ceotres serving disabled populations is necessary to meet the bare mini-

But two years of war, the UN sanctions and corruption have emptied the state coffers, on one hand, while war profiteering and sanctions husting, on the other hand, have made Belgrade's power brokers and protected crime

Mrs Radic points to stacks of wood, cut from the snow-covered grounds at Toponica. This hospital and scores of other institutions in the shattered former federation are the quiet casualties of the war.

These people are the least to hlame. They cannot defend them-

UN envoy hopes to restart Bosnia talks

Mr Thorvald Stoltenberg, the United Nations mediator on terday he boped next Mon-day's meeting between European Union foreign ministers and the warring factions in Bosnia would provide the basis for fresh talks leading to a political settlement.

He said the EU Initiative, which offers a phase-ont of sanctions on Serhia and Montenegro if more land is returned to the Moslems by Bosnian Serbs, was "of imper-ative importance" in seeking to restart the talks. Negotiations on dividing Bosnia into three ethnically-based ministates collapsed in September over Moslem demands for 3-4 per cent more territory.

Other issues for the meeting on Monday, which Presidents Slobodan Milosevic of Serbts and Franjo Tudjman of Croatia will also attend, concern guarantees of access for humani-tarian aid convoys in Bosnia and the establishment of what Mr Stoltenberg called a modus vivendi between Croatia and Serb-controlled areas now under UN protection, begin-ning with a ceasefire.

Officials from the UN refugee agency said vesterday that after three days of relatively tronble-free aid deliveries into central and eastern Bosnia. convoys were again experienc-Bosnian Serb forces.

The Georgian government

and the breakaway region of Abkhazia are to bold UN-sponsored peace talks in Geneva.

By Angus Foster in San Paulo

Brazil yesterday unveiled its

toughest planned budget cuts in recent memory as finance minister Mr Fernando

Henrique Cardoso pledged

once again to tackle the country's annual inflation rate

of close to 2,000 per cent.

Mr Cardoso outlined spending cuts and revenue

measures to wipe out a projected \$22.2bn deficit and

halance next year's budget.

The main savings will come

from the government's

personnel budget, which Mr

Cardoso boped to cut by \$3.74bn, and from the transfer

to local government of spending on bealth and basic

education. This will save the

federal government up to

"There has probably never

been a government attempt like this in this country to erase a budget deficit," Mr

Cardoso said. Brazil's budget

deficit has in the past been

covered by the government's

inflationary practice of issuing short-term securities. Mr

Cardoso said this would no

The budget, wblcb will be

formally presented to

President Itamar Franco and

Congress next week, is

expected to be the first of

several measures to be

announced over the coming

months designed to try to

stabilise the country's

There is speculation Mr Cardoso will next week

announce a new price index.

This would be seen as the first

step towards linking wage and

price increases to the exchange

rate which it is hoped would hring inflation down next year. The hudget won cautious

backing from the government's coalition partners. But analysts pointed out that some

of the spending cuts would be

unpopular and difficult to

implement, especially with presidential and congressional

For example, one of Mr

Cardoso's proposals would give

the central government greater

influence over money which

otherwise goes straight to states and municipalities

which may block the proposal, which needs a constitutional amendment to become law.

Mr Cardoso will also rely on

congressional approval for a

planned increase of 5 per

centage points in all income taxes to give a new top rate of

The budget is partly

designed to plesse the international Monetary Fund

which is holding off approving

a restructuring of Brazil's

commercial foreign debt until the country can demonstrate it

is tackling its economic

A balanced hudget is

thought to be one of several

key requirements the IMF

wants before it will approve the restructuring deal. Even though the IMF has yet

to approve the deal. Mr Cardoso is due to start signing the restructuring agreement with Brazil's private bank creditors on Monday in Toronto. He is expected to

announce the next steps in his

economic programme when he returns to Brazil next week.

Other measures to be

announced included a 3 per

cent tax on overseas fund

raising, such as bond issues.

35 per cent.

elections next year.

longer bappen.

есополну.

Gonzalez in bid to avert general strike

By Tom Burns in Madrid

Spain's prime minister. Mr Felipe Gonzalez, is to meet union leaders and employers. representatives next week to a bid to ease mounting industrial tension in Spain and avert a possible general strike.

Mr Gonzalez's mediation bid came the day after hundreds of thousands demonstrated in 50 Spanish cities to protest against the government's plans to reduce dismissal costs and remove rigidities from domestic labour legislation. The unions are now considering a 24-hour national stoppage

before Christmas. Officials said the prime minister would meet both sides on Thursday but the cabinet still planned to draft emergency labour market legislation next week. Talks between the government and the unions yesterday and between the government and employers the day before have failed to establish a consensus on what Mr Gonzalez has termed a "social pact" to restore competitiveness and

reduce unemployment. The urgent need for initia-

NEWS IN BRIEF

Germany bans

Kurd militants

Police also raided over 100 Kurdish homes and offices across

the country. The PKK, which demands independence for Kurdistan to south-east Turkey, is believed to have orchestrated a

wave of attacks against Turkish properties across Europe. The move was welcomed by the Turkish community in Germany

whose members have often violently clashed with resident Kurds.

to appear before the inquiry which will examine allegations of commercial and political trade-offs between himself and Mr Black

pushed the jobless total up to 3.5m, or 22.9 per cent of the

working population. Figures for the three monthly employment survey conducted by the national statistics institute showed that 150,000 more Spaniards were seeking a job at the end of the third quarter.

According to separate monthly data released by the labour ministry, which does not include first time job seekers, 96,000 signed on for unemployment benefits in October, raising the total number registered as jobless by the ministry to 2.6m or 17.2 per cent of the working population. October saw the highest monthly rise since 1982.

The government plans to reduce unemployment by introducing part-time labour contracts and apprenticeship schemes as part of its emer-gency package. The unions view such initiatives as undermining the fixed employment guidelines of the domestic labour legislation. A government proposal to speed up redundancy procedures is tives to rekindle the economy meanwhile termed as "too was underlined by a sharp rise weak" by the employers and as in unemployment between "a provocation" by the unions.



Masked activists from the fundamentalist Hamas organisation adjust their uniforms during a march in the Gaza strip yesterday was

Hamas killings continue in Israel

By David Horovitz in

Less than 48 hours after killing the military commander of the Hamas Islamic fundamentalist group in Gaza, Israeli forces yesterday shot dead another leading Hamas militant.

News of the death of Khaled Zer was suppressed yesterday by the Israeli military censor, presumably in an effort to avoid further infuriating Palestinians angered by Wednesday's killing of Imad Akel, commander of the Izzedine al-Qassem military wing of Hamas, of which Zer was also

Jerusalem police sent rsinforcements to the Temple Mount yesterday morning, where 20,000 Palestinians gath-

By William Dawkins in Tokyo

The popularity of Mr Morihiro

Hosokawa still

voters' favourite

ered for Friday prayers, and extra troops were deployed, too, in the Gaza Strip. Although there were reports of clashes between Palestinians and Israeli troops, the violence was tame by comparison with Thursday's disturbances, in which one man was killed, another critically wounded and

more than 30 others burt. Israeli officials said Zer had been shot dead after seeking to escape his Israsli pursuers early yesterday in the village of Surbaher outside Jerusalem. They said a rifle was found by his body.

Military sources said he had been involved in the murders of two Israeli soldiers and a civilian.

The Israeli army also released news last night that

troops shot and killed another Palestinian militant, Salim Sabah, several days ago. Sabah is alleged to have killed a Jewish settler in the West Bank earlier this month.

This spate of killings of "wanted" Palestinian militants underlines the Israeli determination to track down the most extreme opponents of the Israeli-PLO autonomy accord, in advance of its scheduled implementation on December 13. But the intensified Israell

military activity is causing growing hostility to the accord among Pelestinians, while Hamas leaders, far from being deterred, are vowing to avenge the deaths by kidnapping and murdering Israeli soldiers in the coming days.

Against the backdrop of

escalating hostlilty, Israel's Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin said in a television interview that he did not regard December 13 - the date agreed by Israel and the PLO for the start of Israel's troop withdrawal from Gaza and Jericho - as

It was important to ensure were completely clarified before the deal was enacted, said Mr Rabin, "even if It takes a little longer."

In retort, et a press conference in Oslo, the PLO leader Yasser Arafat insisted: "I don't think we are in need of more time, if there is a will... There is no reason to delay implementation of what we've signed."

IMF and Brazil tries to Algeria to resume wipe out deficit debt talks

By Francis Chiles

OFFICIALS of international Monetary Fund arrive in Algiers tomorrow for negotiations with the Algerian government after what has amounted to an 18-month

However, political instability will make it difficult for Algiers to reach an agreement with the IMF and its leading creditors on the country's \$26bn foreign deht.

As soon as he was appointed prime minister three months ago, Mr Redha Malek made public his wish to reach agreement with the IMF and Algeria's leading foreign creditors. Servicing the debt will cost \$9.4bn this year, absorbing 83 per cent of exports of goods and services. Loosening the noose of debt

repayments is thus key to increasing economic activity which depends on the imports of raw materials and semi-processed goods.

Any agreement with the IMF depends on the ability of Algerian leaders to implement bold domestic reforms. A reform package was launched in 1989 which opened up the country to foreign investment, abolished state monopoly of foreign trade and devalued the dinar. However, Mr Malek's imme

diate predecessor, Mr Belald Abdessalam, put these reforms into reverse gear, thus compounding the country's economic woes. Economy minister Mourad

Benachenhou was reported by the Algerian Press Service yesterday as saying be favoured a rescheduling of the country's foreign debt, although he said all options "remain open".

Deadlock in talks on **Hong Kong**

China and Britain remained far apart on the vexed issue of democracy in Hong Kong after the first day of the 17th round of talks on arrangements for forthcoming elections.

Mr Christopher Hum. Britain's negotiator, said there was "still a wide gap" between the two sides. He would not be drawn on whether the talks were nearing collapse.

The latest round will conclude in Beijing today. China has said it is anxious to reach an agreement, hut has shown little flexibility on proposed arrangements for municipal elections due in 1994, end a Legislative Council (Legco) poll in 1995.

Beijing has rejected a plan by Hong Kong Governor Chris Petten to extend the franchise

By Tony Walker in Beiling

Hosokawa's cabinet continues to defy economic gravity, according to a poll published Yemenis kidnap US envoy A US diplomat has been kidnapped to the Yemeni capital Sanaa, apparently by tribesmen from a lawless region at odds with an American oil company, Reuter reports from Sanaa. Mr Haynes Mahoney, director of the US Information Service office in Sanaa. vesterday. A survey of 2,149 people by the Yomiuri Shimbun newspa-

per gave the cabinet 78.5 per was snatched on Thursday evening as he went to his car after e British Airways party at a downtown hotel. cent support. This is up a fraction from a month ago, during which time Japan's recession has deepen Hewson to attend inquiry

The public shows no signs Dr John Hewson, Australia's the opposition leader, and Mr Conyet of blaming the divided sevrad Black, the Canadian media proprietor, are expected to eppear before a Senate inquiry into ownership of the John Fairfax newspaper group, Bruce Jacques reports from Sydney. Dr Hewson's decision to appear removed a threat to the seten-party coalition for failing to respond to widespread calls for decisive step, such as an income tax cut, to stimulate ting-up of the inquiry which requires co-operation between the Opposition and the Democrats who can together control the Senate. The prime minister, Mr Paul Keating, has so far refused the economy.

The prime minister's own party, the Japan New Party, saw a nearly full percentage point increase in popularity from September to October, to 15.5 per cent, making it

This is likely to reflect the straight-talking Mr Hosokawe's personal appeal, rather than his party's policies. The JNP supports liberalisation of ths rice market, controversial with a large slice of the electorate, and otherwise pursues much the same policies as the opposi-

Over the same period, the LDP's popularity has risen slightly from 23.8 per cent to 24 per cent, the highest score by a single party. This suggests, oddly, that the LDP has lost no support as a result of its humiliating defeat over the govern-ment's political reform plans in the lower bouse of parliament, two days before the Yomiuri poll was taken.

In an indication of just how fluid Japanese politics has become since the LDP's fall from power last July, yesterday's poll shows that 35.2 per cent of respondents support no

Mercury victims win court battle

By William Dawkins

A Japanese district court yesterday ruled that govern-ment can be beld liable for industrial polintion, setting an important precedent in environmental law. The conrt, in Kyoto,

awarded damages of Y193m (£1.2m) to 38 people who suffered mercury poisoning 37 years ago in a disaster has become a symbol of Japan's environmental conscience. It was caused when a factory

owned by Chisso, e chemicals group, pumped polinted sludge into the sea near Minamata, a southern Japanese fishing village in the prefecture where Mr Morihiro Hosokawa, the prime minister, later became

It was not until eight years ago that the victims managed to bring their case to court.

tortuously slow legal system has withdrawn.
This was despite Mr Hoso-

kewe's efforts to obtain a quick ont-of-court settlement during his tenure as governor of Kumamoto prefecture. The Kyoto court yesterday

ruled that the prefectural and nstional governments, as well as Chisso, failed to take proper action to prevent the outbreak and spread of so-called Mina-mata disease, paralysis caused by eating fish poisoned with mercury. The main points at Issue

were whather government could be declared negligent and whether the victims really were suffering from mercury poisoning. Priday's was the fifth such court ruling concerning the

mercury poisoning. The ruling affected only 46 plaintiffs. Other separate cases

before the Australian elections in March this year. Mr Black claims that Mr Keating demanded "more balanced" political coverage from Fairfax newspapers as a precondition to consideration of any increase in Mr Black's interest in the group. Ont of 141 plaintiffs, eight have died waiting for Japan's Water festival leaves Phnom Penh businesses adrift

he owners of floating restaurants and brothels along the riverside in central Phnom Penh have little to celebrate at Cambodia's water festival this year. They have been ordered by the city council to move their businesses to make way for specta-tors at boat races this weekend. Dozens of small businesses and hundreds of people living in shacks along the river bank have also been told to move as part of a "make Phnom Penh beautiful" cam-

bizarre annual event in Cam-

THE PARTY OF THE P

Iain Simpson reports on how Cambodian officials found a perfect excuse to oust riverside traders and residents

bodia, when the Tonle Bassac river reverses direction. During the summer, the waters to the lower reaches of the river back up and it flows eway from the sea towards the vast inland The water festival marks a lake, Tonle Sap.

Then, in November, the river

reverses direction and again They held out, but yesterday flows out to sea. Every year scores of police arrived, backed flows out to sea. Every year this is the cue for a weekend of national celsbrations and for fiercely competitive boat races in the capital, Phnom Penh. For months, the Phnom Penh authorities have wanted to move the dozens of boats

and shacks along a mile-long stretch of the river in front of the Royal Palace. The festival provided a perfect excase.

At the start of the week, all the people living and working along the riverside were told they had to move their boats the police to leave. By evening, the only remain evidence of the thriving busiand abandon their shacks and buildings by the weekend.

nesses on the river bank were a handful of signboards and a up hy armed police and bull-dozers, to clear the area. few unprotected electricity

They towed away the ramaining boats and demol-ished shacks and small build-The city government says it wants to turn the mile-long stretch of river into a city garings, while people scrambled to gather up their few belongings. The only buildings to escape were three petrol stations, den, to complement the large square outside the Royal Palace. Several months ago, environmental consultants were which would have been too asked to draw up a plan to clear the river area of dwellhazardous to destroy, and a resteurant in a solidly built ings and small businesses as house, which the owner's part of a fight against polluneighbours said he had bribed

Most prominent among the businesses which bave been ordered by the city to clear the area is the Phnom Penh Floating Hotel, a luxury cruise ship which has been moored on the river bank for the past two years. The ship, which is owned by investors from Thailand, is one of the most expensive hotels in Phnom Penh. Its owners were given just three days notice to pull up their anchor and leave their

river front site before the weekend festivities, However, they discovered that they could no longer start the ship's engine, so talks with the city authorities are continuing.
In previous years, a few floating restaurants have been

the three days of the water festival, but have then been allowed to return. This year, the city council is determined that they will not be allowed to return.

Many owners of floating res-

forced to leave their sites for

taurants and brothels along the river are determined to return to their prime locations and have pledged that they would petition the council on Monday morning.

According to one policeman sent to clear the site, "if they pay enough, they will be allowed to come back. This is

This was designed to stop speculative foreign investment Also, a recent surge in

foreign investment had inflationary effects because Brazil's central bank is still obliged to buy all foreign currency coming into the country, and issue local

The German government yesterday banned the separatist Kurdistan Workers Party, the PKK, and 35 related groupings, calming popular fears that Germany was becoming a breeding ground for foreign extremism, Ariane Genillard reports from

Management saves Daf's parts operation

By Kevin Done, Motor Industry Correspondent

The UK components operations of Daf, the failed Dutch commercial vehicle maker, have been rescued from receivership hy a management buy-in team, which has made secure 510 jobs in Glasgow and Leyland,

A new company, Albion Automotive, has been formed to take over the former Albion axle plant in 330 people, as well as the Leyland components plant which employs

The company will he led by Mr Dan Wright, formerly managing director of Fleming Thermodynamics, an engineering consultancy based in East Kilbride, Lanarkshire, and now a subsidiary of Motherwell Bridge, the engineering group. The management team has

secured backing of about £12m.

Bank of Scotland is providing long-term finance and overdraft facilities of about 25m, while selective regional assistance from the Scottish Office will add up to about £1.5m. Additional funding is being provided by the Glasgow Development Agency and Strathclyde Regional council.

Equity backing of close to £4m is being provided by the syndicate of former Daf creditor hanks led by

The bank syndicate is providing venture capital finance through the Leyland Daf receivership, led by the joint administrative receivers, Mr Murdoch McKillop and Mr John Tal-bot of accountants Arthur Andersen The rescue of the two operations almost completes the restructuring of the former Leyland Daf truck and van operations in the UK after the financial collapse of Daf in February. About 2,700 of an original 5,500 UK

the Leyland truck plant have been rescued by management buy-outs. The parts operation in Chorley was bought by a management buy-in team and the sales and marketing activity in Thame, Oxfordshire was taken over by Dat Trucks in the

Mr Wright said Albion Automotive The company plans to develop in would have an initial turnover of the fields of vehicle chassis and driabout £30m. The workforce has supported the rescue by agreeing to a 5

package of new work practices.

The company has secured contracts of up to six years to supply truck and van axles to Leyland Trucks and Leyland Daf Vans, as well as truck and bus chassis componeuts and piping to Leyland Trucks and Daf Trucks.

vehine components through joint.

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+11,54% #1% +16,97% 4.9% +15,65% 7,0%

-415.12% 9.5%. sc12.93% 5.9%

+10.64% -3.7%

na: 16%

PM backs Lilley on welfare reform

The prime minister yesterday gave strong backing to a speech earlier this week hy Mr Peter Lilley, social security secretary, in which he called for wide-ranging reform of the

welfare benefits system. Mr John Major said it was right to point out that the costs of many aspects of welfare were ontstripping economic growth across the west-

He said: "What we need to do to maintain the welfare state is to make sure that we concentrate wealth where it

really needs to be." But Mr Lilley's speech, in which he set out a vision for how the "welfare state" could be turned into a "welfare society", drew vehement criticism from opposition pollticians, who regard it as a precursor to drastic benefit cuts in next week's Budget.

Addressing Young Conservatives earlier this week, Mr Lilley emphasised the need to encourage people to make provision for their retirement by

He also stressed that the £80bn social security budget. Whitehall's largest spending programme, would have to be contained in coming years.

Mr David Blunkett, shadow health secretary, last night attacked what he called the "DIY henefits society" proposed by the minister, and warned that it would trap people in poverty and homeless-

"Peter Lilley is trying to destroy the idea of a modern welfare state which raises people's horizons," he said. "In cancelling that idea, he is hoping to trap people in homeless-

ness and poverty."
Mr Dnnald Dewar, the shadow social security secretary, also criticised the speech, saying that under Mr Lilley the welfare state was in danger of becoming a stigmaridden "second-rate safety

"Next week in the Budget many of the sick and vulnerable face eviction from invalidity benefit - and the unemployed could bave their

efits slashed," he said. Mr Liliey said in a radin interview yesterday, bowever, that the government would continue to stand by its commitment to maintain child

"We are committed to maintaining child benefit," he said. We have a clear manifesto nld-fashinned, as you knnw, about manifesto pledges."

Mr Lilley's speech was the latest attempt by a minister to focus public debate on a long-term review of the wei-

In recent months Mr Michael Portillo, the chief secretary to the Treasury, has been cooducting a review of welfare

The speech also gave the strongest indication yet that the government is considering tive medical test as a means of

From hot commodity to consumer durable

jobs at Leyland Daf have survived.

Low inflation will stop homeowners making large speculative gains in the 1990s, says Andrew Taylor

which gave rise to large house price rises in the 1970s and 1980s are unlikely to be repeated even when the recession ends, say an increasing number of mortgage lenders, estate agents and bouse-

They say the low inflation environment of the 1990s will prevent people making large speculative gains simply from owning their own homes.

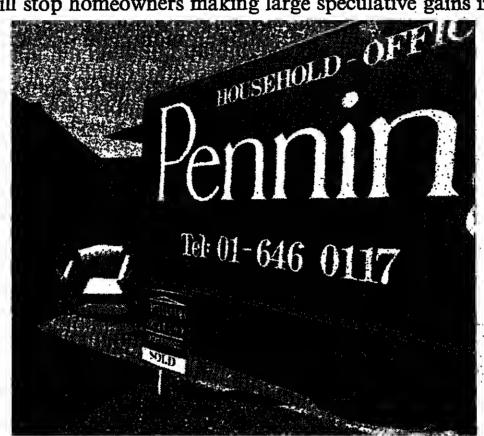
High real interest rates tougher lending criteria hy banks and building societies and the experiences of purchasers who lost money huying homes in the late 1980s have conspired to change radically the climate in which the housing market operates,

Mr Norman Fowler, Conser

vative party chairman and chairman of the National House-Building Council, warned huyers this week that homes should not he considered as "a commodity for spec ulabon" but as consumer products, to be lived in and used. Yet the initial cost of monthly mortgage repayments in relation to average earnings fell this week to the lowest level for 15 years. The basic mortgage interest rate - after the latest cuts by building societies and banks - is the lowest

Simple sums by Halifax building society and Mr John Wriglesworth, housing analyst at stockbrokers UBS, show how much the market has changed since then.

A family huying an average priced home for £4,650 in 1968 would today own a property worth about £65,000, even after recent price falls. Interest and capital repayments on a 100 per cent mortgage would have been £13,670 over the 25 years. in today's money these repayments would still he only £39.568.



Scenes like this are likely to remain rarer than in the late 1980s, even when the market recovers

than £25,000 compares well with other forms of invest-ment. If the monthly repayments had been invested at 10 per cent the family would have earned only £49,000 - and would still have had to pay for a roof over its head.

Similar calculations on a house bought for £16,300 in 1978 show that the family would have repaid £56,200 in present day values over 15 years. This still leaves a profit of almost £9,000 on a property now worth £65,000. One reason why huying a

the 1970s than in 1980s was that annual wage growth outstripped average mortgage rates in all hut two years between 1968 and 1981.

Since 1981 mortgage interest rates have consistently remained higher than annual wage increases. But this did not deter house huyers, since the cost of borrowing was more than compensated for hy the annual rise in house prices. This was encouraged by deregulation early in Mrs Thatcher's term, which set banks free to compete with huilding soci-

between 1980 and 1982 and doubled again by 1987. The weight of money drove up house

Since 1981 the average price of a house has risen by 162 per cent compared with a 112 per cent rise in the retail price index and a 143 per cent increase in average earnings: House price falls since 1989 have left an estimated 1.3m people with properties that are worth worth less than the money borrowed to buy them. Homeowners in southern England or East Anglia who properties fall by 30 per cent since huying would have to wait until 2001 to get their money back - assuming that prices rise by 5 per cent a year tween now and 2000. in real terms - if inflation is taken into account - it is

unlikely they will ever recover Mr Wriglesworth said: "It is estimated that another 1.5m people will have difficulty in moving because house price falls mean they cannot recover enough cash to provide an acceptable deposit for a mort-

will continue to scar the market even if conditions improve. "Nonetheless it is still worth buying a home while renting costs about the same as mortgage repayments."
The implication for the mar-

ket is that those who need to move will continue to huy. Those with less pressing reasons may be put off.

Prices are likely to rise more slowly in this climate while annual transactions, which have fallen sharply during the recession, are unlikely to recover to previous levels

Gilt sale 'clue' to tax rises in Budget

The Bank of England surprised financial markets yesterday by announcing a gilt auction for December 8, triggering specula-tion that next week's Budget would raise taxes by a large amount, Peter Marsh writes.

The Bank said an unspecified amount of bonds in the maturity range between 2002 and 2006 would go on sale, confounding expectations that the next auction would not be held until January.

a surge of buying interest in long-dated gilts, which closed last night up more than half a point on the view that the Budget will be positive for gilts. Many gilt investors would like Mr Kenneth Clarke, the chancellor, to raise taxes on Tuesday by about £3bn to curb the £50bn fiscal deficit. A tightening of this order would be considered good for gilts hecause it would reduce the volume of bonds to be issued over the next two years.

The Bank will announce on the day of the Budget the amount of gilts to be sold on December 8 and the exact maturity.

The gilt market believes the Bank will decide to sell £2.5bn to £3bn of gilts in the auction.

British Coal in talks on pit tender

British Coal said it had started negotiations with Mr Malcolm Edwards, former commercial director, on his tender to restart mining at Coventry col-

It said it wanted an agree ment as quickly as possible on a lease and licence Coventry is only the second of 20 closed collieries put out te tender by British Coal to reach the negotiation stage. The other is Clipstone in York-

shire, where agreement has been reeached in principle for RJB Mining to resume mining. Drop in fraud loss

on credit cards The cost of fraud on credit and debit cards fell by 17 per cent in the first six months of the ers tightened security, the

Association for Payment Clearing Services said yesterday. Losses due to fraud fell by £15m to £71m compared with the first half of 1992. Among the measures to cut frand has been a increase in the proportion of transactions that are electronically checked.

Holiday company fined £3.500

Falcon Holidays, a subsidiary of Owners Abroad, the holiday company, was yesterday fined £3,500 for making bogus prom-

ises in a brochure. The company admitted three breaches of the Trades Descriptions Act at Lewes Magistrates' Court in Sussex.

The court heard that a proclaims about the quality of the beach and leisure facilities at Cala Canutells, in Menorca.

Fall in bank mortgage lending

New mortgage lending hy banks fell last month in spite of their attempt to increase market. The fall is further evi-dence that the recovery in the housing market remains hest-

The value of new mortgages approved in October fell to £1.45bn from £1.53bn in Sep-tember, and the number of new loans fell from 31,378 to 29,741,

Tees Valley development | RAF to body lobbies businesses

The battle was launched this week for the hearts and minds of husiness people in Cleveland, one of the counties which faces abolition under the local government review. At the Belasis Business Cen-

tre in Billingham, the five borough councils which will gain unitary status if the Local Government Commission's final recommendations for Cleveland and Durham are accepted launched plans for a Tees Valley Development Company, a partnership with the private sector to market the area. boost inward investment and attract European funding.

More than 130 members of the husiness community launch. The five boroughs, Darlington, Hartlepool, Langhaurgh nn Tees, Middleshrough and Stockton-on-Tees. said afterwards that the principle behind their plans had local businesses' support.
But only two days earlier a

federation of British Industry, receiving invalidity benefit. the Teesside Chamber of Com-

merce and the Teesside Small Business Club - bodies representing more than 2,000 local companies - saw Mr John Gummer, environment secretay, in London to press for a

single Teesside-wide euthority. The delegation argued that the LGC's recommendation to split Cleveland, except Hartlepool, between three unitary boroughs - Stockton, Middlesbrough and Langbaurgh would be costly and unnecessary. It would also, they said, lead to division and weaken the area's voice in dealing with gnveroment, Europe and potential inward investors. The strongest public cham-

pion of a new Teesside authority is Sir Ian Wrigglesworth, northern CBI chairman. "I have never known an issue which has united the business community as strongly as this," he says. He is nutspoken about the dangers of unitary authorities,

because he claims it is inconceivable that a borough would willingly forego a job-creating investment to a neighbour or volunteer for an incinerator development. The boroughs

have squabbled in the past are "an absolute myth". The private sector would have half the 20 seats on the

TVDC's board of directors. The other 10 would be councillors. The TVDC, which will aim to create up to 1,900 jobs in its first two years, would be run by a chief executive with nine staff and funded hy a £2m annual budget from the five boroughs. The economic development and planning framework in which it operates would be set by a joint committee of councillors from the five boroughs - which, Sir Ian says, could also cause prob-

It is far from certain the gov-ernment will endorse the LGC's recommendation after the consultation period expires next month. Whilst the Cleveland proposals meet the government's wish for unitary anthorities, the LGC's Durham recommendations retain the existing two-tler structure, except in Darlington. Mr Gummer may ask the LGC to look again at Durham; and that might affect Cleveland.

pay woman £172,912

An Industrial tribunal in Leeds esterday made a record-breaking award of £172,912 to Mrs Nichola Cannock, a mother of three who was dismissed from the Royal Air Force nine years ago for becoming pregnant, Robert Taylor writes. This is the highest amount

won hy a woman from the armed services in a sex dis-crimination case. Mrs Cannock's counsel told the tribunal hearing that the case was highly unusual" because she had impressive engineering qualifications. She worked 12-hour shifts helping to prepare and main-

tain Victor Tanker planes flying frnm RAF Marsham to serve in tha Falklands war. The Ministry of Defence agreed that Mrs Cannock should receive compensation for her dismissal, which it said had breached the sex discrimi-nation laws. But it proposed only just over £12,000. Last month Mrs Deborah Miller, who used to serve in

the RAF, won £33,000 at an

industrial tribunal for losing

her inh because of pregnancy.

Doubts cast on Matrix trial when considering export appli-By Richard Donkin

A senior civil eervant yesterday cast doubt on the basis of the Matrix-Churchill trial concerning exports of arms to Iraq, which led to the establishment of the Scott inquiry. He admitted that the case, which collapsed in November 1992, could have been "blown out of the water" before it went ahead. The admission emerged as the Scott inquiry began to focus upon one of the prime

arguments used by Customs and Excise to mount their prosecution against three exec-utives of Matrix-Churchill, the Midlands machine tool manufacturer. The Old Bafley prosecution hinged on a contention by Cus-

toms and Excise, based on documents and specifications obtained at the factory, that the machines were dedicated to military manufacturing. Lord Justice Scott suggested

during the inquiry that both military and industrial lists used hy the Department of Trade and Industry to draw distinctions hetween uses

cations could have covered machines that had such special design features. Because there was no requirement to state the specific end use of the machines on the export licence application, the distinction between military and industrial use could not readily be drawn. Mr Eric Beston, head of the

D'II's export control hranch from 1985 to 1990, said in evidence: "That is something I have never thought about. That could perfectly well have blown the Customs case out of the water." He added: "I wish I had thought about that at the Earlier Mr Beston told the

hearing that he believed the argument that the tools were specially designed was based on a narrow technical approach which he had not experienced previously. While he admitted be was familiar with the "special design" con-cept, he said he believedand "no doubt made aware" to Customs that they had taken "a the framing of the action".

two council seats

By John Authors

At least two meat traders from the Smithfield meat market are assured of places on the council which controls the City of London.

The next election will take place on December 6, but the Smithfield tenants are already guaranteed at least two seats. because in one ward which has four seats on offer, four of the six candidates are traders. Smithfield candidates are

rents they are being asked to pay to fund refurbishment of the market

In a statement, the traders said two sitting members had tenant dispute".

withdrawn "rather than face defeat by the Smithfield candi-

dates' This year's elections will he the most hotly contested for more than 50 years, with elections required in 13 of the 25 wards - normally only three or four wards are contested, and some have not had a contested election for mora than 25

The Corporation of London which has tried to encourage (businesses to make use of the standing in 10 wards as part of franchise, said the traders their campaign against the were quite entitled to take their stand, but added that the traders' campaign was "quite "mappropriate for resolving what is essentially a landlord-

Westminster reappraises the benefits of a royal heir |Smithfield gets Michael Cassell looks at the Prince of Wales' commercial role overseas If the Prince of Wales intended

this week to refocus debate on more serious aspects of his responsibilities, he cannot have been disappointed.

His remarks, which made known his frustrations over lack of government support during nverseas royal visits, created an instant stir around Whitehall and Westminster which seems certain to lead to a reappraisal of the prince's potential role as an ambassa-

dnr for Britain. Ministers were this week aulck to acknowledge the value of the prince in helping promote Britain in important overseas markets. They were equally ready to accept that more could be done to fully exploit his unique position.

Within hours of the prince's

views hecoming known on

Monday Mr Joho Major was

pledging his support for moves to improve the commercial effectiveness of the heir to the throne's overseas visits. But when the dust has set-

tled, what is the real scope for ensuring that the value of the prince, in the context of helping tn promote British companies and products, can be further enhanced? Both the Foreign Office and

the Department of Trade and Industry are anxious to emphasise the support they already provide for overseas royal visits. But if the programme of visits has in the past been seen by officials more as a timeconsuming nuisance than a positive opportunity, the prince's remarks and the politi-cal fall-out will bring a renewed effort to consider such trips in a more strategic light. With Downing Street "keen" to do everything possible to help, an improvement in coordination between departments when visits are being planned and the provision of ministerial hack-up during

tours is on the agenda. The DTI is examining ways nf better exploiting the prince's apparent readiness to help wave the flag for Britain and Mr Richard Needham, the trade minister, will soon discuss ideas directly with the prince.

St James' palace has stressed

that it does not see the issue

necessarily as one of financial

resources but of a more sup-

portive approach to reflect a

potential value of overseas roval visits to the economy. But some in husiness were this week anxious to emphasise that the prince himself will have to demonstrate a greater flexibility and readiness to participate in more commercially-oriented overseas exercises.

better appreciation of the

him hy royal protocol were exposed this week, when it emerged that the prince will be in Australia in January at the same time as a business mis-sion led by Mr Michael. Heseltine, the trade and industry secretary. They are unlikely to meet up, however, because royal protocol dictates that the prince cannot be seen

The constraints placed on

to participate directly in trade promotion in countries which recognise him as helr to the throne

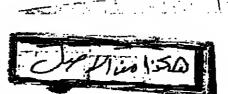
emphasised: "Though he can do his hit for Britain, he is not But according to one of Britain's most senior industrialists, who has participated in numerous overseas trade mis-sions, some of them involving the prime minister: "In the

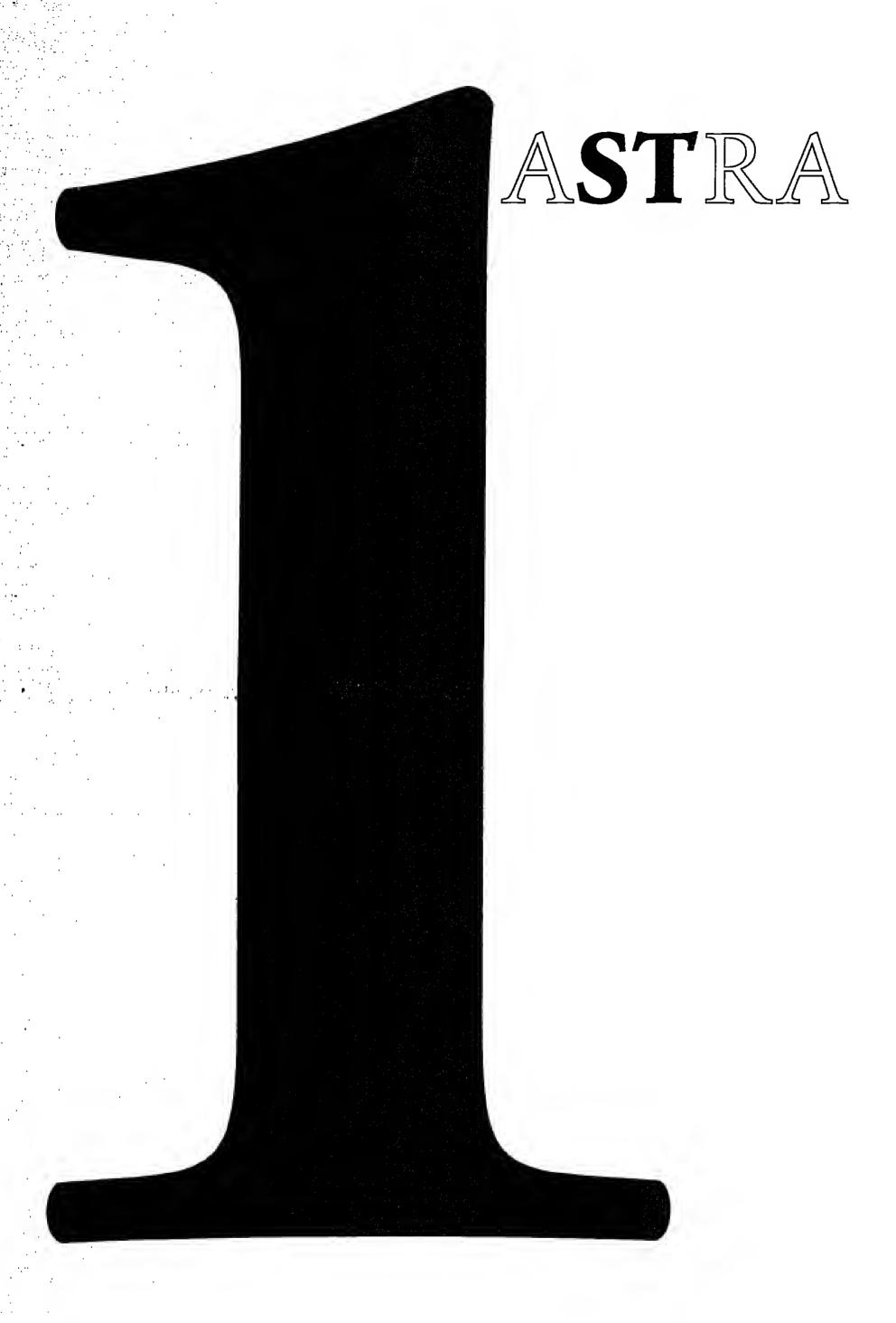
past, he [the prince] has proved extremely choosy about the sort of missions abroad in which he is prepared to participate. He generally only wants to take part in events directly linked to the organisations he has helped start or in which he is directly involved. If that atti-

tude is now a thing of the past, it is very good news." Several in business this week qunted the example of the Duke of Kent, vice-chairman of British Overseas Trade Board, as an example of how a As one of his aides has

"hands-on" member of the royal family worked actively to assist the national exporting effort. The Duke of Kent, however, will not be the next king. Another senior industrialist said: "I see no good reason why the prince should not head up trade missions in the same way the prime minister does. He could not be expected to negotiate but then neither is the prime minister.

"We are talking about a modern monarchy trying to find a modern role, it cannot have it both ways, simultaneously trying to cling to past conven-





Opel wins the We'd like to

FIA Rallye World Cup for Manufacturers of Touring Cars. congratulate the successful Opel Team Belgium with the

Astra GSi pilots, Bruno Thiry and Stéphane Prevot, on their excellent performance. OPEL 😌

London Tube appeals abroad for cable help

By Andrew Baxter and

London Underground yesterday appealed for technical help from big UK cable manufacturers and international subway train operators to

repair its crippled system.

Managers turned to companies such as BICC as engineers struggled to locate faults in the 50-year old power supply cables for the Central

Independent observers say commuters annoyed by this week's power failures should blame the government rather than staff.

After three days of disruption, consultants who have worked with Underground engineers said they were doing the best they could with

Spending

Council

cut at Arts

Mr Peter Brooke, heritage

secretary, yesterday asked the

Arts Council to cut its adminis-

trative costs by 8 per cent, or £500,000, in the 1994-95 finan-

This is the minimum reduc-

tion recommended by consul-tancy Price Waterhouse which

examined the workings of the

council this year. The council

distributes government arts

Mr Anthony Everitt, the council's secretary-general,

said: "The council will still be

able to carry out its core func-

tions of supporting the arts,

and at the same time develop

its policy and advocacy role. It

will, however, mean some reduction in the services that

can be offered to the arts con-

stituency."
The council may cut its 150-

strong workforce by 30, mainly in secretarial and support

posts. There could also be a

reduction in its research and

consultancy functions, it is

hoped to make the savings by

Mr Brooke confirmed the

"arm's length principle" for

arts funding, and that he con-

sidered "the long series of reviews of the structure of the

arts funding system to be

voluntary redundancies.

subsidies - £225.6m this year.

available equipment. "If you've got cables that old it's reasonable to expect some problems," said one consultant. "I don't think it's fair to lay the blame on the managers or engineers. At the end of the day it comes down to funding."

Management systems on the Underground have been tightened, and in 1968 managers were given responsibility for a particular line. This has led to an improvement in the quality of the service, the Underground says.

Senior management reviews are conducted after incidents such as this week's breakdown. Procedures for dealing with passengers trapped in carriages in tunnels have been improved following previous shutdowns and worked much better this

week, the Underground said. It has been keen to emphasise funding shortages. Rarlier this year it published the details of an £8.5bm spending programme - nearly 6900m a year over the next 10 years - which it said would be needed to create what it called "a decently modern metro" after decades of neglect.

This week's problems were the result of a 1,000-to-one occurrence which the Underground's traditional "belt-and-braces" approach to power supply - and other safety-related

equipment - was unable to address. The same cable that takes the nower supply from the substation to the track is also used for the back-up substation, London Underground said yesterday. So, in the rare event of a fault in the cable, neither the main substation nor the back-up can be used. One consultant said it was "bad luck" that such a fault should occur, although the age of the equipment increased the chance of a problem. The Underground cannot afford the luxury of having hundreds of miles of back-up cabling.

The short-term effect is that, following further power failures yester-day, the Central Line east of Liverpool Street will remain closed this

The power failures raise the broader issue of government funding for the Underground and whether financial cuts are making it difficult for managers to spend adequately on "behind-the-scenes" investment when more high-profile spending is easier to get money for things that have a profile, such as new or refuthished trains and stations. Preventive maintenance tends to suffer in that situation...there's no kudos in

replacing cables."

London Underground said yesterday that the cabling, some of which is 70 years old, should have been replaced 15 years ago. The equip-ment had served it well, and there was no reason to believe it was about to fail. But it would not compromise on safety if it thought that using old cables was a risk.

In contrast, some of the cabling for signalling on the Central Line is - and thus was given a higher prior-

Student numbers in UK higher

the education secretary,

year-olds to enter higher edu-

Using early statistics on the

number of students who

started degree courses in Octo-

red higher education.

Mr Patten said: "During this period of recent rapid expan-

sion, the average A-level

The Committee of Vice-Chan-

of funding was adequate. How-

The Higher Education Fund-

ing Council (England) said that

said the committee.

have also been enhanced."

One observer said: "When money ity on safety grounds. A £750m projis tight it is a fact of life that it is ect is due to start next year to ect is due to start next year to replace the line's trains, signalling and power cabling.

New trains are the most obvious: evidence of increased spending, but the Underground said that other

items were just as important. One area of concern is the ageing system of pumps and drains, used to remove 3m gallons of rat and sewage infested water each day. Much of it needs to be replaced, but lack of funds has forced the Underground to concentrate on "patching up" when things go wrong. The Railway Indus-try Association, the equipment suppliers' trade body, said it was concerned that a further reduction in government funding might be announced in Tuesday's Budget.

> ties last year, fared worse than had been expected. While the established universities took

on 7 per cent more full-time

students than last year (with a

21 per cent increase in part-time students), there was a fall of 1 per cent in numbers

taken on by new universities.

However, sharp increases in recruitment over previous

years meant that total num-

bers at new universities were

still 11 per cent higher than last year. General higher edu-cation colleges in England,

many of them now pressing for

university status, saw numbers rise by 27 per cent overall, while numbers at specialist

In the Commons, Mrs Ann

Taylor, shadow education sec-

retary, welcomed the fact that

more young people were stay-ing on in higher education, but

said it was a pity that gradu-ates could not get the jobs they were qualified for. Unemploy-

ment among recent graduates

Miss Ann Widdecombe.

junior employment minister.

said graduate unemployment overall was 5 per cent,

although it was 14 per cent for

recent graduates. "That 14 per

was at 14 per cent, she said. .

colleges rose 19 per-cent.

dinners attacked

Mr Robin Cook, shadow trade and industry secretary, yesterday attacked the prime minister's use of 10 Downing Street, his official residence, as a venue for fundraising dinners for the Conservative

Mr Cook said vesterday thet Downing Street was a government building and not a private home which Mr Major could use as he

pleased.
"If the prime minister is using it as an exclusive club to wine and dine Tory party paymasters, it demonstrates the arrogance of a party that has been in power for too long," he

said.

Earlier this week the Financial Times revealed that a crisis in the Conservative party's finances had forced the prime minister to drop a self-imposed ban on entertaining elite groups of past and potential donors in the building.

It is understood that the prime minister reversed that warning from two of the party treasurers - Mr Charles Hambro and Sir Philip Harris - that such events were vital to the party's drive to raise money to finance next year's European and local election

Earlier this week Mr Major hosted the third Downing Street fundraising dinner in recent months.

The occasions have been kept a close secret because of acute sensitivity about Conservative party finances in the wake of the controversy about donations from Mr Asil Nadir, the fugitive business-

ister, Mr Cook requested Mr Major to provide him with a list of guests who have attended recent functions, and assurances that none of them has been appointed to any public body.

In a letter to the prime min-

He also asked for a list of the forthcoming dates on which Downing Street was to be used



Staggering: Sir Edwin Landseer's Scene in Braemar - Highland Deer is expected to raise £750,000 when it is sold at Christie's in March. The 8ft high painting was last in the saleroom in 1888 when it sold for 25.456. It is the Victorian artist's most important work to be auctioned since The Monarch of the Glen was bought in 1916.

cent is a snapshot in time; it doesn't mean that all of them full-time students rose by 11 per cent to nearly 700,000, up will stay unemployed," said from 628,000 last year. However former polytech-

POSTCARD FROM HOME POST CARD We've been here just over a month now. It's quite a challenge being an expatriate but we've made a wonderful discovery. It's a magazine called Resident Mr & Mrs Windsor Abroad and it's helped us with all kinds of problems. 183. ... It has a property section which will help us here as well as sorting out the house back home. It's got High Oaks Road educational updates (for the kids), health insurance coverage and all sorts of financial information from local currency evaluation to general expat salary updates. And I'm hoping to take advantage of the wealth of investment pointers that it gives! I don't know where I'd be without it. FREE on Essential A-Z Guide Write soon for Expatriates PLUS 2 extra issues of Resident Abroad **FINANCIAL TIMES**

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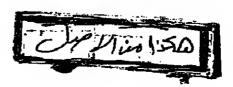
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reinforced at Lloyd's

Lloyd's of London yesterday moved to reinforce its senior management team by appoint-ing Sir Alan Hardcastle, the former head of the government's accountancy service, to take charge of regulation at the insurance market.

Sir Alan will become chairman of Lloyd's regulatory board and deputy chairman of its governing council, replacing Mr Brian Garraway, who

Mr David Rowland, chairman of Lloyd's, said: "His wealth of experienca will be invaluable in continuing to develop the new reguletory environment at Lloyd'a."

A former senior partner of ... Peat Marwick, Mitchell (now KPMG Peat Marwick), Sir Alan, aged 60, became head of the government accountancy service in 1989.

Separately it emerged yester-day that Mr Rowland and Mr Peter Middleton, chief executive, have persuaded many of Lloyd's largest agencies to make voluntary donations to help settle out of court legal actions by 17,000 loss-making Names - individuals whose

assets support the market. The contributions vary from less than £100,000 for smaller agents to more than £1.5m for some of the largest, with the total collected amounting to at

Lloyd's hopes to finance the bulk of its settlement offer to Names from two other sources:

errors and omissions insurers which cover Lloyd's agents against awards for negligence and a contribution; and possibly about \$400m from the Lloyd's central fund, which unable to fulfil their obliga-

Names will he offered a "bespoke" settlement depend-ing on which loss-making syndicates they belong to, with the amount of compensation offered reflecting the chances of success of their separate legal actions and a series of other factors.

The agents' voluntary contribution, however, has stretched the resources of the 100 agents trading at the market. Many have seen their income shrink following the losses of recent

One chairman conceded that his agency had been forced to borrow to finance the payment and some smaller agents could be forced into insolvency.

One managing director said: "There are agents who are being asked for sums which will kill them. It is an extremely emotional issue." Donations were calculated according to a complex formula which reflacts the deductibles on agents' errors and omissions policies (the amount of each claim paid by the policyholder) as well as the

exposure of agents to legal

Regulation IRA hardliners set peace deadline

Republican sources say that hardliners in the IRA are giv-ing the peace initiatives less than a month before they pub-Republican leaders are weighing the political gains of an agreement against the threat to licly hlame the British governmorale, write Tim Coone and Jimmy Burns ment for their failure and

declare the process dead. IRA leaders are reported to An uneasy lull in the viobe weighing the political gains which could spring from a comprehensive agreement between Dublin and London against the risks to internal liscipline and morale posed by the current de-escalation of activity which has, as yet, produced no political hreakviolence which will match, and possibly exceed, the worst levthrough.
Mr Mitchell McLaughlin, a

Sinn Fein leader and a leading republican political strategist, said this week: "This situation could change tomorrow with the IRA using another bomb to signal they are back on the offensive...The war is still going on ... and the bombing campaign_could easily be resumed. This peace initiative is not open-ended. It is finite. There's no way it is going to develop into an Indefinite ceasefire if London and Dublin

lence after the recent atrocities has created a crucial breathing cess embarked on by the British and Irish governments can develop. But there is also a growing belief that time is runmets in less dangerous areas. ning out, and that should talks Security sources also suspect

els of the past 25 years. Nevertheless the IRA has scaled down its operations since the bomb on the Shankill Road in Belfast and the loyalist gun attack on a pub in Londonderry. This has been matched by a scaling down of army operations.

Army tactics also seem to have changed. "Target acquisition", where soldiers train loaded guns on passers-hy in republican areas, and the

burst out of armoured vehicles and rush through the streets covering each other with their weapons, are no longer employed. In a more subtle deescalation soldiers have tended to wear berets rather than hel-

that the IRA's military capability may have been temporarily weakened by a recent series of discoveries of arms caches in the UK and the Republic of Ireland, and that a certain warweariness may be behind the push for a peace settlement. But they do not doubt the IRA's own claims this week that it is still capable of striking heavily should a decision

be made to resume action. According to security sources any resumption of a high-intensity military campaign by the IRA will almost certainly involve renewed

IRA remains convinced that the bomb attack on the City of London in April was a major coup and that something similar should be attempted if the Northern Ireland in the politi-

cal background again.

Sinn Féin has not yet written off the peace initiative between Mr John Hume, leader of the Social Democratic Lahour Party, and Mr Gerry Adams, Sinn Fein president, in spite of lts rejection by Dublin and London. Sinn Fein helieves that either the Anglo-Irish summit pencilled for next Friday or even informal contacts might produce key concessions facilitating a permanent cease-

Mr Tom Hartley, the Sinn Fein chairman, said: "The process is not over yet. Politics is about looking for opportuni-ties. I suspect the British gov-ernment has no viable alterna-tive to the Hume-Adams proposals and is just saying no... I will be looking for what-ever emerges from the summit that can create a dynamic for that can create a dynamic for

He added: "It is possible that a response would not even hap-pen at a public level hut will probably be made in a private way, suggesting that Sinn Féin hopes to reopen a secret channel of negotiation with the British government which it claims was closed off last July after unionist complaints.

The dilemma for the two prime ministers, even if they were about to offer an olive branch to the IRA, is that there are growing concerns in the threat posed by loyalist para-militaries. One army source said: "We are in a process of reassessing the threat. It has traditionally come from one side only but we are having to reorientate our planning to face a possible threat from the

Tunnel groups fined over death

Five UK construction com panies huilding the Channel tunnel were fined £40,000 each yesterday for failing to ensure the safety of a worker crushed to death while acting as a

Mr David Griffiths, aged 26, of East Street, near Dover, died when be inmped off a train to change a set of points. Maidstone Crown Court in Kent was told. He was crushed in a 12in gap between his train and another.

The court heard that he had not received the required training to be a train lookout, also known as a banksman.

Mr Hngh Carlisle QC, prose cuting for the Health and Safety Executive, said: "Mr Griffiths should not have even been on the train. Not only was he not qualified as a hanksman bnt he had also never been trained to work

Mr Michel Kalipetris, defending, said: "We accept Mr Griffiths should not have been on the train, but he slipped through a system that had been devised to stop such acci-

Jndge Felix Waley said: "The failure in this case is one of the worst this court has heard abont in the past years. This accident happened because the safety procedures in place were not properly

supervised and carried out."

The Transmanche Link consortium companies, Balfonr Beatty Construction, Wimpey Major Projects, Tarmac Construction, Tsylor Woodrow, and Constain Civil Engineering admitted failing to ensure Mr Griffiths's safety.

Budget fears hit northern companies

By Chris Tighe and

do not move forward."

Many businesses view next week's Budget with trepidation, fearing that Tuesday's half-point cut in interest rates was a "softener" for tax increases, the Confederation of British Industry in the north of England said yesterday.

Mr Arthur Foord, northern region CBf director, said after yesterday's hi-monthly meeting of the regional council that anxiety about the Budget was holding down confidence Merrett transfer, Page 10 among the CBI's 1,500 member

companies in his area. Members feared that tax increases would damage the "patchy and fragile" recovery.

Mr Foord said conditions for businesses in north east England and Cumbria had continued their slow improvement, but companies doing well tended to be those seeking new markets around the world, particularly outside western

Exports account for nearly 45 per cent of the north's manufactured output, the highest regional proportion in the UK. Mr Foord sald that in spite of

Sharad Pawar,

Chief Minister

the low level of interest rates little investment was planned. The reason was not lack of finance, but of confidence.

Yesterday's meeting was less

gloomy than those held in the summer but optimism remained below early-1993 levels, he said. Separately, manufacturers in Yorkshire and Humberside

have confirmed "an unsteady and patchy emergence from recession", according to an Engineering Employers Federation survey of its 300 mem-The EEF said yesterday that,

trend in orders picked up to levels last seen in January, but this was not enough to take up much spare capacity. Mr Ian Hughes, director of the EEF's Yorkshire and Humberside Association, said industry was using an average of only 69 per cent of capacity.

Home orders were volatile in

after stalling in September, the

October and November, with 41 per cent of companies reporting an improvement and 24 per cent a decline. Although exports picked up for 25 per cent of companies and fell for 18 per cent, the majority - 57

per cent - reported no change Nearly 75 per cent reported unchanged investment plans. With profit margins tightening under competition, this

caution was almost inevitable.

given that 31 per cent of companies suffered a decline in profitability against 16 per cent which reported an improvement. Cashflow deteriorated for 20 per cent, with only 16 per cent saying it was better. Mr Hughes said the large volume of spare capacity made it unlikely that any Budget incentives would encourage much investment.

MPs accuse ministers over energy efficiency 'failure'

By Bronwen Maddox; **Environment Correspondent**

The government has made little progress in encouraging energy efficiency; the Commons environment committee said in a highly critical report yesterday.

Mr Robert Jones, Conservative chairman of the committee, said: "We are one of the world on energy efficiency."

The report is particularly sceptical about the likely effecof the central planks of the government's strategy for combating global warming. The expects the trust's schemes to committee reports that it is "concerned that the trust will not achieve the funding levels tion of value added tax on needed to meet its target of domestic heating fuel, reducing carbon dioxide emis-

The government wants fund-

ing for the trust's projects to come from the gas and electric-ity utilities, which would pass on the costs to customers in their bills. The report said, however, that it had found "a huge discrepancy between what the trust considers it needs and what it is likely to

last year's Rio Earth Summit bon dioxide, largely produced by burning fossil fuels, at 1990 levels by the year 2000. Governtiveness of the Energy Saving mant figures suggest this Trust, an organisation set up would mean a cut of ebout 10m to promote household energy tonnes of carbon (mtC) on projefficiency, which has been one ected annual levels, or about 6

> The government has said it save 2.5mtC, a quarter of the total. The controversial imposition of value added tax on announced in the spring Budget, will save a further 1.5mtC, it has said.

The MPs report, bowever, that a great deal of scepticism and disagreement among wit nesses as to the impact VAT will have on energy consumption patterns".

Mr Andrew Warren, director of the Association for the Conservation of Energy, estimated that the UK would have to The UK committed itself at invest £1bn for avery million tonnes of carbon the ninth parliamentary report in the past decade on this subject and they have all said we need to pull our finger out," he

Mr Tim Yeo, environment minister, said yesterday: "l have acknowledged that the trust's targets are extremely challenging, and it will only be able to achieve them with considerable support from the utilities and their regula-

Energy Efficiency in Buildings. Environment Committee, 4th Report. HMSO.

pen invitation from Chief Minister, Maharashtra, the premier industrial State in India: Warmwelcome to the land of opportunities for investments in strategic thrust areas:

Transport and Communications, Power, Ports,

Roads, Jetties.

Chemicals, Petrochemicals, Pharmaceuticals.

Food Processing, Agri Business.

Tourism, Marketing, Financial Services.

Information Technology: Software and Hardware.

Uonsider the following factors:

The State with progressive administration with full commitment to maintenance of law and order.

Has an international mindset, highest State GDP in India

Contributes 25% of India's value added, strong HRD base, state-of-

the-art educational and technical institutions for skilled manpower. Well diversified and highly productive industrial base with positive work culture.

Strong supportive infrastructure: globally connected with international air and sea ports.

Investment friendly: over US \$ 20 billion investment taking shape; the highest in India.

Mature Capital Market System: 70% of country's capital market transactions occur in Bombay, the State Capital.

Favoured State for Trans Nationals: Most of them already have substantial presence in Maharashtra and the trend is growing stronger; Coca Cola, Kellogg, Du Pont, Proctor & Gamble, Asahi, recent entrants.

Bombay emerging as an International Regional Finance Centre; Merill Lynch, Jardine Fleming, J.P. Morgan, Orix, Marlin Ord Minnett have tie-ups for a wider range of international financial services.

Be value people most. For further information, please contact Industries Secretary, Mr. Lalit Doshi, Mantralaya, Bombay 400-032; Telephone: (22) 202-5393. Fax: (22) 202-3008/ (22) 2026826

Labour warns on Welsh agency

By Roland Adburgham, Wales and West Correspondent

LABOUR vesterday claimed the government was putting drawn under this episode."
the future of the Welsh Devel- They told a Commons press opment Agency in question because of asset sales and cuts in its grant.

The party was setting out s new agenda for the agency in the wake of the highly critical Commons Public Accounts Committee report earlier this year. Mr Ron Davies, shadow Welsh secretary, and Mr Rhodri Morgan, frontbench spokesman on Wales, wel-comed the WDA's new chairman, Mr David Rowe-Beddoe,

and what they described as the board's "swift no-nonsense disciplinary action". They added: We hope a line can now be

conference a much bigger shadow was now being cast over its future.

They said: "By forcing the agency to sell off land and factories on a massive scale, and by cutting ita government grant, John Redwood [Welsh secretary] has thrown the WDA's whole existence into

question." While this year, they said, the agency was committed to a budget of £171m, "less than

half the budget, £78m, is from Welsh Office coffers. The WDA has to raise £50m from land disposals and £29m from land rental to make up the programme. Projections for next financial year make grim read-

Mr Davies and Mr Morgan called for the WDA to be given a clear development strategy and a secure financial plan. The agency should be rebuilt as "the engineroom of the Welsh economy" with less emphasis on inward investment and more on indigenous investment, and freed "from the political stranglehold of the Welsh Office".

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

The Chairman of the Board of Directors of Tangaram Co. Ltd. (H-1340

EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING on December 29, 1993. at 10 a.m. in the Board Room No. 111, of the Company at the above address.

The Agenda of the Extraordinary General Meeting shall be: nent of the Articles of Assi

contiled to wole at the extraordinary general meeting who have received and tented to the extraordinary general meeting the extract from the share book

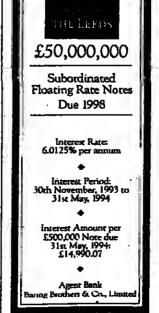
rding to Paragraph 13 of the Articles of Ass

exercise their right of voting personally or by their authorized repres have to be presented by sharely December 29 1993, at 9 a.m. to the abova address, their participants at the

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FINANCIAL TIMES

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SEI 9HL Tel: 071-873 3000 Telex: 922186 Fax: 071-407 5700 Saturday November 27 1993

Principled taxation

In March of this year, in what turned out to be his last budget, Norman Lamont surreptitiously introduced a significant change in the tax treatment of pension funds. This is not how the change was presented. It was presented as a change in the treatment of advance corporation tax that would, as luck would have it, raise £900m in 1995-96. Without warning, the chancellor chose to undermine long-standing assumptions about the tax treatment of penslons. He did so because he thought a raid on pension funds would attract minimal ohloquy.

This decision may not have been the most important in the budget. But it was particularly revealing. Mr Lamont decided to lower the rate of advance corporation tax, which is advance income tax on dividend income, to 20 per cent, while lowering the rate of

tax credit to the same level. For most ordinary shareholders the change was neutral. It was not, however, for tax-exempt ehareholders, such as pension funds. The sudden increase in the gap between the rate of corpora-tion tax, on the one hand, and the rate of ACT, on the other, has made them significantly worse off. To cut a long and complex story short, the government had decided to raid pension fund surpluses to

fill part of the yawning fiscal gap. What, apart from the technical obscurity of the measure, was so wrong with that? One thing wrong with it is precisely the technicality of the change. That obscurity is what made it possible to present a plan whose effect was to raise almost £1bn from companies, via their pension funds, as a way of providing companies with "casb flow benefits of about £2bn over the next two years".

Fiscal pickle

How clever! But how deceitful! The chancellor could, instead, have admitted that the fiscal pickle into which profligacy and an incorrectly forecast recession had led the government meant greater taxation of pension funds. He did not. His failure to do so, while no more than could be expected, was unprincipled in two significant respects.

The first concerns the proper treatment of income and expenditure. In 1984, the then-chancellor, Nigel Lawson, indicated a desire the sys taxation. The notion was mistaken, but it was at least coherent. Subsequently, bowever, changes were made in the direction of taxation of expenditure. The case for expenditure taxation is strong in itself. While the government never articulated its view of the matter, it looked as though this was also the direc-

will be on Mr Kenneth Clarke as the chancellor delivers the most bally-hooed Budget in

tion in which it intended to go.

Thet is no longer true. The sud-den change last March in the tax

treatment of the most important

financial assets held, albeit indi-

rectly, by the UK personal sector

has thrown everything into the air. This matters. It matters partly

because the tax treatment of

savings is among the most impor-

tant single features of any fiscal

system. It matters also because at the end of 1992 the gross value of

UK pension funds was close to

£400bn, and represented 29 per

cent of the gross and 43 per cent of the net financial assets of the per-

The second concern is still more fundamental. People heve to plan

their lives on assumptions about

how their savings will be allowed

to accumulate. In precisely the same way, they need to know

what services and benefits the

state will provide. This is why

continuity of approach and clarity of principle are so important, points that should be obvious to

Conservatives. When the state

spenda 46 per cent of gross national income and raises 37 per

cent of it in taxation, it must do

more than tack and trim, as the

winds of political convenience

suggest. How can citizens hope to

make sensible plans of their own

if the government is either unwill-

ing or unable to clarify its own? When chancellor, Lord Lawson

showed he understood the need. In

his budget statement of 1985, for

example, he argued there was "a case for changing the tax treat-ment of pension funds, as part of

thorough-going reform of the tax

treatment of personal savings gen-

erally. Any fundamental reform of

this kind would ... need to be pre-

ceded by the publication of a

Green Paper." The UK is still

waiting for that paper.
The fiscal treatment of savings

is important in Itself. But the

inconsistencies in its current

treatment are also an indication of

what is wrong with British gov-

ernment. What is needed is a sta-

hie and transparent fiscal system.

based on clear and defensible prin-

ciples. In recent years, the UK

appears to have been moving fur-

ther away from that objective. The

sudden Introduction of a third rate

of income tax when Lord Lawson

had reduced the number to two is

an opportunity to do better. Up to

now nothing suggests it is being

seized. Tuesday will reveal once and for all how far Mr Clarke, tco,

is addicted to clever wheezes. The

omens are inauspicious. If they

prove correct, this failing may matter far more than any, inevita-

bly uncertain, budget judgment be may have reached.

another egregious example.

Political convenience

The first modern Budget to combine spending and taxation decisions will be vital for the survival of Mr John Major's battered govern-ment. It will give the British public and foreign investors a first real insight into the economic policies and philosophy of the man who became chancellor six months ago. It could be crucial to the UK's ability to withstand increasingly powerful competition from east Asia and survive as a leading industrial power in the 1990s.

n Tuesday all eyes

Above all, the Budget must be a success for Mr Clarke if he is still to be regarded as Mr Major's natural successor. The chancellor is condemned to take risks. Although the economy is recovering steadily from cession, husiness and consumer

confidence is at a low ebb. If Mr Clarke is serious about tackling the UK's large £50bm budget deficit with the aim of securing sustained non-inflationary growth, now is the time to act. The electoral cycle means that he can ill afford to delay unpleasant medicine. The trick that he must master is to serve it up in a palatable way.

The chancellor has some advantages. Barring unforeseen develop-ments, he will have surprise on his side when he opens William Gladstone's scruffy red and gold budget box in the Commons.

True, his big day has been preceded by a cacophony of specula-tion, fostered in part by Mr Clarke'e decision to abolish pre-Budget purdah for himself and Treasury ministers, and fueled by intensive lobbying from all possible interest groups. But the muffled howling of spending departments that always companies their annual negotiations on public spending with the Treasury, and the vantilation of every conceivable tax wheeze, has imply left the nation confused.

The Treasury, Whitehall's Practorian guard, has maintained its discipline thoroughout the past four and a half months of Budget preparation and allewed no clearly defined leaks. While it is possible to make reasonably well-informed guesses about the Budget, all but a very small group of Treasury ministers and senior officials are in the dark about the chancellor'e plans.

We do know quite a lot about Mr Clarke, his politics and his preferences. In his first important public speech after moving into mmber 11 Downing Street, the self-styled son of the industrial Midlands said he wanted to be remembered "as a chancellor under whom the British businessman and woman and their workforce were able to earn a better

He has since laid great stress on tha need for greater saving and investment in the UK economy. He wants to reduce the amount the vernment spends as a proportion of gross domestic product from more than 45 per cent to less than 40 per cent. However, unlike some Tories, he believes government can do some good through public spending and is not prepared to cut it

Since his first lengthy interview with the Financial Times in June, the chancellor has consistently said that the projected 1993-94 public sector borrowing requirement of £50bn. or 8 per cent of GDP, is too high. He has been equally consistent in not ruling out higher taxes to reduce the deficit in addition to the £6.72bn for 1994-95 and the £10.3bn for 1995-96 decided by Mr Norman LamShort-term pain for long-term gain could be the theme of Kenneth Clarke's first Budget, writes **Peter Norman**

Glittering prizes if he gets it right

a growing delicit

ont in his final March Budget.
Would the economy be able to bear additional tax increases? The good news for Mr Clarke is that it has performed better than expected in the past six months. Although there is a widespread belief that Britain is still in recession, and some sectors such as construction are still very depressed, the country has been in recovery since the secand quarter of last year. Seasonally adjusted unemployment has fallen by 127,000 from its January peak of 299m. GDP in the third quarter was 1.9 per cent higher than the year before. The economy should grow by about 1% per cent this year against the March Budget forecast of 1% per cent.

Moreover, there are indications that economic activity is being under-recorded. The Bank of England has suggested that the price measures used to calculate volume growth of industrial production and exports may be causing government statisticians to underestimate real activity. Recent figures showing falling unemploy-meet, slow growth in mann facturing output and rising produc-tivity are inconsistent with each

other In September, Mr Clarke told the annual meeting of the International Monetary Fund that he was aiming for a recovery that would be "sustained over the rest of the decade and beyond, and which would be "driven by investment and exports not consumption, by the private sector not the state".

ever, is that consumer demand, rather than exports or investment, has become the main engine of economic growth in Britain. As the chart shows, private consumption as a percentage of UK GDP has risen to record levels in real terms and is higher than in most advanced economies.

This is a mixed blessing. It is doubtful whether Britain can sustain such high levels of private consomption in an increasingly com-petitive world. An ominous sign has been the persistent large current account deficit throughout the

If Mr Clarke is serious about ancouraging business and investment, he should now be thinking of refocusing the economy. This would also fit with his determination to V COFFE trimmed to achieve a Conservative victory in the general election to be fought by late spring of 1997. The coming financial year is about the last in which it will be politically prudent to inflict financial pain on voters, while hoping to be able to compensate them by the time the nation next elects its MPs. Cutting public spending would be one way of rebalancing the econ-

omy. But, as we have seen, the Budget reports are to be believed. chancellor sees political and practical limits to such an exercise. The off-stage noises emanating from the negotiations between the Treasury and spending departments to keep the pre-set control totals for public spending within their respective £263.3bn in 1995-96 have done nothing to dispel the impression that this year's public expenditure round has been very difficult. Mr Clarke will in any case have

to signal politically difficult cuts in important public services on Tues-day. Invalidity benefit, unemployment pay, the roads programme, housing, and military expenditure are all likely to be trimmed, if pre-

"When we tax consumers," he said, "we should target their spending rather than their savings or ncomes." However, it is doubtful whether he will be able to live up to his principles next week. Although Britain's 17.5 per cent standard rate of value-added tax is low compared. others in Europe and covers only ahout 54 per cent of consumers expenditure, the furore over VAT on domestic fuel and power exposed the political limitations of widening its net to zero-rated items such as food. Furthermore, the government's inflation target of 1 to 4 per cent for retail prices excluding mortgage interest payments mili-tates against radical action because VAT increases are reflected in inflation figures.

evertheless, there may be some limited moves on VAT and there is an outside chance of a new lower items. Excise duties on motor fuels are already destined to rise by more than inflation and tobacco and alcohol taxes could follow suit. But, as has so often been the case.

the still fragile recovery in the

housing market and the manifesto

pledge that it should be "main-

In recent weeks there has been

much speculation that Mr Clarke

would attack the privileges of pen-sion trinds. But this has looked less

likely since the chancellor's recent CBI conference speech which dis-closed that Mr Stephen Dorrell, the financial secretary, would carry out a long-term work programme

looking at the impact of tax and

other government policies on

savings and the flow of funds through the economy".
In his DMF speech, Mr Clarke expressed a clear preference "wher-

ever possible" for indirect taxation.

income tax looks the best vehicle for increasing taxation. Most pundits expect the chancellor to restrict tax allowances. He could, for example, raise about £4bn by the simple expedient of abolishing the married couple's allowance, or £6bn by restricting all personal allowances to the 20 per cent lower tax band. Such moves could be defended as contributing to fairness and give ample scope for widening the 20 per cent tax band well beyond the 23,000 limit due to enter force in

The Tories' natural supporters in the middle- and upper-income brackats would suffer, of course. But Mr Clarke might calculate that they would return to the fold by the next general election, especially if they are provided with cuts in income tax rates before going to the

The final package will hinge on much be must cut the deficit. The flaures for the first seven months of this financial year have provided no encouragement that it will be less

The latest City consensus is for a fiscal tightening of about £2bn in 1994-85 on top of Mr Lamont's preprogrammed tax rises. The belief, quietly promoted by the Bank of England, that the economy is in better fettle than it appears could encourage Mr Clarke to be even

If Mr Clarke wants to achieve his aim of making Britain more internationally competitive in the 1990s, his best bet next Tuesday could well be to prescribe short-term pain for the consumer in the hope that it will yield long-term gain for the nation and his party.

MAN IN THE NEWS: Leslie Hill

Batsman at Central stump

eter, Leslie Hill, chairman and chief executive of Cen-tral Independent Television, is the ideal person to bowl flerce sporting metaphors at Mr Peter Brooke, National Heritage secretary and memher of the Marylebone Cricket Club.

On the changes to the ITV ownership rules proposed by Mr Brooke, the Central Independent Television chairman says: "What he has dooe is bowl us a flipper, a ball that looks like a googly but goes the other

way."
You do not need to know one end of a cricket bat from another to realise that whether it is flippers or googlies, Hill, a long-time advocate of rationalising ITV's structure, is not happy about some aspects of the government's decision to allow consolidation in the industry.

"It's two steps forward and one step back," says Hill, who as far back as 1988 told the then prime minister, Mrs Maraget Thatcher, on a visit to Ceotral's Nottingham studies that the 15 ITV companies should, in the interests of efficiency, be reduced to no more than five or six. Hill, the businessman who

worked in the music industry and in industrial services before coming to television in 1987, received telexes from other ITV companies "presuming" he would resign from the ITV Association - the body representing all the companies - after his controversial comments found their way into the national newspa-

"TTV was a hit of a gentleman's club st the time," says Hill. "You waren't expected to rock the boat. I believed you should either redraw the map (of ITV)in a sensible way to create similiar-sized regions or you

should allow the market to do it." The 57-year-old Hill, now ironically chairman-elect of the ITV Association that once saw him as an uncomfortable outsider, is pleased that the government has decided that outside London an ITV company will be able to hold two hroadcasting licences, however large. At the moment, the nine largest companies cannot not take each other over. He is, however, disappointed at the anomalies he believes the apparently simple change will leave in its wake.
For instance, Yorkshire-Tyne
Tees, which recently issued a prof-

its warning, cannot be taken over easily because it holds two hroad-casting licences. If another ITV company pounced, it would face a messy divestment of Tyne Tees. "It seems extraordinary that the company that in some ways most

needs taking over cannot be taken

over in its present form," says Hill of Yorkshire, a company in which Pearsoo, owner of the Fioancial Times, holds a 14 per cent stake. Setting the limit at two licences instead of allowing one company to own two large licences plus one of the remaining small five, means that nobody will want to forfeit their chance to own another big licence by taking over minnows such as Border or Grampian. Such companies could be acquired now as defences to takeovers even under existing regulations, if the Independeot Televisioo Commission, the regulator, agreed. But It is far from

clear whether shareholders would support such shenanigans. 'Under the previous ownership regulations the 15 could at least in theory have become nine," seys Hill. "Now it cao move to eight. Moving from nine to eight ITV companies is not a huge step forward."



The barriers in the way of deeper consolidation will lead to uncertainty and confusion after the expected rapid outhreak of takeovers, he believes.

The government plans to make

changes to licences which are likely to operate after January 1 next year, but Mr Brooke, who plays one of the straightest bats in politics has promised to keep the issue of ownership under review. He said this week he would look at whether newspaper publishers should be able to own FIV companies. Relaxation of the present 20 per cent limit on ownership of a single FTV company for publishers is likely to happen eventually - It could have been this time but for fears that Mr Rupert Murdoch's News International, owner of five national newspapers would have swooped on an ITV company.

While the present rule change may be modest it could have profound implications for Hill's career. He has long known that by advocating e smaller number of large ITV companies, he could be one of the first to be trambled in the rush. Three times I have been in companies that have been taken over," be says. Twice I was promoted and the third time fired. The best deal financially was the time I was fired." Central is not only attractive as the second largest in ITV but as a company which successfully bid only £2,000 for its licence. This means that its annual payments to the government are far less than most companies of its size, although it still has to hand over a percentage of its advertising revenue.

So Hill is a potential victim as well as a potential predator. Con-ventional wisdom in the industry has it that Michael Green's Cariton Communications, which owns 20 per cent of the Midlands' company, vill move against Central.

It would be an expensive morsel. In July 1991, before the news started to leak about the company's low bld, the share price stood at about 630p. It has now reached 121.63 giving the company e market capitalisation of £589m — still small compared to Carlion's £1.5bn.

Despite Hill's powerful and ambitious minority shareholder, he is big enough and determined enough to want to be a player in his own right. He could launch a bid for London Weekend Television. although there he might find himself on a collision course with Gransda, which already owns 20 per cent

of the London weekend company. Anglia, with a market capitalisation of about £200m, would seem to be Hill's most obvious target if Green fails to clinch a deal quickly. HTV, the commercial broadcaster to Wales and the west, would make sense as a takeover target at a

Hill declines to comment on how he plans to play such a sticky wicket. But anybody trying to howl him out should be warned that Hill . still plays a mean game of cricket and can bowl unfriendly inswingers if not flippers or googlys.

Raymond Snoddy



So taxation offers Mr Clarke his

only realistic option to wring suc-

cess out of a difficult Budget.

Britain's tax system is so complex

that a deft politician can always

conjure up acts of generosity to

catch the public imagination even

However, the chancellor will be

constrained by the high tax

increases already announced in

March as well as by the govern-ment's 1992 election manifesto.

Mortgage interest relief, for exam-

ple, has long been a target of Trea-

sury tax reformers and is due to be

restricted to the 20 per cent tax band from April. But it looks likely

to survive in some form because of



"The longest journey begins with a single step," Mr Brady said after the bill's final passage in the Senate

Despite its uncertain effect, passage of the Brady bill is read by some as a sign that the tide has turned decisively in favour of gun control. Other initiatives in Congress and in state legislatures are under way: the Senate last week agreed in a separate bill to ban assault weapons, a measure already in force in California, New Jersey and Connection. Virginia has passad a law restriction poorly to

passed a law restricting people to one gun purchase a month. With the federal government con-sidering the imposition of punitive

taxes on some particularly devastating types of ammunition, the Winchester company recently decided to withdraw its Black Talon bullet.

This is prized by some game hunt-ers for its killing power but detested by emergency room doctors for the damage it inflicts on humans as it

The strength of public feeling

about rampant gun use has clearly grown in the face of an apparently unstoppable wave of urban violence

that has brought the rate of death

by shooting among young black men to more than 150 per 100,000, and led to the installation of metal

The fear of violent crimes such as

carjackings and drive by shootings has spread even beyond the inner

city and into the suburbs and the

countryside, provoking a wide-spread feeling that something -

mushrooms on impact,

detectors in city schools.

anything - must be done.

ha smoke has cleared a little. After seven long years, the US Congress this week passed its first significant gun control law since the assassina-tions of Mr Robert Kennedy and Rev Martin Luther King Jr in

The legislation – known as the Brady bill after Mr James Brady, the former White House press secretary severely wounded in an assassination attempt on President Ronald Reagan – would impose a five-day waiting period on purchases of handguns. It would give law enforcement authorities time to check the buyer's background. check the buyer's background.

Advocates of tougher controls on guns were jubilant about their victory over stubborn resistance by Republican senators from westernstates such as Idaho and Alaska, who have long opposed any restricwho have long opposed any restric-tion on gun ownership in the US.

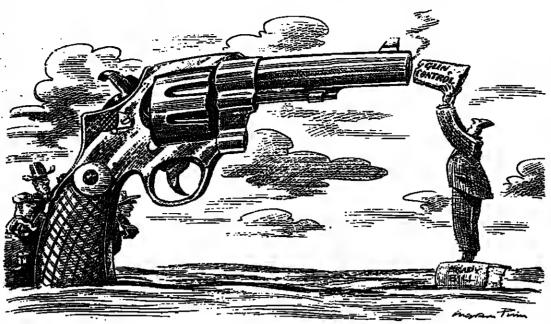
The Brady bill's opponents in Congress say it will inconvenience only law-abiding citizens, not crimi-nals who buy or steal their weapons away from the government's prying eves

They point to glaring failings in the federal government's policing of the 276,000 licensed gun dealers in the US as evidence of the Brady bill's likely ineffectiveness. For instance, one newspaper reporter successfully obtained a dealer's

licence for his dog by submitting a made-up social security number. Studies of state laws requiring some form of background check suggest, however, that at least some sales to convicted felons have been stopped, and some suspected criminais have been caught when they

tried to buy a gun.
But even the most ardent supporters of the Brady bill acknowledge thet It will make no more than a dent in the estimated 7.5m legal sales each year of new or used fireGeorge Graham examines an important victory for US advocates of tougher firearms laws

Guns 'n' poses arms, let alone the approximately 200m guns th circulation; and will barely affect the more than 14,000 murders and 1,400 accidental deaths nvolving guns each year.



The message from an outraged public is not, however, unequivocally in favour of gun control. Paradoxically, while thousands of people have been telephoning their

Republican senators to demand that they stop blocking the Brady hill, thousands have also been flocking to join the National Rifle Association, the leading organisation among the pro-gun lohhies. in the past year and a half, it has gained 1,000 members a day to hring its total, which had declined to about 2.6m in 1991, to a record of about 3.3m. Many new members and gun

Recent election results have shown, too, that simply being tough on guns is not enough to woo the voters. Although Democratic Governor Jim Florio of New Jersey came close to victory in the gubernatorial race this month hy striking a tougher stance on both guns and crime in general than his Republican challenger, Mrs Christine Todd Whitman, this was not enough. Voters were swayed by economic considerations and particularly hy the memories of his first-term tax

In Virginia, meanwhile, Ms Mary Terry, the Democratic candidate for governor, relied in her campaign on gun control and was thrashed hy Mr George Allen, ber Republican opponent, who did not favour tighter curbs but promised

analysed in great detail the events which led to the abduc-

tion and hrutal murder of the

21/2-year-old. Experts have

proffered their explanations

The case has led news bulle

The search for a reason has

ranged widely. Horror videos

have been hlamed, because of

similarities between what hap-

pened to James Bulger and the

events in Child's Play 3, a video borrowed by the father

of one of the convicted boys

less than a month before the

Also hlamed have been the

witnesses who testified at the

trial to having seen the boys leading the abducted toddler

on his 21/4-mile via dolorosa

through Liverpool streets to

the place where he was killed.

Their failure to Intervene

symptomatic of an uncaring

society in which stepping hy

on the other side is regarded

Society has also come in for

criticism for creating a "lost generation of children", the

offspring of an urban under-

class trapped in a cycle of pov-erty, violence and deprivation.

Finally, there is the question

of evil. Such events encourage

those who see the old Adam

reappearing, a return of the blacker side of human nature.

the ability of humans to inflict

suffering on others. In civil wars from Cambodia to Soma-

lla, young children have

Yet there is nothing new in

as prudent behaviour.

tins across the world.

to be tough on criminals by abolishing parole.
While such results do not indicate that the NRA has been routed, they have put the association on the defensive. Most members now favour some form of gun control, but the core membership opposes all restraints on the sale of firearms. Their beliefs are rooted in an almost theological - some would say fanatical – interpretation of the second amendment to the US constitution, which states that: "A well-regulated militia, being neces-sary to the security of a free state, the right of the people to keep and bear arms, shall not be infringed."

"The second amendment is not

about duck-hunting. In the 1990s, it is shout self-defence," says Mr James Jay Baker, the NRA's chief Washington lohhyist.

To many association memhers, the right to self-defence is not just against muggers or hurgiars, hut against a tyrannical government. Mr Neal Knox, sacked from a lohly-ing position with the NRA in the 1980s hut now one of its elected directors, argues that the second amendment is the citizen's "freedom insurance plan" against tyr-

Mr Knox says the Holocaust would not have happened if Europe's Jews had owned rifles, and if the Nazis had not been able to confiscate guns, thanks to gun registration laws passed in the 1930s. He also contends that the solution to Somalia's problems is to arm Somali mothers with AK-47s. Such beliefs have led the NRA to

campaign against restrictions on machine guns, assault weapons and armour-piercing bullets. in the process they have lost touch with many of their members, who back gun control in genaral and specifically the Brady bill.

Two trends over the past few years have weakened the advocates of gun rights. First, left-wing Democrats have begun to champion gun control as a supplement to tough anti-crime measures, rather than an alternative; they have recaptured much of the "tough on crime" high ground hy backing hoot camps for young delinquents, barsber sen-tences and stiffer restrictions on parole or habeas corpus appeals.

The NRA is trying to fight back

with a campaign called CrimeS-trike, calling for harsher measures against criminals.

Second, the NRA's insistence on comhating any gun control, even that viewed as reasonable by a majority not just of the US popula-tion hut of gun-owners, has driven away some former political and police supporters.
Senator Denis DeConcini of Ari-

zona, once voted the NRA's "legislator of the month", is backing a ban on assault weapons. Delegate Clinton Miller of the Virginia state assembly, once rated "A+" by the NRA, now calls the organisation's top memhers "hateful, spiteful, arrogant". This alienation is apparent among

gun-owners at large. According to a Gallup poll earlier this year, 57 per cent of people who said they had a gun in their house also favoured

stricter laws on the sale of firearms. These converts to gun control, however, are a long way from believing that the answer to violent crime lies in more radical action, such as the proposal of Senator John Chafee, a Rhode Island Republican, for a complete ban on hand-

Some Americans may move in this direction, but many more may put their faith in self-defence and huy their own weapons.

Tony Walker on China's crumbling infrastructure

Long march to a private bathroom

Beijing housewife, wanted a talepbone installed it proved no simple task. After paying a deposit of nearly US\$1,000 she waited in vain for more than six months. Exasperated, she followed the advice of friends and showered phone company officials with gifts. "It worked," she said. Within a short time a

phone was installed." Madam Xin's story is famil-iar in China these days. Growing affluence is bringing with it an insatiable demand for services taken for granted in the west. Not long ago, a private telephone was an almost unimaginable luxury for all but the most privileged.

A hard-pressed official at the that the crush of orders for phones in some areas was so great that the company had closed the books on new applications temporarily.

China's economic boom is . exerting huge pressures on a crumbling infrastructure. Its roads, railways, ports and airports are proving inadequate, and plans unveiled this week to spend \$140bn by the year 2000 on a crash programme to upgrade facilities will scarely ease the difficulties.

The anthorities are also having to grapple with the rapidly rising expectations of consumers, who long ago ceased to be satisfied with the so-called "three bigs" (big luxuries) of the Maoist era – a watch, sew-ing machine and hicycle.

Even the "three bigs" of the Dengist period - washing machine, refrigerator and colour TV set - are now almost standard in many urban house-

For millions of city-dwellers housing (or lack of it), remains their greatest problem. China's 2m newly-wed couples annually are obliged in some cases cent, With China's economy to wait years before being alloggrowing this year by 13 per

E,

2

cated dwellings. Construction of low-cost housing lags far hehind demand. It is an extraordinary statistic, but in Shanghai, China's largest city, not one floor of additional housing was hullt in the Cultural Revolution years of 1966-76. And during this period the city's population grew by

several millions. According to a report pre-pared for China's Commission on Economic Restructuring, there were, in late 1992, 8m families which had no houses or were having housing problems, "After acquiring enough to eat and wear, the people have developed a strong desire to improve their housing conditions. The increasing demand has made the problem ... more acute," the report said.

premium for many Chinese The average speed on main roads in China is between 19

and 25mph

a private bathroom are at a

families, including government employees holding responsible positions. Work units provide bathing facilities several times sitions. Work units provide a week and, failing that, public bath houses are available.

Among the myriad frustra-

tions for Chinese households from overcrowded buses and trains to poor facilities for schooling – power shortages are one of the worst. Areas of Beljing suffer frequent blackouts, and in some auburbs power supplies are too feebla to fuel appliances like micro-wave ovens. The World Energy Connell, a body monitoring the power sector, reports that elec-tricity demand in China exceeds supply by about 20 per

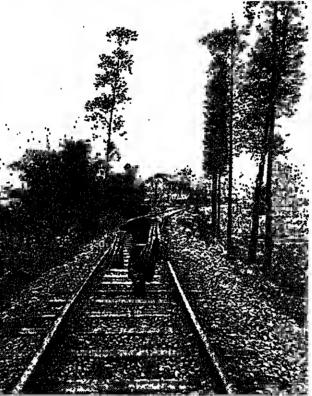
growth of 8-9 per cent annually for the rest of this century, there is little early prospect of the problem being solved in spite of heavy investment in the power sector.

Telecommunications is a priority hnt the case of Madam Xin and her problems with the telephone bureau reveals how far there is to go before China's 35 main urban centres; let alone far-flung areas, are hlessed with an adequate telephone system. China's ratio of people to telephones exceeds 100. compared with 1.6 in Hong Kong, 22 in Singapore, 28 in Taiwan and 2.8 in South Korea. The ratio in the UK is 1.9. China has about 17m phone lines, and aims to increase this to 100m hy 2000.

vate telephone have proved a bonanza for manufacturers of paging machines and cellular ones, such as Motorola. In Beijing alone, according to a Motorola executive, there are 600,000 pagers, equivalent to about one for every 15 people. Cellular phones in the Chinese capital number more than

If the telecommunications system is overstretched, stresses on the transportation sector are hardly less severe. China's hard-pressed railways rank first internationally in terms of utilisation, with load intansity averaging 25.79m

tons per kilometre. Likewise, China'a roads are barely adequate for a country a fraction of its size. Road cover-age is only about one-sixth that of the US. Less than 6 per cent of China's 662,500 miles of roads are rated above "second class". It has no trunk highways linking east and wast, north and south, and existing roads are clossed with trucks, cars, animal-drawn carts, bicycles and pedestrians. Average speed on the main roads is between 19 and 25mph.



Nearly 60,000 people died on the roads last year. According to the Beljing Review, a weekly news magazine, fatalities per 10,000 vehicles (China has 7m vehicles) is "20 to 30 times that in developed countries".

China's airports and ports are also severely stretched. Demand for aircraft seats far ontstrips supply - passenger traffic is expected to grow by 25 per cent this year - and airports are ill-equipped to cope with the boom.

Only a small proportion of China's airports are equipped with sophisticated instrument landing systems, which means flights are often cancelled due to bad weather, throwing an overhurdened system into further chaos. A rash of accidents has drawn attention to lax

safety standards. The airline industry estimates China will need to import 50 to 100 passenger aircraft annually to tha year 2000 to keep pace with demand. But this is placing a buge strain on staff training. Last year, China acquired 56 aircraft, which created positions for 500 naw

pilots, but training facilities produce just 100 pilots a year. Ports are also beavily congested. Plans to double capaclty hy the year 2000 will go some way towards easing pressures hut, if China's economy continues to grow at projected rates, long delays are set to

continue. Beijing Review reported recently the ratio hetween ships in port and those waiting outside was 1 to 1.2. In 1992 grain carriers were obliged to wait at anchor for 26 days on average, incurring total compensation for delays of \$55m. Traffic jams outside China's ports, like those at its airports

become involved in vicions fighting and atrocities. and on its roads, are a symp-Children who kill other chiltom of an economy undergoing dren are rare ontside the ciran extraordinarily rapid transcumstances of war - hut they formation. The situation is likely to get are not unknown in countries such as the US and UK. worse before its gets better. As The most notorious UK case

Mr Cheng Yongde, a senior engineer at Beijing's Institute until the James Bulger murder for Urhan Design, said of con-gestion on Beijing's roads. "We haven't encountered the real was that of Mary Bell, the 11year-old from Newcastle npon Tyne accused in 1968 of challenge yet: when the masses strangling two boys aged three start to drive their own cars, and four. She was found guilty then we'll have a real mess." of manslaughter on grounds of

Things t is a common human desire to seek a reason behind apparently irrational happenings. This has heen well illustrated in the can be response to the conviction this week of two 11-year-old boys for the killing of Liverpool toddler James Bulger. done In the UK, most newspapers and television stetions have

Hand-wringing over the James Bulger case is misplaced, says John Willman

diminished responsibility after being acquitted of murder.
As in 1993, the baleful influence of television was cited as a cause of violent hehaviour. Mary Bell said that she learnt that squeezing the throat led to death from The Saint, a TV series based on Leslie Charteris's detective novels.

It would be foolish to deny a link between television (or video, or film) and criminal acts. Those who spend millions of pounds on advertising believe with justification that visual images can affect Individuals' behaviour. There will be some impressionable individuals who will copy what they see. But it would be hard to prove such people would not hehave violently if access

to such images was denied. In any case, there are other factors surrounding the Bulger case which are more readily susceptible to policy initiatives that would prevent young people developing a violent bent. Chief among these are the circumstances within which the two boys broke free of parental authority and slipped through the normal framework of social control which might have restrained

In one family, the mother -separated from her husband was prone to marching her son into the local police station for chastisement because she was unable to discipline him. In the other, violence was rontinely perpetrated on younger children by older ones - and by the father until his departure. One child in the family was in care and another had

asked for the same treatment.

Here, clearly, were children in need of help. Support for the family could have been offered within their existing bomes if that was appropriate. With families completely unshle to cope it might be better to give the children a secure environment ontside

Both boys also appeared to have escaped the anthority of their school, the other fixed point of their lives. One child had missed more than half the sessions in the two months before the murder, Both were seen as difficult to teach.

Much more could be done to stop truanting and ensure that children are not allowed to become ontlaws before reaching the age of 10. Schools which have tackled truancy bave found that assigning staff to chasing up absent pupils promptly can make real inroads into the problem. Truancy league tables - published by the government for the first time last week - could be used as a lever to encourage other schools to follow suit.

Once in school, children from especially deprived homes have special needs greater resources than are presently offered.

Such measures would not be cheap - especially if the help were to be of the quality which most people would aspire to offer their own children. Keeping a child in residential care can cost from £15,000 a year npwards much more in difficult cases. Dealing effectively with special needs may require one teacher per pnpil.

Intervention would have to be applied with more sensitivity than has been shown in some recent childcare cases. The actions of social workers in recent cases of alleged child abuse have been unacceptably heavy-handed and intrusive. But that should not undermine the hasle premise of social work: that intervention can.

literally, save lives. Such policles offer some prospect of breaking the downward spiral of lost parental anthority, failure at school and criminal behaviour. If society is not prepared to pay the cost of such measures, theu there is nothing else to do but to wring our hands.

Not right way to respond

From Ms Bronwen Bernard Sir, In response to the prime minister's deregulation drive, the Health and Safety Commis-sion set up seven task groups to review health and safety legislation. These groups are due to report in March.

As a member of one of these review groups, I wonder why the government has chosen to ignore this consultation proignore this consultation pro-cess and announce legislation | G Vanbrugh Park Rd West, Tondon SE3 7QD

Sir, A better reason than pos-sible poor publicity for the chancellor to refrain from imposing VAT on books, magazines and newapapers is the ease with which such a tax

imported postal packets with a value of up to £15 - a sum in excess of the price of single copies of most magazines and many books. Publishers and book clubs may, therefore, legitimately supply their UK customers with VAT-free publications by collecting subscriptions and mailing from outside | London WCIR 4DX

giving itself powers to repeal health and safety regulations without debate. In future, it seems, the government plans to legislate on health and safety without reference to anyone else. This is not a response to the needs of business but an attempt to central ise power further. Bronwen Bernard,

VAT would hit UK printers

the European Union. The practica would be cost-efficient From Mr John Arnold. only were the printing to be done outside the EU too. If the present chancelior accepts former chancellor, Nigel Lawson's, advice he will inflict severe damage on the printing industry, not to men-tion nawsagents and hookcould be avoided.

No VAT is levied on shops, and fail to collect the revenue he expects.

> director of corporate and policy British Printing Industries Federation, 11 Bedford Row,

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL Fax 071 873 5938. Letters transmitted should be clearly typed and not hand written. Please set fax for finest resolution

Advertisers threatened by ITV changes

From Mr Michael Grade.
Sir, The potential losers from the government's decision to relax the ownership restric-tions between the ITV companies are the very people who pay for the programmes - the advertisers ("Battle begins for future of FTV", November 25). Viewers' interests are safe-guarded by the statutory powers of the licensing authority, tha Independent Television Commission, but the inevitable concentration of ITV owner-ship which will ensue could, if unchecked, limit the current choice available to advertisers. The most radical aspect of the government's 1990 Broad-casting Act was not the auc-tion for franchises. It was the abolition of the ITV monopoly of airtime sales, putting Chan-nel 3 in competition with Channel 4 (and, to a tiny extent, satellite). That freeing up of the vital, wealth-creating of ITV's total revenue.

television advertising market is now under threat. ITV is still the dominant force with a share of more than 70 per cent of all advertising revenne. Against some predictions, Channel 4 has provided real competition; hut our ability to compete effectively as the minnow in the pond hangs on the ITCs rules that no individual ITV sales operation can offer for sale more than 25 per cent The government, the ITC, the advertisers and those charged with ensuring fair trading conditions must not allow concentration of owner ship to undermine the 25 per cent rule which is the advertis ers' only guarantee of choice in a lopsided market. Michael Grade, chief executive, Channel Four Television, 60 Charlotte Street,

The unmeasured threat from nuclear power station emissions

From Mr G A H Watts. Sir, I have lived for 32 years on the opposite bank of a river where one of Britain's nuclear power stations is situated. I have during the last two months devaloped acute myeloid laukaemia for which, at my age (72), there is no cure. When I antered hospital the leukaemia cells made up 6 per

cent of my bone marrow. Judge my astonishment when, on making inquiries, I found thet emissions from the station are not monitored continuously, but only once a month. During this time radiation can be emitted from the

heavily contaminated CO, into the steam and banca to the

atmosphera without heing

picked up. So the public is not warned Having read all the latest

papers, I am in no doubt that the cause of my leukaemia is radiation from the nuclear power station. It has probably resulted in the mutilation of one of my cells and this then nuclear stations should he huilt until the cause of leukae-mia near nuclear stations has been resolved. Do we have to wait 10 or 20 years for this to be dona? Further, the latest medical papers stata there is no known safe minimum dose. G A H Watts,

Stroat House, Stroat In my view, no further Chepstow, Gwent NP6 7LR

London W1P 2AX

Not a low-cost concert

Sir, 1 refer to your critic. David Murray's, review of the English Chamber Orchestra's concert with Sviatoslav Rich-

ter ("A high price for Richter's hig sound", November 25). Mr Murray concludes his article with a reference to "...the laid-back, iow-cost hut pricey Richter exhibition". I

would like to point out that, 2 Coningsby Roa taking into account Mr Rich- London W5 4HR

From Mr Leopold de ter's very high fee, even if we Rothschild. not) we would still have sustained a substantial deficit. do not think therefore, that this concert could, hy any stretch of the imagination, be described as low-cost. Leopold de Rothschild.

chairman. English Chamber Orchestra and Music Society, 2 Coningsby Road

Who gets paid, and when

From Ms Julia Stout. Sir, Stewart Dalby states in his article "Agents move into the driving seat" (Management, November 24) that "principals will no longer be abte to delay paying their agents simply because they have not been

While the regulations are by no means clear (on this point as on many others), the view that we have taken is that principals can delay paying their agents until after they have been paid hy their customers provided they have done everything they need to | Balm Green, Sheffield SI 1RZ

do; it is only where the principal bas not performed his side of the sale transaction on time that payment may be due to the agent regardless of whether the principal has been

With respect, this seems the more logical interpretation. The new rules are sufficiantly onerous to principals without seeking to make them more so. Julia Stout, solicitor, technical unit, Dibb Lupton Broomhead,

solicitors, Fountain Precinct Chief executive resigns as restructuring provisions unexpectedly soar

BM dives £116m into the red

By Peggy Hollinger

BM Group, the debt-laden engineering company, yester-day announced greater than expected restructuring provisions and write-downs leaving it with a £116.6m pre-tax loss for the year to June 30, against a profit of £34.6m.

The company also announced the resignation of its chief executive Mr Howard Sutton, one of the last remaining directors behind the acquisition strategy which burdened the group with debt of some

Mr Sutton, who was on a three-year rolling contract with a salary of £200,000, will be replaced by Mr Cliff Walker, formerly of Dunlop and BTR. Mr Sutton will remain as deputy chairman until April. on the acquisition in 1990 of Blackwood Hodge, the coo-

struction equipment distributor, for £54m and a further £118m in associated borrowings. The difficulty was com-pounded by the subsequent purchase of Thomas Robinson, the packaging group. "These two acquisitions left BM in a dangerously weak position to face the recession," said Mr Moger Woolley, chairman. As a result, initial estimates

of a £41.6m charge to pay for the disposal programme had proved insufficient to clinch a financial restructuring. Further charges to pay for banking fees, additional closures, property losses and write-downs, and wider restructuring of remaining husinesses resulted io a total hit of £119.5m Shareholders funds dropped

from £157.5m to £60.2m. At the operating level, BM announced profits of £16.6m. against £48.1m last time, on sales up from £519.5m to Mr Walker said the group

had sold some 14 businesses so far, raising about \$51m. BM was also in advanced talks over a further six disposals, including the Blackwood Hodge business in Canada, which were expected to raise about £40m and eliminate roughly £24m in associated

BM's debt, reported as £114m.

at the year end, had been reduced further to £36m.

By the end of the disposal programme BM would comprise engineering businesses with turnever in 1993 of £154m and profits of £11.7m. Losses per share were 109.1p, gainst earnings of 25p. There is no final dividend, leaving the interim of 0.5p for the year

The preference dividend is

These grim figures wers wholly unexpected, but surprisingly, not unwelcome. There would appear to be little left to sweep out of the stable. For the first time in more than a year, BM appears to be confident it is over the worst. Warnings of a £55m provision, due to the almost academic write-off of goodwill on disposals, mean that the company is set for a sizeable loss this year. However, at the operat-ing level analysts are looking for anything from breakeven to a relatively small deficit of film from continuing businesses after interest. In the short term, the chares still appear highly speculative. Much hinges on BM actually achieving those six disposals particularly in Canada. After that the downside compared to 1993'e results is pretty

Mr Wallace said the paymen

was likely to be in final settle-

approved by the largest 11 creditors to Air Europe - those

owed over £5m each - who

have agreed to accept a lower

were higher, particularly the

cost of imported components.

and market conditions pre-

start to depreciate

assets

By Nell Buckley . Retail analysis believe Argyll, owner of Safeway, may be the first of the big UK grocery chains to start depreciating its land and buildings - a more which could hit balance sheets and earnings across the sector. Analysts at James Capel, the stockbrokers, issued an internal note yesterday suggesting that Argyll, which announces its interim profits next Wednesday, "may use these results to announce a change in accounting policy and a modification in strategy."

Argyli is forecast to announce an increase in pretax profits from £205.5m to about £216m. Bot James Capel says it believes the company is

considering adopting deprecia-tion for freehold and long hold buildings. It says a 4 per cent deprecia-tion of assets in the current year would reduce pre-tax profits by £25m, and earnings per share from 26.8p to 25.3p. Other analysts said Argyli was thought to have been considering the move for some time, and may now have decided to put it into practice. Fears about the sustainability of grocers' margins and returns on capital have raised the question of whether super-

store assets should be depreciated over their useful lives. Analysts have warned that unless food retailers began steadily depreciating their assets, they might be forced to

make hig one-off write-downs. Wm Morrisoo is currently the only large chain to depreciate land and buildings, but at a rate of only 1 per cent a year. Based on 4 per ceot depreciation, James Capel has suggested earnings would fall by up to 12 per cent at Tesco, and 9 per cent at Sainsbury.

Stoddard Sekers falls to £167,000

Stoddard Sekers International the Renfrewshire-based carpet and furnishing fabric group, suffered a further sharp decline in profits in the six months to September 30. The shares fell 6p to 39p.

Although introver improved ne 8 per cent to £27.4m reflecting the inclusion of BMK for the full half year against just four months last bled to £167,000 (£432,000). Mr Hugh Laughland, chair-man, described the economic environment as in a "fragile

and patchy recovery mode". Demand in the carpet industry remained flat and any volume gains were only being achieved in the face of extreme price pressure". However, he said that order books in the carpet companies

were ahead of the same stage of 1992. The interim is held at 0.75p.

Argyll may OMH faces action over property valuations

By Maggle Urry and Peggy Hollinger

Mr Demis Woodhams, one of the leaders of the Queens Moat Houses shareholders action group, yesterday went to the High Court with a petition under \$469 of the Companies

He asserted that the company's affairs had been or were being conducted in a manner unfairly prejudicial to shareholders' interests. The court set a hearing date of January

Mr Woodhams' criticisms have centred on the substantial difference between two valuations of the group's proper-ties. He said be had asked the company for details of the val-uations but had been denied the information requested. The action group has called for the valuations to be made available to shareholders at the company'e head office.

By Richard Lapper

Mr Andrew Coppel, chief executive of QMH, said when proposals are put to shareholders in connection with the financial restricturing which is essential for the group's viability, full disclosure will be made in accordance with the rules of the London Stock Exchange so that all sharehold ers can vote on the merits of

the proposals." The company used the lower. figure, of £861m from valuers Jones Lang Wootton, in its 1992 accounts - Advisers to OMH pointed out that the group's auditors had not qualihed the accounts in respect of the 1992 valuation, only in respect of the 1991 valuation.

Another valuation is to becarried out, as at December 31 this year, probably by Jones Lang Wootton again. Property experts think this could show a rise in UK hotel values, but a further fall in those of the continental European hotels:

Merrett syndicate support

members' agents - who chan-

nel Names onto Lloyd's syndi-

cates - would force 418 to close

next year, leaving several thousand Names with a poten-

tially expensive bill to run-off (meet claims on policies affect-

ahead of the group's annual meeting on Monday, at which some charcholders are expected to vote against adopting the annual report. Mr Woodhams claimed the shareholders action group now represented 28m shares, 3 per cent of the

total equity.
Mr John Bairstow, former chairman of QMH, who holds less than 1 per cent of the equity, is also expected to vote

The company is said to be "quietly confident" about winning the vote.

that Mr Coppel and Mr Andrew Le Poidevin, whose remunera-tion packages have drawn criticisin, had both been offered higher salaries when originally appointed by the previous directors. The total remuneration package of the new board is less than balf that received by the previous board.

confident, however, about the prospects for syndicate 1067, which is still likely to go into

run-off. 1067's underwriter. Mr

Stewart Laderman joined Zurich Re, the Swiss reinsurance

Bourne End purchases and rights

By David Stackwell

Bonrae Eod Properties is effectively trebling in size through two acquisitions and a rights issue.

The 63 per cent stake held by Mr Leo Noe, chief executive, through his company Vasella, will fall to 36 per cent

after the deal. The shares were suspended at 97p pending an announcement on the deal in October when the group announced reduced losses of £145,000 (£543,000) for the six months

There are three elements to the deal, which will leave the group with gross assets of £135m and net assets of

• Bourne will acquire from Mr Noe property indepen-deotly valoed at £44m and with debts totalling £33.4m. It will pay £600,000 in cash and Issue 13.9m sbares at a notional price of 70p apiece. · Bourne will acquire from Dawnay Day property independently valued at £48.1m and with debts totalling £36.5m. It will pay £5.95m in cash and an issue of 5.8m ordinary shares, also at a notional 70p.

 It will make a 3-for-1 rights issne at 65p a sbare, fully underwritten by Credit Lyonnals Laing, to raise approxi-

Mr Noe is not taking up his rights; Credit Lyonnais will place the estitlement of 15.9m

Capital Industries shares fall 34p

Shares in Capital Industries fell 34p to 114p yesterday as the company confirmed fears referred to in its foterim statement that the installation and commissioning of a new coating head at Samuel Jones, its paper laminating snhsidiary, had caused production delays and some erosion of gross mar-

Air Europe supervisors may seek compensation from BA

By Andrew Jack

Supervisors to Air Europe, the leisure group that crashed in March 1991, are considering eeking possible compensation from British Airways in connection with the collapse of the company.

The details emerged oo the day that unsecured creditors to Air Europe received a dividend of 5.35p in the pound in efforts to provide a speedy settlement of claims.

It emerged at the time of the £610,000 High Court settlement of BA with Virgin Atlantic In January in connection with anti-competitive "dirty tricks" that Air Europe had been cooperating with Virgin. Mr Phil Wallace, one of the

supervisors from accountants KPMG Peat Marwick, said yesterday: "We have watched the proceedings with interest. We are still investigating the relationship between BA and Air Europe given what came out of the Virgin case." He said money had been allocated to persuaded that we should continue. It is concelvable that something could come out

BA last night rejected any suggestion that there was a case to answer. "The reasons for Air Europe's downfall are well documented and are nothing to do with any contact with British Airways. We continue to offer assistance to the

interim dividend of 4p in the pound. In exchange, the supervisors will incur tower costs in communicating with ths

remaining 7,000 creditors, who would otherwise have had to wait tonger for the settlement of disputed claims of over 18m. Mr Wallace said the largest creditors could ultimately receive a dividend of between 4p and 5.35p, depending on the outcome of "half a dozen" disputes. The figure for all creditors would be further boosted

Multitone Electronics falls sharply to £40,000 at midway

Drayton Blue Multitone Elec OMI InO

Multitone Electronics, the paging equipment manufacturer which is the subject of a £21.5m recommended bld by Champion Technology, the Hong Kong-based telepaging group, yesterday reported sharply lower interim profits. month that It expected to report a small pre-tax loss in

the first half because a new distribution agreement had taken longer to come into full effect and there had been a delay in the introduction of an important new product.

ponding

55 7.07 1.3

Date of

Jan 4 Jan 12 Jan 14 Jan 21 Jan 7 Feb 28

Dividends shown pence per share not except where otherwise stated, †On

in the event the group said turnover was better than expected in October, generat-The group warned last the 26 weeks to October 31, down from £875,000 last time. Turnover was flat at £12.2m **DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED**

vented these increased costs from being passed on. As a result, operating profits fell by 34 per cent to £1.34m (£2.05m). Development expenditure at £1.16m was little changed in real terms and trading profit

dropped to £184,000 (£932,000). A disproportionate tax charge of £209,000 (£271,000), reflecting the high level of tax on profits earned in Germany Total last year and ACT written off, resulted in a net loss of £169,000 or 1.12p per share, compared with earnings of 7.17p a year earlier. The interim dividend of 1.5p is maintained. The share price was unchanged yesterday at 140p, compared with the 143p Champion offer.

Members agents at Labyte of London were increasingly confident yesterday that Syndicate 418, the biggest of six syndicates managed by Merrett Underwriting Agency Management, the Lloyd's agency, will continue underwriting next Members agents, who cold shouldered the Merrett syndi-It is understood that negotiacates earlier this year, are thought to have offered more

tions to transfer administration of the syndicate, one of the most important at the Lloyd's insurance market, to another leading managing agency were well advanced last

Members agents at Lloyd'e of

transferred to a new agency. The breakthrough follows It had been feared that a sharp fall in backing from steering group to coordinate the intervention of Mr Peter

ing) the syndicate's 1991, 1992 company, last week. and 1993 years of account. It had already been expected that the management of four smaller Merrett syndicates numbers 179, 332, 1038 and 1184 - would be transferred to other Lloyd's agencies.
Two weeks ago, Travelers capacity on condition that the

syndicate's management is Insurance of the US, withdrew a plan which would have provided extra backing to compensate for the fall off in agency support, plunging the group

Burnfield shares fall 26p

after profits warning By Paul Taylor

Shares in Burnfield fell by 30 per cent yesterday after the electric surface heating and industrial controls and measurement group issued a profits warning and said that Mr lan Staples, chief executive, had resigned by mutual agree-ment with immediate effect.

The West Midlands-based group's shares closed down 28p at 57p, a new low, after the board forecast a 2500,000 secdend to 0.85p from 4.1p last year, making a total for the year of 2.5p (5.75p).

The 2500,000 pre-tax loss expected for the six months to December 31 mainly reflects £1.5m of non-recurring costs. The group reported a £1.27m pre-tax profit at the interim stage so full year pre-tax prof-its are expected to total

£750,000. The second-half non-recurring charges include the costs

of redundancies and reorganisation at Isopad, the surface heating business, and Budenberg, the measurement equipmant business acquired in 1991. They also cover the withdrawal from a possible acquisition and management reorgan isation costs . Including a £115.000 payment to Mr Sta-

The group's main problem centre on the Budenberg pressure gauge and calibration equipment business which has nental Europe since the first quarter, compounded by losses incurred through the introduction of a new range of pressure

As part of series of management and board changes Mr Clive Snowdon, Burnfield's finance director, has been appointed managing director. Mr Brian McGowan, the former chief executive of Williams Holdings, remains non-executive chairman.

Clyde Blowers back in black at £205,000

Clyde Blowers, the producer of cleaning equipment for boilers, returned to the black in the year to August 31. Profits were £205,000 pre-tax, against losses of £141,000. Turnover grew to 27.41m (£4.63m).

At the operating level, however. there were losses of £269,000 (£253,000), more than offset by income from investments of £474,000 (£264,000). Earnings were 14.73p (losses 4.3p) and the final dividend is 8p to make 12p (7.9p).

Vistec declines

Pre-tax profits of Vistec Group the USM-quoted supplier of computer systems, fell by 14 per cent from £1.31m to £1.26m in the six months to end Octo-

ber 31. : Turnover was down by 6 per cent to £17.6m (£18.7m), Earnings decreased to 0.62p (0.73p) and the interim dividend is maintained at 0.125p. Mr Arthur Morton, chairman, said trading had been "patchy".

The exploitation of a quirk of nature

Richard Gourlay previews the £100m flotation early next year of Chiroscience



Ever Get A Pal Smashed?



FRIENDS DON'T LET FRIENDS DRIVE DRUNK.



manufacturing company that specialises in single isomer drugs, has announced it is to float in mid-January, in a 2100m flotation.

Robert Fleming, the compa-ny's advisers, have decided to postpone the float from this month to mid-January because of fatigue in the new issues Chiroscience was sware it

was following a string of new bio-technology companies to market and may wall have been influenced by the fact it was following Celltech, which on Thursday completed the UK's largest new pharmaceutical company float. Chiroscience is another creation to emerge from Enzyma-

tix, a creation of Mr Chris Evans, a scientist who floated diagnostics company Celsis earlier this year. The board includes chief executive Mr Nowell Stebbing, veteran of US bio-technology

successes Amgen and Cenen-tech, but he will he assuming

an executive chairman's role for health reasons. He is replaced by Mr John Padfield, managing director of Glaxo Manufacturing Services who has responsibility for product development and brings experience of new product introduction, according to

Mr Stebbing. Chiroscience, which has never made a profit, is exploiting a quirk of nature that has caught the imagination of the big drug manufacturers. It is based on the discovery 150 years ago by Louis Pasteur that many molecules exist in

hiroscience, a pharma-ceuticals discovery and mers. One example of this property - called chirality - is found in the smell of oranges and lemons. Both fragrances are pro-

duced by chemically identical molecules of limonene. Physi-cally, however, the molecules are mirror images of one another and thus generate a different smell. The pharmaceutical companles are interested because it is widely recognised that the

active component of many drugs is found only in one of the two chiral molecules. The other molecule is some times very harmful. One of the Thalidomide isomers, for example, was an effective sedative, hut the other damaged the developing foctus. The theory is that if only the active isomer

was synthesised, drugs would act more specifically on the cells they need to reach. Chirosciance's prospects were given a significant boost in June last year when the US Food and Drug Administration said that companies developing drugs with more than one isomer would have to carry out tests on each isomer as well as

the "mixed" final product.

The company is pursuing three paths. Its profit-able manufacturing business is making single isomer compounds for third parties to use in their own drugs. Among its customers are Abbott, Glazo, Pfizer and Well-

In an extension of this programme, Menarini, an Italian company, in June signed n 10year agreement for Chiros - as the company was then called -



scientific officer: most of £35m raised will stay within company

to make a single isomer version of Ketoprofen, a chronic pain drug already sold in a

chiral form. . . Chiroscience expects this drug, now going through regis-tration in Spain, to be in the market by late 1994 Mr Stebbing says there is a worldwide market of \$500m (£336m).

The second path involves development of single isomer versions of existing drugs that are coming off patent. Because these drugs have been registered in a form that has both isomers, Chiroscience expects its single isomer versions to

pass rapidly through the clinic and registration. Its most advanced develop-

ment is a single isomer version of Bupivacane, an Astra prodnet that is a long acting local anaesthetic. It is currently in phase one of clinical trials. Chiroscience has three other single isomer versions of existing drugs in pre-clinical trials.

Finally, Chiroscience is trying to develop single isomer drugs from original research, concentrating on oncotogy, arthritis and cognitive disorders. These products will take as long to develop as any new

drug developed by pharmaceu-tical companies and are only at

Unlike many of the new biosciencs companies recently floated, Chiroscience has internally generated cash flow which will stow the rate at which the research and development side of the business

swallows money. But the results to date demonstrate just how much hope value is already carried in the new bio-technology and drug discovery companies.

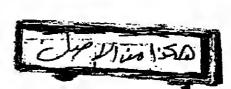
in the six months to August 31 1993. Chiroscience's manufacturing business generated sales of £1.34m. Profits from this area reduced the group loss to £1.37m after a research and development spend of £Llm.

r Evans expects Chiroscience to raise £35m in the flotation, most of which will stay within the company. It is not clear to what extent Schroder Vsotures, Apax Partners, and 3i

will seek an exit. With £8m currently in the bank, partly from a private placing earlier this year, Chiroscience does not expect to return to the market for new funds before it is profitable in 1999, Mr Stebbing says.

This is based on the assump-tion that it continues to generate cash from intermediary product manufacture and that sales of these products "double" each year", according to Mr

. In the short term, he expects sales to be more than £2m by the year end and 25m in 1994. Panmure Gordon is the





One of the company's forecourts: Swithland's unsuccessful flotation valued the group at £21m. The sponsors, Ionian Corporate Finance, said they were 'shocked' by the receiver's appointment

Swithland in receivership as debts total £17m

Swithland Group, the new and used car dealership, has shocked the City by going into receivership with debts of about £17m. less than two weeks since it failed to float on the Stock Exchange.

Directors of the Leicester-based company had forecast in the prospectus pre-tax profits of £1.69m shortly before the October 31 year-end. The last audited accounts available, provided up to June 80 this year, were unqualified by Coo- £3.16m is recorded for the eight

pers & Lybrand. Shares were priced et Sip. . The issue lapsed when bro-each and had the float gone . kers to the placing, Harris ahead the company would Allday Lea & Brooks, were have been valued at about £21m. The placing, sponsored by Ionian Corporate Finance and not underwritten, attracted some adverse press comment. Ionian, a small City firm, said: "We were shocked when we were informed that receivers had been appointed."

City concern about Swithland, where the first 50 of 330 employees have been made redundant, appeared to increase following reports about its brushes with the Office of Fair Trading on ques-

tions of consumer credit regulation and other matters. . But institutions were also said to have been worried by net cash outflows before financing in 1990, 1992 and the eight months to June 30 as well as increase in debtors. A pre-fin ancing net cash ontflow of months ended June 30.

unable to place an agreed mini-mum of 48 per cent of 18.5m shares, or 67 per cent of the 26.4m total share capital, by November 12.

The receiver, Mr Myles Halley, an accountant with KPMG in Leicester, said he had been appointed on Thursday after - 16 sites for sale.

noon with the agreement of all its financial backers which include Lloyds Bank, County NetWest and the Bank of

Wales. He said: "Following on so soon from a possible flotation, a company going into receiver ship means secured and imsecured creditors will require a full investigation to be completed on how the company ended np in receivership in

such a short period of time."
He added that the company had been "very highly geared" and that following the failure to float, creditors had experienced a "major loss of confidence" and increased pressure on the company.

He said it was difficult to assess the precise extent of the company's liabilities accurately but these were roughly £17m. In the prospectus net secured debt was put at £12m on September 24. The receivers are offering all

By Graham Delier

expansion

Marked

Shares of Perpetual yesterday jumped 49p to 780p after the UK authorised and Jerseybased offshore unit trust group reported sharply higher annual profits and hoisted its divi-

at Perpetual

Mr Martyn Arbib, chairman of the Henley-based group, said the profits rise - from £4.79m to £14.7m pre-tax - emanated information appears on the from improved stock market screen in exactly the same forsentiment and lower interest rates which stimulated

demand for unit trusts. The performance in the 12 months to September 30 was achieved on turnover ahead from £246.6m to £842m.

Mr Arbib said the group enjoyed a "significant increase" in its share of an expanded market.

Net new investments amounted to £750m and this, coupled with rising stock markets and a strong investment showing, helped funds under management jump from £846m to £2.03bn.

Reflecting the buoyant outcome, the proposed final dividend goes up from 3.6p to 13.2p, bringing the total for the year to 15p, against 4.8p.

Badgerline shares end day unchanged

Shares in Badgerline, the Avon-based bus company, saw modest turnover of 2.9m shares on its first day of trading yes-terday and closed unchanged on the day at 115p, after fluctueting between 112p and 117p. The flotation price valued

the group at £99.3m. Lazard Brothers, Badger-line's merchant bank, placed 23.4m shares with institutions and other investors. The offer of a further 14.2m shares to the public had been 1.7 times sub-

On Demand Info gets £39.8m tag

By Catherine Milton

A price of 78p was yesterday fixed for the flotation of On Demand Information valuing the electronic publishing comnany at £39.8m.

ODI delivers a range of information such as directories, manuals, magazines and brochures via a computer terminal instead of the printed form. The company said that the mat as it does on paper. Albert Sharp, its broker, has

placed with institutions 12.75m shares, 25 per cent of the expanded capital. The flotation will raise £9.15m, net of expenses, for the company. The prospectus, printed in Bradford, was delayed by poor traffic conditions due to fog

which meant no balance sheet figures were available at time of going to print. No profits

forecast bas been made. Analysts said the figures available suggested the company would continue to make losses for at least 18 months. It incurred operating losses of £803,000 (£113,000) in the year

to July 31. The company, which has been the subject of some adverse press comment, was started five years ago as a division of Poulter Communications, a large media communi-cations group, the bulk of which is remaining in private control.

No existing shareholders have sold in the placing and directors and their families have retained a 48.2 per cent stake. Mr Graham Poulter, ODPs chairman and founder of Poulter Communications, holding 40 per cent with his family trusts. Existing sharebolders have undertaken not to sell their stock for two years.

Learmonth shares tumble on setback

By Alan Cane .

Shares in Learmonth & Systems, a USM-quoted computing services company, lost more than a quarter of their value yesterday after interim profits sharply below expecta-

Pre-tax profits were £201,000, 60p to close at 163p.

earnings per share amounted to 1p (3.1p).

Mr Rainer Burchett, chairman, said the profits slide was the result of slow trading con-

ditions in the UK and a period

of inactivity among the

73 per cent lower than last time's £753,000. The shares fell Turnover increased by 22 per cent to £13.1m (£10.7m) and

below budget.

company's agents in mainland Europe: "Most of our new Europeen business partners decided to invest seriously in sales and marketing ectivity only after the summer holiday period and we failed to anticipate the extent to which this would cause a deferral of firsthalf sales," he said.

He said the company's US subsidiary had shown rapid growth, trebling software sales from \$2.1m to \$6.1m (£4.09m). The Australian subsidiary had performed well, although

> Mr Burchett said he expected significant improvement in the second half of the year and that profits for the whole year would be broadly similar to

Bourse to probe Euro **Disney** share trade

The Paris stock market enthorities have launched a formal inquiry into the recent volatility of the shares in Euro Disney, the troubled leisnre group desperately trying to negotiate a financial restruct-

uring package.
Euro Disney's shares have for the past fortnight been under aurveillance by the Commission des Opérations de Bourse, the French market watchdog. This followed a eharp fall in the shares on November 10 when Euro Dis-ney disclosed an unexpectedly heavy net loss of FFr5.3hn for the year ended September. The COB is investigating the

circumstances behind the share price movements to see whether there was an man-thorised leak of information. Another area of investigation is the suspension of the shares on various European markets. The shares were suspended in Brussels before Paris, but con-

threed trading in London.

An official said the COB was also scrutinising this week's sharp fluctuations in Euro Disney shares. The shares, which were worth FFr43.7 before the loss announcement, had fallen to a low of FFr27.02 by the end of trading this Wednesday. The shares then rallied on Thursday and yesterday rose again to close FFr1.5 higher at

Meanwhile the 80 international banks that hold Euro Disney's FFr20.3bn net debt are finalising discussions for the formation of a steering committee to represent them in the restructuring negotiations with Euro Disney and Walt Disney, its US parent company. The creditors include Citibank, Dentsche Bank, JP Morgan, National Westminster, Mitsubishi Trust and Barclays.

The steering committee is expected to have 11 members and to be led by Banque Nationale de Paris (BNP) or Banque Indosuez, the French

The Euro Disney banks are believed to bave rejected a proposal to form three separate committees - to handle the three different categories of the company's debt - in favour of setting np a single negotiating body.

Outokumpu to raise FM750m by share issue

By Kenneth Gooding, Mining Correspondent

Shares in Outokumpu, the Finnish mining and metals group, fell yesterday on news that the Finnish mining and metals group plans to raise about FM750m (\$145m) via an internetional offering of shares and a warning thet there would be e loss in the

last four months of this year. This would be alleviated by e gain of FM270m from the sale, completed in October, of its 96 per cent interest in the OM Group, e US speciality chemicals company.

In the first eight months a fall in the value of the markka helped the group report a profit of FM133m, e substan-tiei tnrnronnd from the FM62m loss for the same months of 1992.

Outokumpu now intends to offer 12m new A shares and lead managers, SG Warburg, Merrill Lynch Internetional and Kansallis-Osake-Pankki, might lift the total to 14m.

Volkswagen heads for DM2bn loss

By Christopher Parkes

Volkswagen, Europe's leading carmaker, is heading for a DM2bn (\$1.1bn) loss this year,

admitted yesterday.

Group capital spending hudgers are to be cut by an average DM2bn annually over the next five years to help recov-ery. At the same time, VW aims to save around DM3.6bn in wage costs over the next two years with the introduc-tion of a four-day working week in Germany, Mr Piech

But he gave no indication of when he expected the group, which includes the VW, Audi, Skoda and Seat brands, to return to profit. The group made a net profit of DM147m in

The parent company, VW AG, would break even this year after a profit of more than DM400m in 1992, Mr Piech said. The predicted recovery had quickly run out of steam, the company said. Group results were hit by "unplanned" losses at Audi, deficits in the Asia Pacific region and North America and the "extremely critical" developments at the Spanish subsidiary, Seat.

Mr Piech, who until midsummer was confidently forecasting the group would be turned round this year after an 67 per cent profits dive in 1992, placed most of the blame for the slide into the red on events at Seat. Continuing negotiations with Spanish union and government

officials on the closure of Seat's Barcelone factory and the loss of 9,000 jobs there, gave ground for "the greatest concern", Mr Piech said. The group planned to spend DM600m on restructuring the Spanish husiness edding to

the burdens of the DM1.25hn loss already announced, and a planned DM1.5bm cash injection to save it from collapse.

VW's rolling five-year capital investment programme in the automotive husiness, already reduced from DM50bn to DM45bn earlier this year, will be cut to just DM35bn for the period to the end of 1998, officials said. Spending on the financial services divisions is to he cut from DM34hn to

DM30.5hn. VW also claimed yesterday tbat independent investigations had found no proof to support suspicions of industrial espionage against Mr José lgnacio Lopez de Arriortua, the ex-General Motors director Who joined VW last March.

But an abbreviated version of e report by auditors KPMG Deutsche Treuhand, distributed yesterday, said investiga-tors had failed fully to clarify according to VW, 20 cartons of Mr Lopez's "personal" papers were shredded on his orders. Carefully-worded VW state-ments said no evidence had been found that "secret" dats from GM or Adam Opel, the US had been "evailable or used" at

Mr David Herman, Opel chairman, yesterday accused vres" and manipulating and confusing public opinion.

In a statement prepared or the basis of recent selective leaks from the KPMG report. he said VW was trying to mislead the public by acting as e

judge in its own matter.

Mr Herman pointed to Mr Lopez's contradictory sworn statements and criminal inves tigations against him, and said the VW board had known for some time that he and his followers - despits denials -"actually had cartons of mate rial moved to Wolfsburg". VW yesterdey would not answer questions relating to the suspected theft of GM or

Opel secrets by Mr Lopez or his

Two more against Volvo-Renault link

By Hugh Carnegy

The momentum sought by Volvo for the proposed merger of its car and truck operations with France's Renault slowed yesterday when two shareholders announced their rejection

Fund 92-94, a state-owned investment institution which holds 2.5 per cent of Volvo's voting capital, and Foreningsbanken's investment fund, which bolds 0.7 per cent, both cited concerns about the privatisation of Renault in their decisions to vote against the merger at a special shareholders' meeting on December 7. Their stance still left the

fund and the Folksam insurance company, two of the biggest institutional shareholders Lest night. Volvo could count on about 30 per cent of the voting stock, including Renault's 10 per cent and 9 per cent held by Volvo sister com-panies. Institutions definitely committed to voting against the deal bold 4.5 per cent. shareholder's association and a

opposition camp trailing well

behind the votes in favour fol-

lowing the decision on Thurs-

day to support the deal by the

Fourth Fund state pension

Aktiespararna, the small critic of the merger, estimates its members have 6 per cent of the votes, but it is unclear bow many proxies it will hold.

A group of eight Swedish institutions, controlling close to 30 per cent of the votes, have yet to make their final decisions. Three of these, the insurance groups Skandia, Trygg-Hansa and SPP, which together hold 9.6 per cent, pre-viously expressed opposition. Their final positions are expected next week. Volvo wants to achieve a

clear majority, partly to fend off the threat of a legal challenge from Aktiespararna which says the merger requires a change in Volvo's articles of association, a move that would need e two-thirds majority rather than a simple

banken said their concerns sbout the uncertainties surrounding the privatisation of Renault had not been allayed by essurances from the French government that it intended selling off its 65 per cent share in the merged company by the end of next year and would not use a planned golden share to dilute Volvo's 35 per cent

• A split within the trade unions at Volvo deepened yesterdey when SIF, the white collar union wbose 5,000 Volvo members are strongly opposed to the Renault merger, quit the joint union negotiating committee it sat on with the blue collar unions, which support

Rhône-Poulenc

allotments

scaled down

by John Ridding in Paris

Strong demand for shares in

the privatisation Issue of

Rhone-Poulenc, the French

chemicals group, bas prompted

the government to scale down

allocations for individual investors, Mr Edmond Alphan-

dery, the economy minister,

Individual investors will

receive a minimum of 16

shares in the company, the sec-

ond to be privatised as part of

the government's programme

to sell 21 publicly-owned groups. Investors who applied

for a separate allocation, to be

paid for with Balladur bonds -

Mr Alphandéry described

yesterday's allocations as the

The price set for individual

investors wes FFr135 per share, compered with the FFr146 paid by institutional

Yesterday, Rhône Pouleoc's shares fell by FFr3.6 to

said yesterday.

Profits plummet at Thai Air

By Victor Mallet in Bangkok

Net profit for Thai Airways International (Thai) fell 67 per cent in the year to September, dropping to Bt1.02bn (\$40,2m) from Bt3.07bn in 1992, the company announced yesterday.

That, partially privatised and listed on the Stock Exchange of Thailand last year, acknowledged that results were below budget - only last month it predicted net profit of about Bt1.9bn - but described them as "satisfactory" in the light of the global recession.

Thai's regional flights in Asia are profitable, but intercontinental and domestic ser-

Operating revenue, boosted by an improvement in the tourist trade, rose 6.5 per cent to Bt58.58bn but operating expenses were up 7.3 per cent to Bt53.95bn, pushing operating profit down 2.6 per cent to Bt4.63bn; unexplained "other expenses" reduced pre-tax profit 68 per cent to Btl.38bn. That's shares have performed poorly since the priva-tisation and are only now approaching the initial public

offering price of Bt60. The airline planned to complete a reform of its accounting system by next month with the help of KPMG Peat Marwick Suthee to produce an eccounting format more familiar to for-

as Thai still needs more funding from overseas to reduce the company's interest costs,' Thai said, Mr Thamnoon Wanglee. Thai president, has said That is considering issuing debentures with warrants or a convertible bond. Load factor for the year was over 64 per cent, and Mr Tham-

"This is considered essential

noon predicted this would rise to 67 per cent in the current year. Anticipated break-even point is 66.7 per cent, although Thel makes profits from operations other than flights, such as airport limousine services and restaurants. Thai has proposed the forma-

tion of a new airline for domes-

Atlas Copco shows 24% advance at nine months

By Christopher Brown-Humes

Profits at Atlas Copco, the Swedish industrial components group, climbed 24 per cent to SKr910m (\$109.8m) in the first nine months, despite sharoly lower sales volumes in Europe. The performance stemmed from a turnround in net finan-

cial items, eided by lower interest rates and exchange rate gains, to offset an 8 per cent fall in operating income. Mr Michael Treschow, chief executive, continued to high-light the contrast between Europe - where demand remains weak - and markets such as North and South America, east Asia and Australie where the trend has been

much better. The group stands by a previ-ous forecast that profits for the full year will exceed last year's SKr1.02bn. The weaker krona belped

drive up nine-month sales by 16 per cent to SKr13.55bn and orders by 19 per cent to SKr14.2bn. But operating income fell to

SKr826m from SKr895m, after being dragged lower by an 8-10 per cent drop in sales volumes and higher operating expenses. The group's compressor technique and construction and mining technique divisions saw earnings fall, but cost-cutting enabled the industrial technique division to improve its result despite the difficult

The group had financial income of SKr84m, against SKr163m in costs a year ago. The turnround was helped by a drop in net borrowings and

But the banks use a narrow

definition of "non-performing",

and do not count loans on

which interest rates have been

cut to almost zero as part of e

restructuring. They also do not

include the loans of affiliates

for which they may be ulti-

Thomson-CSF to acquire UK unit of Hughes

By David Buchan in Parie

Thomson-CSF, the French specialist electronics group, has agree with Hughes of the US to buy the latter's UK-based subsidiary, Hughes Rediffusion

Hugbes Rediffusion makes simulation and training equipment for a number of air forces and airlines, employing 1,300 with a turnover equivalent to FFr1bn (\$170ml a year.

Thomson's simulation business is slightly larger, employ-ing 1,700 in the UK and the US as well as in France with annual turnover of FFr 1.5bn. The sale includes Hughes Rediffusion's entertainment systems, an Oklahoman simulator manufacturing unit, and its US airline marketing and

pany, established by Japanese banks this year to soak up

their property-related problem

One sign of the pressure on

core profits was that net inter-

est income at Yasuda slipped

Y4.7bn during the year to a loss of Y1.2bn. The bank said

lower domestic interest rates

should improve earnings dur-

ing the second half, though an

increase in loan losses will

work against growth in net

The three long-term credit

banks reported particularly

large falls in their core busi-

nese earnings, which was blamed on an accounting

change that reduced the profits

generated bu discount hank

debentures. Core banking prof-

its at the businsss profits

slipped hy an everage 42.3 per

a government debt issue

launched last sommer - will be entitled to a further 15 Individuals were originally offered 60 shares in Rhône Poulenc, and e furtber 60 if tbey paid with Balladur bonds

The issue, bowever, was three times oversubscribed, prompting the reduced allocations and a clawback of 15 per cent of the shares allocated to institutional investors.

Simulation. "very minimum". "The remain-der will be shared out in the next few days" he said.

France confirms privatisation of insurance group

Union des Assurances de Paris (UAP), the largest French insurance group, yesterday was confirmed as the fifth can-didate for sale in France's ambitious privatisation pro-

Mr Edmond Alphandéry, economy minister, said that the state will sell its majority stake in UAP, which is the big-gest single institutional investor in France, after completing the sales of Elf Aquitaine, the oil groop, and Banque Hervet. UAP's shares rose by FFr8 to

FFr638 on the news. months of political manoeur vring hy Mr Jean Peyrelevade. former chairman of UAP who earlier this month moved to the Crédit Lyonnais banking group. He was anxious to ensure that UAP was privatised before the other two state-controlled insurers, AGF

UAP is now recovering after sustaining a sharp fall in prof-lts in 1992. Mr Simon Rudolph, European insurance analyst at Morgan Stanley in London, expects net profits to rise from FFr1.08bn in 1992 to FFr1.8bn

Japan's trust banks slide average 44%

By Rnbert Thomson in Tokyo

Japan's seven trust banks and three long-term credit banks yesterday completed the bleak picture for the industry by reporting sbarply lower interim profits and edmitting to an increase in their non-performing loans.

Core business profits et the trust banks rose by an average 18.7 per cent in the first half to September, as falling interest rates generated a favourable spread, though an increase in loss provisions left the banks with pre-tax profits down an average 43.9 per cent. Concern about the health of

the Japanese banking system is thought by brokers to have triggered the 2.9 per cent fall in l'okyo stocks yesterday. Investors apparently noted that the banks did not take advantage of favourable trading conditions in the past two years to write-off losses on loans made during the bubble era of the late 1980s.

Trust banks are beavily

exposed to the troubled prop-erty market, but generally

suggested that their non-per-

forming loans are growing less quickly than those of the leading commercial banks, which said their problem loans grew 9.6 per cent during the half. The trust banks' non-performing loans expanded by an average 4.8 per cent, though

TRUST BANKS Six months to end-September (Ybn) Pre-tax Change on Non-performing Change on 16.5 Mitsubish LONG-TERM CREDIT BANKS

Chuo Trust and Banking had a 30.6 per cent increase and Nip-pon Trust Bank 18.8 per cent. Problem loans rose by only 1.8 per cent at Mitsui Trust and Banking, and hy 1.3 per cent et Mitsubishi Trust and Banking.

Nippon Credit

Yasuda Trust and Banking said its net profit fell partly because of a Y14.6bn (\$136.4m) reduction in net gains on securities and Y8.6hn in losses on

the sale of loans to the Cooper-

The Industrial Bank of Japan and the Long-Term Credit Bank of Japan reported smaller falls in net profit, achieved through the sale of securities, but the Nlppon Credit Bank saw net profits fall by 51.1 per cent to Y6.6bn.

OMI International stages recovery with £237,000 OMI International, the electro-hydraulics.

logistics and slectro-optics company, returned to pre-tax profits with £237,000 in the six months to September 30, against losses of £2.68m in the comparable period. Turnover fell to £17.8m (£20.8m). Forward industries, acquired five months ago, contrib-uted sales of £3m but the figures lacked last

time's 23.75m contribution from some design businesses which had been sold. "I do not anticipate any real change in trading conditions over the second half of this financial year," sald Mr Gil Williams, chairman. The board declared a maintained interim

dividend of 0.75p, uncovered by earnings per share of 0.5p (6.1p losses), on the back of results elightly ahead of expectations and as a measure of "quiet optimism" about pros-

Sales in the logistics services businesses fell due to lower spares support ectivity, in spite of a 30 per cant increase in newer technology products. Trading profits improved 17 per cent to £385,000 on sales down at £6.1m

The company said the design business was unlikely to make a loss in the second half, but reported operating losses of £252,000 (£177,000) this time, on sales down et £4.58m (£6.27m). Forward had performed well and the other manufacturing businesses were healthy with

profits for the division climbing to £652,000 (2504,000) on sales up at £4.12m (£3.81m).

Interest payable climbed to £242,000 (£96,000), including an extra £100,000 for the loan taken out to cover the Forward acquisition. Net borrowings and finance leases rose to 25.64m (£2.59m) giving gearing of 49.6 per cent, with the increase mainly attributable to For-

COMMODITIES AND BOND PRICES

18.07 18.16 19970 55.465
17.15 18.46 52.954 17.945
17.52 18.70 22.400 3.760
17.80 18.95 20.938 821
17.80 17.19 18.544 767
17.75 17.34 22.834 835
378.228 82.944

-8 14.57 14.43 81.955 17/161
-2 14.80 14.85 81.955 17/161
-2 14.80 14.85 81.915 10/172
-1 15.11 14.90 10,550 11/27
-4 15.35 18.12 8,375 2005
-6 15.35 18.32 3,271 477
-8 15.80 18.50 3,774 232
-147,927 21,834

51.30 48.40 33.921 20.534 51.30 50.15 65.966 20.159 62.20 50.80 24.708 4.578 51.80 50.05 18.073 2.574 50.75 48.40 8.657, 383 50.10 48.65 12.308 2.583 166.226 62.461

let Vol

UK GILTS PRICES

HEATING OFL XYMEX (42,000 US galls; \$48 galls)

163.00 +1.00 164.50 181.50 36.369

+1.00 164.50 167.50 38.349 +50 180.00 167.00 30.749 +50 184.75 154.50 16.804 +25 164.50 162.00 12.868 +1.26 153.25 161.00 8,166 -25 153.50 182.00 2,862

CRUDE OIL NYMEX (42,000 US galls, 5/berrel)

ENERGY

E CRUDE OR, PE (S/barral)

- II - SOYABEAN OR, CET (80,000bs-ounts/b). .

M SOYABEAN MEAL CET (100 tons; Short) .

POTATOES LCE (E/torne)

25.86 40.27 28.87 28.58 14.861 6.413 26.89 40.20 28.96 28.67 22.765 .7.76 ... 25.89 40.21 28.95 26.66 22.416 5.955 ... 26.61 40.22 28.70 28.40 10.596 583 26.51 40.25 28.40 28.66 7.90 1.182 25.22 40.22 25.95 28.75 24.72 78 27.53 28.67

207.5 +0.2 208.0 208.4 16,178 5,802 206.1 40.7 205.3 204.0 23,599 5,373 204.2 0 204.8 207.2 18,182 3,714 .208.6 -0.3 204.1 207.0 9,085 847 207.3 -0.5 204.0 202.8 2729 470 207.3 -0.5 204.3 202.4 3,410 52 84,773 22,408

E SCYABEANS OUT 5,000h

WEEK IN THE MARKETS Oil slides after Opec talks failure

The last prop was knocked from under the oil market on Wednesday when ministers of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries, meeting in Vienna, abandoned their attempt to agree a reduced production ceiling.

The next day saw crude barrel to touch a five year low. and in late trading yesterday the February futures position at the International Petroleum Exchange was still languishing at \$14.75 a barrel, down \$1.27 on the week.

The week began with traders cautiously bopeful that the Opec ministers would bite the bullet, and the February futures price edged up 28 cents a barrel on Monday moring. That gain was quickly erased, however, as the meeting got down to business and it became apparent that consen-

sus was sadly lacking.
Despite flagging demand in resulting decline in prices several of the ministers proved immovably opposed to making the cut of between 3 and 5 per cent in the 24.52m barrels-a-day ceiling that analysts thought necessary to reverse the slide.

For the platinum and palladium markets Tuesday was an uncomfortable day. Already tending lower, the prices took something of a hammering after Engelhard Corporation of the US announced that it had developed a new motor emission control system. Fearing that this would threaten the use of the platinum group metals in the manufacture of autocatalysts, traders at the New erally held York Mercantile Exchange the London marked down platinum's January futures price by 2.3 per cent to \$372.10 a troy ounce and palladium's March price by 2.75 per cent to \$125.50 an

It transpired, however, that the Engelhard system, which trapped hydrocarbon emissions

WEEKLY PRICE CHANGES

	Latest	Change	Year	10	93
	prices	on week	ago	High	LOW
Gold per troy oz.	\$377.00	1.60	\$334.05	\$405.75	\$326,05
Silver per troy oz	315.50p	-4,50	249,50p	362,50p	236.00p
Aluminium 99.7% (costs)	\$1038.00	-4.60	\$1197.50	\$1240.00	\$1023.50
Copper Grade A (cash)	\$1633,60	+6.00	\$1450.50	\$2375.00	\$1108.50
Lead (cash)	\$415.50	+15.00	\$303	\$480.00	\$361,60
Mickel (cash)	\$4677,50	+7,50	\$6010	\$6340	\$4043.6
Zinc SHG (cash)	\$924,50	-2.60	\$1126.50	\$1112 .	\$868.0
Tirr (cash)	\$4622,50	-5.60	\$5715	\$8047.5	\$4340,0
Cocoa Futures Mar	£1053	+13	2737	£1053	£863
Coffee Futures Jan	\$1266	+2	\$956	\$1297	\$836
Sugar (LOP Flaw)	\$263,40	-0.90	\$219,40	\$317.4	\$204.6
Barley Futured Mar	£105.75	NC	£136.10	2110.30	2101.50
Wheat Futures Mar	£101,65	+0.20	£138.60	2149,45	£99.65
Cotton Outlook A Index	56.20c	+1,10	53,10c	67.35c	54.15c
Wool (64s Super)	344p	-0	427p	403p	319p
Oil (Brent Blenct)	\$14,46%	-1,426	\$18.975	\$19.63	\$14.46

during the first two minutes of vehicle operation that a cata-lytic converter took to become effective, would be an addition to, rather than a replacement for, traditional converters using platinum group metals.

Most of the falls were there-

fore recovered. Before the Thanksgiving closure Nymex's January platinum price was quoted at \$375.7 an ounce and further gains were subse-quently made in London. At the London Commodity Exchange most attention was focused on the cocoa market.

which moved up to test a fresh prices plunge nearly 80 cents a resistance area after last week's climb to five-year highs.
A £35 retreat to £1,005 a

Laft Marshous (As at Thursday's C tonnes		
Aluminium	+14,875	to 2,382,975
Aluminium allay	+160	to 49,160
Copper	+1,225	to 585,975
Lead	+1,500	to 299,325
Nicksi	+300	to 118,488

tonne in tha March futures Wednesday afternoon, and the upturn was extended on Thursday, when a new high of £1,250 a tonne was reached. Yester-day's continued rise was halted consuming countries and a just short of the £1.059 peak resulting decline in prices severached in July 1983.

> The cocoa market buoyed recently by ho the supply/demand de the past two season augur a longer ter down from world sto the latest rise was attri part to concern about i Coast, the world's cocoa producer, fo rumours early in the the death of the count eran President Honphouet Boigny and a subsequent blackout on news of him.

> The excen jumped \$ months p end \$14.75 \$428.50 & the credit ing that succeeded in breaking resistance in the \$415-\$420 area.

	- mitel channel (who Sener to he mitely				
has been	Close	924-6	941-2		
	Previous	019.5-20.5	937-7,5		
opes that	High/low	921,5/921	941.6/93		
eficits of	AM Official	921-1.6	938-8.5		
ns could	Kerb close		940-1		
m draw-	Open int.	01,058			
	Total daily turnover	NA			
cks. But	COPPER, grade /	A (\$ per tonne)			
the polit-	Close	1633-4	1866-6		
	Previous	1631.5-2.5	1854-6		
he Ivory	High/low	1636/1635	1898/169		
biggest	AM Official	1035-6	1858-9		
ollowing	Kerta alone		1 8 57-7-		
week of	Open Int.	207,622			
	Total delly turnover	N/A			
try's vet-	E LINE AM Official	2/5 rate: 1.46	40		

	- 180	NI CEOU	~~		- COS	
etals prices were gen- d in narrow ranges at		Ciose	Day's change	Eligh	lest	
on Matal Exchange,	Nov	74.30		74,38	74.30	
ption was lead, which	Dec	7420			73.80	
\$11.75 in tha three	-	74.45		74.45	74.00	
osition yesterday to	Feb	74.76		74.60	74.50	
	Mar	76.05		75.10	74.65	
5 up on the week at	Apr	75.30		74.95	74.55	
tonne. Dealers gave	Total					
to chart-based buy						

	PRECIOUS METALS
,	ELONDON BULLION MARKET
	(Prices supplied by N M Flothschild)

Gold (Troy oz.)	S price	varpe 2
Close	378.83-377	
Opening	377.A0-377	.90
Marning Itx	378.30	258,349
Afternoori fix	376.85	254.456
Day's High	377,50-377	,90
Doy's Low	376,10-376	03.60
Previous close	377.40-877	.90
Loco Lde Mean	Gold Landing	Rates (Vs USS)
		onths2.74
2 months	270 12 1	2.75
3 months	270	
Sever Fix	bypoh a	L US chi equit.
Spot	314.90	467.15
3 months	318.65	470.50
e manths	322.56	474.25
1 year	330,40	485.00

BASE META	LS	
ONDON ME	AL EXC	HANGE
rioss from Amalgan		
ALUMINIUM, 99.7	PURITY (5 p	ar tonne)

	Oder Service	· uma
lage	1037.5-8.5	1058-9
revious	1939-40	1059.5-60.5
lah/kow		1061/1052
M Official	1034-6	1054.5-5
erts close		1060,5-1
pen Int.	258,020	
otel delly turnover	N/A	
ALUNENOUM ALL		-1
VITAMINATOR ALTO	or to per torio	·
lose	923-6	940-5
revious	923-5	948-7
lgh/low		948/947
M Official	927-8	945-50
erb close		845-50
pen int.	N/A	
otal delly tamover	NA	
LEAD (\$ per tonne	0	
lose	415-6	428-9
revious	403-4	418.5-7
igh/low		431/415
M Official	414-5	428-0
erb close		429-0.5
pen int.	28.377	
otal daily turnover	NA	
MICKEL (\$ per ton	ine)	
lose	4875-80	4730-5
revious	4681-3	4740-5
	447414474	-7154-74-0

Close	4875-80	4730-5
Previous	4681-3	4740-5
Highylow	4672/4670	4745/4710
AM Official	4671-8	4725-30
Kerb close		4725-30
Open int.	48,051	
Total daily turnover	N/A	
TIN (5 per torne)		
Close	4620-6	4870-5
Previous	4560-70	4610-20
Highliow	4810	4885/4860
AM Official	4809-10	4855-60
Kerb close		4640-5
Open int.	15,328	
Total daily turnover	NA	
E ZINC, special high	h grade (5 per	torne)

AM CITICIAL	4 509-1 0	4035-00
Kerb close		4640-5
Open int.	15,328	
Total daily turnover	NA	
E ZINC, special hig	h grade (5 per	tonne)
Close	824-6	941-2
Previous	019.5-20.5	937-7,5
High/low	921,5/921	941.5/938
AM Official	921-1.5	938-8.5
Kerb close		940-1
Open int.	01,058	
Total daily turnover	NA	
E COPPER, grade /	& per tonnel	
Close	1633-4	1655-6
Previous	1631.5-2.5	1854-6
High/low	1636/1635	1859/1650
AM Official	1035-6	1858-9
Kerb olone		1657-7.5

Previous	1631.5-2.5	1854-5
High/low	1639/1635	1899/1890
AM Official	1035-6	1858-9
Kerb close		1657-7.5
Open Int.	207,622	
Total daily tumover	N/A	
E LINE AM Official	2/5 rate: 1.48	40
LIME Closing £48	rate 1.4790	
Seet 1.4500 3 miles 1.4	734 6 mther 1 48	78 8 miles 1 4632

4.20 - 74.20 74.20 328 66 4.29 - 74.25 73.20 18,414 7,829 4.45 - 74.45 74.00 1,325 47 4.75 - 74.50 74.50 946 10 74.50 - 78.10 74.56 28,560 7,716		Day's			Орец	
74.25	dose	موسيدك	High	lege		-
74.45 - 74.45 74.00 1,385 47 74.76 - 74.60 74.50 946 10 76.05 - 76.10 74.68 28,580 7,716	74.30		74,38	74.30	328	62
74.76 - 74.60 74.50 946 10 74.05 - 75.10 74.66 28,560 7,716	420		74.20	73.80	18,414	7,829
18.05 - 78.10 74.68 28,590 7,716	74.45		74.45	74,00	1,385	47
	74.76		74.60	74.50	941	10
MAN . 24 05 74 65 150 .	75.05		75.10	74.65	28,590	7,718
	6.30		74.95	74.55	350	-

Gold (Troy oz.)	S price	S equips 2
Home	378.80-377.20	
pening	377.A0-377.90	
Acroning Bx	378.30	258,349
Whemoon fix	376.85	254.456
Day's High	377,50-377,90	
Jey's Low	378,10-378,50	
Yevtous close	377.40-377.90	
oco Lde Meen	Gold Landing Pat	es (Va USS)
month	_2.68 6 manch	2.74
	2.70 12 more	
months		
Aver Fix	bypan ar	US chi south.
Spot	314.90	467.15
months	312 BC	470 60

MATURAL GAS HYMEX (10,000 smalks; \$/skalks.)

			price	Carried S	Page 1			10	
price 0-377.20	varpe 2	.ten	2355		2305	2.345	23,448	11,857	
0-377.90		Feb	2.284				12,568		
78.30	258,349	Uar	2114		2145	2110	11,243	881	
76.85	254.456	Apr	2.072	-	2100	2,066	8,430	567	
0-377.90	231/100	May	2.070	-	2106	2.065	8.015	363	
0-378.60		Jan	2.072		2.105	2.070	6,922	316	
0-376.60		Total						30,001	•
ding Ret	es (Vs USS)		LEADED EX (42,00			palls.			
12 mora	2.75		Saft prior	Day's	MgA	Line	Oped	Val	
roy at	US chi south.	Dec	0.4380		0.4510	0.4300	27 MA	17,388	Ī
14.90	467.15	Jes	0.4514				45,310		١
12.65	470.50	Feb	0.4637				18,595		
22,56	474.25	-	0.4757				13,314		
30,40	485.00	Apr	0.5092		0.5200	9.5000	10.905	2213	
price	£ aguiv,	Name Votal	0.5187				12.730		
	254.00-257.00	Tetal					138,975		

Compains that as activity ouring the past for-night has brought as weeker verificit for all grades of black and while paper, reports Man Producter. In spite of the relatively low stocks everywhere more selling pressure has accumu-leted lasely and prious started to stop feeter, aspecially for write papers. White muriok pap-per is being offered at \$2,800 a tonne, oil, and black papper grade 1 can be bought at \$1,400, oil. White is certainly still overyeased whereas-te consults is true for black?

or 25 - CONEX, CSCE, NYCE and

	Cious							AINS				EDS	иу. И <u>с</u> у)FT	S ALCE	2/tono						AT A					
. 1	Sett	Day's			Open				Day's			Ория				Sett	Day's		- 	Cour.		; 77		Day's			Open	
	price		-	1000 ·	其	14		bujes		Han.	Low		Yof .		-	unice C		Hgh.	Lew]		101			وست			. 386	=01
HOT	377.2			· •			- 346	100.36		100.36		1,291	10	. Bec		1004 -		1005	900	11/07	666	Sec-	72,676	0,176	78.100	72,550	19,671	2,40
Dec	377.2		377.J	3/5.2	45,849	35,281	-	- 101.55		101.50		1,992	10	100	1 n	1063	+6			48,818		. Feb	. 73,076	-0.125	73.390	73.050	25,132	2,034
	378.2		_:	_:	- 50	3		103.50	-0.10	103.60	103.50	1,343	10		٠	1068		1057	1040	17,464		-			76.800			
	379.2		3717	3/12	41份	15,572	- Jan -	104.45			-	103	A . To.			1051	- 15		1045	6/27	. 190	-	73.050		73,275		11,546	820
Ξ.	381.1				10,191		240	\$1.00		1		. 90		240		1048	+6	1857	104	9,061	517	-			72.100		4,906	412
gan	383.0		383.2		18,222		Tale	- 91.66	-0.15	\$1.75	91.75	220 . C.(20	114	. Dec	60	1027	44	1030		12,997	150 4.002	Oct.	72.70	0.000	72,350	72:300	1,442	72 14,374
P.	ATTINUM	NYME	(50 Tr	DY OZ.	SALDY	GE)	= W	HEAT CE	T (5,000	ibu min	cents/	60th but	ne l	# 0	20G0	A CSC	(10 T	THE .	/tonne	4		 0	VE HOGS	CME	40,000	bs; cent	s/fbs)	
ilov	363.0	•	•		15	3	Dec	367/6			355,0			Buc	-7"	1220		1220			. 77	Dee			48,000		5,928	
.		-	:				No.	357/4				55,100		Mac		1247	-3 5	1250		0,454		Feb.	47,300		47.950			1,672
	175.7		375.9		11,555		Hay .	335/6			336/2			-	' -	1265		1205		13,030	435	- Apr -	7.02		.48,000			967
	377.A		378.0				24	327/4			325/4			74	. 7	1264		1255			- 451	400	52,850		. S\$L000		2.538	- 6
	378.3		378.5	375.0	1,515	- 77	-	- 2300		330/0	329/4		175	- 500	.,	1283	.i. *.	-1200	1282			د فطرن	E2.36		52.350		- 586	. 15
14	379.3	-	-		. 15	. 3	Dec	. 3384	-	338/4		2,545		Dec		£301 -		1305	1237	8,490		A.	50.060	1. 1.25	50.550	50.825	511	. 20
olat				٠.	16,935		Fedge				- 2	91,340	73,185	Total						25,790	6.436	Total				•	28,127	4,235
PA	LLADIUS	M NYME	x 400	Lion o	2,5/80	A 027	E W	ARE CE	(5,000	bu min	CODES!	SEED DUN	he)		2000	V too) (SOF	Shore	1	٧.		= P	ORK BEL	LIES C	ME (40,0	0000bs;	cents/t	36)
Ser.		-	-	-	-	-	Dec	282/6				50,130 1		No.	.25			Polot	-	Prev.	in .	Feb	. 54.100	0.300	54.625	53,900	6,090	1,682
lec	1英10	-	120.50	124.50	1,110	380	-	289/6				82,895 1.		. Deale						98	L50 :	Mar.			54,000		818	159
		•					. رطن	232.6			289/02			· Her,			• •		`			Hay:			35.400		516	90
-	125.10				2,855		- 14	251A				13,276			A Sec			_	1. O	970	37 -	· M	55,000		55,700		800	14
	123.85			123.50		46	Ste	276/0			2740			: = (COFF	E LCE	(S/ton	18	1.			Aug	· 54,500	ι, .	-	54.075	207	19
	122.86	-	124.00	122.95		0	Dec	250/4	+1/0	2004		19,155			_		-	4445	4010	444	4	Page 1				-	. •	
					4,362	731	Total					1.03714 3	00/45	- Mar	•	1248	-7	1245	1243	126		Total	٠.				8,920	1,968
51	YER CO	MEX (10	DO Troy	02; \$	Troy 02	1	■ B	ARLEY L	E (2 pa	r torme	<u> </u>	• •	·	-	. :	1237	-1	1257	. 1256 1228	14,412	· 862							
lor.	464.3	-	-			78	Jee.	101.95		103,75	103,76	390	2	Shery	;	1208	+1	1210		4.978	200 -	10	NDO	V TE	ADE	n a	PTIC	INS
Dec	484.3		486.0	483.0	31,481	18,633	Mar	105.75			-	468		- 14	•	1203	-4	. 1203	1200	362	. 36		e resion (
	465.9		-		42		· Sheep	107.40			1.00	. 190 .	-	Sep	٠.٠	1202				624						·		
	464.0		470.5	467,5	44,560	10,256	Sep	93.00	0.25	93.00	93,00	- 3	17	Total	1					34,550	1,574		UNINE			••		
	472.0		472.5	471.5			Mov	25.00		-		. 10			COFFE	ET	SCE	37.500t	bet gen	de/lost		199.7	W LIME		Jan	Apr	Jan	Apr
u	475.D	-	477.0	474.0			-		-	-								_	-	_		1025					-	
-					400 400	190 400	Table					****	4.4	Dane.		76.00		7R 15.	· 75 20	3.348	-	4000						

/GJU - /GL15 / /GJU 1,340 000	1050	-
78.66 - 78.85 77.75 34.033 6.102	1076	-
80.05 80.25 79.40 5.494 823		
81.46 - 81.56 80.06 1,817 29	COPPER .	_
32.75 - 82.78 52.50 825 43		Aρ
55.00 317 4	1625	-
43,666 7,198	1860	-
	1678	-
OFFEE (ICO) (US cente/pound)	-	Me
25. Prios Prov. des		
	1200 78 100 12	83
delly	1250 44 75 28	88
S6.82	1250 44 75 28 1300 23 56 57	119
of PREMIUM RAW SUGAR LCE (centr/lbe)		Ma
10.69 +0.05 10.68 10.65 -1.145 10	1000 68 100 35 1000 61 73 68	35
10.98 737	1090 61 78 58	58
11.20 2,616	±100 42 55 89	88
11.00 55		Fel
4,923. 18	. –	76
	1500 22 53 74	
HITE SUGAR LCE (Monne)	1000	110
280.80 +1.40 282.00 279.80 8,795 72	1500 a 20 158	14
· 283.10 +1.70 283.00 282.50 1.704 20		
200 42	LONDON SPOT MARKETS	
	■ CRUDE OIL FOB (per barrel/Jun) +	ж-
·· 273.00 +1.10 273.80 273.30 89 11	T-4-11 1 44070.000 0	=
274.80 +8.50 275.10 274.70 15 - 11		175
12.770 . 424 .	Second Channel \$14.21_4.25 _0	

LONDON SPOT MARKETS E CRUDE Oil, POB (per berrel/Jun) +or-

Mark Total	274.80	+0.50	225.10	234,70	13 779	124	Dubel Brant Stand (dated)	\$12.76-2.85 \$14.21-4.25	075 -0.13
	2AR 41"	290E (112,000	the ce	7 4		Brent Blend (Jan)	\$14.44-4.48	-0.10
-	10.23		10.45	10,10	40,727	4,680	W.T.L (1pm est)	- 	CHE Bonn
Sheep.	10.50			; 10:33			OL PRODUCTS INVE	provide Deserting	Car legis
34	. 10.55		10,50		12,639		Premium Garcilno	\$156-156	- 4
Det.	10,50	. :	10,60	10.35	11,038		Ges Oil	\$168-170	+0.5
Mar "	10.50	-			289	259	Honry Funt Off	368-00	
No.		-	-				Nephiha	\$143-148	-2
Total					93,821	6,016	Jet fuel	\$184-185	+1
= co	TTON NY	CE (60,	000lbe	COME!	be)	··	Petroleum Argus Bellmilles		
Deo	61.20	٠.,	61.20	60,50		2.574	OTHER.		
Mar .	82.68	-	82.74			6.260	. Gold (per tray oz)	\$377.00	-0.60
No.	.83.48						Silver (per tray oz)	466.50c	-0.00
74 .	64.10	:	64.25				Pletinum (per troy oz.)	\$974.75	+1.50
Oct	82.94		63.10				Pallacium (per troy oz.)	\$125.50	0.50
Dec	82.04		. 82,90	. 82.65					
Total					39,200	2,286 ·	Copper (US prod.)	79.5c	
■ OR	ANGE J	ICE IN	CE (16	,0000	centa	(Dd)	Leed (US prod.)	32.75c	
Jan	104.20		106.20	904 60	41 004	4	Tin (Quale Limpur)	11.85r	+0.05
	107,16		108.25				Tin (New York) Zino (US Prime W.)	213.50	
Ney.	109.35		110.00					Ung.	
H	111.10			111.50			Cettie (tive weight):	120.65p	+1,81
See	112.10		111-30	11120	846		· Sheep five weighth	. 91.31p	+3.81
=	118.10		100 75	109.78			Pigs (Ivo weight)	74.21p	+0,11
Total		. 1	10042		10,302		. Lon. day euger (rew)	\$283.40	+1,10
:		•					Lon. day sugar (who)	\$288.50	+1.50
_							Tate & Lyle export	2289,00	+1,00
					٠.	- 1	Barley (Eng. feed)	2109.50v	
	DAME DY.					: }	Mulas (US NoS Yellow)	£123.00 '	
	n interna						Wheat (US Dark North)	£175,00	
	E. CME 2						Pubber (Jan)	39.75p	-0.50
1	AL, LANE, E		5	Chie CRO	4) 41		Pubber (Feb)	80.00p	0.50
						- 1	Rubber DCL RSS No.1 July		-44.50
						_			
							Coconut Oil (Philips	\$502.5t	2.5
IND	ICES.						Patra Off (Makey)§	\$387.5y	+6.0
							Copra (Phil)§	\$317,50 £206.0	
_	UTERS (E	ane: 11					Soyabeans (US) Cotton 'A' Indet	58.20c	
· Mon		Nov 25	mo	nth age		- 290	Woollops (64s Super)	344p	
160	73	1027.0	.1	604.0	16	58.5	Ascriming (049 define)	344p	
E CR	Bane:	V9/66-	1001				g per tonne unless otherwise	steend, p. pencell	G. C Contra
$\overline{}$		1-1-20					y ringgibling, as Makeyalan can	se/kg. y Jen/Mor.	z Jen. v B

BENCH	IMARK	GOVE	RNM	ENT BO	NDS			
		Coupon	Red Date	Price	Chands Day,a	DieiY	Week	Month
Australia		10.000	10/02	121,0800	-	6.80	6.75	0.48
Beiglum		0.000	03/03	114,7500	+0.550	6.80	6.85	7.11
Canada *		7.500	12/03	104,5500	+0.600	6.86	6.86	6.77
Dermark		8,000	05/03	111.2000	+0.450	6.38	5.83	6.36
France	MATE	8,500	05/98	109,1200	-	5.38	80.8	6.11
	CAT	6.750	10/03	105,4000	-0.030	6.00	6.96	5.98
Germany		6.000	09/03	101.0400	+0.230	5.85	5.81	5.85
italy		9,000	10/03	98.5000	-0.120	9.231	6.15	9.40
Japan	No 119	4.600	06/99	109.0030	+0.050	2.92	3.00	2.99
	No 157-4	4,600	03/03	107.5890	+0.230	3.54	3.56	3.67
Natherland	la	6.500	04/03	104.8500	-	6.84	6.75	5.78
Soein		10.500	10/03	112,7500	+0.350	6.54	6.51	8.44
UK G#b		B.750	01/98	113-03	+2/32	6.08	6.11	6.22
_		6.000	06/03	109-02	-1/32	6.70	6.68	6.83
		9.000	10/08	118-15	+11/32	6.99	7.03	7.19
US Treasu	rv •	5.750	08/03	99-26	+4/32	5.77	5.83	5.40
	•	6.250	08/23	99-23	+12/32	6.27	6.34	5.96
ECU Frenc	ch Govt)	6.000	04/03	111.6000	+0.200	6.32	6.27	6.35
Lendon close	ing, 1Now You	t mid-day				Visite: 1	ocal mar	hat stone

ECONOMIC DIARY - FORWARD EVENTS

TODAY: Honduras presidential and general elections; Taiwan bolds local government elec-

MONDAY: Summary monetary statistics: M0 (Nov-provisional), M4 and lending (Oct-final); Sir Brian Unwin, president of the European Investment Bank, opens the Seventh European Finance Convention and Ecu Week on steps to monetary union; West-ern European Union Assembly in Paris until Dec 2; EU justice ministers meet in Brussels: Mr Paul Martin, Canada's finance minister, details Liberal government's economic policies in TUESDAY: Mr Kenneth Clarke,

key speech in Montreal. chancellor, presents UK bud-get; monthly digest of statistics (Nov); economic trends (Nov); Japan's second supplementary budget discussion in the Upper and Lower houses, until Dec 2: Greece's 1994 budget due to be submitted to parliament; Franco-German summit in Bonn until Dec 1; European Trade Union Confederation seminar

on work councils. WEDNESDAY: Overseas travel

energy statistics (Jul-Sep); European Parliament begins two-day session; final results -

THURSDAY: UK official reserves (Nov); full monetary statistics (including bank and building society sbeets) (Oct/ Nov); London sterling certifi-cates of deposit (Oct); Bill turn-over statistics (Oct); sterling commercial paper (Oct); money market atatistics (Oct); EU furelgn ministers bold talks on Gatt Uruguay Round; EU environment and development ministers discuss growth; Nato forelgn ministers maet in Brussels; US government'a trade representative hosts multilateral meeting in Washing ton of major aluminium producing countries including Russia; final results - Grand Metropolitan, Hanson, Royal Bank of Scotland.

FRIDAY: Housing starts and completions (Oct); John Major, prime minister, meets Irisb prime minister Albert Reynolds; North Atlantic Co-operation Council meets in Brussels: Nato foreign ministers meet former Warsaw Pact foreign

and tourism (Sep); advance

Appear in the

Financial Times on Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays. For further information or to advertise in this section please contact Kart Loyeton on 071 873 4780 or

Melanie Miles on 071 873 3308 FINANCIAL TIMES

BOND FUTURES AND OPTIONS

388.00-390.45 58.00-91.00

	Open	Sets price	Change	High	Low	Est, vol.	Open
ec .	124.18	124.12	+0.18	124.34	124.08	3.842	156.2
lar .	127.90	127.94	+0.24	126.14	127.86	10	47,00
uri	127.32	127,36	+0.24	127.50	127.32	-	2,85
LONG	TERM FREE	NCH BOHD	OPTIONS	(MATIF)			
trike	_	CAL	LS			PUTS -	
rige	- Je	140		L un	Jan	Mar	Jus
25						0.15	-
26	-			-	0.06	0.28	-
27	1.24			-	0.14	0.46	
28	0.62	1.1	3 1	.41	0.33	0.78	-
29	0.2	2 0.7	1		0.71	1,17	•
30	0.0	0.4	2 0	1.68	-	-	-
st. val. to	od. Cate 23.6	of Puts 53.50	9. Previous	day's goes	M. CHE I	29,612 Puts 1	07.258.

69.00-62.00

\$ phoe £ equiv. 378.00-381.00 254.00-257.00

	Open	ORM PAYER	C 12 13 4	Lagar.	COM	CIL W	Open r
Dec	96.85	89.92	+0.23	100.05	99,54	90231	123227
Mar	99.95	99.99	+0.19	100.12	29.94	13481	30888
Jun	99.90	99.90	+0.19	99.91	99,85	474	700
BUND	PUTURES !	OPTIONS (L	FFE) DM2	10q 000,00	ts of 1005	4	
Strike		CAL	19			PUTS -	
Price		Mar	Jun		Mar		Jun
9950		1.09	1.36		0.60		0.96
10000		0.82	1.10		0.83		1.20
	1	0.60	0.88		1.11		1.45
10000							

MOTIONAL GERMAN BUND FUTURES (LIFFE" DM250,000 100ths of 100%

	CHALE), DV						
	Ореп	Sett price	Change	High	Low	Est. vol	Open int
Dec	103,04	102.99	+0.07	105.07	102.98	1848	21395
Mar		103.13	+0.08	-		0	12

	MAL ITALIA " Lira 200m			P) PUTUR	23		
	Open	Sett price	Change	High	Low	Est. vol	Open Int.
Dec	113,15	112.66	-0.15	113.19	112.35	38422	70780
Mar	113.30	112,95	-0.06	113.30	112.70	6669	36748
Jun	-	112.95	-0.05	-	•	0	1
	N COVT. D	ONED (BTP)	FUTURES	OPTIONS	(UFFE) Line	200m 1000	hs of 100%
Strike		CAL	LS -			PUTS -	
Price		Mer	Jun		Mar		-km
11250		2.35	3.32		1.90		2.87
11300		2.10	3.07		2.15		112
11350		1.86	2.84		2.41		3.89

Spair							
NOT	CONAL SPAN	SH BOND F	MURES (METT]			
	Ореп	Sett price	Change	High	Low	Est. vol.	Open in
Dec	102,50	102.79	+0.35	102.88	102.50	22,078	83,484
Mar	102,77	102.94	+0.38	103.06	102.77	2,730	11,819
Jun		104.00					50

UK	MAI IW ~	- C					
- 1011	ONAL UK CE	Satt price		High	LOW LOW	Est vol	Open in
Dec	115-24	115-27	+0-09	115-30	115-18	58556	61156
Mar	115-02	115-06	+0-10	115-09	114-30	34429	64383
Jun	•	114-18	+0-10	-	. •	0	9

■ LONG	OILY FUTU	RES OFFIC	NS (LIFTE)	290,000 64	the of 100	*		US							
Strice Price 116 115 117 Est. vol. to	į	Mar 1-51 1-21 2-51 2-51 2-51 2-74s 903. Pr	Jun 2-18 1-65 1-31	open Int., C	1-39 2-09 2-49 46 35756 (Jun 2-50 3-23 3-63	Dec Mar Jun Sop.	Open .115-17 .114-14 .113-23 .112-22	Sett price 116-01 114-24 113-21 112-22		High 116-08 114-28 113-25 112-25	2nds of 10 Low 115-17 114-11 113-10 112-13	Est. vol. 230,114 20,191 189 40	Open in 219,112 86,261 8,436 12,639
Ecu :	OND PUTU	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	1				MOTION		TERM JAI		OVT. BONI	D FUTURE	3	•
Dec Mgruh	Open 120.10	8att price 120.20 119.70		High 120.50 .	Low 120.14 .	Est. vol. 88	Open int. 11,150 2,171	Dec Mar LIFFE con	Open 115.60 114.90 tracta trac	Close	Change All Open	High 115.67 114.94 (relevant fig.	Low 115.58 114.82 3. are for	Est. vol 256 1041 previous de	Open in 0 0 y.

UK Gille Price	indices	Pricing Nov 26		nge %	Thurs. Nov 25		croed street	yeld wdj	Inde	n-linked .	٠.	Friday Nov 28		lay's inge 16	Thurs. Nov 25	Accrued	act act yield
1 Up to 0 years 2 5-15 years 3 Over 15 year 4 predeemate 5 All stocks §		128.58 158.37 181.81 210.53 158.84		+0.08. +0.17 +0.45 -0.10 +0.19	129,47 158,10 180,79 210,75 153,55		2.28 2.49 3.27 1.15 2.58	10.03 11.56 10.04 13.47 10.93	7 O	to to 5 years (1 wer 5 years (1 If shocker (13) what would be no	1)	190,86 187,20 186,86 145,54		+0.09 +0.19 +0.10 +0.25	190.66 186.85 186.33 145.17	0.78 1.20 1.18 2.24	4.28 4.29 4.27 10.14
Yields	Nov 28	Nov 25	At ago	os yield High		Low_	·· Nov 28	Nov 25	Yr sgo	repon yield —	L	w	Nov 25	Nov 25	Yr ago	apon yield High	Low
5 yrs 15 yrs 20 yrs bred.† Index-Enked	6.88 6.99 7.15	8.03 8.80 7.01 7.12	7.10 8.33 8.58 8.52	7.22 (29/ 8.37 (12/ 8.54 (20/ 8.05 (20/	1) 6.97	(22/10 (18/11) (18/11) (18/11)	7.02	7.01	7.55 6.79 8.95	7.55 (11/1) 8.83 (19/1) 9.05 (20/1)	6.19 6.98 7.02	26/11	6.38 7.18 7.10	6.40 7.20 7.21	7.79 9.08 9.10	7.78 (11/1) 9.11 (20/1) 9.20 (20/1)	8.85 (22/10 7.17 (18/11) 7.12 (26/11
Up to 5 yrs over 5 yrs Debs & loans	210 3.12	2.10 3.13	2.45 3.84	3.03 (25/	5) 1.8	2 (12/2)	1.50 2.95	1.30 2.95	1.86 3.68	2.31 (17/8) 3.72 (14/1)	0.82 (2.87 (·		voers	
Average gross			B.82 To sho	8.87 PL/S		(26/11) Bande	7.97 Low: 0%	7.98 -74%; M	9.95 edium: 8	9.94 (19/1)	gh: 111	and o			10.42 yed Yeer	10.10 (19/1)	9.38 (10/3)
		28 Nov 7			3 Nov 2	2 Yr a	o High	LOW				Nov 2		ov 24	Nov 23	Nov 22	Nov 19
Govt. Secs. (I Fixed Interest	124	23 124.0	5 12SJ	86 128.80	124.0	5 108.3	4 - 103.84 8 125.20	100.67	6-de	Edged berge y sverage	ine	81.9 96.3	1	96.6 11.4	104.1 118.7	101.7 119.6	97.0 129.1

	_							_								_				
Rotes	¥ 1	Hed	Price £	+01-	High	933	Motos	# Y	Red _	∵ Price £ «	- 7		197	Motes	m	15447 (5)	Price E	+ 07-	Jilga 1	998
"Roote" (Lives up to Fire						<u> </u>	16pc 2085	8.15	0.52	1225	14	1224	100%	Index-Listed (t)						
Trees #1 ₂ 0c 1994	5.46	520			10214	100	. Frame 115-pt 2001-4	E.13	6.01	1253		126%	1167	Trees, 2pc '94,(102.9)	-	-	13652	_	1305	131
141 gc 1994##	14.15	5.14	10213	-7	1054		Funding 31200 199-4	4.32	5.93	817	+4	6133	6719	2pc '96(67.9)	1.47	2.01	2034	+10	2037	194
Ext 12 /25: 1994	13.05	5.12		-	103	10313	Conversion 9120C 2004	7.52	6.85	120 .	+	1208	1054	4*apc 86\$\$(135.6) -	1.45	211	1124	**	1121	100
Treas, 10pc La. 1904	8.76	8.10	10263		10583	7022	Trace & lane 2004	6.74	8.72		+3	1001	971	2*spc '0178.9	248	281	1722		1733	. 7
Each 12120c 1994	11.35	5.09	1054	_	1183	1054	Clarat B 12 pc 2005	7.90	1.00		-	1206	1057	27300 03	2.63 2.70	2.94	1057	44.	1601	1
Trees 800 1994;;	E.BS	5.08	1035	_			These 121206 2003-5	9.03	7.00			1303	124,3	4°00 '0424 (135.6)	2.70	2.99	114档	+4	1157	105
12pc 1985	11.17	6.15	10713	-	111隻	10742	7 kpc 2006tt	7.24	0.89	107.	1	107.	9435	494 DO(OLJ)	2.70 2.87 2.93 2.96 3.91 3.07	2.94 3.09 3.12	17822	+4	180	15
Earth 30d Gas 90-05	1.06	4.04	BY	-4	274	64	Rec 2002-611	7.42	6.85	107%	+14	1074		21202 '00078.89	2.87	3.00	16212	+14	1644	1
104pc 1995	6.62	1.27	10713			107-1	Trees 115-pt 2903-7	3.35	7.97	131.6		1512	94,2 11813	21200 '11(74.8)	2.93	212	100%	+44	7013	140
Trans 12 kpc 199544	1122	6.54	1135	_			Trees 8 200 2007	7.50			***	1316	1034	21290 72	2.56	3.13	1404	+44	141 &	
14ne 1996	11.96	5.45	1174		4ml	. 1163	IN THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY ADDRESS OF THE PARTY ADDRESS OF THE PARTY ADDRESS OF THE PART		6.96	1132	***	.11353	072	2 200 16 (81.6)	181	3.17	15011	本事を	151%	130
15 ¹ cp; 199524	17.52	1.0	1217	77	125	1213		7.60	6.90	113,4		11312	106%	2120c 2063 0	1408	9.20	1453	-1	147	124
Ext 131.00 (99512:		5.54	11743			1457	191200 104-8	9.23	. 7.10	140.6	+3	14055	.131 🕹	2120C '2411 (87.7)	3.07	3.19	1227	- 3	12312	100
Conversion 10pc 1996	8.86		11112		1200	1154							-	43cc 3011 (135.1)	3.08	3.21	122	+2	12311	703
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Then 12 200 1807	1000	5.81							-			-		and (2) 5%, (5) Figur	es in.	parenti	16685	Show F	eri ba	ا مق
Pacts 10 lynx 1997	0.25	5.42				110			-					indesting de 0 months p	rior io	leased)	and he	ne bee	n Artise	the f
71901 8-Lpc 1997##	7.99	1.09	10145	-	10812	105/2						•		reflect rebasing of RPI I	a 100 /	n Janu	w 101	7. Con	_	-
East 1500 1987	11,48	6.06	130%	-	1224	12712	Own Fifteen Years			:				3.845. RPI for March 18	12 12	2 and	L. Ca	1	100	-
9-kpc 1958	1.63	8.10	1134	**	1134	100	Trees upe 2006 #	7.40	6.38	1185	+45	1183	1014					-	100× 14	ı.
Trees 7 cpc 1996##	· 693 -	-4.01	10443	. +4	104	997	. Spc 2009	7.32	7.00	108.5	+3	1034	924		-	-				
7140C 1995 811	8,94	6,03		+4		101	Com Spe in 2011 #	7.52	7.02		-13	1094 1194 1198	10012	Other Fixed I	iter	est				
Trees 6-lear 1995-4811	1.63	5.34		1,54	1017	974		7.52	7.02		47	11982	11614							

7.47 6.26 7.23 7.17 7.29 7.98 8.12 8.12 8.90 3.90 3.92



108

107

MARKETS REPORT **Profit-taking** affects pound

Sterling suffered a late self-off in traditionally thin end-of-week trading ahead of the Budget while the French franc was boosted by a reduction of central Bank debts, writes Peter John

John.
The pound fell two plennigs from its high against the D-Mark and more than a cent against the dollar as speculators and some UK corporate selling took advantage of its recent strength. recent strength.

recent strength.

Currency moves are generally exaggerated on Fridays and more so yesterday when cash flows wars further reduced because many US dealers were still away from their desks following Thursday's Thankseiving holiday.

Thanksgiving holiday.
Also, some economists said the enthusiastic response to Tuesday's cut in UK base rates and subsequent rise in the pound was overdone.

Chart analysts saw DM2.54 as a significant ceiling for the pound and yesterday the selling began after it hit a high of DM2.5442 against the D-Mark. There was a sharp slide in the early afternoon and a second fall an hour or so later. By the close of decling in Process etc. close of dealing in Europe sterling was down to DM2.5325 against the German currency from DM2.5425 previously. The pattern was mirrored against the dollar and sterling dropped -- Prev. close --1.4810 1.4782 1.4746 1.4664 1,4885 1,4855 1,4811 1,4670

to \$1.4800 from \$1.4885 previ-

ously. However, the Irish punt, seen as a cheaper version of the UK currency, continued to strengthen and closed above the D-Mark in the European



DMF per \$

1:70

speculative attacks on the cur-rency. It closed yesterday at FFr3.4560 to the D-Mark

against FFr3.4650 previously.

■ The Finnish markka held Monetary system for the first time in recent weeks.

The French currency hit its ground in epite of a reduction in one of the country's key highest level since the crisis in lending rates. The Finnish tenthe exchange rate mechanism which led to a widening of der rate was reduced by 0.23 percentage points to 6.65 per ERM currency fluctuation cent but economists said the cut was anticipated.

The Portuguese escude fell bands on August 2. The franc was huoved by news on Thurswas nuoyed by news on Thurs-day that the Bank of France had repaid 80 per cent of the debts incurred at the end of July when it tried to ward off

steeply in thin afternoon trade on reports that financing for the purchase of Pego power station had been largely com-pleted. A British-led consortium signed an Esi55bn escudo contract on Thursday to buy the half-built thermal power

36.25 6.7825 6.8405 5.9125 1.7115 245.75 1.921 7.4325 1.921 7.4325 1.763 1.988 8.4025 1.4875 1.4875

Sterling

29 Oct

DOLLAR SPOT FORWARD AGAINST THE DOLLAR

+0.0325 035 - 040 +0.15 200 - 300 +0.01 780 - 786 +0.018 631 - 815 -0.003 711 - 712 -0.75 500 - 000 -0.0045 406 - 407 +2.26 750 - 250 -0.16 200 - 000 -0.0035 921 - 921 +0.0125 430 - 435 +0.85 500 - 150 +0.8 750 - 850 +0.0175 400 - 405 -0.005 795 - 805 -0.005 795 - 805 -0.005 795 - 805 -0.0075 122 - 123

S per £

1.50

station from the state utility, EDP - Electricidade de Portugal. The financing involved a swap of around DM1bn into escudos, dealers said.

DM per 2

2.54

2.53

2,52

2,51

2.50

■ Outside Europe, the Japanese yen finally weakened on heavy selling of Japanese equities while the dollar was resilient ahead of employment data next week.

The yen had survived the previous onslaught on the Nik-kei because investors were repetriating funds to compensate for their losses. But economists said the persistent weak-

12.0510 12.0160

12.0510 12.0160 36.30 36.35 2.7950 8.7725 5.8550 5.8100 5.9275 5.9050 1.7150 1.7075 248.500 244.758

248.500 244.750
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38.30 36.06
1.9235 1.8175
7.4425 7.4025
173.50 174.10
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8.4375 8.3575
1.5045 1.4960
1.4950 1.4745
1.1255 1.1215

0.9990 0.9975 229,350 229,200 1,3310 1,3275 3,1155 3,1110

1.5100 1.5070
7.7280 7.7255
31.3775 31.3700
108.90 108.30 2.5570 2.5535
1.8316 1.8245
28.45 28.30
3.7520 3.7490
1.9035 1.5975
3.3720 3.3965
4.4575 4.4100
808.00 807.20
25.95 26.80
25.95 26.80

2.19672 9.808628 1.84864 40.2123 6.53883 154.250 192.854

FFr per DM 3.46 3.47 3.48 3.49 3.50

French franc

ness of the Japanese etock market was finally affecting the currency which eased to Y108.65 against the dollar from Y108.30 previously. ■ The dollar has been recovering against the yen as the US economy shows signs of pick-

ing up.
It has remained within a tight range against the D-Mark and economists are looking towards the key non-farm pay-roll data at the end of next week for an excuse to push it above it its current ceiling of

12.2325 -1.5 37.215 -2.7 6.99 -3.1 5.8605 -1.9 1.7389 -1.6 283.75 -1.9 1.773 -4.8 37.215 -2.7 1.9482 -1.4 7.5262 -1.3 186.45 -6.5 146.45 -4.8 8.6376 -2.8 1.5002 -0.2 1.4587 -2.1

-0.84 +0.29

-8.41 +32.26

-37.57 -0.84 +21.59 -17.87

-33.89 -39.05 +23.84 -28.04

-11.15

-10.30

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-9 -13 -12 -14

-0.1

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4.28 3.91 3.90 1.14 0.82 0.77 0.41

1.4958 7.7375

106.775 2.0165 1.8174

3.779 1,597 3.533

832.65 -3.1

DM1.72.

12.1075 -2.3 36.81 -4.0 6.863 -4.7 5.8805 -2.7 5.9592 -3.2 1.7233 -2.8 258.25 -20.3 1.3965 -2.8 1.716 -5.7 36.61 -4.0 1.9322 -2.3 7.4627 -1.6 178.82 -8.0 141.825 -5.8 6.4826 -3.8 1.5014 -1.0 1.4732 1.9 1.4732 1.9 1.1134 3.4

12.0675 -3.0
38.4 -8.0
8.813 -5.4
5 9565 -3.3
5.9314 -3.6
1.7791 -3.3
250.05 -21.0
1.4025 -8.1
30.4 -5.0
1.9256 -2.1
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8.4345 -8.0
1.4923 -1.5
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-2.4 0.6 -8.1 -8.7 -4.5 -2.8 -0.5

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3,7585 1,5994 3,388 4,457 810,65 23,965 25,4612

Rate against Ecu

2.15802

0.797167 1.92215 40.7303 6.54377 156.800 196.741

1.5038 7,7285 31.6375 108.33 2,5727 1.8247

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+0.00143 +0.000158 +0.0014

+0.0481

-0.01639 -0.087 +0.287

1.2 -0.1

-3.4 1.2 -2.5 0.7

-1.76 -1.42 -1.41 1.29 1.60 1.55 2.02

MONEY MARKET FUNDS Money Market



Money Market Bank Accounts

150 2.02 OF 72,500-19,999 ____ 2.00 156 4.33 4.85 5.17



rown Shipley e do Ltd

44444 3.00 3.19 3.38 3.58 1.13 1.56 1.89 1.88 437 438 458 151 282 233 253

4.13 5.56 6-Min 3.54 4.81 6-Min 3.19 4.30 8-Min 2.44 7.26 8-Min

84375 54025 0.00 3,375 4.90 3,775 5.09 4,219 3,74 4.50 8.24 4.31 5.88 4.06 9.51 4.50 4.84 8 10 5 75 5 40 4 75 ulian Hodge Bank Utd 1 Wedser Pace Caret CF1 300 8.50 Yearly 5.40 Yearly 5.20 Yearly 5.00 Yearly 4.88 4.00 3.80 1.75 241 3.37 3.75 4.31 U.G. Truss Limited

U.G. T 2071-382 8000 200 A00 Mgs 2.16 4.32 Mm 4.00

4.00 4.00 1.03

5.50 4.75 4.25 2.25 300 263

FX and GOLD 24 HR DEALING

4.04 6-Wm 3 63 6-Wm

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Market Myths and Duff Forecasts for 1993 The US dollar will move higher, pieclous metals have been

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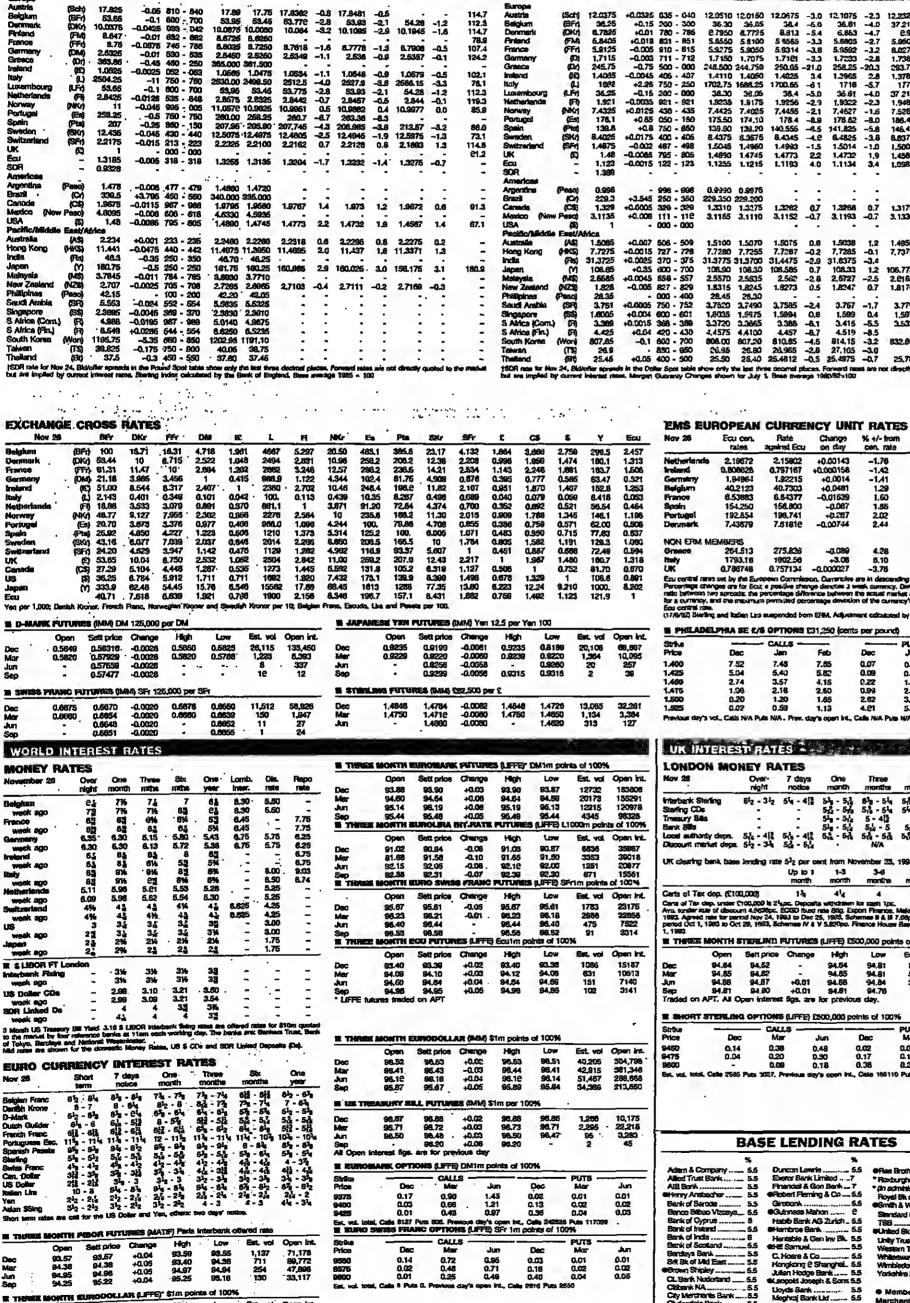


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Nov 26		Closing mid-point	Charge on day	Bid/offer screed	Day's	Mid	One me	onth %PA	Three m	onths %PA	One y		Back (
Бигоре							1400	<u> </u>	riduo	AFA	THE PERSON	TOPA	Eng. inc
Austria	(Sch)	17.825	0.05	810 - 840									
Belglum	(BFr)	53.66	-0.1		17.89		17,8362		17.8481	-0.5		-	114
Denmark	DK1	10.0378		600 - 700 033 - D42	53.95	53.45	63.778		53.93	-2.1	54.29		
Finland	(FM)	8.647		832 - 862		10.0050	10.064	-32	10.1085	-29	10.1945	-1.6	
France	(FFn)	8.78		745 - 755	8.6726							-	70
Germany	(DM)	2.6326	-0.01		8.8025		8.7618		8.7778	-1.3	8.7906		
Greece	. 000	363.86		450 - 250		2.5260	2.5349	-1.1	2.536	-0.9	2.5357	-01	124
Ireland	623	1.0525		052 - 053	365.000					•		-	
taly	. 20	2504.25	-0.0025		1.0565		1.0534	•••	1.0548		1.0579		103
Luxembourg	(LFA)	53.66		800 - 700	2530.00		2512.5	-4.0	2527.9	-9.8	2586.15	-3.3	76
Netherlands	(FB)	2.8425			53,95	53.45	53.775		53.93	-2.1	54.28		112
Norway	(NKr)	11		535 - 848		2.8325	2.8442		2.8457	-0.5	2.844	***	118
Portugal	(Es)	259.25		995 - 005	11.0578		10.9961	0.5	10,9862	0.4	10.9977	0.0	85
Spain	(Pta)	207		750 - 750		258.25	260.7	-8.7	263.36	-63		-	
Sweden .	(SKn			850 - 150			207,745	-4.3	208.985	-3.8	213.57	-3.2	86
Switzerland		12.436		430 - 440	12.5075		12.4805	-2.5	12.4946	-1.9	12.5975	-1.3	73
UK.	(SFr)	2.2175		213 - 223	2.2325	2.2100	2.2162	0.7	2.2128	8.0	2.1893	1.3	114
	(53)	1		000 - 000			-	•	-	•	-	-	e
Scu Scu	-	1.3185	-0.005	318 - 318	1.3265	1.3136	1,3204	-1.7	1.3232	-14	1,3275	-0.7	
SOR	_	0.9328	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Americas	-												
Argentina	(Peso)	1.478	0.006	477 - 479	1.4880	1.4720	-	-	-			-	
Brazil •	(Cr)	339.5	+3.795	450 - 550	340.000	335.000		•				-	
Canada	(CS)	1.9675	-0.0115	967 - 968	1.9796	1.9680	1.9767	1.4	1.973	1.2	1.9672	0.6	91
	Page)	4.8095		606 - 618	4.6330	4.5935		-		-			-
JSA	(2)	1,48	-0.0086	795 - 805	1,4890	1,4745	1.4773	2.2	1.4732	1.9	1,4587	1.4	67
Pacific/Middle	East/	dirica						_					
Austrelia .	(AS)	2.234	+0.001	233 - 235	2.2490	2.2260	2.2918	0.6	2,2296	0.8	2,2275	0.2	
tong Kong	(CDH-I)	11.441	-0.0475	440 - 442	11-4975		11,4695	20	11,437	1.8		1.3	
ndia	(Fts)	48.3		250 - 350		46.25					11,2011		
lacan	m	180.75		250 - 250	161.75	180.25	160,865	29	160,026	30	156,176	3.1	180
Valayata	(MS)	3.7845	-0.011	784 - 785	3,8030	3.7710	1000000	_	1000020	- 20	134 174	3.1	(au
New Zeeland	(NZS)	2,707		705 - 708	2,7265	2.6965	2,7103	-0.4	27111	-0.2	2.7169	-0.3	
Phillipinas	(Peso)	42.15	-0.002.3	100 - 200	42.20	42.05	4,/103	~,	2/111	-02	2/108	-0.3	
Sauct Arabia	(SR)	5.563	. 0.004	552 - 554	3.5835	5.6325	•	•	•	•		. •	
Singapore	(55)	2.3895		369 - 370			•	•	. •	-	•	-	
					2.3830		-	-	-	•	•	•	
Africa (Corr.)		4.98B		987 - 989	5.0140	4,9675		•	•	-	•	-	
Africa (FirL)	(FI)	6.549		644 - 554	6.6250	6,5235	-	-	•	-	-	-	
South Kores	(Won)	1195,75		<i>6</i> 60 - 850	1202.95		-	•	•	•	-	-	
Taiwan	(LZ)	39.825		750 - 900	40.06	39.75	•	-		-	-	-	
Challernol	(EH)	37,5	-0.3	450 - 550	37.60	37.46		-		•	•	•	
SDR rate for No	24, Bld	foliar spread	is in the Pou	and Scot babba	show only t	he test thro	e decimal p	niecos. I	orward nate	a mie re	ot directly d	aucted t	o the mad
aut are implied b	A COLLEGIS	Kulendet ten	se, Sterling	Index calculat	ed by the B	ank of Eng	frind, Base	SWEET,	1985 - 1	00			



Est. vol Open int. 658 6857 89 4841 35 1901 38 504

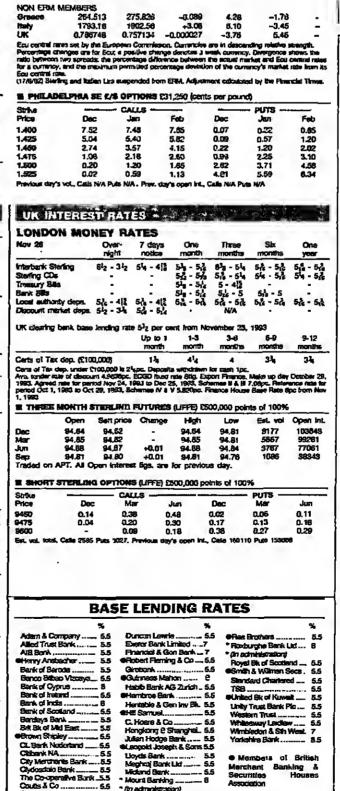
95.61 96.43 96.16 95.88

High 96.53 96.44 96.18 95.88

Sett price 96.52 96.43 96.15 95.96

Open 95.51 95.44 95.18 95.88

+0.02 +0.03 +0.03 +0.03



76	70		7
Company 5.5 rust Bank 5.5	Ouncer Lewie	Rochurghe Bank Ud On administrations	8
S. Serode	Grotoni	Poyel Bk of Scotland @Smith & Willman Secs Stendard Chairtened 188 @United Bk of Kuwait Unity Trust Bank Pic Western Trust Whiteckary Laddaw Wimbledon & Sth West. Yorkeline Bank	5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 7
NA 5.5 rchents Bank 5.5 talo Bank 5.5	M.sopoki Joseph & Sons 5.5 Lloyds Bank	Members of Brit Merchant Banking Securities House	å

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LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE: Dealings

Details of business done shown below have been taken with consent from last Thursday's Stock Exchange Official List and should not be

Unless otherwise indicated prices are in pence. The prices are those at which the business was done in the 24 hours up to 5 pm on Thursday and settled through the Stock Exchange Tallaman system, they are not in order of execution but in ascending order which denotes the day's highest and lowest

British Funds, etc

Treasury 13 k% Stk 2000/03 - 2137 }} Exchaquer 10 2% Stk 2005 - 20 00000 Corporation and County

Stocks Birmingham District Council 11 1₂% Red Sik 2012 - \$131 (22Ness) Idington Corp 12.65% Red Sik 2007 - £128 (23Nes3) r(City of) 11,5% Red Stk 2007 -ET3Z (22No83)
Marichester Corp 1897 3% Red Six 1941(or after) - 237 (24No83)
Mesicatile-Lipon-Tyres(23) of 1114/4 Red Six 2917 - 2130 (24No83)
Norwich Corp 3% Red Six - 236 (23No83)
Norwich Corp 3% Six (ind) - 138 (22No83)

UK Public Boards Agricultural Mortgage Corp PLC 51,96 Deb Str 82/94 - £991, (23No83)

Foreign Stocks, Bonds, etc-(coupons payable in London)

Abbey National Treasury Serve PLC 73,94 Gtd Nts 1998 (Br E Var) - C104 (2 Abbey National Treasury Serve PLC 856 Gtd Bds 2003 (Br E Var) - 2104 (4 5 5)6 (a

donal Treasury Serve PLC 7.50% 1998(BrSC Vars) - \$C103.6 103.1 rgiten Water PLC 12% Bds 2014 (Br 21000081000000) - 2141 2 .675

eda Financa Ld 10-1/16 City Cap 8da2005(Br £5000&100000) - £116¹2 (19No93) BAA PLC 114% Bds 2019 fbr

2100008 100000) - 2139²2 (23No93) Bank of Greece 91/96 Bds 2008 (Br £ Ver) -2108¹4 (24No93) 21004 (294050)
Brooker 3196 Eds 2002 (BY É Var) 21004 (294050)
Brooker 3 Earls PLC 8.875% Undoted Subord
Nts - 21035
Brooker 3085
Sec Dep Nts 1995(Bc\$10000) - \$111.3
Blue Cicle Industries Capital Ld 10½6 Crv
Cap Bds 2005(Bc\$2000&100000) - \$1204
(22063)
Bradford 8 Bingley Building SocietyCollared
FlightoNts 2005(Br\$1000 - \$101½
Bradford 8 Bingley Building SocietyCollared
Flig Rie Nts 2005 (Br £ Var) - \$101½
(22063)
Stranton Building Society Collared
Flig Rie Nts 2005 (Br £ Var) - \$101½
(22063)
Stranton Building Society Collared
Flig Rie Nts 2005 (Br £ Var) - \$101½
(22063)

fitannia Building Society 1012% 8de 2000

British Gas Inti Finance BV 6496 Gtd Bds cish Ges PLC 75.% Alls 1997 (Br E Var) .

otish Gas PLC 107-96 Bds 2001@r £1000,10000&100000) - £12014 (24Ne93) British Gas PLC 1214 16 Bds 1995 (9rC1000810000) - £1077₆ (22No93) British Land Co PLC 8.875% Bds 2023 (9r £ British Land Co Plan Bay one bury place per vary - C100¹/₈ [224-985]
British Takecom Finance BV 7¹/₈% Got Bds 1986(8:55000850000) - \$1084(8:224-985)
British Telecommunications PLC 2*cor Con Bds 2000(BrC10008;10000) - 588¹/₈
British Telecommunications PLC 7¹/₂% Bds anash 169ccommunications PLC 7°256 908 2003 (8° £ Var) - £102°16 Burnon Castrol Capita(Lersoy) Ld 9°256 Chv Cap Bots 2006 (Reg £1000) - £143°2 5°12 6 Burnah Castrol Capita(Lersoy) Ld 9°256 Chv

prices UndstedSubordStep-UpNts (Br) -C10014 (22NoS3) Bdy Maji & General Trust PLC 84/14 Excit Bds 2005 (BrE100085000) - £1461₂ (23NoS3)

123No23)
Depts Firemos N.V. 7¹2% Gtd Bds 2093 (Br £ Var) - £99% Depts France N.V. 7½% Gid Bots 2093 (Br £ Var) - 599%

Depts Group (Capital) PLC 6½% Cnv Grd

Bots 2002 (Br/500035,0000) - 598 (24N,063)

Bothicite de France 10½% Gid Bots 2009

(Br/5000031,00000) - 6128 (24N,063)

El Enterprise France PLC 8½% Old Exch

Bots 2006 (Reg 55000) - 6112 57 %

Br Enterprise France PLC 8½% Gid Exch

Bots 2008(Br550003,00000) - 5108 ½ %

(23N,063)

Franciffopublic of 10½% Bots

2008(Br50003)

Fritandiffopublic of 10½% Bots

2008(Br5003)

Fritandiffopublic of 10½% Bots

204(Br503)

Fritandiffopublic

Carlossia (1974) Bids 2003 (Br £ Var) - \$107 (1986) Signature (1974) Bids 2003 (Br £ Var) - \$107 (1986) Signature (1974) Bids 2003 (Br £ Var) - \$107 (1986) Signature (1974) Bids 2000 (9.59.7 (1986) Signature (1974) Bids 2000 (9.79.7 (1986) Signature (1974) Bids 2007 (Br £ Var) - £118½ (1986) Signature (1974) Bids 2003 (Br £ Var) - £118½ (1986) Signature (1974) Bids 2003 (Br £ Var) - £118½ (1986) Signature (1974) Bids 2003 (Br £ Var) - £108½ (1986) Signature (1974) Bids 2003 (Br £ Var) - £103½ Bids 2003 (Br £ Var) - £103½ Bids 2003 (Br £ Var) - £104½ Bids 2003 (Br £ Var) - £104 (2003) Bids 2004 (Br £ Var) - £104 (2003) Bids 2004 (Br £ Var) - £104 (2003) Bids 2004 (Br £ Var) - £104 (2004) Bids 2003 (Br £ Var) - £104 (Br £ Var

For those securities in which no business was recurred and Official List the latest recorded business in the four previous days is given with the relevant date.

Rule 535(2) stocks are not regulated by the international Stock Exchange of the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland Ltd.

‡ Bargains at special prices. • Bargains done the previous day. Lieuds Bank PLC 104/6 Subord Bds Loyes same PLC 194 is subord 8ds - 1996[8-170000] - C1127s.
London Electricity PLC 5% Bds 2003 (Br £ Var) - 17054, (22NoS3)
MEPC PLC 1014/6 Bds 2003(Br £ 2000[Br £ 10000] - C11212 (22NoS3)
Morgan Gusmenty Tat Co of New York 1234/6
Dep Nts 1994[8-£10008.10000] - £10034, (24NoS3)

guinossi Financa Ld G¹2% Gtd Nis 1987 (gr CVur) - 1108 ½ § National Crid Co FLC 74,95 See 1998 (gr 2 Var) - 1103 ½ (23NoSS) National Power PLC 10% % See 2001 (gr 110008100000) - 118½ (19NoSS) National Power PLC 10% % See 2001 (gr 110008100000) - 118½ (19NoSS) National & Provincial Bidg Society 9³4% Nis 1996 (gr 2 Var) - 1106 ½ National Machineline Bind PLC 11164 Lines

tational Wastminster Bank PLC 11 2% Und-Subtas £1000(Cnv to Pri)Reg - £120% 1 % (24NoS3) Indional Westminster Blank PLC 11¹2% Lind-SubNin C1000(Crw to Prijer - C120⁵) Nationwide Building Society 1114% Nhs 1997 (Br 23000 & 100000) - 2114.6 (24No93) New Zasland 946 Nts 1994(943100008100000) - \$103,785

ri Telegraph and Telephone Corp10% 1995 [BrEC1000810000] - EC104 Nts 1985 [BrEC1000&1000] = EC104

10.4. ([BNoss]
Norsk Hydro AS 93,1% Nts 2003 (Br 21000&1000) = £112½ (23NoS3)
Norsk Hydro AS 93,1% Nts 2003 (Br 21000&1000) = £112½ (23NoS3)
Norskum Hydro March Up PLC 94,1% Ede 2002 (Br E Var) - £110.55

Norskum Hydro March Up PLC 94,1% His 1996 (Br SC Var) - \$C183.55 (19NoS3)
Osaka Gas Co Ld 8,126% Ede 2003 (Br E Var) - £1054 62,6 (24NoS3)
Pacina Gas Co Ld 8,126% Ede 2003 (Br E Var) - £1054 62,6 (24NoS3)
Pacina Gas Co Ld 18,126% Ede 2005 (Br E 10000) - £119½ (22NoS3)
Passon PLC 104/26 Ede 2005 (Br E 10000)
Perinsular & Orlanta Szenni New Co 43/26
Chw Ede 2002(Br£1000&10000) - £132½ (34)
36)

3\$\psi\$ Peninsuler 8 Oriental Steam Nav Co 11\(^1_2\)\forall Bde 2014 [Br2100008100000] - 2137.65
PowerGen PLC 3\(^1_3\)\forall 8 dde 2003 [Br
2100008100000] - 2110 (23\(^1_3\)\forall 8 dde 2007
(Br250008100000] - 2110 (23\(^1_3\)\forall 8 dde 2007
(Br250008100000] - 2112\(^1_3\)\forall 8 dde 2007 (Br250008100000] - 212\(^1_3\)\forall 8 dde 2007 (Br E \(^1_3\)\forall 8 dde 2000 (Br E \(^1_3\)\

ainsbury (J.)(Channel Islands)(J.d 8½56GmCapBes 2005(Br-850008.100000) 5:132¹4, (23Ne93) Incore Newtgation Corporation 3.7596 Bds 2003 (Br \$100008.100000) - \$109¹8 109¹4 mith & Naphew Finance N.V. 84% Gtd Flod Cov Prf 2004 (Br) - £112 (24Ne93) Criv Pri 2004 (Br) - \$112 (24NoS)
Smithidine Beacher Capital PLC 81₉% Get
Nas 1998 (Br 2 Var) - \$105]
Termac Finance (Jersey) Ld 91₂% Criv Cap
Bdn 2006 (Pag \$1000) - \$111 1₂
Termac Finance (Jersey) Ld 91₂% Criv Cap
Bdn 2008(Br 250008:0000) - \$1091₂

tipe & Lyle int Fin PLC 514% Gtd 8de 2001 (Br £5000) - £86 (23Ne93) (Br £5000) - 286 (23Nc93) #66Lylo IntFin PLC/Tale6Lylo PLC 63, % T&LitrnGciBds 2001[Br) W/Ws78LPLC -Tesco PLC 8% % Bds 2003(Br2Vars)(PVPd-

Tesco PLC 84-% Bdts 2003(Br2Vars)(BVPd-20/294) - E27[3] 2 To-co Cupital Ld 84 Cnv Cap Bds 2005(Beg £1) - E1204; 1 ½ Tesco Capital Ld 95 Cnv Cap Bds 2005(Br55000810000) - £184; (2004685) Thamas Vatar PLC 94-% CnvSubord8ds 2005(Br55000850000) - £138 ½ 31 International BV 74-% Gdd 8ds 2003 (Br £ Var) - £102%; (244-668) Tokyo Gas Co Ld 5,5% Ms 1986(br\$Vars) -81004; (184-668) Trafingar Norse PLC 105/4% Bds ; 2006(BPC1000810000) - £112 (284-668) easury Corporation of Victoria & Bds 2003 (Br C Var) - £108 12

1994/94-1000/1000 - £1001₂ (19No93) Linterer PLC 7 % N Na 1996 (Br £ Var) -£104,425 ½ (24No93) Intel Kingdom 74,96 (Jds 2002(Br\$Var) -\$107,36£ (24No93) \$107,35‡ (24No93) Vockwich Building Society 776 Nts 1996 (3r £ Var) - £1024 Vockwich Building Society 774 Nts 1998 (3r £ Var) - £101½ (22No93)

E Var) - E10112 (22Not3)

Woolvich Building Stockey 115,9% Subord
Nis 2001 - C12012 (22Not93)

Woolvich Building Society 101,9% Subord
Nis 2017 (8+2 Var) - E1132 (22Not93)

Deutsche Barik AG SSOm 8.2% Nis 11/4/57
(8iS Var) - 59412 (24Not83)

Fraimofffecubic of CSOM 7% Dds 28/10/
2000 - 210012 (23Not93)

Haitor Building Society (2000m 7.38% Niss
22/11/99 - L98 (22Not93)

SSAB \$C10m Fig Rite Niss 22/12/95 - £10212
(24Not93) SBAB SCTom Filip Rive Nes 22/12/35 - C102*g (24Ne93) Sires Ld 513m 896 Variable Red Soc Nta 1938 - 530.7 String Bonk of New South Weles Ld 996 Bds 2002 (27 SA Var) - 54/1979-b Smoden@Grapdom of \$800m 7½% Nta 3/12/ 97 - 2104*g (24Ne93) Sweden@Grapdom of 31.5m Filip Rive Nta Jana 1998 - 5100.2 (15Ne05) Sweden@Grapdom of 250m 796 instruments 23/12/98 - C102*g (22Ne93)

Sterling Issues by Overseas Borrowers

Australia(Commonwealth of) 13.5% Ln Sik 2010 - 15002 (CNM33) Barbados (Covernment of) 13.5% Ln Sik 2015 (Br 15002) - 11252 (CNM33) Barbados (Covernment of) 13.5% Ln Sik 2015 (Br 15002) - 11252 (CNM33) Barbados (Investment Bards 5% Ln Sik 2007 - 11252 (CNM33) Barbados (Investment Bards 5% Ln Sik 2008 - 11205 (CNM33) Barbados (Investment Bards 10.5% Ln Sik 2004(Rog) - 11245 (CNM33) Barbados (Investment Bards 11% Ln Sik 2004(Rog) - 11255 (CNM33) International Bards for Rog & Dev 31.5% Ln Sik 2007(Rog) - 11255 (CNM33) International Bards for Rog & Dev 31.5% Ln Sik 2010(Rog) - 1121.5 5 (CNM33) International Bards for Rog & Dev 11.5% Ln Sik 2010(Rog) - 1131.5 5 (CNM33) International Bards for Rog & Dev 11.5% Ln Sik 2010 - 1131.5 5 (CNM33) International Bards for Rog & Dev 11.5% Ln Sik 2013 14.6% Sik 2010(Rog) - 1131.5 6 (CNM334) Ln Sik 2010 (Rog) - 1131.5 6 (CNM3344) Ln Sik 2010 (Rog) - 1131.5 6 (CNM344) Ln Sik 2010 (Rog) - 1131.5 6 (CNM3444) Ln Sik 2010 (Rog

Nova Scota(Province of) 11% % Ln Stk 0018 - £137 (24NoS3)

- 1137 (24N083) Petroleos Mexicanos 14¹2% Ln Sik 2006 -5132¹2 (22N083) Portugarijieo of 6% Ln Sik 2016(Regi - 5114 (22No83) nce de Quebec 124% Ln Stk 2020 weden(Kingdom of 9 k % Ln Stk 2014(Reg) - £121 k 1₂

Listed Companies(excluding Investment Trusts) API Group PLC 3.85% Curs Pri C1 - 55 Cap Bds 2006 (Reg Units 100p) - 2994, (22NeS0)

(22)4633)
Autra Maldyrskin Growth Fund(Caymani)Ld
Ord \$0.0i - Et 13-6 113-6
Neber Flaher Group PLC ADP (10:1) - 583-6
Alexander & Alexander Services inc Sha of
Class C Com Sh. \$1 - Et 21-8 (15)4053
Alexanders Hidge PLC "A"(Rat.V)Ord 10p 21 (27)4063 vocancers Huge PLC "A"(HSLV)OR TOP -21 (23No9) PLC 6.25p (Net) One Cum Red Pri 10p = 70 ded-Lyons PLC ADR (1:1) - \$8,58 ded-Lyons PLC 51₂% Cum Prf £1 - 63

(24NoS3) Med-Lyons PLC 1114% Deb Six 2009 -21364 (22NoS3) Med-Lyons PLC 514% Uns Ln Six - (60) Red-Lyons PLC 712% Uns Ln Stk - 290

FT-SE ACTUARIES INDICES

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Allied-Lyane PLC 744% Une Ln Stk 93/88 Almett London Properties PLC 10¹2 % 1st Mag Dab Sik 94/99 - £102 (244/665) Alvie PLC 5.5% Criv Qum Non-Vig Red Pri

1 - 73
ber Day Holdings PLC 10¹2% Cum Red
4 98/2002 C1 - 103 (24NoRS)
which Brands in Sins of Com Six \$3.125 - \$24¹s (23No93) metisch Corp She of Corn Str. \$1 - \$75.845 erre Syless Group PLC Criv Prf 50p - 50 (191489) gillen Weter PLC (3-46) Index-Linked Ln86k 2008(5, 10249) - 114212 glo-Sestem Planisions PLC Werrants to sub to Ord - 15 nglo-Sestem Planisions PLC 121216 Une - the colour - 108 1019

Anglo-Gastern Plantagions PLC 12¹2% Una Ln 9kt 96/99 - 285 101 Associated Sittler Foods PLC 5¹2% Una Ln Sts 87/2002 50p - 40 (24NoS9) Associated Sittler Foods PLC 7¹2% Una Ln Sts 87/2002 50p - 48 (24NoS9) Attivoods PLC ADA (5:1) - \$10.374654 ⁵2 (23NoS3) (23NoS3)

Australian Agricultural Co Ld SA 0.50 - 350 (244053)
Automated Security/Stigni PLC 5% Cnv Cum Red Pri S1 - 83 (184063)
Automated Security/Stigni PLC 6% Cnv Cum Red Pri S1 - 71

The Communication Pri C 9% Cnm Pri S1 - 71 en Agricultural Co Ld \$A 0.50 - \$50 ve Products PLC 9% Cum Prf £1 -Industries PLC ADR (1:1) - \$7.470 BET PLC ADR (4:1) - \$7¹2**0** BICC PLC 4.2%(Finly 6%) 1st Cum Pri Stk

E1 - 65 SM Group PLC 4.5p (Net) Cnv Cum Red Pri 20p - 41 23Not(3) BOC Group PLC 4.5p% Cum Pri E1 - 74 BOC Group PLC 1.5p% Cum Pri E1 - 74 BOC Group PLC 1.5p% Cum Pri E1 - 74 B.S. Guintermational PLC 12¹2% Uns Ln \$0: 93/98 - 126 (22No93) BTP PLC 7.5p0/eq Cnv Curn Red Pri 10p -

187 (19Notics)
187 (1

Bernpton Property Group Ld 74/5 Uns Ln Stigt1998 - EM Bank of Instanci@overnor & Co of) Links NCP Six Srs A C1 & S9 Liquidation - E13/2 @ Bank of Instanci@overnor & Co of) Links NCP Six Srs A C13/6 S9 Liquidation - E12/2 @ Bank of Park (C1) - S33.248581 \squares 24N:063 Pg (24N:063) Bank PLC 12% Uns Cap Ln Six 2010 - Ti31 \squares Bendings Bank PLC 12% Uns Cap Ln Six 2017 - Ti31 \squares Bendings Bank PLC 16% Uns Cap Ln Six 2018 - Ti31 \squares Bendings Bank PLC 16% Uns Cap Ln Six 2019 - Ti31 \squares Bendings Bank PLC 16% Uns Cap Ln Six 2005/07 - C152 (22N:063) Bandon Group PLC 7.250 (Net) One Red Pri 250 - 94% (22N:063) Bandon Group PLC 11.25p Gum Red Pri 2005 10p - 103/2 Bandon Group PLC 11.25p Gum Red Pri 2005 10p - 103/2 Bandon PLC 8% Cum 2nd Pri C1 - 104 \squares (238:053) (2391093) Berings PLC 8 456 Non-Clum Prf C1 - 122 4 12 4 3 2 4 3 Sam PLC ADR (2:1) - \$14 4 (10No93) Sam PLC 10/3% Deb Sek 2018 - \$128 4 9 (24No93)

(24Notis) Bass PLC 4¹2% Uns Ln Stk 82/97 - 294¹4 Bass PLC 442% Uns Ln Sik 82/97 - 2944; (19Nds92) Bass PLC 74; % Uns Ln Sik 92/97 - 299/2 14 Bernosa Corp PLC 712% Cum Pri St - 71 (19Ne39) Beradin Hidgs PLC 5p - 41¢ Bergasen d-y AS "B" Non Vig Sha NRC2.5 -NKC155/2 (24Ne89) Blackwood Hodge PLC 9% Cum Red Pri St - 331/2

Biockbuster Stentelmmert Corp Stis Com-Sik \$0.10 - \$30.471463 (23No83) Blug Circle Industries PLC ADR (1:1) - \$4% 47g Boddington Group PLC P²3% Uns Ln Sik 2000/05 - 2103 (28Ne/63) Bods CO PLC ADR (27) - 315.4 (23Ne/63) Botswaris PST Ld Pu2 - 10 (25Ne/63) Bracford & Brigley Building Scotialy115-16 Parm let Bearing Sha 210000 - 2128¹2 ¹4, 7 Partitord & Bingley Building Society13% Perm int Bearing Shs \$10000 - 21414, 12 22

222 Brent Informational PLC 9% Cum Red Prf £1 - 102 (24No63) Brent Waller Group PLC Was to Sub for Ord 1 (24MoS2)
Brent Walker Group PLC 8.5% 3rd Non-Cum
Gre Red 2007/10 £1 - 2½
Bridon PLC 6% Wars Ln Stk 2002/07 - 599
(24MoS2)
Bristel Waler PLC 6% 6 Com Ind Pdf £1 -

Bristel Waler PLC 6-1, % Corn lend Prf £1 - 1221; (24NoS3)
Bristel Waler Hidgs PLC Ord £1 - 970
Bristel Waler Hidgs PLC 6.75% Cum Crw
Rod Prf 1998 She £1 - 197 (24NoS3)
Bristel & West Building Society 133, % Perm
Int Beering She £1000 - £1253; § 4
Britannia Building Society 13% Perm Int
Beering She £1000 - £1253; § 4
Britannia Building Society 13% Perm Int
Beering She £1000 - £1253; § 6
Britan Always PLC ADR (10:1) - £41.2\$ \$
61 150 A8735\$
Britan Always PLC ADR (10:1) - £41.2\$ \$
61 150 A8735\$ Tobacco Co Ld 6% 2nd

British-American Tobacco Ce La 1976 200 Cum Pri Sik Ct - 62 (23No83) Shitash Land Co PLC 101/36 Did 1st Milg Deb Sik 2019/24 - \$12614 (19No63) British Petroleum Co PLC 8% Cum 1st Pri \$1 British Petroleum Co PLC 6% Cum 2nd Pri 21 - 940 British Polythane Industries PLC 9.25% Cum

British Polythens Industries PLC 9.25% Cum Pact Pt Ct - 119 20½
British Steel PLC ADR (10:1) - \$17%
British Telecommunications PLC Ord 25pflog int Cert 260p To Pays - 203 ½ 4 4 ½ 5 ½ 8 9 8 ½ 5.05 % 7 7 -18 .35 ½ % .05 % .0 72 4 (24No

Burmah Castrol PLC 74, % Cara Red Pri £1 - 27 4 (24/NG3)

Burmah Castrol PLC 5% Cara Pri £1 - 28 (24/NG3)

Burmah Castrol PLC 5% Cara Pri £1 - 28 (24/NG3)

Burton Group PLC 0% Grov Uns Ln Six 1989/2001 - 298-1 100

Butto Miring PLC 10% 64-01 Crow Cara Red Pri 1924 105 - 09-2 (23/NG3)

Butto Miring PLC 10% 64-01 Crow Cara Red Pri 1934 105 - 09-2 (23/NG3)

CRH PLC 7% "A" Cara Pri Ix1 - 20.63

CRH PLC 7% "A" Cara Pri Ix1 - 20.63

CRH PLC 7% "A" Cara Pri Ix1 - 67

Carlinone Energy Co Inc She of Com Six 30.0075 - 513-055-0

Callino Communications PLC ADR (2-1) - 523

Cariton Communications PLC ADR (2-1) - 523

Cariton Communications PLC 72-5% Crow Subord 56x 2007(Reg E5000) - £13-054

Subord Pols 2007/Plag £5000) • £1301₆
(2NNoS2)
Cotepiter Into Shis of Cum Silk \$1 • \$63.72
(24NoS2)
Cathay Infornational Hidgs PLC 101₂% Cum
Pri £1 • 105 (2NNoS3)
Centex Corporation Sha of Cum Silk \$0.25 •
\$38.623710
Chartwood Affanon Hidgs Ld 81₆% 1st Mig
Dub Silk 95/38 • 500 (22NoS3)
Chaltestam & Gloucester Bulld Soc 111₄%
Perm 1st Bearing Sha E50000 • £1271₂ 1₄
Choster Waterworks Co Ord Silk • £7200
(23NoS3)
Chillington Corporation PLC Warrants to sub
for Ord • 1

For Ord - 1
Chillington Corporation PLC 9¹/₂% Cum resu
PH 21 - 91
Chillington Corporation PLC 9% Cnv Uns Ln
Six 1999 - 134
Clayhithe PLC 9.5% Subord Cnv Uns Ln Six
2000/01 - 133 7 (244683)
Clayetend Place Holdings PLC 3¹/₄% Ind Dab Convenience Place Holdings PLC 314% and Dab Six - 248 Co-Operative Bank PLC 9.25% Non-Cum and Pri 21 - 117146 Costs Papers PLC 412% Uns Ln Six 2002/07 - 272 Costs Patens PLC 61/% Uns Ln Six 2002/07 - 255 (21Ne03) - 255 (21Ne03) Costs Patens PLC 4.9% Cum Pri 21 - 58 ()

- ISIS (2-IANSIS)
Coals Viyela PLC 4.9% Cum Pri \$1 - 58 g
Cohen(A.) 4 CO PLC Non.V "A" Ord 20p 300 (20NoS3)
Cohenja (Nacinvestments Ld 9% Uns Ln
Six 91/96 - 592 (24NoS3)
Commercial Union PLC 3.5% Com Red Pri 21 - 69 ET - 69 Commercial Union PLC 63/5% Cum land Pri E1 - 114 4 5 4 £1 - 114% 5 %
Commercial Union PLC 8%% Corn lend Pri
£1 - 117 % ½ 23%
Cooper Frederick PLC 6.5p (Net) Cnv Red
Curn Pg Pri 10p - 85 g2%c63)
Courtaide PLC 6% Curn Red 2nd Pri 21 -

Countaide PLC 51/3% Ung Ln Six 94/96 -25/75/2020/06/39 Countaide PLC 51/3% Ung Ln Six 94/96 -25/75/2020/06/39 Countaide PLC 51/3% Ung Ln Six 94/96 -137/2 pz/Noss)
Courtside PLC 8/2% Una Ln Stk 94/96 1100/2 p24/io53)
Courtsides PLC 7/4% Uns Ln Stk 94/96 139() 10
Courtsides PLC 7/4% Uns Ln Stk 94/96 1100() 39
Covertsy Building Society 12/4% Perm Interest Bearing She 11000 - £127/2 % 6
Crodia International PLC 5.9% Cunt Pri £1 80

Crods International PLC 6.8% Cum Pri £1 -UC Cropper(Lames) PLC 9% Une Ln Stk 94/99 - \$10012 (24/1083) Delly Mail & General Trust PLC Ord 60p - PS 6 7 Delgety PLC 4.85% Cum Prf 21 - 83/2 (24/1083)

(24NOSS) Dares Estatos PLC 7.76% Cnv Cum Red Pri \$1 - 9 mis PLC 74,% Uns Ln Stk 2002/07 -C90 (19A 9NoSS) ama PLC 73,4% Una Ln Sik 2002/07 • 081 (19No83) Denocra PLC 6.25% Cum Criv Red Pri \$1 -112 (22No83) ((22No93) Nirek PLC Grd 10p - 80 (22No93) Dover Corp Corn Sits \$1 = \$569 (10NoS3) E-Systems Inc Corn Sits \$1 = \$42½ (22NoS3) B Cro MiningliExploration Co PLC Ord 10p -560 (19NoSS)

Electron House PLC 7.5% Cnv Cum Red Pri 21 - 1120 Byeff/Imbledon) PLG Cro 20p - 23f/o63, Emess PLG 6.38pf/tel) Criv Cum Red Prt-Sp. est 9 Enterprise Oil PLC 11*26 Une Ln Str 2010-\$19420

Enterprise CB PLC 11½% Une Ln Str 2016—113426

Encason(L.M. (Yesternaldebologogider

BERINGSK10 - \$40.77 SK304.57 8.46664 41

1.9 22 103 38 ½ 71 76 33 33 ½ ½ 4

1.6 3 ½ ½ 5 5 5 .03 .468085 ½ ½ 6 5 ½ ½

7.7 50 5½

Ensex Water PLC 3½% Perp Deb-Site - 240
(224)683

Estates Property Invasiment Co Ld 1096 1st
May Deb Site 2011 - 2107 p33Not53

Euro Disney S.C.A. She FFR10 (Depository
Paceigns) - 286 8 7 70 5 6# 7 80 3 4 6 7 8

± 90 2 6 6# 8 90 300 ± 1 2 5 7 7 7 8 10 2±

3 4 5 6 20 2 8 7‡ 80 30‡ 9 40 2 9‡ 5 5\$ 7

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25 15 24 ½ 3 31 A ½ 65 35 94 65

36 5 7 74 ½ 35 5 5 20 ½ ½ 5 36 ¼ 8 8

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8 0.6 2 A5 ½ 9 9.05 A 55 30.05 1.45

European Leisure PLC 8 750 ping Con Cum

Surphymod PLC/Euroburned SA Units († SPLC . Ord 40p & 1 56A FR10) (84 - FR37.8 (20Not6) Surphinnel PLC/Surphinnel SA Units

.78 Exploration Co PLC Ord Stk Sp - 310 Edgl Group PLC 10¹2% Cum Prt 21 -(19No93) FPL Group Inc She at Com 8tk \$0.01 - \$38 (23th053)
Fidelity Accumulating Money Fund LdOrd S0.01(Spanish Pessets Fund Shat - PT2214.6 (22th053)
FineyLames(FLC 4.24) Cum 2nd Pri 3th 21 - 87 (22th053)
FineyLames(FLC 5% Cum 2nd Pri 3th 21 - 78 (22th053)
FineyLames(FLC 5% Cum 2nd Pri 5th 21 - 78 (22th053)
First Chicago Corp Curn 5th 35 - 342.97 31s (24th053)
First Chicago Corp Curn 5th 35 - 342.97 31s (24th053)
First National Building Society 114.5% Perm

(SANOSS)
First National Building Society 11 \$1% Perm Int Bearing She \$10000 - \$114 \$4 \$4.
First National Finance Corp PLG 7% Cov.
Carn Red Pri \$1 - 132 \$3 \$4440639
Finance PLG Aug (4:1) - \$55, \$2340639
Finance PLG Aug (4:1) - \$55, \$2340639
Formanter PLG 11% Curn Pri \$1 - 133
1 0940639 (19No93) Forta PLC 9.1% Une Ln Stk 96/2000 - 2102 Fortnum & Mason PLC Ord Stk \$1 - \$42

(c03) By Holels PLC 41,96 Cmv Cum Red Pri £1 - 75 (24NoS3) lendly Hotele PLC 7% One Cum Red Pri £1 - 85
Prograde Estates PLC 13.85% 1st Mag Dab Six 2000/03 - \$120 (22NoX3)
GN Great Nordic Ld Sire DK100 - FR493.6 G.T. Chila Growth Fand Ld Ord \$0.01 - \$221₂ 221₄ al Accident PLC 7% % Cum land Pri \$1

dent PLC #3% Cum land Pvt £1 Centers Account PLC #1% Care and Pri 2: - 118-1 5 1, General Acc Freshile Asso Corp PLC71, % Une Ln Six 92/97 - 2100 7; (24NeSt); ' General Bectric Co PLC AOR (1:1) - \$4.95 Centers A Denty PLC Ord Cap 250 - 141 Genter & Denty PLC Ord 100 - 82 (22NeSt) General Group Ld 84,% Une Ln Six 88/96 50p Group Ld 74% Una Ln Stk 85/95 50p

- 494 (220480)

Clymwed International PLC 104% Una Ln Stit.
94/39 - 2104

Goodhead Group PLC 7% Cnv Cum Red Prf
C1 - 70 (240480)

Grand Metropolitan PLC 5% Cum Prf £1 - co.f. 59¹2 Great Portland Estates PLC 9.5% 1et Mig Great Portland Estates PLC 9.5% 1et Mag
Deb Sitz 2019 - 1174 (23N-63)
Great Linhersol Stores PLC 51/1% Red Una
Ln Set - 153 (16N-653)
Great Universal Stores PLC 81/1% Una Ln Sit
33/18 - 138 (16N-653)
Greatellis Group PLC 896 Com Pri 11 - 110
Greatellis Group PLC 896 Ind Una Ln Sit 330 (24N-653)
Greatellis Group PLC 91/1% Ind Una Ln Sit 230 (24N-653)
Greatellis Group PLC 91/1% Ind Una Ln Sit 2100 (24N-663)

Streemelle Group Table 2000 (24NoRQ) \$100 (24NoRQ) Cassiconet PLC 9/2% Cum Red Pyr 2014 £1 -2 855 PLC ADR (5:1) - \$32% .87 % Guinness Pführ Girlost Strategy Fd Ptg Rad Pri 30.01(Assen Fd) - 233.351 466 (224)065 Guinness Pfight Global Strategy Fd Ptg Rad Pri 30.01(European Bond Fund) -220.849197 (19NoS3) Guinness Pfight Global Strategy Fd Ptg Rad Pri 30.01(Euro High Inc Bd Fd) - 225.37 (19NoS3)

(191053)
Galaness Fight Global Strategy Fd Ptg Red
Pri 50.01(Global High Inc Bd Fd) - 215.953
Galaness Fight Ind Acg Fund Ld Ptg Red Pri
\$60.01(Managed Currency Fd) - \$83,13
(191083) ness Flight Intl Acc Fund Ld Ptg Red Prisupipe Selection 537,240016 (19No83) Surnossa Filipit Ind Acc Fund Ld Ptg Red Pri Surnossa Filipit Ind Acc Fund Ld Ptg Red Pri

S0.01 (int Crw6.Equity Fd) - \$36,29 (19No 89C Hidgs PLC Ord \$110 (Horg Kong Reg) - \$184,578791 5¹2,8388,863775 ,8586 6.2 ¹4, 3, 3, 352813,352943,3612 HSBC Hidgs PLC 11.89% Subord Bds 2002 (Reg) - C112 20 1 3 HSBC Hidgs PLC 11.89% Subord Bds 2002 GP EVAN - C1221 A (19Nos3)
Halifax Bullding Society 84/94 Perm Int Bearing Sns 890000 - C10114
Halitax Bullding Society 12% Perm Int Bearing Sns Et (Reg E50000) - C13412 A (24Nos3)

(24No93) foil Engine \$1 - 78 oring(Hidgs)PLC 5.55% Cum Prf son Prog low&Dev Coro PLC Out 25p - 407¹2 Hardys & Harsons PLC Ord 5p - 249 (1910-93) Hepstorth Capital Finance Ld 11.25% Crv Cap Bds 2005 (First) - 145½ 7 Hercules Into She of Cum Sik of NPV -\$102-1-4 \$102-1-4 8084 - 507 (244-95)

own Hidge PLC ADRI(4:1) - \$84 Hilledown Holgs PLC ADRI(4:1) - \$914
(23No59)
Hotmes Protection Group Inc Stat of Corn Sik
\$0.25 - 88
Housing Phiance Corporation Ld 11½% Deb
Six 2019 - \$122½
RM PLC 7456 Uns Ln Sik 88/93 - \$99½
(19No59)
15 Himstayen Puns NV Ord PLCD1 - \$14½
legtend Group PLC One Curn Red Pri 20p 13?
Received Group PLC One Curn Red Pri 20p 13?
Received Borris Statistical Ld 7% Non-Curn
Received Group BLC One Curn Red Pri 20p -

13/2
Mingworth Morris (Subsine) Ld 7% Non-Cum Pri Sop - 17 (19NoS3) Inch Kenneth Kolung Pubber PLC 10p -£16½ (19NoS3) Industriel Control Services Grp PLCOrd 10p -

146 52 International Inv., Tot Co of Jersey/13% Cum. Red Prf 51 - 104 Int Stock Exchange of UK&Rep of Int.d 7% % Mit Stock Exchange of UK&Rep of Int.d 7% % Mit Stock Exchange of UK&Rep of Int.d 7% % Mit Stock Exchange of UK&Rep of Int.d 7% 9 9 9 9 Jerdine Statistics on Height Life Tot \$1.25 (Hong Kong Register) - \$157.864554 8.265596 355175 363459 lardine Strategic Hidge Ld Ord \$0.05 (Hong Kong Register) - \$123,34977 848468 .74927

Kong Register) - \$129.349977 .849468 7.4927 Junery Electricity Co Ld "A" Ond 21 - \$16¹4 (234693) Jessupa P.LC 73p (Net) Cnv Cum Red Prf 50p - 100 (2254893) Johnson & Firth Brown P.LC 11.05% Cum Prf £1 - 115 (258663) Johnson & Firth Brown P.LC 11% Uns Ln Stk 93/86 - 2100 (244693) Johnson Group Glescors P.LC 7.5p (Net) Cnv Cum Red Prf 10p - 158 60 Cnv Cum Prf £1 - 780 (238690) Juneau, Matthey P.LC 8% Cnv Cum Prf £1 - 130 (228680) Johnson (258680) P.LC 10% Cum Prf £1 - 130 (228680) Rong & Smooten Holgs P.LC 5% Cum Prf £1 - 150 (228680) Rong & Smooten Holgs P.LC 5% Cum 2nd Prf £1 - 519²4 (198603) Rong & P.LC 5% Cum 2nd Prf £1 - 519²4 (198603) Rong & P.LC 5% Cum 2nd Prf £1 - 519²5 (248603) Rong & Smooten Holgs P.LC 5% Cum 2nd Prf £1 - 519²5 (248603) Rong & Smooten Holgs P.LC 5% Cum 2nd Prf £1 - 519²5 (198603) Rong & Smooten Holgs P.LC 5% Cum 2nd Prf £1 - 519²5 (198603) Rong & Smooten Holgs P.LC 5% Cum 2nd Prf £1 - 519²5 (198603) Rong & Smooten Holgs P.LC 5% Cum 2nd Prf £1 - 519²5 (198603) Rong & Smooten Holgs P.LC 5% Cum 2nd Prf £1 - 519²5 (198603) Rong & Smooten Holgs P.LC 5% Cum 2nd Prf £1 - 519²5 (198603) Rong & Smooten Holgs P.LC 5% Cum 2nd Prf £1 - 519²5 (198603) Rong & Smooten Holgs P.LC 5% Cum 2nd Prf £1 - 519²5 (198603) Rong & Smooten Holgs P.LC 5% Cum 2nd Prf £1 - 519²5 (198603) Rong & Smooten Holgs P.LC 5% Cum 2nd Prf £1 - 519²5 (198603) Rong & Smooten Holgs P.LC 5% Cum 2nd Prf £1 - 519²5 (198603) Rong & Smooten Holgs P.LC 5% Cum 2nd Prf £1 - 519²5 (198603) Rong & Smooten Holgs P.LC 5% Cum 2nd Prf £1 - 519²5 (198603) Rong & Smooten Holgs P.LC 5% Cum 2nd Prf £1 - 519²5 (198603) Rong & Smooten Holgs P.LC 5% Cum 2nd Prf £1 - 519²5 (198603) Rong & Smooten Holgs P.LC 5% Cum 2nd Prf £1 - 519²5 (198603) Rong & Smooten Holgs P.LC 5% Cum 2nd Prf £1 - 519²5 (198603) Rong & Smooten Holgs P.LC 5% Cum 2nd Prf £1 - 519²5 (198603) Rong & Smooten Holgs P.LC 5% Cum 2nd Prf £1 - 519²5 (198603) Rong & Smooten Holgs P.LC 5% (198603) Rong & Smooten Holgs P.LC 5% (198603) Rong & S

Kroener A.S. Pres A Sta NK12.50 - NK3 10 12 Ledbroke Group PLC ADR (1:1) - C1.59 iont Hidgs PLC 10% 3nd Cum Prf £1 -Lemont Hidge PLC 10% and Cum Pri S1 - 117 (tighe93)
Land Securities PLC 8% 1et hitg Date Sik 96/2001 - 21074
Land Securities PLC 6% 16 Une Ln Sik 82/97 - 090 22/1658
Land Securities PLC 6% 16 Une Ln Sik 82/97 - 090 22/1658
Laske PLC 10½ 16 Date Sik 2009 - 2121%
Laske Remander Building Society 13½ 16
Perm Int Bearing Sis 51/000 - 2137 ½ ½ 5
Perm Int Bearing 53/0000 - 2149 ½
Lex Sarvice PLC 62/96 Cum Pri S1 - 68
(24/608)
Litt Holdstos PLC 62/96 Cum Pri S1 - 68 UT Holdings PLC 9.47% Com Red Pri 5p -44 5 5 7 8

445576 Landon International Group PLC ADR (5:1) -\$10.36 (191083) Landon Securities PLC Ord 1p - 41₂ (24NoS3) Loarho PLC ADR (1:1) - \$2 .02 Loarho PLC 10¹4% 1st Mbg Deb Sti. 97/2002 - £108 (24NASS)
LOOKern FLC 67% GW Clum Red Pri £1 - 109
15. (24NASS)
LOW(Min) 8. GO PLC 6.75% Cum Criv Red Pri
£1 - 94
LOW(Min) 8. GO PLC 6.75% (400) Criv
Cum Red Pri 10p - 18. (24NaSS)
MEPC PLC 83.% 1st Ming Deb Sitk 67/2002 £10819 - 2108 (24NoSQ) pokers PLC 6% Cmr Cum Red Pri E1 - 109

21081₂ MEPC PLC 1014% 1st May Oob SN 2024 -51341; (23No93) MEPC PLC 8% Une Ln SN 2000/05 - £1021₄ 24NoS9 PLC on the bill ask 2002 - 21214, (24NoS9) MSPC PLC 1012% Uns Ln Sik 2002 - 21214, (22NoS9) McOrphel/Minel) PLC 896 Cum Pri 21 - 108 McCarthy & Stone PLC 8,75% Cum Red Pri 2003 £1 - 7212 4 15, (MCCarthy & Stone PLC 77% Chr Uns Ln 88k 99/04 - 270 12 (22NoS9)

Spermey Proporties PLC "A" Ord 1/201.10 Venderin Oriental International Ld Ord \$0.05 (Bermuda Regi - \$16.6 (23No95) Venderin Oriental International Ld Ord \$0.05 partitica (mg - areas camping Annothin Orlentat International Ld Ord \$0.06 (Hong Kong Regi - \$18,7 (23NoR3) Annganese Bronze Hidge PLC 94,74 Cum

Marius & Spencer PLC ADR (\$21) - 837.12 Marius & Spencer PLC 7% Cum Prf \$1 - 8 Varius & Spencer PLC 10% Cum Prf \$1 - 8 112 (\$25)685) at a Universal PLC 7"2% Cum Red Pri 96 (22NoRs) Marchaff's Universal PLG 72% Coox Red Pri C1 - 96 (290-00명, Medient PLG ADR (4:1) - \$7.85한 ,855한 개설 Marchaff Redii Group PLG 8% Cov Uns Ln Ste 1980 - 1982

Lri Sik SOJOL - 292 Mercury International Inf Trust Ld Pig Fled Prif 1p Reserva Fund - 250,82880 Mercury Ottabore, Sterling Trust She of NPV[LLK:Fund] - 145 (24NoS3) ersey Doctor & Harbour Co 6*456 Red Deb Str 96/88 - 597 4 and Bank PLC 10%% Subord Uns La Stk 53/96 - £101 Michael Bank PLC 14% Sabord Una Le Sak 2002/07 - \$136 VFG PLC 7¹4% Cov 8ds 2007(Reg) - \$113 NAC Group PLC Warrants to sub for Shs-

Nuito Group PLC Warrante to sub for Shs-87 (127)(163) NMC Group PLC 7.75p (Not) Curn Red Cow Prf 10p - 122 3 National Westminater Bank PLC 796 Curn Prf 51 - 7512 National Westminater Bank PLC 1995 Subord Una Ln Bit 1883 - £100 £35\035 National Westminater Bank PLC 1292% Subord Una Ln Stc 2004 - £1329 Navosatio Building Society 127,95 Parm Interest Bossing 39s 51000 - £1326 3 [24Not83]

CANADIS
North Start Weter PLC 8% Fled Dab Stc 1921/83 - \$100\(\frac{6}{2}\) 1921/84 Perrit to Bearing \$C100\(\frac{6}{2}\) - \$123\(\frac{7}{2}\) 1, Pacific Gas 5 Escritic Co She of Curn Stc 55 - \$32\(\frac{7}{2}\) 2981/853
Paramount Communications ino Corp Stc 51 - \$75.8981/23\(\frac{7}{2}\) 2981/853
Paramount Toutheliting PLC Ond 25p - 200 C444663 Parisand Toutlet-Beigg PLC Ont 25p - 200 (24NoS3) Patrason Zochonia PLC 10% Cum Prf S1 -126 (19RoS9) Peel Fidge PLC 10% Cum Prf S0p - 05 (24NoS9) Peet Hadge PLC 5.25% (Net) Ony Cum Non-Vig Pri 21 - 122 8 ½ Peet South Face oni South East Ld 31456 Una La Sik 87/97 -2381/2 9 (239/093) el South Emis Lu o ser 1891 - 9 (23N-93) retrauler à Criental Steam New Co 5% Cum Pris Str. - 259 (22N-93) artèns Foods PLC Sp(Net) Com Cnv Red Pri

na S.A. Ord She NPV (Er in Denom 1,5 Attolise SAL US of the Feb.

A 101 - 97-183.050572 9626

Pitterist PLC 91-18 Court Pri S1 - 83 (22)4063

Pitterist PLC 91-18 Court Pri S1 - 83 (22)4063

Pitterist PLC 91-18 Court Pri S1 - 83 (22)4063

Poliphend (C.P.) Co Ld Stra 50.05 (Hong Poliphend (C.P.) Co Ld Stra 50.05) Kong Registered - SHSIs \$22N069 Porter Checkurn PLC 8% Crw Cum Red Pri 1988 £1 - 40 (23N689) Platinums Ld Ord R0.025 - 250

PowerGen PLC ADR (10:1) - \$69½ Practical investment Co PLC Ord 10p - 163 (24No93) emjer Health Group PLC Ord 1p - 2 ,0078 the transmission PLC 10.6% Cum Pri S1 = REALHOR PLC 916 Cum Pri 21 - 741₂ 61₂ REAHlogs PLC 1296 Criv Une Ln Stk 2000 - 284¹2 5¹2 (24NoRS) RPH Ld 4¹2% Uns Ln S& 2004/00 - 080 RPH Ld 916 Uns Ln S& 99/2004 - 989

(24NoS) P.C. 3.5% "B" Cam Pri TITZ Corporation P.C. 3.5% "B" Cam Pri Tiffyaj - 55 (18NoS) FITZ Corporation P.C. 3.5% "B" Cum Pri Tifjaj (20n 64) - 63 (19NoS) Racal Bectronics P.C. ADS (21) - 35.4 .44 (24No93) Rank Organisation PLC ADR (1:1) - \$12.55 somes PLC 8.25p (Net) Com Cnv Pri

Rationnee PLU outop press value 12.56 - 51
Reddit & Colman PLC 5% Cum Pri \$1 - 58
Read International PLC 3.5% (Firsty 6%) Cum
Pri \$1 - 63 (23Ne69)
Regis Property Heige PLC 84,% Gad Une Ln
Six 1987 - 2:100 (23Ne69)
Rendid PLC 6% Cum Pri Six \$1 - 68
Retail Corporation PLC 4.55% (Firsty 6*2%) Robal Corporation PLA 45576 (1914) Cum Srd Prf S1 - 85 (1914)689 Richards PLC 5% Cum Pld S1 - 36 (2214)689 Richards PLC 5½% Cum Pld 75p - 38 our PLC 11¹2% Cum Pri £1 - 126 yel Bank of Canada Int Cap Fd Ld Ptg Red Pri \$0.001'-1 55.500 (19NoS0)

Royal Bank of Scotland Group PLC 11% Cam Pri ST = 124 (22NoS3) Rugby Group PLC 6% Line Lri Stk 93/98 = 198 Santchi & Santchi Co PLC ADR (3:1) -\$7.650 thi & Santohi Co PLC 8% Criv Una Lit Six 2015 - EB5 (24NoB3) Seirobury(J) PLC ADR (1:1) - E3.85 (22NoB3) Scantronter Hdgs PLC 7.250 (NoB Cov Cum Red Prf 20p - 102 (24NoB3) 20p - 102 (24NoR3) =(3.) 8 Son Ld 6% Cum Red

polish Metropolism Property PLC 104, % 1st Mg Deb Sik 2016 - \$1164, (24NoRS) ntilish & Newmatte PLC 4,6% Cum Prf \$1 77 (2014-201 \$1 - 207 (23No33) Scottlish Power PLC Ord 30p - 403 4'6 5 12-12 . 5 6 6 77 12 3 Segra PLC 5.2896 (First) 71230 Gum Art \$1 -THE PLC 4.9% (FIREY 7%) "A" Come Pel &1 -

75
Seams PLC 74,94-Line Ln 8th; 9297 - 939
Seam PLC 74,94-Line Ln 8th; 9297 - 939
Seam River Creating PLC 696 Index-Linked,
Dub Stk 2012 (6,2934) - 2122 L; (239669)
Shell Transport&TradingCo PLC Ord She (8t)
25p (Con 191) - 684 (224689)
Shell Transport&TradingCo PLC 6936, 1st.
DelfComPt. 451 m Engineering PLC 914% Date Six 92/97 200 Cruto PLC 11% Lins. Ln 6th b2/97 27/2 2.100% (19No64) Signon Building Sodely 12/16 Penn, lnt Bearing She 2000 - 213/14 % Snfth New Court PLC 1226 Subord Uns Ln Sik 2007 - 214/4 7/4 Snfth MW 2007 - 214/4 7/4 Snfth MW 2007 - 214/2 Subord Uns Ln Sik 2007 - 214/4 7/4 Snfth MW 1) Group PLC 78 Ord 10p - 107 Snfth MW 1) Group PLC 54/4 Cum PM 21 - 20

90. nith/Sine Beecham PLC ADR (5:1) - \$90 (24NoS3) nith/Sine Beecham PLC/Smith/Sine ADR Strandard Chartened PLC 127, % Subord Uns Ln Str 2002/07 - 2129 SubStrandard Chartened PLC 37, % Subord Uns Ln Str 2002/07 - 2129 21 - 67 B Symonds Engineering PLC Ord 5p - 21 T & N PLC 11¹4% Mig Dab Stk 95/2000 -

7 & N PLC 111, % Mig Date Six 95/2000 – \$107 2 (24NoSS)
THPC (Indexwork) Ld 5.69% Index-Linked Six 2020(5.542%) – \$129 (18NoSS)
TSB GR. Fand Ld Pig Fiel Pri 10(Clese*A*)
Pig Red Prij – 112:34 (22NoSS)
TSB GROUP FLC 107-% Subord Ln 88x 2008 – \$122 ½ ½
TSB Offshore Inv Fund Ld Pig Red Pri 10(LK Equity Clese) – 385, 17 9.58
TT-Group PLC 10.6765% Cnv Clim Red Pri 518 £1 1987 – 275
Talese PLC 11.8% 1sk Mig Date 50x 2014 – \$128½ (24NoSS)
Talesen PLC 41.8% 1sk Mig Date 50x 2014 – \$128½ (24NoSS)
This control of the first Six 2008 – \$124 (19NoSS)
This control of the first Six 2008 – \$128½ (24NoSS)
This control of the first Six 2008 – \$128½ (24NoSS)
This control of the first Six 2008 – \$128½ (24NoSS)
Tradings House PLC 5.675% Cum Pri \$1 – \$2 (23NoSS)
Tradings House PLC 7% Une Date Six 21 –

Tradigar House PLC 7% Uns Dab Stir 21 - 78 (23NoS3)
Tradigar House PLC 8% Uns Ln Stir 94/89 - 297 (23NoS3) Parager Found PLC 91/2 % Une Ln Stk 2000/ 05 - 2000 8 4 (244-05) 7 February PLC 101/2 % Une Ln Stk 2000/ 05 - 2000 8 4 (244-05) 7 February PLC 101/2 % Une Ln Stk 2001/05 - 2110 Paragetentic Holdings PLC A Criv Prf 50p - 22.84 2.85 3.35 (224-05) 7 February PLC 8 6% Criv Prf 51 - 30 9 - 98 9 ramsport Development Group PLC 81, % Una Ln Stt 33/98 - 210012 (33/863) ronota Minayeta Barted SM1 - 26.9 rosaketra

(2294093) Unigete PLC 4.95% Curri Prf £1 - 96 (1094093) (19Ne93) Unigete PLC 5% Una Lo-Sit 91/96 - 200 (22Ne93) C2NOSC 9-2% Une Ln Sit 91/86 - 298 Unique PLC 9DF (4:1) + 865 (22N-93) Unique PLC 9DF (4:1) + 865 (22N-93) Union international Co PLC 9% Cum Pri Sit 51 - 4/5/2 7 (24N-93) Union hitemational Co PLC 7% Cum Pri 880 -90 -90 Corp Corn Set \$0.01 - \$11.55

United Ringdom Property Co PLC 8-2% Une Lin Stk 2000/05 - 593 (24No89) Vacy Group PLC 113-96 Date Stk 2010 -\$1334 (19No89) are PLC 5% Cum(fax Free To \$00)Prf Victoria PLC 9% Cumffax Free To SigNyl Skr £1 - 72 (PANot62)
Voctoriane Group PLC AURITOR) - 5774,
Wagon Industrial Hidge PLC 7.250 (Neg Criv Peg Pri 10p - 138 (SANot68)
Walter Greenbank PLC 612% Criv Cum Red Pri 269 - 1189
Welkor(Thorses) PLC Ord 5p - 23 (PANo63)
Warburg (S.E.) Group PLC 751% Cum Pri £1 108

- 106

Warner Estude Hidgs PLC 61₂% Une Ln 98k 61/86 - 266 (244-659)

Welcome PLC ADR (1:1) - 39.115 p. 13 p. 22869 24696 p. 46696 Farge & Company Sha of Com Sik %5 - \$113.767986 61 (224-65)

Westland Group PLC Warnante to sub for Old 143 rid Group PLC 712% On Cum Pr S1 and PLC 412% 2nd Cum Pd Sik Si -

Whittneed PLC 742% 2nd Cum Pri Sik 21 = 68
Whittneed PLC 5% 3rd Cum Pri Sik 21 = 68
Whittneed PLC 7% 3rd Cum Pri Sik 21 = 68
Whittneed PLC 7% 5rd Cum Pri Sik 374-81
Whittneed PLC 7% 6red Deb Sik 367-84
12384 (244683)
Mhittneed PLC 5% 6red Line Lin Sik 567-84
12384 (124683)

of PLC 5.1% Cutt Prf \$1 - 5012 2 Widney PLC 8,78% Crw Com Red 2nd Pri White Coroon Group PLO ADR (5:1) - £17.40 17.620 wex Corp Corp SZk \$1 - \$80% 4 15 0

Section Investment Trust PLC TT. 12576.

Section Deb Six 2012 - \$132\frac{1}{2}\$ 224.000

Broadgate Investment Trust PLC Was to Six for Crd - 46 \$384.000

G.S.C.Amentment Trust PLC Ord 25p - 93 Captal Gentag Yest PLC Ord 25p - 93 (1994c63) Captal Gentag Yest PLC Ord 25p - 485 (1994c63) (19NOKS) lements Kores Emerging Growth FundSta \$10 (Fleg Lun) - \$14-14.4 (22NoGS) Uns Ln Sik 2001 - 180-(28hold)
Finebury Smidler Cora Trace PLC Zeno Div Pri
25p - 191-2 (250-1603)
Floraing Cleverhouse Inv Trace PLC Zeno Div Pri
35k 2005 - 2127
Floraing Japanese Inv Trace PLC Wils to, Sub3cr Cord - 78 - 73 - 9 9
Gertinore Shared Strate Trace PLC General
Cord Inc 10p - 105 7 2 8 2 9
Cord Inc 10p - 105 7 2 8 2 9
Categorie Income Strate PLC Weatenings to Subfor Cord - 0/c (24hold)
Govett Strategic Inv Trace PLC 556 Coam Pri nar Org - 0/6 (24Ne93) lovett Strategic inn Trust PLC 5% Cum Pri 21 - 07 (22Ne93) 27 - 07 (22700%)
ITH Japanese Smaller Co's Tituat PLCOrd
25p - 86% 7 12 8
acord Select Investment Trust La Pty Red
25t 0.1p U.K. Liquid Assets Fund - 210

(1984085)
London & St. Lawrence Investment PLCOrd 5p - 168 (258408)
London & St. Lawrence Investment PLCOrd 5p - 168 (258408)
London & St. Lawrence Investment PLCOrd Cum Pri 21 - 86 (248408)
New Guerrany Securities Trust Ld Ord 25p - 108 (2584085) tor Trust(1989 PLC 12.6% Deb St. 2006 - 2130

Miscellaneous Warrants Berdeys De Zouis Wedd Wis Lei Cell Wis[Sra B)Plito HSBC Ord 17/8/84 - \$4,1 (24NoSS)

USM Appendix BLP Group PLC Ord Stip - 89th SLP Group PLC Sp (Net) City Teat Pri 10p - 83 0 1; (22NoS3) Delote Group PLC Ord 160.25 - 190.145th PSD Heldings PLC Ord 160.50 - 121.95 152. Grobs Mets PLC Ord 25p - 342 5 5d 22NoS3 Housing Browery PLC Ord 50p - 67 Midlend & Scottlen Resources PLC Ord 10m

Rule 535(2) Ann Street Engeririos Go Ld Ord £1 - £3.3

= £45
Average Trust PLC Ord £1 = £3 (24NoS5)
Batto Sochange Ld 83-56 and 1at Mag Del
Stit = £100 (10NoS3)
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New Preognoster: Trust[1953] PLC 12.5%
Deb Sit 2006 - 2130
Perfises Franch Investment Trust PLC 398
"B" Witnesses to sub for Ord - 32
Schroder Korea-Fund PLC Ord 30.01 (8h) 312½
Scottish Seaters fee Trust PLC 94,% Deb Sit 2010 - 112½
Scottish Nellorus Trust PLC 10% Deb Sit 2011 - 2110½ (18NoSS)
Scottish Vitator Scotland PLC 12% Deb Sit 2011 - 2110½ (18NoSS)
Springs Presented Trust PLC Perfect Marcus to sub for Ord - 8¼ (24NoSS)
This Street Companies for Trust PLC 10½%
Deb Sit 2016 - 21274 (24NoSS)
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Updown Investment Co PLC Ord 25p - 386
Witten Investment Co PLC Ord 25p - 386
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- 5101½ (24NoSS)

Ventral Presentation Co PLC 5% Deb Sit 95/99
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2101¹2 (24N) Witem Investment Co PLC 812% Dab Stk - 2016 - 211012 (22NoS3)

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\$1 = \$2\$2 \$24No/69\$)
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175 Group PLC Ord \$1 - 82.3 INVESCO MIM International La Japan Income A Ort esnings Stos Ld Ord 25p - £1.85 2 entrings Gros Ld New Ord 25p (Nii Pd-20211/93) - £0.1 Jopings Ld 13% Cum Pri £1 - 20.02 ZZ90 (19No93) Stiewart Beneonlini) Fund Man Int Inc Units Bond Fd - 27-3 ort Benean(int) Fund Man KB Gill Fund Neinwort Berechtino Fund Man Int Squilly : Gwit-Inc - \$2.801¢ Labyridir Group PLC Ord 10p - £0³4 Ln Riche's Stores Ld 5% Pri £1 - 840 Marine & Mexcardile Securities PLC Ord 300:20 - £3.35 3.4 Mattik katerne (19No93) N.W.F. Ld Ord 21 -25.4 (24No92)

nai Group PLC Ord 1p - 20.4 National Perking Corp Ld Crd. 10p - 24,02 North Best Weter PLC Ord S1 - 25 (24NoS3) North West Exploration PLC Ord 20p - 8 (24NoS3) Pan Ardern Resources PLC Ord 1p -20.0995 (24No93) Perpetant Jersey) Ottohore Asian Smaller Meriuta - \$1.635718 (23No83) Perpetual Array Offshore Emerging Co's -£4.118204 (28Not6) Perpetual/Jersey) Offshore Per Sector Crists
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Regd" - 20J2 (24Not3)
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50J57 (16Not3) Severn Valley Roll 20.57 (10Ne99) Shapherd Neame Ld "A" Ord \$1 - 67 South Green Hidge PLC Ord 1p - 50.01 Boutine 3.37 Systems Connection PLC Ord 0.01p - 204, (19No03)

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RULE 535 (4) (a) Bargains marked in secu where principal market is outside the UK and Republic of Iretand. Quotation has not been granted in London and dealings are not recorded in the Official List.

Ceon Pagos OS ASO,74 (23/11) Dalmippon Screen Y621,77 (24/11) For East Hotels & Entertainment Fi Forest Laboratories 231,19

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FINANCIAL TIMES

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LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

MARKET REPORT

Further advance as market regains confidence

Revived confidence that next week's Budget will not deal too harshly with the fragile UK econ-omy hrought another day of wide-spread gains in the London stock market yesterday. Further weak-ness in oil shares failed to hold London back, aithough there was heavy trading after the New York's blue chip oil majors opened down.

Equities were again driven ahead by a strong buyer in the futures market, where traders believe that overseas investors have turned more positive ahead of the Budget speech due on Tuesday from Mr Kenneth Clarke, the UK chancellor of the exchequer.

After a slow start, share prices turned sharply upwards and by

mid-session the FT-SE Index was mora than 30 points ahead at 3,123.4. There was some nervous-ness ahead of Wall Street's return from the Thanksgiving Day break. London fell hack as profits were taken before the aquity trading account closed at 4.30 pm, and the final reading on the FT-SE of 3,111.4 showed a net rise on the day cut to 18.3. The FT-SE Mid 250 Index was also firmer, gaining 9.7 to 3,454.9.

There was general satisfaction with comments in parliament by the chancellor which seemed to confirm that Budget tax increases would lean on the consumer rather than on industry. In particular, the stock market appeared less fearful that tax changes on life assurance companies were planned. These could have hit hoth at premium incoma and investment policies at

Account	Dealing	Dates
*First Dealings: Nov 16	Nov 29	Dec 13
Option Doctorations: Nov 25	Dec 0	Dec 36
Last Dealings; Nov 26	Dec 10	Dec 31
Account Days Dec 8	Dec 20	Jan 10
New time dealless	mey teke	place from two

the hig life companies. The recovery in the stock market over the past two days has left the FT-SE Index 3.4 points up on the week and only 12.3 up over the two week trading account. But on Wednesday, the Footsie closed at 3,067.2 in spite of the half point reduction in base rates on the previ-

Activity in futures was complemented hy a lengthy hut fairly modest trading programme in equines. Traders believe that, while UK funds remain cautious, overseas funds are buyers on equities on the grounds that the Bundesbank is likely to cut rates soon, perhaps next Thursday.

Traders admitted that the close of

the two week trading account bad caught marketmakers short of stock in the face of the sudden turn in sentimeot. But many were surprised by the strength of the market which is now so close to Budget Day. "In the past, trading has always died away as Budget Day drew near," said one. "But this time tt is not just a few speculators at work. There is real investment business out there."

Seaq volume remained high, with the day's 697.6m shares traded comparing with 696.3m in the previous growth in the US economy.

session Retail or customer business was worth £1.59bn on Thursday, a strong figure for what had been been a session marked by pre-Budget caution and Wall Street's closure.

Although the oil stocks suffered beavy pressure, especially after Exxon opened around 4 per cent off national sectors responded well to a dip of only 6.43 on the Dow Industrial Average in London hours. There were good rises among the interest rate-related issues, including the stores and some banks.

UK strategists suggested that global investors have become more confidene that Wall Street will prove able to shake off the weakket, and respond to the signs of



ndices and ratios		
T-SE Mid 250	3454.9	
T-SE-A 350	1550.5	
T-A All-Share	1533.30	
T-A All-Share yield	3.72	
T Ordinary index	2369,3	
T-A 500 p/e	19.85	ť
T-SE 100 Fut Dec	3125.0	
0 yr Gilt yield	6.70	

FT-SE 100 Index

Equity Shares Traded

dices and ratios		
-SE Mid 250	3454.9	
-SE-A 350	1550.5	
-A All-Share	1533.30	+
-A All-Share yield	3.72	(3
Ordinary index	2369,3	+
-A 500 p/e	19.85	(19
-SE 100 Fut Dec	3125.0	+
yr Gilt yield	6.70	(6

Closing index for ... Change over week .3093.1 .3067.2 14.1 Nov 23 3069.3 Nov 22 3070 6 High* 17.0 3123 4 6.70) .3050.6



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Day's Nov 26 chgeff, Nov 25 Nov 24 Nov 23

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58 "500" SHARE MOEXIST

FT - SE Actuaries Share Indices

EQUITY FUTURES AND OPTIONS TRADING produced a squeeze in the December contract. By

Another largely featureless day In the futures market aped the pattern of the previous session when a larga buy order from one UK broker provided that stimulus to carry tha market forward for most of yesterday's session, writes Christopher

The December FTSE futures contract opened quietly at 3,111, with trading seen in a tight range. However, late morning saw a leading UK investment bank come in with a substantial buy order. This prompted other buyers and

mid-afternoon trading had slowed and December drifted, stipping to the 3,120-level. A late flurry saw it close at 3,125, some 14 points above the cash market and around 10 over the fair value premium currently standing at approximately 4. Turnovar was a respectable 12,000.

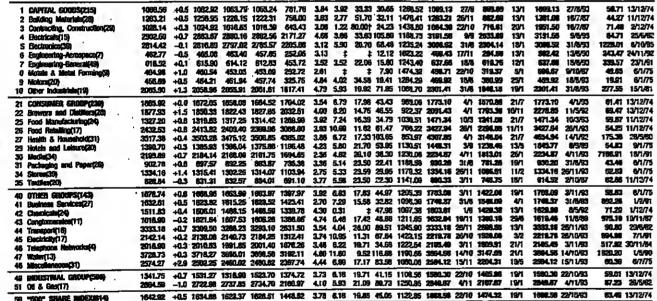
In traded options, 37,710 contracts were traded, 14,257 done in the FTSE contract. BT headed the stock option list, with 3,146 traded.

	Open	Sett price	Change	High	Low	Est. vol	Open int
60	3111.0	3125.0	+17.0	3143.0	3106.0	12821	59538
ar	3131,5	3142.0	+18.5	3153.0	3127.0	315	15079
47	3141.0	3152.0	+16.5	3141.0	3141.0	2	961
	traded on A						~.

	292	5	207	75	30	25	30	73	31	25	31	76	3	225	3	75
Dec . Jan Feb Mar Just	22712 2 24712 3 25712 282 6	312 18 1512 44 1112	16 ¹ 2	32	180 ¹ 2 181 219	5512 561 87	11312	58 ¹ 2	1061 ₂ 118 1511 ₂	78 92 1013 1253	58 1 ₂	10212	39 80 ¹ 2 70 165	P 113½ 132½ 145 151½ 175½	2412	1551/2 1671/2
Calle 2	dated es	1318 -	Unde	ahi L			, frie					n setá				

FT-SE-A INDICE	S - LEADERS & LA	GGARDS
Percentage changes atope (December 31 1992 based on I	friday November 26 1983
Gold Alires Index + 207.78	FT-SE MM 250 at IT + 20.10	FT-SE-A 350 + 11.66
Property + 71,79	Engineering-General + 20,10	1miles + 10.25
Marchant Books + 57,79	Media + 20102	Ff-SE 100 + 9.31
Engineering-Aerospace + 58.04	Transport + 20.01	"500" Share total + 8.27
Metals & Metal Forming + 43.06	OH & Gay + 19.59	Insurance (Composed +7.95
Building Materials + 47.00	Beckraries + 1954	Holeis & Leisurg + 7.51
Contracting Construction + 38.07	1 displayed Nationals + 15.36	todasktel Group +7.00
Benks+ + 37.68	Interacting (Little	Business Santoes + 6.91
Secretary + 35.45	Complementation + 16.23	Chemicals + 5.54
Figure + 34.55	Grow Brough	COM Industrial
Investment Trests + 26.90	Parkaging Paper, Print + 15.05	Food Mendacturing 0.17
FT-SE SCHOOL + 27.21	Innurance Brokes + 14.57	Consumer Group - 4.78
FT-SE SmallCop + 25.47	Stores	Orang & Disting 10.57
Capital Groots + 27.00	175 + 13.EZ	Heath & Household 17,95
Molory+ + 21,22	Bechroth + 13.42	Food Retailing
ET.SE 144 250 4 20 00	ELANDON ANG	

		Day's				Year	Div.	Earn.	PÆ	Xd a4	Yotal		993		- Since Co	constraine
	Nov 26	chga%	Nov 25	Nov 24	Nov 23	Hg t1	ykra.	yers	ratio	yM	Return	Eligh	Lov	•	High	Low
FT-SE 160	3111	4 +0.1	3093.1	- 3067.2	- 3000.3	2780.1	3.62	5.64	21.90	87.79	1135.31	3199.0 22/10	2737.6	1971	3189.0 22/10/93	986.9 23/7/84
FT-SE MM 260	345	J +0.3	3445.2	- 3430.7	3439.2	2627.6	3.5	5.09	21.41	88.10	1249.23	3547.0 25/10	2076.3	13/1	3547.0 25/10/93	1375.4 21/1/55
FT-SE Mid 250 ex law Treats	3454	2 +0.	3444.3	3429.8	3437,8	2629.8	3.5	6.09	20,15	90.40	1244,71	3545.0 25/10	2074.0	1/1	3545.8 25/10/93	1374.3 21/1/58
FT-SE-A 350	1550	£ +0.5	15424	1530.9	1532.6	1331.5	3.7	5.65	21.85	42.81	1158,88	1553.6 22/10	1348.7	19/1	1553.5 22/10/93	884.5 1471/85
FT-SE SmallCap	1734	96	1735.19	1735.66	1741.40	-	3.10	4.04	33.60	39.65	131215	1805.69 29/10	1377.85	47	1803.69 29/10/93	1363.79 31/12/32
FT-SE SwallCop at law Treats	1711.	14	. 171 1.68	1712.88	1719.87	-	3.41	4.52	30.96	41.92	1298.06	1788.35 22/10	1360.06	47	1788.25 22/10/30	1363.79 31/12/92
FT-A ALL-SHARE	_ 1533.	30 +0.5	1525.84	1515.21	1517.08	1305.22	1.73	5.55	22.33	41.91	1166.42	1577.12 22/10	1330.19	19/1	1577.12 22/10/93	61.92 13/12/74
■ FT-Actuaries Ali-	Share															



PT-SE Actuarie	Open 3098.9 3448.0 1644.7 Low: 10.03 em	9.00 9105./ 3451. 1547./ 9.00	1 3448.6 5 1549.5	3449.5	· ·		3	3,60 112.5 452.3 550.7	14.00 3121.3 3455.7 1554.4 15.00	16.00 3110.8 3456.3 1550.3	18.19 3111.8 3455.1 1850.8 Close	3123.4 3455.7 1655.2 Previous	3094.7 3446.0 1543.4 Change
FT-SE 100 FT-SE Mid 250 FT-SE-A 350 Time of FT-SE 100 High: 1.52 pm	Open 3098.9 3448.0 1644.7 Low: 10.03 em	3105./ 3451. 1547./	6 3095.0 1 3448.6 8 1549.5 baskets	3102.6 3449.5 1548.6	1	3111.4 3451.8 1650.2	3 3	112.5 452.3 550.7	9121.3 3455.7 1554.4	3110.8 3456.3 1550.3	3111.8 3455.1 1560.8	3123.4 3455.7 1655.2	3094.7 3448.0 1543.4
FT-SE 100 FT-SE MM 250 FT-85-A 350	Open 3098.9 3448.0 1544.7	3105./ 3451.	6 3095.0 1 3448.6	3102.0	· ·	3111.A 3451.8	3	112.5 452.3	3121.3 3455.7	3110.8 3456.3	3111.8 3455.1	3123.4 3455,7	3094.7 3445.0
FT-SE 100 FT-SE MM 250 FT-SE-A 350	Open 3098.9 3448.0 1544.7	3105./ 3451.	6 3095.0 1 3448.6	3102.0	· ·	3111.A 3451.8	3	112.5 452.3	3121.3 3455.7	3110.8 3456.3	3111.8 3455.1	3123.4 3455,7	3448.0
FT-SE 100 FT-SE Mid 250	Open 3098.9 3446.0	3105./ 3451.	6 3095.0 1 3448.6	3102.0	· ·	3111.A 3451.8	3	112.5 452.3	3121.3 3455.7	3110.8 3456.3	3111.8 3455.1	3123.4 3455,7	3094.7 3446.0
	Open 3098.9	3105	6 3095.0	3102.6	3 ·	3111 <i>A</i>	3	1125	3121.3	3110.8	3111.8	3123.4	3094.7
Hourly movem		9.00											
■ Hourly movem	ents						_				40.40		Laurelden
99 FT-A ALL-SHABE(815)	1533.30	+0.5 15	25.84 1515.21	1517.06 1305.2	2 3.72	S.55 2	2.33 41	1.91 1186,42	1577.12 22/	19 1330.19	19/1 1577.12	22/10/93	61.92 13/12/2
71 Impetment 1/usts(110)	1728.58		25.77 1720.10	1724.37 1274.3					1772.84 22/			22/10/93	71.12 13/12/
69 Property(30) 79 Other Plannelsi(23)	439.12		37,57 437.02	435.38 267.9			6.80 T				13/1 603.4		33,29 17/12/7
68 Macchant Banka(6)	1104.96			1092.31 617.5			591 2	4.05 1780.20		0 638.30	5/1 1386.87	5/9/89	58.01 20/44
87 teaurance Brokers(10)	691.77 795.73		91.16 863.54 97.05 798.13	789.85 448.3				8.79 (632 M			11/1 8/3.10		31.21 7/1/
68 insurance (Composite)(7)	681.57		82.10 654.10	670.01 636.1 865.52 707.3				6.54 1133.60 7.02 1192.73			22/4 1399.51		65.86 18/12/
65 Insurance (Life)(6)	2110.41			202474 1717.6				3.50 1247.3				21/10/93 22/12/99	44.85 2/1/2
62 Banks(9)	1052.95			1814.00 1178.9					1890.12 2/			2/11/93	62.44 12/12/
		+0.5 11	79,32 1170,76					4.00 1406,15				22/10/93	55.88 13/12/2
01 FMANCIAL GROUP(91)	1125.70												

Construction Health & H'hid Water Banks	100	71.2 10.8 15.0 15.7	1981.1 1061.5 1535.6 2005.3	1979.2 1055.6 1633.2 1997.4	1975.9 1059.0 1534.4 2002.3	1975.1 1064.3 1536.7 2003.8	1978.1 1064.4 1537.2 2003.3	1979.7 1068.7 1540.6 2007.2	1977.8 1082.7 1539.7 2006.9	106 154	2.2 1061.5 0.0 1539.6	1989.1 1057.1 1535.2 2002.9	+8.8 +4.4 +4.4 +6.2
		Bere	Equity as	etlen er grou		Base value	Equity section	or group	Bess		Equity section or s		Base
Equity section or group FT-SE Total Return Indices	31/12/92	1000,00	Business	Services	31/12/90	999.65	Telephone nets		30/11/84		Food Manufacturing	29/12/67 29/12/67	114.13 114.13
FT-SE SmallCap Ff-SE SmallCap ex Inv Trits	31/12/92	1363.79				1228.66	Other Industrial M Health/Household	laterfale Combata	31/12/80		Insurance Brokers	29/12/67	96.67
	31/12/85	1412.60	Engineeri	ng-Aerospace ng-General	29/12/83	486.00	Other Groups		31/12/74	63.75	UK Glits indices Index-Linked	31/12/75	100.00
I I -ONE AT MOOD	31/12/85 81/12/83	1000 00	- Canadana	arghes .	24/12/06	1114 07	Industried Group Other Financial		31/12/70	128.08	Debs and Loans	31/12/77	100.00
FT-SE 100 The FT-SE 100, the FT-SE No Prenotel Times United, both	d 250 and the conjunction	on with the	Actuaries 650 a knowledge of	Actuation are con	spiled by the Lo a Faculty of AC manual TET-S	ondon Stoc duaries und SE' and "Fo	x Exchange and 11 jer a standard act. jetnie" are joint tra	of ground in the extension of the property of	reg verginers les, Q The in d service me	most end terreligies the of the (the FT-SE SmallCap in Stock Exphange of the andon Stock Exphange	ger are compete d Lighted Kingdom as and The Phencial	y ine nd Timed

Oil stocks reel on Opec deal

The oil sector provided three of the market's most heavily traded stocks yesterday as domestic and international institutions acted on Opec's controversial move to maintain the 24.5m barrels a day output level it first agreed last September

And the overwhelming view of the market, confirming Thursday's knee-jerk reaction, was that Opec had been wrong to hold its production quotas. BP wrested the mantle of the sector's heaviest traded stock from Lasmo, with Shell close behind

BP shares ran back sharply, closing 9% off at 332%p, on heavy turnover of 16m shares, as dealers said US holders of the shares had begun to unload significant amounts of stock Merrill Lynch, regarded as one of the world's biggest and most powerful stockbrokers, was said to have adopted a much more cautious outlook on oils in general and BP in particular. Merrill was said to have cited the Opec meeting and subsequent oil price considerations as the catalyst for a general downgrading of oils.

BP was pinpointed as especially vuinerable to downside pressure in the medium to long-term with the market concerned about the possibility of the Kuwait investment Office deciding to dump its near-10 per cent stake in the group and, even further out, the chances of the group launching a substantial rights issue.

Shell slipped 6 to 678p after exceptionally high turnover of 9.1m shares. The worst performance in the sector, however, came from Lasmo whose shares slumped 11 to 117p, on 17m traded, as the market continued to fret about the chances of the company cut-ting the final dividend next March.

A big line of Lasmo stock -3.6m shares - was sold into the market early in the session amid talk that one broking house had drastically reduced its core asset valuation. One hull point for the stock,

however, was a view that that PDFM (Phillips & Drew's fund management group) had continued to increase its stake in Lasmo; on Thursday PDFM said it had taken its stake to

over 11 per cent. Elsewhere, Burmah Castrol fell 5 to 735p after a sizeable ncy cross involving a block of 650,000 shares, the same stock that had been offered in the market some weeks ago.

BTR busy

BTR was hy far the huslest stock with turnover in the ordinaries reaching more than 41m shares. Most of this almost 18m traded at 356p for cash - was accounted for hy the take up of BTR's enhanced scrip dividend. There was also substantial switching, dealers noted, from the ordinaries to

The ordinary shares closed 51/2 higher at 347p. The 1993-94 warrants, up 41/2 at 65p and the 1998 warrants, which moved up from 38p to 47p, were the pick

of the derivatives The undoubted star of the sector was again Royal Bank of Scotland whose shares continued their move to record levels after the scintillating profits performance from Direct Line, the telephone insurance husiness, which announced trebled profits of £50.2m last Thursday.

Royal is scheduled to announce its preliminary figures on Thursday with anaiysts looking for profits in excess of £200m. The dividend total is expected to rise by 8 per cent to 9.5p. At the close Royal shares were a further 9 higher at 384p, after reaching a peak 386p. Turuover was a

Marketmakers were said to have been caught acutely short of stock in the life assurance sector as the market began to take the view that the chancellor may not, as has been widely rumoured for many weeks, interfere with the life and pensions sector in the budget next week. Legal & Gen-eral jumped 13 to 508p, Lloyds Abbey 13 to 436p and Prudential 14 to 350p.

TSB continued to attract keen interest, slipping back to 2071/2p at one point, the lowest level since the end of September, hefore stabilising to close a net 4 off at 209p. Turnover of 4.6m, although by no means outstanding, was slightly above average.

"There was some stock around and the shares dipped below 210p, which has been viewed as a support level. If they close below 210p then the charts point to the shares dropping below 200p," said one specialist. TSB's preliminary figures are expected in January.

A strong drinks sector was the subject of some recovery huying, according to analysts, with a strong sense that the maligned sector was at last heginniog to turn. Among those showing good gains Scottish and Newcastle gained 10 to 482p, Wolverhampton and Dudley 5 to 488p and Allied Lyons 13 to 596p, with a Kleinwort Benson huy note adding impetus to the latter's rise.

There were 40m new Whithread shares issued yesterday, taken up by former investors in the Whithread Investment Company which was bought out by its parent group in September. And next Thursday, when the tightly-traded B shares cease to exist a 20m further shares will be issued to existing B shareholders. These new shares are being issued at 492p, against yesterday's closing price for the A's of 533p, a rise on the day of 15. Anslysts do expect some weakness in the shares, but point out that those taking up new shares have already turned down a

cash alternative. A positive agm statement from Lloyds Chemist sent the shares forward and also helped Boots. Group sales in the 21week period were up 9 per cent on a year ago. Its shares gained 10 to 310p.

Boots shares climbed 9 to 534p in a strong stores sector which had benefited from a bout of arbitraging against the futures market, according to dealers, Elsewhere, Great Universal Stores added 15 to 580p. Kingfisher 10 to 567p, Marks and Spencer 9 to 420p and Next 5 to 188p.

A substantial hear squeeze developed in Deita, the heavy electricals/engineering group. whose shares raced up 24 to 504p, in relatively thin turnover of only 406,000 shares.

The performance of the stock was all the more remarkable because one leading UK house was said to have issued a 70page sell note on the shares.

■ CHIEF PRICE CHANGES

YESTERDAY London (Pence) Banner Homes **Bodycote** 605 + 27 Colorgen Eidos Euro Disney 66 + 5 164 + 6 Fife Indma Filolax

Perpetual	780	+	49
Prudential	350	+	14
Falls			
Blagden Inds	128	_	6
Brit Aerospace	4021/2		111/2
Bornfield	57	_	25
Capital Inds	114	-	34
Dorling Kindersley	324	-	11
Lasmo	117	-	11
Learmonth Burchet	t 163	**	60
Rutland Trust	181/2	-	5
Stoddard Sekers	39	_	6
VHE	115	•	5

NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1993

FOR 1993
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"There are conflicting views on the stock, and the market today was squeezed up," said one dealer." After the market closed Mercury Asset Management said it no longer had a notifiable stake in the group.

The announcement by Land Securities that it had secured a lucrative pre-let contract from the Department of Environment launched the shares forward, finishing 11 ahead at

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WORLD STOCK MARKETS

Profits are taken in Commerzbank

Trading was generally muted in reflection of Wall Street's half session, writes Our Mor-

EUROPE

kets Staff.
FRANKFURT mulled over Thursday's company news, and looked ahead to next week as the market flattened out in advance of monthly settlement day. The DAX index eased 0.47 to 2,047.24, down 1.5 per cent on the week, as turnover fell from DM8.5bn to DM7.8bn

Dealers took profits after the progress report from Commerzbank, were less decisive over Volkswagen's four-day week, and continued to dislike Metaligeselischaft after results which, said James Capel, showed how desperately the group needs a substantial cut

in its cost base. Commerzbank fell DM2.50 to DM359.50 after Thursday'a 52 per cent jump in 10-month profits, while Berliner Bank and Bayernhypo put on DM12 at DM443.50 and DM4.20 at DM468.20 ahead of next week'a

VW stumbled over details of the four-day weak, and fell DM6 to DM406 after a DM9.50 gain the day before, Metallgesellschaft fell DM6 to DM379 for a loss of DM40 this week. PARIS was little changed on the day but moderately higher on the week, the CAC-40 index

adding 2.22 to 2,120.62, and 1.1 per cent respectively. Turnove was moderate at FFr3.4bn. Rhône-Poulenc saw delayed opening and then ros 2 new cent in reaction to new to the same continuous and the same cent in reaction to hear the same cent in reaction.

2 per cent in reaction to new after hours on Thursday the institutional investors wou be offered shares at FFr14 each, compared with the publi offaring at FFr135. However, the shares soon slipped back, closing off FFr3.80 at FFr150.10. After a volatile week's trading, Euro Disney closed up FFr150 at FFr30.90, a week'a

decline of 16 per cent.

AMSTERDAM was lifted by a atrong performance from Nedlloyd, the shipping group, which advanced by F12.80 to F155.40 following better than expected third quarter results.

The CBS Tendency index put on 1.1 to 186.8, marginally firmer on the week.

KLM put on another 90 cents.

KLM put on another 90 cents to Fl 39.90, picking np some ground lost after the failure of the Alcazar talks was announced at the start of the week. Royal Dutch lost another F1 1.90 to F1 193.70 on the

MILAN finished firmer on strong demand by domestic institutions, particularly for shares which had fallen earlier in the week. The Comit index rose 5.46 to 541.52, an 0.5 per

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cent fall over the week, but a strong come back after the cumulative 5.9 per cent fall on

Monday and Tuesday. "The market will be in the hands of the politicians until the end of the year," said Mr Gulseppe Bonini of Intersim in

Madiobanca returned to favour with a L670 or 5.9 per cent rise to L12,100. Benetton added L720 to L23,010 for a two day advance of 8.8 per cent as the clothing group forecast a 10 per cent rise in 1993 turnover. Fiat edged L59 ahead to L3,861 as Thursday's rumours

ZURICH finished firm, with the week's inflation news giving heart to optimists for lower interest rates. The SMI index added 15.1 to 2,741.9 for a 0.3 per cent rise on the week.

Banks were supported by brokers' recommendations, CS

on the week. OSLO was dragged lower by Holdings rising SFr85 to

med, the pharmaceutical com-pany, and the all share index fell 4.19 to 578.85. Hasfslund A shares closed NKr85 weaker at NKrill after the company forecast that 1993 pre-tax profits would only match 1992 results.

BRUSSELS reflected drifted to a lower close, with a 24-hour general strike in protest at government austerity measures. the keeping foreign investors cautious and trading volumes low. The Bel-20 index closing 3.72 lower at 1,392.17, 0.9 per cent down on the week.

ISTANBUL rose to another record high in spite of some moderate profit-taking towards the close. The composite index gained 231.0 to 17.426.1, a week's rise of 5.4 per cent.

Written and edited by William Cochrane, John Pitt and Michael Morgan.

Correction French equities

In yesterday's feature on the French equity market, a predicted level of 2,500 for the CAC-40 index was attributed to Mr Didier Cherpitel as managing director of Morgan Stanley in Paris. in fact, Mr Cherpitel holds the same position at JP

recently announced plan to cut corporate costs hy closing plants and laying off thousands of workers. AT&T, whose NCR subsidiary also

is even more optimistic, pre-dicting that the index could reach 4,800 next year. But could the stampede by

small investors also be a sign that the smart money is sitting on the sidelines for the time being? Mr Neil Johnson, portfolio strategist at Neshitt Thomson in Toronto, for instance, expects a significant correction in share prices over the next 6-8 months. Pension and mutual fund managers report that they are having to search much harder for attractive investments. In the absence of bargains, many funds have raised the cash portion of their

holdings in recent months. It took almost six years for the TSE-300 to regain its

Canada rides high on economic optimism

Stocks have set new records, writes Bernard Simon

August 1987 peak of 4,112. But

since last summer the market

lunch-hour visit to the offices of Green Line Investor Services, Canada's biggest discount broker-age, in one of downtown Toronto's vast underground shopping malls reveals a queue of investors lining up near the entrance for a peek at the share quotation machine. Off to one side, another group waits to open trading accounts and place orders.

Business has never heen better for Green Line. It is opening twice as many accounts as at this time last year, and in recent weeks trading volumes have set new records.

Bulls would argue that the explosion of interest among small investors augurs well for equities: money is pouring into the market, especially through mutual funds and new stock issues. Green Line reports that the ratio of huy to sell orders has climbed to 1.3 to 1 this month, from 1.1 to 1 in Octo-

The best place is still Canadian stocks," says Ms Jill Parrett, executive vice-president at CIBC Investment Management, which runs a stable of mutual funds for Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce. Ms Parrett forecasts that the TSE-300 composite index, which stood at 4,220.99 by midsession yester day, could rise to 4,500 by late 1994, producing returns well above those likely on fixed-income securities.

Richardson Greenshields, a Toronto-based securities firm,

has roared from one record to another. The latest high was 4,303, reached on November 12. representing a 28 per cent climb since the start of 1993. The case for another surge is hased largely on optimism about Canada's economic pros-



pects and commodity prices. The economic growth rate is expected to accelerate to over 3 per cent next year.

While the TSE's advance has so far centred on gold, energy and other export sectors, stronger domestic growth could also propel the shares of consumeroriented companies.

Third-quarter earnings have buoyed investors' spirits. Banks have reported that their portfolios of non-performing loans are starting to shrink Bombardier, the Montrealhased transport equipment maker, hoosted third-quarter income hy almost a third. PWA, the financially-stretched parent of Canadian Airlines International, enjoyed its best operating performance in six

Furthermore, low interest rates - the yield on 3-month treasury bills is presently heading down towards 4 per cent - have sparked interest in

real estate stocks. The optimists are also looking to a recovery in 1994 of long depressed commodity markets, such as nickel, zinc, newsprint and pulp, as a combination of production cutbacks and rising demand takes effect. Natural gas producers,

which have already benefited from a steep climb in prices over the past 18 months, remain a long-term favourite among fund managers.

But the voices of caution can marsball an equally impressive array of arguments. They point out that the TSE has enjoyed a virtually uninterrupted climb for the past three years. "The Canadian market is giving everyone a bit of vertigo," said one mutual fund manager earlier this month as the TSE-300 hroke through another record.

In spite of the pullback in recent weeks, shares of compa-nies included in the TSE-300 are trading at an average p/e of about 25, on higher than projected 1993 earnings, compared to an average p/e ratio of less than 20 for the Dow Jones Industrial Average.

Although the economy is improving, a succession of prominent companies have surprised the market with befty restructuring charges. They include Royal Bank of Canada (the country's higgest financial institution). Laidlaw (waste management and transport services), Northern Telecom (telecommunications) and Inco (nickel mining).

Most unsettling is the recent tone in the US Treasury bond market: any rise in US interest rates is likely to pull down Canadian bond prices, as well

But even Neshitt Thom-son's Mr Johnson pre-dicts that the setback, if it materialises, will interrupt, rather than abort, the hull market. He says that the comhination of a long period of steady economic growth and low inflation, followed by rising commodity prices in 1995, could kindle a new fire under stocks.

The resource-based TSE normally outperforms US stock markets only towards the end of a husiness upswing, as raw material shortages come to the fore. With this in mind, the investors lining up at the Green Line offices might fare better if they wait a few more months before jumping into the market.

Losses in oils offset bond yields decline

Wali Street

US share prices ended a shortened day little changed from opening values as the positive impact of another decline in hond yields was offset by losses in oil stocks, writes Patrick Harverson in New York. At the 1 pm close, the Dow Jones Industrial Average was down 3.08 at 3,684.50. The more hroadly hased Standard & Poor's 500 was up 0.70 at 463.06, while the Amex composite was 0.05 lower at 468,46, and the Nasdaq composite 1.69 higher at 754.87. Trading volume on the NYSE was 91m

Trading reopened after Thanksgiving in subdued to stay away from the markets and extend the holiday into the

Tokyo

Delly friedon

160 16 16 16 16 27 28 27 25 Mov 1903 weekend, and the New York Stock Exchange agreed to end trading early at 1 pm.

The main feature of the day was falling oil prices. . . The declines were sparked

by the failure of the Organisa-

tion of Petrolaum Exporting Countries (Opec) to agree on cutting oil production levels. Energy market analysts, who had been expecting an agree-ment on production cuts, were surprised by the development, and oil prices dropped sharply

to a new five-year low.

This was positive for bonds. because falling oil prices will belp dampen worldwide inflation. Consequently, Treasury prices rallied, with the benchmark 30-year bond rising more than balf a point, lowering its vield to 6.26 per cent.

While this was good news for equity investors, who have been unsettled lately by rising bond yields, it caused havoc among oil shares. This, in turn, depressed the Dow, because average is heavily weighted in oil stocks.

Among the biggest decliners

fell \$1% at \$61%, Mobil dropped \$3% at \$75, Phillips Petroleum fell \$1% to \$28%, British Petroleum lost \$21/4 at \$581/4 and Royal Dutch Petroleum slipped \$3% to \$100.

SFr3,540. Electrowatt. also

finding favour with analysts.

another rally in electrical utilities, offsetting weakness in

banks as the general index closed 1.13 higher at 297.91, 2.2

per cent lower on the week in

Endesa was one of the big-gest gainers, rising Pta100 to

Pta6,480, with Iberdrola up

Pta22 at Pta918 and Fenosa by Pta11 to Pta545. Dividends are

due to be paid out soon in the

sector, and the recent down-trend in interest rates should

STOCKHOLM saw a SKr13

fall to SKr396 in Atlas Copco as

the compressor maker announced nine month figures.

The Affärsvärlden index shed

1.4 to 1312.6. 3.5 per cent lower

turnover of Pta20.65bn.

lift profit margins.

MADRID was hoosted by

added SFr150 to SFr3,590.

What was bad for oil companies, howevar, was good for airlines, which will enjoy the benefits of lower jet fuel costs. UAL rose \$4% to \$143%, AMR, parent of American Airlines, added \$1% at \$67%, USAir put on \$1/4 at \$13% and Delta rose \$11% to \$58%.

Optimism about consumer demand during the Christmas shopping season supported retail stocks. JC Penney rose \$1% to \$53, the Limited firmed \$% to \$23, Sears added \$% at \$55%, and May Department Stores firmed \$1% to \$44. Philip Morris, up \$% at \$56%,

continued to benefit from its

announced a cost-cutting programme this week, rose \$% to **SOUTH AFRICA** Industrial shares supported the market in late trading, with the index closing 13

higher at 4,860. The gold index slipped 2 to 1,891 while the overall rose 11 to 4,204. De Beers recovered R1.25 to R84.75 while Kloof shed gains to end unchanged at R43. Sonth African Breweries reacted bullishly to a presenta-

tion to investment analysts on

Thursday, the shares rising

R1.75 or 2.5 per cent to

R71.25.

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		-						-	Reckend		36 h	48		2014	36	42
	(7333)	330	18		18%			37h	("580) Royal Insce	288	141%	24	31	1114	57	72
	British Steel	110		18%	34	4		9%	(7294)	317	6	_		29%	-	-
	(119)	120	7	13	18			145	7600	160	24%	29	25	5	101/2	12
	(*478)	460 500	Th		38% 32%				(*195)		10%		187		21	22
									Votatione (*513)	500 550	42 21	54 35	45	27 57	37 87	47 78
	Cable & West (*478)	450		45	42%		21 kg		WINDLIE	300	37%	41	44	5	10%	13
l	Courtaulds	420	22	34	47	15	21		[-329]	330	77		25%	15%	24	27
	("428)	480	Th	17	24	41	44	53	Option		Jan	Apr	×	120	Apr	Jid
	Committee	500 550	5%		451% 24		251% 61	35 64 h	BAA	900	45	65	00	17	30	42
	,,		• • •		-		•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	("SZI") Themes Wir	950 500	19	40 54	22	45 B	55 12 1	65 27 h
	IQ.	681	65	Ξ	20%	9%		-	['529 1				31 %			49
	(719) Kloutsher	750 650			37 M	15	62% 25	59 364	Option		Dec	Mar		Dec	No.	Jun
	(*666)	700		201/2	37%	43%		634	Abbey Nell	390	22%	¥	38	4	14	1815
	Land Secur	706	45	50	58		18	27	(*405)	(20)	514	18%			30%	
	(739)	750	19	31	45	31	40	50	(°45)	45 50	372	4%	614	3	54 5%	10
	Maria & S		17%	Z		14%		28	Berutays		28%		44		251/2	34
	("420) Natifies	460 500	4	11	15	41	15%	48%	(*556)	500	3	15%	23%	-	58 (•
	(*537)	558	17	25		25%		4514	Stee Circle	300	29		421/2	4%	8%	16%
	Sainchury	390	21	34	43	13	20	28	("324) Britist Gas	330	30	21 14	4114	15	22 :	31% 9%
,	(,366)	430	- 6	15	27	31	37%	454	(356)	330		17%	221/2	915	15	24
	Shell Trans.		42 Vs						(*358)	240	101%	3114	37% 28	314	29 2	15
:	(°675) Startinues	200	81/2	15	18%	3114		52% 16%	Europeanes	420	50	_	_	5%		_
	(*201)	220	3	7	114	23%	2	28	(180)	480	21	_	= :	2014	_	_
	Trabileer	90		1014	12	6	6	11	Hilledown	140	111%	18	21	3	7h	13
Н	(191)	100	21/2	5		13	14%	17	(148)	160	2	514	11		161: 3	
ŀ.	Criterer (*1120)	1100	45 23	55 42	82	24 51	74	55 63	Larvito (*137)	130	11%	17	20% 15		14%	12
	Zeneca	700			81%	6%	25%		Nati Power	390	13%	30%	2515	5	134	19
	(*744) Option	750	2974 Feb 1	2	54	28	51	61	(*401)		44				29 :	
	Grand Met		37%	_		_	<u> </u>	15	Scot Power	390		31		372	12 1	
	(,388.)	390		70 M			28%		C407 1 Seers	110	81/2	15	23 14 %		41/2	31 6%
	Lactroka		1814				17%		(716)	120	3	7		67h	6	12
	(*16%) Und Blacufts	330		27 h	14 M 31 14	24 14%			Forte (*235)	220	19%	26%	301/4	12	15% 2	14
	(-335)	360	1014	13%	19	331/2	44	4816			14%			2%	7	8
	Option	_	Dec '		_				Tarmac (*145)	155	4	914	13	12%	17%	21
	Pisons (*139.)	130	7	15	25 18%	7	13 E1	15 20%	Thom 54		41%		78 51	12	30 3	
									(*922) TSB				22%		8	12
	Option		Peb I	_	_		_	_	(209)	220		847		14	21 2	
	Brit Aesu	390			81			41 57%	Totaldes	220	12	15%	24	4	11 1	
	EAT Inds	420 ; 500			47 Hz		284		(*227) Visal Reefs	240 50	11	16%	14%	15 1	22)+	25
	(*513)	550	14 1	187	25	45	59	66	("\$96.)	90	5	-	-	8	-	-
	BTR	330 :	27/4	34	39	5	75	19	(1632)	600	48	71%	8214 58%		27% 3	
	(347)	390	14 1	16%	25	23	324	34	Option				Jel			Jul
	971 1decom (*481)	500	18 4% 1	1014					Circo	650	29%	5816	7614	19	49	59
	Communy Sch	414	276	ST/c	-	6	14	-	(*655 1 HSBC 750 das	700	-	754	55 1/2 54 1/4	CL :	78 20 d	
	(444.)	453 1	10%	2	-	21	324	-	(741)	750	19	47	58 2	54	58 6	64
	Essiam Bes	550	53	62	70	74	13	22	Reutera (*1634)	750 1600 1650	55	117	148 :	48	73	93
	(1583) Guirress	500 : 420 4			41 56	285h	17	45% 22	Option		Dec	Feb	May	Dec	Feb I	Lay .
	(*449)	460 1	977 2	27%	34%	261/2	37	42%	Rots-Royce	156	17	22	-	5		_
	GEC (*337 1	330	6 B	12	30 16	11% 30%	15	21 38%	(169)	178	4	10	-	11	16	_
									" Underlying based on ci	Oping 1	Differ.	prices				
	Hanson	280 1	11% 1	15%	16	12	18	1812	November	26, T	otal	contr	ects:	37,7	03 C	als:

sterpris	se Comp., Ha	mony Group, Hobs	, STR Wis., Caverdsie, sons, Kewill Sysyeme, Lei Comp., Euro Disney, Go	ng (J.), Milning
RAD rst Des est Des	elings	OPTIONS Nov. 22 Dec. 3	Last Declarations For settlement	Feb. Marc
	100	200		
290)	300 4%	16% 28 25% 31%	17,758 Pirts: 19,946	

	Place	n Friday Falls	Same	Rises	n the wee	Same
	Parotos	Léme	Same		ross	Sank
British Funds	51	6	21	162	137	91
Other Posed Interest	3	1	11	14	8	53
Commercial, Industrial	301	241	666	1,149	1,593	4,375
Financial	45	44	7a	158	278	403
Property	17	14	103	81	96	494
Investment Trusts	99	87	344	436	557	1,655
OU & Gas	8	29	43	66	130	201
Mines	28	35	77	138	210	352
Others	27	15	113	154	212	351
Totals	579	472	1,876	2,358	3,221	7,879

Totals					579	472	1,876		58	3,221		7,879
Deta ba	assed 0	n those	compa	nice lier	ed on the	Landon Sha	re Service	•				
LON	DO	N RE	CE	4 TV	SSUE	S: EQU						
I SSUB	Ami	Mks.					Close					
рпсе	pald	cap	19	83			рлса		Net		Gra	P/E
P	UP	(Cm.)	High	Low	Stock		P	+/-	div.	COV.	yld	net
5140	F.P.	46.9	165	140	Abacus		162		NR3.5	2.0	2.7	22.0
-	F.P.	45.2	94	88	Abbust	Emrg Econ	9012		-	-	-	
-	F.P.	4.8			Do Wan		48		-	-	•	
100	F.P.	29.4	102	98	Abuust I	Loyda	98		-	-	-	
-	F.P.	2.4		39	Do Warr	ents	40			•	-	
170	F.P.	204.9	190	178	Aliders		190		WN6.1	2.2	4.0	14.2
100	F.P.	20.7	94	91	Angerste	lin.	92		-	-	-	
-	FP.	1.5	36	33	Do Warr	ante	33				-	
290	F.P.	53.D	243	230	Azian		243	+3	L3.0	2.6	1.5	28.9
		49.4		33	BTR Wa	mants 1998	47		_	_		
115		99.3		114	Badgerlin		115		R4.1	2.1	4.5	13.6
	F.P.	45.0			Biotrace		146	+1			_	
100		107.8	102		CLM Ins		98	12			_	
200		33.1	205		Canadia		192	-2	W5.6	23	3.8	14.4
	F.P.	25.1	110		Charles !		106	43	LN3.5	22	4.1	13.5
	F.P.	13.9	114		Clevelan		111		uN5.28	0.6	5.9	21.7
100		5.5	20		Coal Inv		17		B-020	0.0	-	
-	F.P.	53.6	142		Crest Pa		134		W3.65	2.1	3.4	17.1
260		283.5	273		DFS Fun		272	+1	16.4	2.1	29	20.6
			102				96	TI	1,0,4	2.1	ەت	211.0
100		50.5	14		Dellan Li		1%		•	_		
	F.P.	4.6 61.3	193		Fenchuro Fenchuro		175		W7.2	1.5	5.1	15.6
160	F.P.	30.9				Under wrt	103		141.2	1.3	2.	134
-	F.P.	11.2	56			m Mts Wis	56			-	_	
	F.P.	350.7	174		Gartmon		174	+3	W4.0	20	2.9	21.5
160	F.P.	0.1	111		Greytrian		173	12	144.0	20		212
	F.P.	63.9	102		HCG Lo		96			-		
	F.P.	30.9	111		Hacox S		103	+1			Ξ	
	F.P.	59.5	251		Hozelock		250	*"	W6.0	22	3.0	17.8
			284				281	-3	ut 25	12	3.0	25.8
	F.P.	123.0	128		Lifeput	ignt insce	126	+1	R4.35	21	4.3	13.5
	F.P.	29.5				ala.	193	+1	R6.5	20	42	14.9
190		51.0	208		Litho Sp		100	+1	MD.S	20	42	14,3
	F.P.	280.0	102		London 1			ŤI	-	-	-	-
	F.P.	41.3	102		Mastheol		96		-	•	-	-
	F.P.	58.1	97		New Lon	офи Сар	234			5.7		18.5
	F.P.	81.9	253		Roxboro				NR1.9		1.0	
	F.P.	77.6	165		Ruberold		161	-2	R5.4	1.8	4.2	15.3
	F.P.	25.3	141			Co's Tel C	141		-	-	•	-
	F.P.	48.5	98		Syndical		67	+4	-	-	-	-
	F.P.	1.6	32		Oo Warre		31	+1		•	-	-
	F.P.	61.2	102		Throg Pr		102		I NIA O	2.2		10.0
§190		27.6	198		Towry La		183		LN4.6	2.2	3.1	18.0
100	F.P.	24.4	111		Ugland It		102		-	-	-	-
	F.P.	46.5	98 32	93	Wigmore	тор.	93 32	+1	-	_		-
	F.P.	3.2			Do Warr	unes nocurity. For				-		

	415 U	FFERS	i						
lasue price	Amount paid	Renun.		93				Citosing price	+or-
P	uр	date	High	Law	Stock			<u> </u>	
100	N	4/1	5om	3pm	Ragian			3pm	
44	NB	6/1	21 ¹ 2pm	9pm	Phino			9pm	-2
85	NE	12/7	6pm	14pm	Scortish	Metrip.		5pm	
485	NB	24/11	85pm	59pm	Slebe			64pm	
-	NE	6/12	11,271	1 spm	Ugland I	rati		2pm	
152	NII	14/1	23pm	11pm	Wycvale	Garden		11pm	-1
pm Pric	e a pren	nium.							
FINA	INCLA	TIME	S EQ	VITY	INDIC	ES			
		Nov 26	Nov 25	Nov 24	Nov 23	Nov 22	Yr ago	*High_	*Low
Ordina	ry share	2369.3	2355.2	2329.9	2328.0	2328.2	2077.4	2414.2	2124.7
	v. yield	3.93	3.98	4.01	4.01	4.00	4,47	4.52	3.63
	ACL 96 Full	4.52	4.58	4.62	4.62	4.67	6.12	6.38	4.47
		27.75	27.54	27.20	27 20	26 78	20.90	28.30	19.40
P/E rat									
P/E rat		25.73	25.54	25.22	25.22	24.64	19.23	26.14	18.14

Ordinary Open	Share 9.00	hourty 10.00	-	12.00	13.00	14.00	15.00	18.00	High	Low
2359,9	2364.9	2357.1	2361.3	2368.7	2370.1	2377.9	2369.9	2369,1	2359.9	2379.1
			Nov 26	Nov	25	Nov 34	Play :	23 No	ov 22	Yr ago
SEAO be	rasins		34,313	27	,842	25,045	27,5	09 2	T,069	34,656
Equity tu		11m2		. 15	90,1	1360.0	1581	1.9	925.2	1197.7
Equity be				. 32	.731	29,993	32.2	50 2	9.390	38,322
Shares to				. 6	23.0	496.9	550	3.3	383.7	562.0
† Exclusion			suntes and	everses	ns humos	in the second				

17,000 for the first time since March 5. The Topix index of all first section stocks plunged 47.31, or 3.2 per cent; to 1,424.54. The Nikkei tried to recover initially, rising to a day's high of 17,351.74; although it then lost ground on arbitrage selling it managed to close the morning session above the 17.000 level, thanks to buving hy investment trust funds. However, the arbitrage selling then took over and the index fell to a low of 16,675.77 just

before the close. Volume totaled 340m shares against 314m. Losers led gainers by 982 to 103 with 88

FT-ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES

ISE/Nikkei 50 index fell 2.57 to 1.149.00.

Nikkei falls 2.9% on worries over banks

Traders said that hedge Following Thursday's interim results from leading commerfunds their took cue from poor cial banks, renewed fears over earnings, and a rise in non-perthe health of Japan's banking forming loans at the country's sector discouraged investors leading commercial banks. Combined pre-tax profits of 11 and share prices plunged on leading commercial banks index-linked arbitrage selling showed a fall of 22.2 per cent and margin unwinding, writes during the first half to Septem-Emiko Terazono in Tokuo. ber, while non-performing The Nikkel 225 average lost 496.55, or 2.9 per cent to-

loans increased by 9.6 per cent. 16,726.37, 6.8 per cent down on Bank stocks led the fall, the Nikkei banking index plunging the week and below the psyby 5.4 per cent. Industrial Bank chological aupport level of of Japan lost Y180 to Y2,990 and Bank of Tokyo fell Y130 to **Bast Japan Railway declined**

Y15,000 to Y421,000 and Nippon Telegraph and Telephone losing Y38,000 to Y685,000, closing below Y700,000 for the first tima since March 4. In Osaka, the OSE average fell 554.58 to 18,676.38 in vol-

Roundun

.....163.13 +0.3 162.48 111.68 144.91 144.62

A divergent pattern of trading continued in the region. ROMBAY surged 5.2 per cent to a 14 month high, fuelled by heavy buying by foreign funds

inchanged. In Loudon, the in a market where domestic index ending 24.98 higher at investors were reluctant to sell on the view that prices are the week likely to continue rising until announcement of the national budget in the last week of Feb-

The BSE index rose 155.62 to 3,233.14, for an 8.8 per cent rise on the week.

SINGAPORE reported renewed buying by domestic institutions as the Straits Times Industrial index rose 16.81 to 2,107.98, 0.7 per cent higher on the week.

China news lifted Sembawang Ship by 60 cents to S\$14.00 on electricity and engineering contracts and Wing Tai by 16 cents to S\$3.90 on its Chinese expansion plan.

SEOUL was sharply lower in a day of reduced trading voluma in spite of a late institutional buying flurry of banking shares. The composite index shed 9.38 to 810.04, 3.6 per cent

lower on the week. Brokers forecast a dip in tha index to the 780 level as insticool the overheated market.

2,375.59, down 0.7 per cent on TAIWAN was cautious ahead

of Saturday's local government elections, and late selling took the weighted index down by 34.53 to 4.163.99, 1.5 per cent lower on the week in turnover of T322.6 bn.

Brokers agreed that the Finance Ministry'a announcement on Thursday that it would ease curbs on foreign investment in the market was bullish, hut investors were unwilling to back their judgement on the day.

HONG KONG closed down a shade on the day, and fractionally higher on the week with the Hang Seng index at 9,274.42, down 11.89.

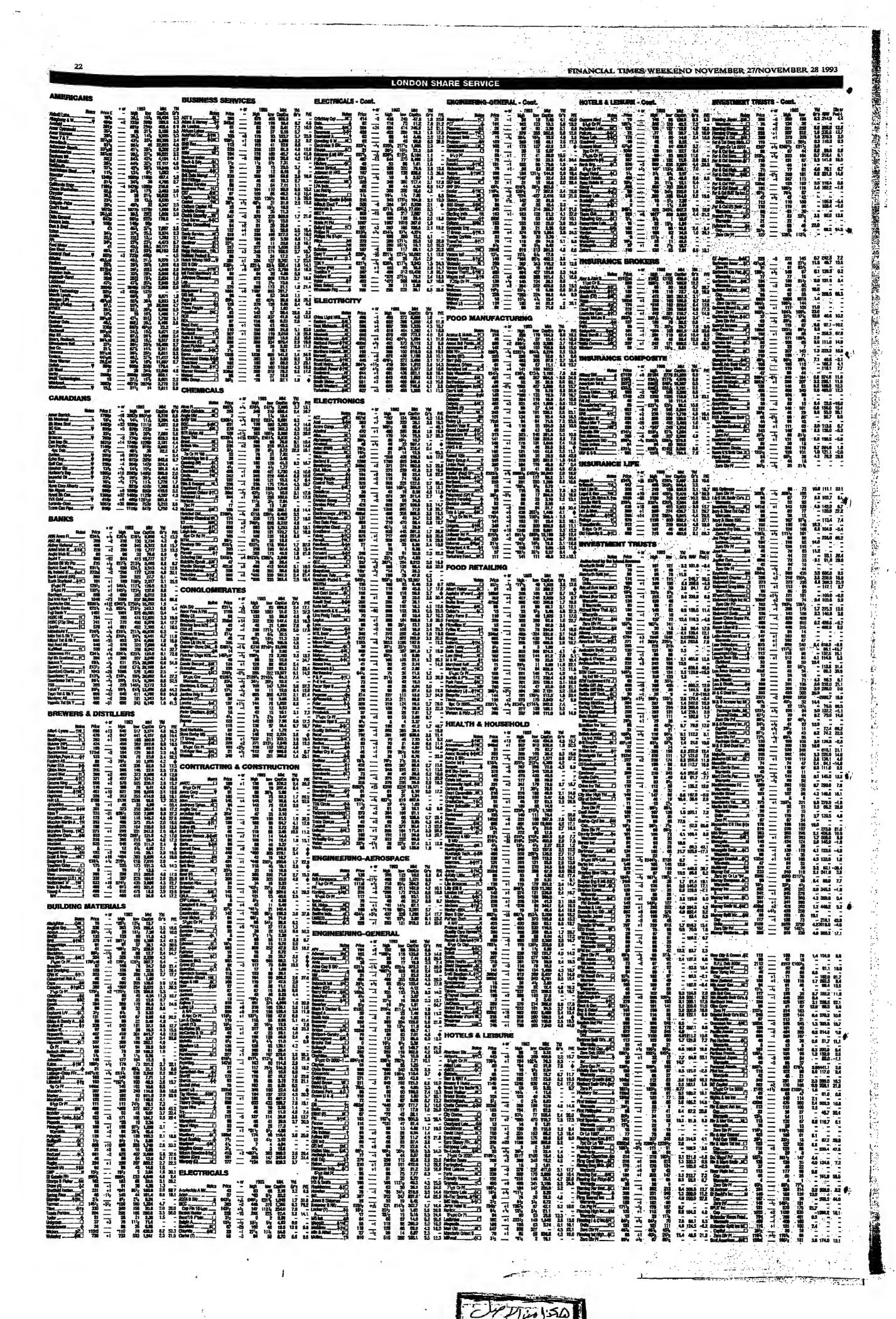
KUALA LUMPUR edged higher on selective demand for speculative and low priced stocks and the composite index added 6.03 to 976.34, for a 0.8 per cent fall on the week.

AUSTRALIA halanced investment buying after a strong overnight close in London with pessimistic futures trading and the All Ordinaries index finished 1.1 better at 2,043.1, but 1.9 per cent down on the week.

tutional investors sell stock following government encouragement to liquidate holdings to MANILA rebounded after a three-day slide, the composite

+0.4 2.27 162.66 162.09 111.22 144.00 144.28 170.68 137.32 137.78

NATIONAL AND REGIONAL MARKETS			THURSE	YOR YAC	ENEBER A	5 1993 -				DNESDAY	NOVEM	BER 24 1		DO	LLAR IN	
Figures in parentheess	US	Day's	Pound		DM	Local Currency	Local % cha	Gross Div.	Dollar	Pound Sterling	Yen	DM	Local	1983	1993	Year
show number of lines of stock	Dollar	Change %	Sterling	Yen Index	Index	Incless	on day	Yield	Index	index	Index	Index	Index	High	Low	(approx)
Australia (69)	154.13	+0.7	153.52	105.51	136.91	153.93	+0.3	3.34	153.06 170.76	152.51 170.14	104.64	135.48		182,83	117.89	
Austria (17)	171.09	+0.2	170.41	117.13	161.97	161.68	+0.5	1.05			104.52	135.34		156.76	131.18	135.3
Belgkm (42)	154.07	+0.8	. 153,45	105.47	136.85	137.17	+0.9	4.19	152.90 132.85	152.35	90.82	117.58		135,54	111.41	113.0
Canada (107)	133.05	+0.1	132.52	91.08	116.17	127.99	+0.1	2,61		132.37	159.97	207.12		241.06	185.11	187.2
Denmerk (32)	230.27	-1.2	229.36	157.64	204.54		-1.3	1.07	234.00	233.15		105.89		128,99	65.50	71.50
Finlend (23)	119.71	+0.1	119.24	81.96	108.34	146.26	+0.8	0.71	119.63	118.19	81.79			173.05	142.72	142.4
France (98)	163.74	+1.7	102.49	111.68	144.90	181.43	+2.0	a.07	180.41	159.82	109.65	141.97		136.13	101.59	104.2
Germany (60)	130.41	+0.4	129.89	89.29	115.83	116.83	+0.7	1.88	129.94	129.47	88.85	115.01				
Hong Kong (55)	379.04	+0.3	377.53	259.48	336.69	375.97	+0.6	2.90	376.76	376.39	257.56	333,49		394.34	218.82	134.5
Ireland (14)	173.41	. +0.5	172,72	118.71	154.03	173,17	+0.8	3.27	172.54	171.91	117.95	152.72		177,89 78,93	53.79	
Italy (70)	60.45	+1.2	60.22	41.38	53,70	76.30	+1.7	2.12	59.72	59.50	40.82	52.86				
Japan (489)	137.38	+0.3	136.83	94.05	122.04	94.06	+0.4	0.67	136.98	136.48	93.64	121.26		165,91	100.75	
Maleysia (69)	471 23	+0.3	489,38	322.58	418.55	463.1S	+0.0	1.50	489.79	468.08	321.15	415.81	481.56	487.72	251.66	275.02 1569.47
Medico (18)	2008.35	+0.0	2000.37	1374.88	1785.91	6819.12	+0.1	.0.72	2008.73	2001,42	1373.23	1777.98		2030.38	1410.30	
Netherland (26)	188.97	+0.3	188.22	129.36	167.85	165.38	+0.7	3.20	188.36	187.67	128.77	186.72		197.07	150.39	150.0
New Zealand (13)	83.00	+0.2	62.84	43.19	58.04	81.04	+0.2	3.86	62.95	82.72	43.04	55.72		88,38	40.58	
Norway (23)	170 72	-1.0	170.04	118.67	151.64	171,93	-0.7	1.48	172.38	171.75	117.85	152.58		165.10	137.71	139.60
Character (20)	910 99	+0.3	309,10	212.46	275.64	228.31	+0.3	.1.40	309.47	308.35	911.57	273.92		332.55	207.04	199.38
Singepore (39) South Africa (80)	221 50	-0.6	220.92	151.84	197,01	212.58	+0.3	2.54	223.17	222,38	152.67	197.53		229.39	144.72	136.47
Spain (42)	132 31	+0.2	131.78	90.68	117.52	139,52	+0.6	4.28	132.04	131.56	90.27	116.87	138.39	145,24	115.23	
Sweden (35)	181.05	-02	180.33	123,84	160.82	224.73	+0.0	1.55	181.35	180.69	123.98	180.52		208.92	149.70	162.66
Switzerignd (50)		+0.0	146.13	100.44	130.34	138.39	+0.4	1.59	148.76	148.23	100.34	129.92		148.18	108.91	165.74
Unkted Kingdom (218)		+0.8	186.02	127.84	165.88	186.02	+0.6	3.87	185.21	184.53	126.80	180.92		193.97	182.00	
USA (518)	198.15	+0.0	187.40	126.81	167,13	188.18	+0.0	2.75	188.15	167.47	128,63	186.54	188.15	181.56	176.38	175.48
			155.59	108.94	138.76	181.17	+0.9	3.02	156.18	154.59	108.07	137,34		182.97	133.92	132.50
Europe (751)	156-21	+0.7 0.5	178.00	120.97	168.98	188.79	-0.3	1.32	177.65	177.01	121.45	157.25		194,54	142.13	147.25
Nordic (114)	175.71		148.22	100.56	130.40	104.34	+0.4	1.15	146.32	145.79	100.03	129.61	103.88	158.60	105.89	110.00
Pacific Basin (714)	146.80	+0.8	150.00	103.09	133.76	122.63	+0.6	1,95	149.87	149.33	102.45	132.65	121.56	182.98	117.28	119.1
Euro-Pacific (1466)	150.50	+0.5	183.98	126,45	184.10	184,02	+0.0	2.74	184.70	184.03	126.28	183.51	184,01	187,68	171.51	171.5
North America (625)	184.71	+0.0	135.29	93.69	121,57	130,65	+0.8	2.46	136.04	135.55	93.02	120.44		143,73	11251	112.51
Europe Ex. UK (533)	135.83	+0.8	236.48	182.55	210.91	219.96	+0.0	2.69	236.16	235.30	181.47	209.05		245,12	152.70	157.07
Pacific Ex. Japan (245)	237.42	+0.5	151.45	104.10	135.07	125,41	+0.8	1.87	151.38	160.83	103.50	133.99		182,89	118.51	120.00
World Ex. US (1851)	162.05	+0.4	150.21	110.12	142.89	140.80	+0.3	2.09	160.51	159.92	109,74	142.08		168,66	134.22	135,11
World Ex. UK (1951)	180.65	+0.3	162.17	111,47	144.83	144.24	+0.4	2.26	162.38	181.77	111.00	143.72	143.70	170,46	137.29	137.91
World Ex. So. At. (2109) .	162.82	+0.3	177.65	122.11	•	174,89	+0.3	2.81	177.88	177.24	121.62	157.47	174 <i>.2</i> 8	181,67	157.47	158.23
Model Ex. Japan (1700)	178.36	+0.3	1 7 7 - 400		. ,											





FINANCIAL TIMES

Weekend November 27/November 28 1993



Inland Revenue seeks repayment of up to £238m in tax liability

NUK faces winding up order

By Kevin Done, Motor Industry Correspondent

The Inland Revenue has applied for a winding up order against Nissan UK, the former importer and distributor of Nissan cars which was at the centre of Britain's higgest tax fraud.

The Revenue is seeking repayment of up to £238m from NUK, controlled by Mr Octav Botnar, which it claims is the company's tax liebility for a period of 17 years in which NUK's profits were understated.

Earlier this year two former NUK directors were jeiled for their part in the tax fraud. The High Court has appointed Mr Colin Bird and Mr Dipanka

Ghosh of eccountants Price Waterhouse as provisional liqui-dators of NUK. The appointment is only temporary, however, end the Revenue will seek on Monday in the High Court to have the arrangement extended.

NUK is expected to challenge the eppointment of the liquidators and the winding up petition. It has also appealed against the assessment of its tax liabilities and maintains there are no valid grounds for the tax claim.

The compeny, which was deprived of the incrative Nissan franchise hy Nissan Motor, the Japanese carmaker, at the end of 1981, reported net essets of £96.6m at the end of July 1992 in its last set of audited accounts. Under the terms of their eppointment, the provisional liquidetors hold a neutral position with the task of locating and safeguarding the assets of NUK for the benefit of all its cred-

NUK is a subsidiary of Nissan

ultimately owned by European Motor Vehicles Corporation. EMV is registered in Panama and was established as a trust by Mr

Following the loss of the Nissan franchise, NUK sald that It would "continue as e property investment company". Its sister company Automotive and Financial Group (AFG), which is owned through a trust in the Bahamas also established by Mr Botnar, is still one of the biggest multi-franchise UK motor retailer

Earlier this year Mr Michael Hunt, managing director of NUK, was jailed for eight years for his part in the NUK tax fraud. He is currently eppealing against his conviction and sentence. He was convicted for conspir-

ing to defraud the Revenue of

charges for Nissan cars imported to tha UK from Japan. When interest is added, the total loss to the public purse from the fraud was estimated to be more than £87m. His co-defendant, Mr Frank Shannon, a former finance direc-

ing artificially to inflate freight

tenced to three years after admitting, before the trial, to ona offence of cheating the Revenue. During the two-month trial the prosecution said the fraud was hy far the largest ever perpetrated on the Revenue. The "prime

mover" hehind the fraud, it

tor with the company, was sen-

alleged, was Mr Botnar. Mr Botnar has remained in Switzerland beyond the reach of UK justice since a warrant was issued for his arrest in early

Banking fears hit Japanese stocks

By Emiko Terazono and Robert Thomson in Tokyo

Japanese stock prices dived 2.9 per cent yesterday, as fears gathered about the health of the banking system and the onset of an economic recovery, which is fading into the distance.

The Nikkei average fell below 17,000 to 16,726.37, ending the week down 6.8 per cent end reflecting renewed concern ebout the country's hanks after they disclosed sharply lower profits and higher noo-performing loans. Tokyo's index of hanking stocks slipped 5.4 per cent yesterday, as attention was drawn to the banks' attempts to cope with the consequences of their reckHosokawa still voters favourite...

Page 3 Japan's trust banks silde average 44% _Page 11 World stocks... ...Page 21

deepening recession. Investors in Tokyo recali that weakness in bank prices last year heralded the market'a fall to e six-year low of 14,309.41. Stock price falls are particu-

and, now, with the effects of a

larly damaging in Japan, where many companies, financial and oon-financial, rely on a large pile of unrealised equity gains as a buffer against hard times. Aware of that danger, the country's leading brokers this

week called on the Japan Renewal party, which dictates economic policy within the seven party coalition govern-ment. The brokers want the government to stimulate the economy to prevent an asset price fall that could send the economy into e downward spiral.

"Something has to be done

about the banks' problems," said Mr Yutaka Nakai, a general manager at Dalwe Securities. Ministry of Finance officials have insisted that public funds will not be used to help the banks. They hope an easing of tax regulations will encourage write-offs. Another reason for the stock price fall is technical. The newly introduced Nikkei 300 index, likely to replace the Nikkei 225 as

the market's benchmark next year, is heavily weighted with banking stocks. Traders who recently accumulated Nikkei 300 stocks were surprised hy the banks' poor earnings and sold

Corporate capital spending figures announced yesterday reflected deteriorating confidence in the economy, Large companies were expected to cut capital spending by 3.5 per cent this Japan's Ministry of International Trade and Industry.

Consumer spending is also fall-

ing. Large retailers reported that sales slipped 3.6 per cent in October, against a year earlier, the 17th consecutive month of

Reynolds wants summit plan for an end to Ulster violence

By Philip Stephens, Political Editor

Mr Albert Reynolds, the Irish prime minister, yesterday set the creation of a joint UK-irisb framework for a permanent eod to violence in Northern Ireland as the priority of his forthcoming summit with Mr John Major.

His emphasis on securing an end to terrorism came as Mr James Molyneaux, the Ulster Unionist party leader, said it was possible that there could be "significant developments over the weekend with regard to the ter-rorist situation". He offered little explanation but told his party executive in Belfast that more detailed information would be avaliable early next week.

Meanwhile, as Mr Reynolds stepped up his campaign to reassure unionists in the province of their veto over constitutional change, the UK government conof the summit.

Irish officials appeared confi-

Europe today

The arrival of an active frontal zone over the

British Isles will result in mild wintry weather continuing over much of the continent. Cloud and patchy fog will linger in the Benelux and northern France. Some tight

snow will fall in parts of Denmark and

dent that It would go ahead on Friday. But Downing Street, apparently anxious to retain the option of a delay, refused to confirm the timing. There were also signs of important differences in the approach of the two govern-

ments to the summit. Mr Reynolds, who sent draft proposals to Mr Major on e possible framework for peace, wants the summit to concentrate on providing the hackground egainst which the IRA might declare an end to violence.

That would involve a postsummit statement by the two leaders combining pledges to unionists on the constitutional integrity of the province with recognition of the legitimacy of the nationalist aspirations of the Catholic minority.

It would also imply a further offer to Sinn Fein, the IRA's political wing, of an eventual place at the negotiating table in return for an end to violence. But Mr Reynolds' focus on the short-term possibilities for a halt

to the IRA's military campaign conflict with the much greater emphasis being placed by Mr Major on the need for a comprehensive political settlement.

The UK prime minister has indicated that he is taking seri-ously the possibility that Mr Gerry Adams, the Sinn Feln ending the violence. However, amid alarm among moderete unionists about the direction of negotietions with Dublin, Mr Major wants the summit to provide the springboard for all-party

talks on a political settlement. Mr Reynolds believes thet should take second place to the peace process, although both leaders will continue to insist publicly that the two processes are complementary. in an article in the Belfast Telegraph and an interview on BBC Radio Ulster, Mr Reynolds rejected unionist claims that his government was acting as e conduit for the IRA.

Peace deadline, Page 7

Budget boost

tive MPs that Mr Clarke's main

aim will be to stimulate industry and speed up the fall in unem ployment.

Fowler, the party chairman, backed by several senior minis ters, including Mrs Virginia Bottomley, health secretary, and Mr Peter Brooke, heritage secretary. in Worceater that economic recovery was "well under way"

ensure it was "sustained and undermined by new costs on husiness or e spiralling budget Mr Michael Howard, home sec-

latory burdens on business."

Ministers'

Continued from Page 1

It was led by Sir Norman

He said the government would

retary, told Conservatives in Dymchurch: "Britain is bouncing back, leading Europe ont of recession, so the hudget will be building on fundamental eco-

nomic strength."
Mr David Hunt, employment
secretary, told Eddisbury Tories:
"The sure way to jeopardise our recovery is to impose new regu-

Budget rates

This week's almost imperceptible rise in the market despite the half-point base rate cut may be no more than a signal that it is better to travel than arrive. Equally it may indicate a sensi-ble level of caution ahead of the Budget. Yet there are hints that investors are beginning to baulk at paying prospective multiples of over 20 times for a market where a strong earnings recovery is far from assured. While the Confederation of British Industry's reduced growth estimate for 1994 might simply be a last minute hint to the chancellor, the market is starting to take seriously the cautions from company chairmen. Such strength as there was in the market apparently came from Lloyd's investment trust

funds being parked in equities.

Still, unless the chancellor savages the pension funds' tax benefits or raises taxes very sharply, equities will probably consolidate. Short term rates may not fall again soon, but with the inflation outlook still extremely favourable, the interest rate cycle may not have bottomed yet. Prospects for gilts hinge on the Budget projections of the deficit, though given the ease with which this year's requirement has been raised, there seems little risk

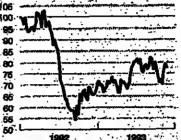
of a significant bout of nerves soon. International factors will probably be the decisive influence. On the one hand, economic news from continental Europe continues to be poor, on the other, stronger growth in the US raises the prospect of steadily clim-hing bond yields and the possibility of a tightening by the Federal Reserve. If that process starts in earnest UK equi-ties will need that earnings recovery

New issues

The £3hn of new issues which the equity market has swallowed this year is causing some tummy rumbles. With institutional investors grumbling about poor quality issues and the ambitious prices, sponsors would be wise to defer remaining flotations until next year, The looming Budget and recent wohlles in the equity market have proved unsettling, while the glutted market has produced some disappointing take-ups. The collapse of Swithland Group soon after its attempted float marks the mood of the

Another deterrent to investors has been the poor stagging opportunities on new issues. The book-building techniques used for higger flotations have enabled vendors to achieve high FT-SE Index: 3111.4 (+18.3)

Share price relative to the FT-A All-Share Index



prices, but distillusion quickly spreads if a company's performance disappoints. Next year's crop of possible big flotations, including William Hill and House of Fraser, may have to be more keenly priced. The absence of trade huyers this year should perhaps also induce a mood of caution. That, though, may reflect the different risk calculations between fund managers and industrialists. Money managers, who view the world in terms of rela-tive performance, can afford to chance their arm provided their peers all bet the same. Industrial managers are driven by absolute standards and must be sure of better odds. Just one mistake will cost them dear.

That said, if the present cycle follows previous patterns - and recent US experience - the wave of flotations may well be followed by a rise in corporate mergers and acquisitions. Indeed, for those brave enough to dare, it might be the perfect time for leveraged buy-outs. With borrowing costs at their lowest for a generation and the economy swinging upwards, there could be high rewards for those with enough gall to persuade the banks to lend them money.

Forte

These are busy times for Forte. While it tries to cement its deal with Ciga in Italy, wrangling over the chairmanship of the Savoy continues. Although it has just sold its stake in Kentucky Fried Chicken, a buyer is still being sought for the Harvester restaurant chain and its airport catering business is being prepared for flotation. For the longer term, the Ciga deal probably matters most, so it is

disconcerting for Forte to see rivals such as Marriott also showing interest in this luxury hotel chain. By acquiring the Ciga brand, which is a strategic fit with its own luxury hotels. Forte would be making a leap forward

in the top end of the market. Indeed, it would arguably be in the position to walk eway from the Savoy, which remains as elusive a prey as ever. There is no sign of a negotiated agreement and the rolling 12-month notice which Forte must give of intention to bid is not much use when any such announcement would drive the Savoy share price higher. With Ciga in its portfolio. Forte might persuade the Savoy to negotiate. Otherwise it is hard to see how the process can he moved on. Forte remains unwilling to break its agreement not to buy more Savoy shares in the market, which would be expensive anyway et levels around £8. Faced with such prolonged uncertainty it might even decide it was not worth hanging on.

As for the disposals, each one makes the risk of e rights issue more remote. Kentucky Fried Chicken is more sensitive to the cycle than Gardner Merchant and the airport catering business, but the disposals do lessen Forte's ability to offset the UK hotel cycle. The effect would he lessened by e greater presence in the the European luxury hotel market - which is where the Ciga deal comes in again.

Underlying the 17 per cent fall in the Nikkei over the past month is the fear that economic recovery might he receding to the end of next year and beyond. There is no consensus on when the upturn might happen or on how strong it will be - just a deepen-ing general depression about the continuing stream of poor economic and corporate results, including those in the past few days from the banks.

Two things are necessary to revive the market. One is a large economic stimulus from the government, with cuts in both corporate and income taxes. The other is evidence that Japanese industry is prepared to cut costs far more than up till now. Otherwise It will be hard pushed to improve earnings when the outlook for sales is so poor. Both developments are politically difficult, but if they do not come about, the index could easily drift down below 16,000 points. At that point the market's weakness would start to threaten banks' capital ratios, putting another restraint on recovery.

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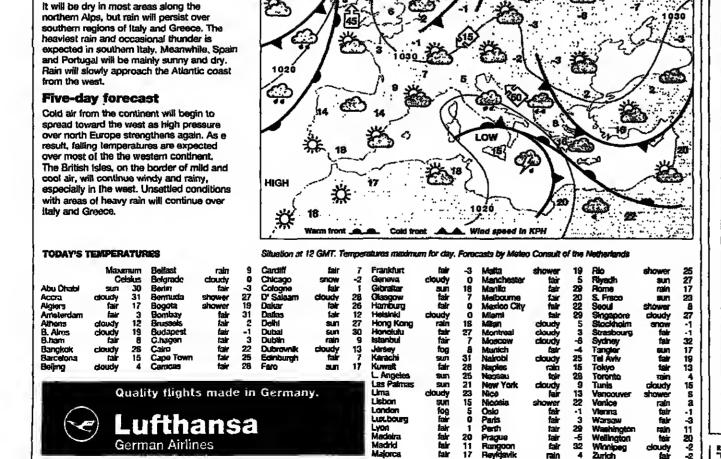
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SECTION II

Weekend November 27/November 28 1993

he tax raforms of the 1980s have failed; the tax system is a fraud; and naxt Tuesday'a Revolutionary forces which new-look Budget, how ever hard chancellor Kennath Clarke and his officials hava laboured, is unlikely to make things will destroy income tax better. Can anything be done to restore legitimacy to the tax sys-tem? And if so what would it look in arguments about Bndget changes, we often forget the really hig question: have we got the wrong

What has gone wrong with the way that revenue is raised? asks John Plender. And how do we find a more coherent system?



At the same time the develop-

ment of public choice theory in the

US challenged the view of a benign

spoils according to prevailing politi- Friedrich Hayek, following Von cal pressure. The result was that Mises, launched a frontal assault on patterns of saving, investing and the progressive character of the tax working became heavily distorted. Tax avoidance became a growth industry. The idea of a progressive income tax that rose more than proportionately with income was subverted. Distorted incentives undermined economic efficiency.

It was at this point that conventional wisdom about redistribution confronted an intellectual challenge from the libertarian right. In The Constitution of Liberty,

system, arguing that a democracy in which the majority was free to impose a discriminatory tax hurden on the minority was unjust and oppressive. He implied that the

state run hy philosopher kings. James Buchanan and his followers offered instead a vision of a state which had become predatory, using rearrangement of income and propits monopoly power over the tax erty rights by a process of haggling base to maximise revenue. Theirs between interest groups is ulti-mately destabilising and that if peo-ple really understood how coercive was a populist and constitutional alternative to the elitist, approach. They sought non-electoral means to the nature of the redistributive proconstrain the coercive natura of cess was, they would be most democracy, which Lord Hailsham

dubbed in Britain as "elective dictatorship". The theory found an echo in the Californian tax revolt of the late 1970s, when voters successfully restrained property taxes through the celebrated Proposition 13.

The new Right did not score a decisive victory, however. The idea of a social contract, outlined by the philosopher John Rawls, provides a potential justification for redistribution that has been used as a powerful counterweight to Hayek and his followers. Others, such as Dan Usber, the Canadian economist,

assignment of income and property argued that redistribution which threw up losers as well as winners was necessary to make capitalism acceptable.

Yet by the 1980s the practical case for the reform of heavily distorted tax systems across the world was overwhelming. The motto of reformers was "fiscal neutrality" - the doctrine that tax should not unnecessarily influence the way people

which the tax system had trans-formed share ownership from a personal to an institutional habit and turned the British into a nation of high marginal rates of direct taxation. So the thrust of reform was to reduce beadline rates of tax and to broaden the tax base by scrapping allowances and reliefs and hy increasing indirect imposts such as value added tax.

The formula was applied with varying degrees of rigour in all the English speaking economies. The aim was to minimise disincentives and bring back some coherence to a ramshackle system that reflected a bost of conflicting priorities.

This hrings us to the fraud. For, while some gains were made on the long path towards neutrality, the overall result of all this frenetic hudgetary activity is that the boundaries of the state have not been rolied back and the taxpayer is no better off. In the March hudget, the Treasury's Red Book was projecting that public expenditure in 1993-4 would amount to 45% per cent of national income, higher than the 44 per cent which the Thatcher government inherited when it took office in 1979. Taxes, meantime, at 34% per cent of national income are back to much the same level as in 1979, having been higher than that in all the intervening years.

Even allowing for different stages in the economic cycle, it is clear that the taxpayer has been hoodwinked by political rhetoric. The government's tax-cutting credentials are a sham. Not surprising, say the public choice theorists - this is a practical victory for the predatory state, notwithstanding Lady Thatcher and all ber works. The most that tax reform has achieved is the reassignment of tax shares around different groups in the popu-lation, with some modest gains in economic efficiency.

Already those gains are being eroded or off-set hy other changes. The process of simplification started by Lord Howe (chancellor from 1979 to 1983) and continued by Lord Lawson (1983-1989) led to e plethora of income tax rates heing slimmed down to just two: 25 per cent and 40 per cent. But with Norman Lamont (1990-1993), Clarke's predecessor, the tax system acquired new encrustations with with the announcement of a 20 per cent tax rate.

The method of taxing pension funds, one of the more cohereot parts of the system, is being dismantled on an ad hoc basis for no better reason than that the Treasury needs the money. New reliefs have been created and existing reliefs tinkered with. A new cycle of sharing out the spoils and adding new wrinkles is under way. There is, meantime, a widely held view that the limit of how much can be taken from citizens in tax has almost been reached.

Continued on Page X

CONTENTS

wealth from one section of the com-

tax is often justified by the princi-

more to the poor than to the rich. At another level, there has been vigorous debate about the level at

which taxes make the economy less

efficient, for example by weakening

incentives. Above all, there was a presumption that the system would be administered by a wise and

benevolent government (like the

guardians of Plato's Republic). As a result, discussions on tax policy were elitist and secretive. Until recently, these matters scarcely

concerned most people because, as John Kay and Mervyn King say in

their classic book The British Tex

System, less than a fifth of the

working population in 1939 paid

income tax. Most people paid only indirect taxes and there was no cor-

poration tax. Everything changed with the second world war and the

Since 1960 the whole of the work-

imperfect income tax system with

the growth of public spending gave politicians a huge incentive to mess

about with the system by offering

special benefits to interest groups

who might help them to get elected.

people not for what they did but for

what they were: home owners, pen-

sion scheme memhars, personal

equity plan holders and the rest. Rival interest groups divided the

The tax system came to reward

rise of the welfare state.

Family finance: The interest rate cuts and you

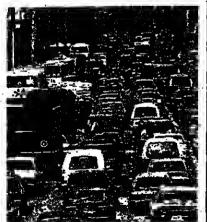
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The Long View / Barry Riley Throes of thri

Chancellors of the Exchequer like to pay respectful homage to the nation's savers, but sometimes thrift can go too far. The personalsector savings ratio hit a remarkable 12% per cent in 1992, and expectations of a lively con-

r-led economic recovery depend on that falling to, say, 9 per cent next year. This is not a time when encouraging the savings habit is a priority, which is just as well, the track record of previous chancellors in creating tax breaks fails to stand up to close scrutiny. One tax-hased investment scheme

which already has a termination date of December 3L 1993 pinned on it is the Business Expansion Scheme, introduced in 1983 to encourage wealthy private individuals to provide risk capital to support small, unquoted companies. Rather than raising the flow of capital, however, tha BES seemed to increase the risks. Few made money axcept the intermediaries. Soon the earch was on for lower risk husinesses which qualified under the rules, but they were asset speculations rather than the manufacturers and traders

that the government had targeted. The BES's final fling has been in financing rented housing, with the likes of Oxford colleges raising millions to house students: this is a worthy cause no doubt, but surely does not carry a high priority for the taxpayers' support

when there is a £50bn budget deficit. Then there was John Major's own pet scheme from his days as chancellor, the Tessa. This popped up for no ohvious reason in the 1990 Budget, and was mmediately open to the criticism that it would encourage little new saving. but only cause existing deposits to be shifted to the tax-free accounts. Although about \$15bn has been lured sas, the benefit to the public interest is hard to see.

Neither has much of a favour been done for Tessa holders, who are now trapped. When the accounts were first available in January 1991 they yialded

ebout 14 per cent. Next January the return may be down to 5% per cent and who knows how much lower it might go? After all, the banks and building societies can now exploit a helpless group of depositors. This is because nearly all the Tessas were opened in 1991, and cannot be liquidated before 1996 without the loss of all previous

Kenneth Clarke could do these depositors a favour, and save the Exchequer a little future money too, hy closing the Tessa scheme down after three years,

with tax relief. Another tax-based savings schame that has veered off course is the personal equity plan. This was Nigel Law-son's bright idea in 1966 to encourage direct investment in UK equities at the expense of tha institutions. The Pep, along with various employee share schemes and the privatisation of businesses on the cheap, was intended to

promote "popular capitalism". Originally collective funds such as unit trusts and investment trusts were excluded from Peps, but they lobhied hard and won a modest footbold. With less than masterly timing, Peps were launched a few months ahead of tha 1987 atock market crash and sales lagged badly. This gave the collective fund promoters their chance: they could provide the marketing drive which might get the Peps off tha ground.

oday the Pep has become over-

whelmingly a unit trust tax hreak, with sales of £2bn of unit trust Peps in the last tax year. A full £6,000 annual Pep can be invested in a collective fund, only half of which need evan be in equities. Now the unit trust trade association Autif is lobbying for £3,000 tax-exempt gilt-edged plans to he introduced in next week's Budget. The industry could shift £1bn a year in gilt plans, it reck-ons. Among other claimed advantages

the gilt plans would further boost popular capitalism – though frankly it beats me what an investment in government bonds has to do with capitalism.

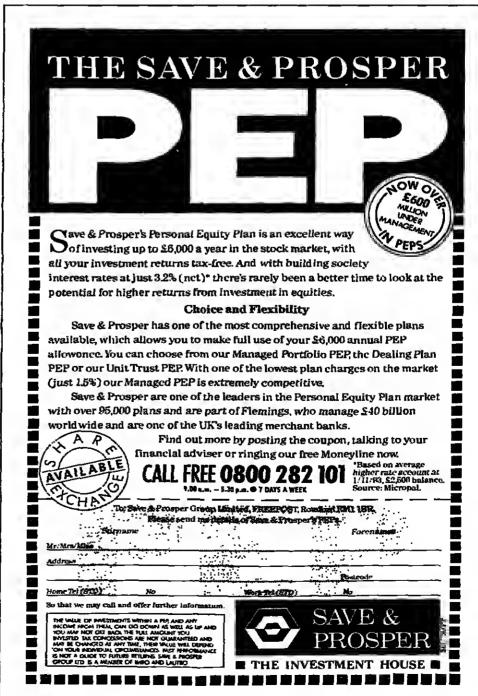
This, I suppose, should only he regarded as a nice try by the unit trust men. But I would remind Kenneth Clarke that if he really wants to offer tax incentives to individuals for huying gilts he simply has to offer a tax-exempt issue through National Savings.

orman Lamont surreptitiously reduced the appeal of Peps last March through his cut in the rate of tax which could be reclaimed on UK company dividends from 25 to 20 per cent. More seriously, the same applied to pensions, including personal pension So passive last March, the pensions

industry has worked up a furious pro-

paganda campaign ahead of the latest Budget, fearful that its formidable remaining annual £15bn of tax relief will prove an irresistible target for Clarke. Certainly the Chancellor mus focus on the logic underlying the tax treatment of the main savings scheme in pensions and life assurance, and can afford to be diverted by pet projects. Life assurance is an emergency case for the Treasury, although paradoxi-cally it may not figure in the Budget. Three years ago the Inland Revenue conducted a review of life assurance taxation, but ignored the implications of the Third Life Directive which was then only in draft but is soon due for implementation throughout the European Union. From next July life companies based around Europe, and espe-cially in Luxembourg and Dublin, will be able to market investment policies into the UK offering tax-free roll-up. Caught napping, the life industry and the Revenue are locked in secret sessions to find a response.

Tax men hate to recognise it but there is a world out there where they do things differently. When the frontiers are opened investors are no longer helpless victims of the local tax inspectors. Internationalisation will mean that British chancellors will no longer find it easy to devise their own little savines schemes.



London The opium of the chattering classes

By Bernard Gray

Clarke was puched centre stage in The story of Westminster folk, traders in the equity market have been confidently expecting an interest rate cut. Playing the part of e softhearted-but-plainspeaking Midlands' son of toil. the chancellor seemed certain to boost the soap opera'e flagging ratings with some well timed relief for hard-pressed homeowners and grim-faced industrialists. Yet the summer came and went, the party con-ference season passed. Equitywatchers never lost faith that Clarke would eventually remember his lines.

On Tuesday the market finally got what it wanted, with a half-point cut in base rates to 51/2 per cent, though the suspense had rather been spoiled by the long wait. As a result the FT-SE 100 index actually fell by 1.3 points on the day and only rose by 3.4 points through the week to fin-isb at 3111.4. The muted response perhaps reflected

FT-SE 100 Index

Anglia Televisio

AIM Group

Allied Lyons

BP6 Inds

Euro Dianey

Kwik Save

Tate & Lyle

Thorn EMI

Royal Bank Scotland

Yorks-Type Tees TV

ver since Kenneth fears that the interest rate cut was only part of tha story. Would the sequel - "Budget II - the next generation" prove a real tear-jerker?

Opinions ware divided.
Astute TV addicts pointed out that in conventional plots the happy ending follows the sad scene and that the rate cut was authorised because the inflation outlook was good. And since the fall was only half a percentage point, the budget might well prove to less savage than feared. By the end of the week the market consensus was that perhaps only £2bn-£3bn of extra taxes would be raised. That encouraged bopes that the pattern of recent budgets, where equities rose in anticipation of the speech and fell in response, might be reversed.

Elsewhere in the television jungle there was plenty of chatter. On Wednesday Peter Brooke the heritage secretar finally agreed to allow ITV nies companies to own two franchises, intensifying the speculation about who was

HIGHLIGHTS OF THE WEEK

3199.0

646

450

28116

4781/2

1180

203

740%

853

195

386

439

1017

268

+3.4

+22

+19

+10

-8

-65

-20

+36

-18

-1a

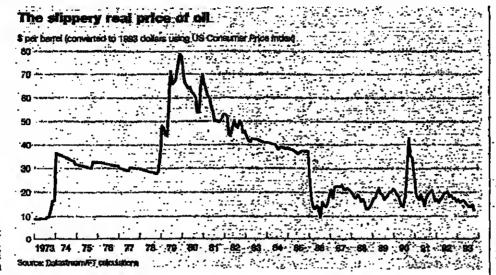
+14

+14

-24

3111.4

449



about to buy what. The move is intended to improve the efficlency of ITV companies by removing some duplicated

Now, spart from forbidding the merger of the two London etations, it is open season. Once the legislation is passed Cranada is widely tipped to bid for LWT, and Carlton might have a tilt at Central. The again, Central is rumoured to eyeing Anglia which may also be on the receiving end of Meridian's attentions. MAI, which owns a majority stake in Meridian, is also supposed to be looking at buying HTV. The confused can perhaps take ref-uge with Yorkshire Tyne Tees, which, since it already owns two franchises, is about the only company which is safe. Dinner table conversation in Hampstead, never knowingly understated, reached fever pitch as the permutations pro-

2737.6 Pre-budget confidence raffy

180 Interim profits up 60%

194 Bid target as TV rules change

378 Robert Fleming "self" note

Banks fret over restructuring

Ethylene production cuts

Excellent Direct Line flow

Positive trading statement

Dividend disamoints

Results show margin press

Another group apparently

intent on turning a drama into a crisis was Opec, which met in Vienna this week. Despite the recent weakness in the price of crude oil, the cartel did not agree to cut production and oil prices tumbled to a five-year low of \$14.50 a barrel on Friday. Adjusted for infla-tion crude oil is now almost back to the low point reached m 1986, and only marginally above the real price it traded at before the first oil shock of 1973-74. JR Ewing and Dallas fell victim to the last bear market, so would Opec follow this

sition were busily writing the cartel out of the series: a weakened Opec laid low by increasingly efficient Western production and the strains of reducing oil incomes. The less apocalyptic script is that Open was not prepared to be bullied into output cuts by the market when the degree of overproduc-tion was so small. A few more chilly weeks in Western Europe might be all it needed to bring the market back into balance and pull the crude

Share prices of the large integrated oil companies held up on the assumption that the crude price weakness was temporary. There was, bowever, eome selling yesterday hy those US investors who returned to their phones after Thursday's Thanksgiving holiday. Over the week, Shell elipped 9p to 678p and BP 8p to

price back above \$16 a barrel.

Exploration companiee, which do not have refining businesses to offset the falling oil price, fared worse, Lasmo fell 16p to 117p, and Enterprise

19p to 437p. The price of petrol has not thus far been a notable

Still, it was not all gloom in the energy business. Half year figures from PowerGen and Scottish Power proved that privatisation is good for you. Having cut staff costs immediately after it was floated PowerGen is now running down its coal stocks and releasing cash. Scottish Power has taken advantage of the cheaper coal deal negotiated by the English generators to cut its own bill from British Coal.

The threat of referral to the Monopolies and Mergers Commission still hangs over the English companies. That will probably curb the market'e enthusiasm over the next few weeks but in spite of the share price rise since flotation, many think the electricity companies

still look attractive Undoubtedly the star of the week was Peter Wood, the founder of Direct Line insurance, who has taken the motor-insurance industry by storm since 1985. Under his profita bonus of £18m. He also took a £24m payment to buy out his contract which had come to embarrass both Wood and Royal Bank of Scotland, the owner of Direct Line.

Now the reluctant hero is to buy some Royal Bank shares. and fund managers concluded that if they were good enough for him, they were good enough for them too, The shares rose 14p to 384p. Wood is, epparently, a workaholic, which brings to mind J P Getty's recipe for success: get up early, work hard, and strike oll. These days it seems insurance, rather than oil, is the

Serious Money

Don't be rushed by Budget hype

By Philip Coggan, personal finance editor

he timing of this week's base rate cut a salutary reminder that chancellors (and governors of the Bank of England) like to surprise us. Everyone was expecting the cut to be announced on Tuesday as a counterpoint to tax increases in the Budget. So, if that was e surprise

chancellor Kenneth Clarke probably has more unexpected measures up his sleeve. Before the last Budget, I do not recall anyone forecasting the changes which Norman Lamont made to the taxation of dividends.

All this should emphasise the dangers of rushing out and making investment decisions on the basis of expected Budget measures. One possibility is that tax relief on personal pensions could be limited to 20 per cent. This has a certain logic, in that the government has reduced other reliefs (such as those on mortgage interest) to the 20 per cent level.

It might, thus, seem sensible for higher-rate taxpayers to make some quick single prepension schemes. But implementing the proposal would run counter to the governencourage a greater shift away from state pension provision And even if Clarke did make such a shift, it might well not come into force until the start of the next tax year. Investors would then have plenty of time to consider the pros and cons of e pension contribution in the light of hard news rather than rumour.

It seems highly plausible (although I confess the chan-cellor has not confided his plans to me) that the thrust of any Budget change will involve the personal tax allowance (£3,445 this year). Tax relief on the allowance will be limited to 20 per cent (a measure which will cost a higherrate taxpayer £689 a year), but the chancellor will give some of the money back by extending the 20 per cent band. If he manager ought to have more widened the band enough, he could declare it to be the besic rate of tax, thereby meeting a long-standing Conservativa tax-cutting pledge while raising texes at the same time.

If such a change does occur, then the various tax-free es (Peps, Tessas etc) will become more important for top-rate taxpayers. But investors will have until April to make their decisions.

Regular readers will know I am a fan of indexed funds, so it is good to see the launch of a new indexed investment trust. The Fairbairn European Smaller Companies index trust has the added advantage of opening up a new area for indexation; to date, most funds have been either UK-based or devoted to major overseas indices such as the Standard & Poor'e 500. James Capel, which

launching the fund together with Providence Capital, has developed a new European smaller companies index which covers 17 countries and 1,000 stocks. The investment trust will buy a basket of 350 stocks igned to reolicate the capital performance of this index.

is an identifiable investment opportunity in European smaller companies. In both the US and the UK, smaller company shares have rebounded as the national economies moved out of recession. In Europe, the recession appears to be bottoming and smaller companies have had a long period of underperformance; a turn-around could be due.

It could be argued that indexation is less appropriate in the field of smaller companies, One key argument in its favour is that stock markets are efficient, so that it is impossible for active managers to beat the index consistently, But small company shares are followed much less and the markets are much less efficient so, eccordingly, the active scope to outperform. The managers contend, how-ever, that if there is a opportunity for profit, why take the risk that an active manager will underperform the index? It is true that the Fairbairn trust is also likely to underperform tha index's total return; in view of dealing costs and the managers' 0.7 per cent annual fee. But the charges will be taken from income and the end result should be fairly close to the capital growth of the index. The minimum investment is 22.000 and the trust is Pep-

qualifying. The European smaller compa nies offer is dwarfed by a rival issue, the Mercury World Mming Trust. This has already raised a staggering £380m from institutions, making it the largest investment trust issue ever. It is tempting to believe that, when managers can raise £380m for a commodity trust, it

is the sign of a bull market gone mad. In fact, apart from gold, base metals prices are severely depressed, having fallen 42 per cent since 1989. Some of those investing in the trust will be "gold bugs" backing manager Julian Baring others will be taking the view that metals prices have been down for so long that the only way forward is up. Contrarian ism seems, paradoxically, to get ever more popular.

But some commantators believe we have entered a long deflationary phase in which competition from emerging markets will exert a continual downward pressure on prices. If their view is right, then

the correct investment is not commodities but a heavy weighting in bonds, with the main equity exposure in emerging markets. Only if you believe that world inflation will return with a vengeance, does a mining trust make sense, and even then indexlinked gilts are probably a more sensible option.

AT A GLANCE

Unit trusts celebrate record October sales

its best October on record last month with net sales reaching £845.9m, up from £668.6m in September. Net sales to retail investors were £575m, up from £411m in September, according to the Association of Unit Trusts and Investment Funds (Autif). So far this year, net unit trust sales have been £7.8bn, compared with building society net receipts of

Co-operative Bank cards plan

The Co-operative Bank has simplified and reduced the interest rates charged on its Robert Owen card, and affinity cards issued by the RSPB, Help the Aged, Amnesty International, the Labour Party, and the Liberal Democrats.

From January 1 1994, there will be a single rate of 1.7 per cent e month (22.42 APR), down from the present rates of 1.85 per cent for direct debit payments and 2.35 per cent otherwise. The original structure involved three tiers relating to the amount spent on the card each month, but this was found to be too confusing.

Nationwide's new bond

Nationwide's new escalating three-year Fixed Growth Bond will pay 5.5 per cent gross in the first six months, rising to 7.5 per cent gross in the last six months. Those closing the account in

years 2 and 3 will lose 180 days' interest.
Britannia's Guaranteed Reversal bond pays a variable rate which changes by half a percentage point with every half point chnage in bank base rates. Base rates at 5.5 per cent attract interest at 6 per cent gross. The maximum interest rate is 7.5 per cent gross (base rates at 4 per cent) and the minimum is 5.5 per cent (base rates at 6.5 per cent). The bond matures on October 1 1994.

The minimum investment in both building society bonds is £5,000. Portman is paying a fixed rate of 6.5 per cent gross for six months (or 6 per cent for one year) on a minimum deposit of £500. It will withdraw the bond on Tuesday.

Cheaper weekend phone calls BT and Mercury are stashing their long-distance week-end prices

from next Saturday. A 3-minute BT call to anywhere in the country will cost 10p; a Mercury 3-minute call will cost 8.8p. Mercury is offering further reductions for week-ends in December

and January.

Across about half of the country (including London), BT users without a Mercury "blua button" phone can become Mercury subscribers within a few days by means of e "132" connection. Once registered, subscribers access Mercury's long-distance and international network by prefixing their calls with the digits "132". Mercury charges an annual fee of £10.

Guide to council tax

The Child Poverty Action group has published a guide to the council tax, covering all aspects of the tax and its application, including how properties are valued and assigned to bands, who is liable to pay the tax, and how payment can be enforced,

It also explains who is eligible for council tax benefit, and the various ways to reduce your tax bill through discounts, disability reductions and transitional relief. The Council Tax Handbook Is available from CPAG, 1-5 Bath Street, London EC1V 9PY, for £7.95 including post and packaging.

Insurer buys Denplan

PPP, the UK's second largest medical insurer, yesterday announced that it had bought Denplan, the largest privata dental healthcare business. More than 25 per cent of dentists are members of Denplan, and 400,000 patients are registered. PPP provides private medical cover for nearly 2m people. The new relationship will have no immediate effect on subscribers of either Denplan or PPP, but cross-marketing and joint projects between the two are likely in future.

Smaller companies fall again

Small company shares slipped again this week. The Hoare Govett Smaller Companies Index fell 0.9 per cent from 1582.02 to 1567.43 over the seven days to November 25.

Wall Street

Wielding the knife at Thanksgiving

T hile most of the country was giving on Thursday with traditional excesses of turkey and televised American football, thousands of employees of Philip Morris and NCE bad little to celebrate.

On Wednesday, the food and tobacco group announced plans to close as many as 40 plants and eliminate 14,000 jobs in a restructuring programme intended to reduceits annual operating costs by \$1bu. On the same day the computer group, NCR, said it would offer 25,000 employees early retirement in an attempt to cut 7,500 jobs from its pay-

The lavoffs and cost-cutting measures came as a shock to equity markets, primarily because investors believed that the long and painful restructuring of US industry which has been a feature of life in Corporate America for the past two to three years -had been completed. Philip Morrie and NCR, bowever, have provided a sharp reminder that companies cannot afford to relax their efforts

f you cannot bum a tune

by the Smashing Pump-kins, you are not alone.

Even Bottom Line's

tuned-in secretary turns vague when the group is mentioned.

group's success had helped its

regret and unfulfilled desires".

Tha description could be

applied to Sir Colin Southgate,

Sir Colin's unfulfilled desire

is for his work in recasting

Thorn to be recognised. He has

concentrated on turning its

two largest businesses, music and rentals, into world leaders.

Yet, when he bought Virgin

Music last year for £510m.

making Thorn one of the

world's three biggest recording

groups, the critics complained

that he had overpaid. What

they ignored was that there

were others waiting to huy Vir-

gin, it was an essential pur-

per cent to £89.9m.

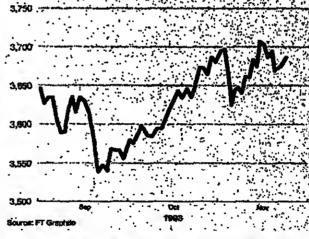
Thorn's chairman.

The Smashing Pumpkins

to cut costs and improve efficiency. In an economy where sluggish growth, weak connon-existent inflation has made price competition keen. companies have to stay fit and fast on their feet to thrive.

This point was brought home by the fact that the restructurings at Philip Morris and NCR were not emergency measures to keep struggling businesses alloat. Philip Morris reported a profit of \$4.9bn in 1992, the largest of any US corporation, and although its domestic tobacco business is under intense pricing pressures, its oversees tobacco and food businesses are in good

And, while NCR's earnings performance thie year has been less than sparkling - the company lost money in the most recent quarter, dragging down the profits of its parent, the telecommunications group AT&T - compoter industry analysts believe NCR is wellplaced to prosper, having already made the strategic decision to ehift its business away from mainframe and minicomputers toward "open" networks of linked computers.



None of this will be much comfort to the employees of vided details on where the cuts would be made, which will have ruined Thanksgiving for the many thousands of workers who could lose their jobs in the restructurings. For millions of equity inves-

tors, however, Thanksgiving was not as distressing as it might have been, for after a

shaky start, the stock markets weathered what could have been a difficult week relatively

At one point on Monday, conditions were perilous. Bond prices had dropped sharply as investors in fixed income securities continued to sell government securities amid new evidence of resurgent economic growth. The subsequent rise in bond stelds to their highest

some heavy losses in overseas equity markets spooked investors in the stock markets, who drove the Dow down more than 40 points at one stage. At that moment, the gloomy prediction of some analysts -

levels since midsummer, and

that rising bond yields would spark a sharp downward cor-rection in chare prices sked as if it would be fulfilled. But the declines in bond prices on Monday did not carry through to the rest of the week, and an unexpectedly strong bond market rally ensured that stocks stayed mostly in positive territory. The Dow Jones Industrial Average bounced back with modest advances on the next two days, and were bolding their own at mid-morning yesterday. Trading was quiet because the stock markets were closed on Thursday and shut down early on Friday, but the mood among investors was generally upbeat.

Tha recovery in bonds, which lowered long-term interest rates, as measured by the yield on the benchmark 30year bond, from 6.38 per cant to 6.26 per cent, was not the result of a fundamental

nothing this week to ease fixed-income investors' concerns that interest rates are now on a steady upward path. Instand, bond pricae rebounded on mostly technical considerations - the lack of fresh selling on Tuesday surprised dealers and investors who had sold bonds short in anticipation of further losses, and they were forced to buy bonds to cover thair short positions. A decline in commodity and oil prices, the latter sparked by OPEC's failure

change in bond market senti-

ment. After all, there was

to agree on production cuts, also supported bond prices. Even if it was technically driven, the bond market's rally belped assuage fears among equity investors that might bring the long bull mar-ket in stocks to a halt. For that, at least, Wall Street could give thanks.

Patrick Harverson

Monday Thursday Friday

The Bottom Line

Thorn likes pumpkin in its pie

hail from Illinois. This week Thorn EMI announced that the relegated to the second rank As it bappens, this week's music division increase halfresults were a vindication of year operating profits by 48.3 the acquisition. Virgin's profits of £36.5m accounted for 41 per A trawl of the rock reviews cent of Thorn's total music reveals that the Smashing The rental business, which Pumpkins' lyrics are "full of

rents out anything from video recorders to jewellery, also saw profits rise 17.7 per cent to 552 6m. Overall pre-tax of profits £105m were unchanged on last year, but were depressed by a £10m exceptional charge arising from the sale of Thorn lighting and Thames Television. Operating profit from continuing operations rose to £121.3m from £97.6m.

Net borrowings of £399.2m half-way stage last year. Debt fell to 56.4 per cent of shareholders' funds from 103.5 per cent a year ago.

were £38.3m lower than at the from a high of 1,009p at the end has been under a cloud since a of August, to 895p last Wednesday, the day after the results were announced, before recovering to 923p yesterday. Yet Thorn's shares have had

Sir Coin Southgate, chairman of Thorn EMI

report on its US operations in the Wall Street Journal last September. The newspaper alleged that the debt collection Thorn has two problems. The procedures of Thorn's US staff chase if Thorn was not to be a rocky ride. They have gone first is that its rental division ran to guns and gangs of Hell's

Angels.

Sir Colin's reaction to the article should be on every business school curriculum as a son in how not to handle bad publicity. If the charges were false, he should have denied them. So far, he has not done so convincingly. If they were true, he should have said the group would deal with the perpetrators. Instead, he said how hurt he

was. Any sympathy understandably went to Thorn's allegedly persecuted customers. Seven weeks after the articla appeared. Thorn announced that former Senator Warren Rudman would investigate the allegations.

The second problem is that Thorn cannot sell its defence subsidiary. The General Electric Company had a look at the business earlier this year, but was not prepared to pay enough. It is difficult to see the

valua of the business rising, however. It lost £14.7m in the first half, compared with £1.4m last time. Lord Weinstock, GEC's managing director, has a habit of biding his time. He often wins his prize, usually paying a price considerably lower than the number first If Thorn does get rid of its

defence business, thoughts will turn to a demerger, or the prospect of a buyer for the music division. Much attention is being focused on multi-media, or the idea that we will watch a group play on our screens, while our speakers pump out compact disc quality sound and our printers spew out copies of the lyrics. A computer or cable television or telecommunications company could buy Thorn for its collec-

tion of music copyrights.
This sort of thing has been talked about for years, without amounting to much. It might be different this time, but the multi-media business is as full: of unfulfilled desires as a whole staga of Smashing Pumnkins.

Michael Skapinker



FINANCE & THE FAMILY

A guide for wide-eyed graduates

o you're a 1993 grad-uate, starting your first job this autumn. impressed initially by monthly pay cheques as big as the grant cheque you got

By now, however, you probably have realised that the more you earn, the faster money tends to disappear. Food, rent. council tax, transport, clothes for work and an active social life can leave very little in the bank at the end of the month. So, this could be a good time to sit down, examine your financial situation closely and work out your priorities. The first task for many new

graduates will be repaying the debts accumulated during their studies. The average 1993 granuate left college owing almost £1,800, according to a survey this year by Barclays bank. "Interest rates are low at the moment but, if someone is going to organise their finances properly, debt repayment must be a priority," says Mark Bolland, of London fee based financial adviser Chamberlain De Broe.

A growing proportion of stu-dent debt arises from official student loans. But these have a very low interest rate and repayments do not start until the April after graduation, so they are not such an immediate worry; in any case, graduates earning less than 85 per cent of average earnings (now. £1,165 gross a month) can delay

Bank overdrafts and loans, however, usually carry much higher interest rates and should be paid off as soon as possible. Running an overdraft can also lead to hefty bank charges, whila credit card debts are an even more expen-

sive type of borrowing. A number of banks offer graduate loan schamas, intended to cover the expenses incurred in setting up home and starting work. Some also are marketed as a way to consolidate student debts with reg-

This idea should be treated with caution, though: borrowing more to pay off existing debts is usually an easy way to end up in even deeper trouble. But if you have large debts at high rates which you have no bone of clearing in the short



term, it could be worth looking at one of the special graduate loans - providing the rate is lower and there is no arrangement fee.

This could also be the time to look at what your bank is offering in terms of general service. The bank offering the most attractive deal to firstyear students is not necessarily the best once you are in

Most of the big high street banks offer graduate packages for six to 18 months after finishing university. These usually involve free banking and preferential loan and overdraft rates and most are are open to all new graduates, not just existing customers.

Once you have your debts and day-to-day finances under control, you can start thinking about planning for the future. Are you keen to settle down and buy your own flat, or are you waiting only for the results of your final accountancy exams before taking off round the world for a few months?

In either case, regular saving

is a good habit to acquire while you are young and without dependants. But maintain a healthy scepticism towards people who say they have the ideal savings vehicle for you. Remain especially alert when confronted by members of the financial services indus-

try; once you are earning

find yourself on the receiving and of a bard sell for insurance

David Harris, of independent advisers Chantrey Financial Services, says: "I do not believe that the majority of life assurance-related savings schemes are appropriate. The inflexibla nature and longer

So you've left university and started work. Bethan Hutton explains how to negotiate the financial labyrinth

money, you are on their list of targets and some can be overenthusiastic about trying to sell you life assurance and related savings policies. Some of these can turn out to be inflexible for the saver while paying good commission to the

Watch out in particular for casual acquaintances from school or college who call out of the blue and are keen to meet. You could turn up expecting a relaxed drink but time-scale of such plans makes them unsuitable.

Instead, he recommends looking at a range of more flexible products. These range from low-risk, tax-exempt special savings accounts (Tessas) and National Savings products such as the yearly plan and the investment account, to equity investments using a tax-free personal equity plan (Pep). You can sava as bittle as £20 a month with all these schemes.

"Flexibility must be an

buy small quantities of shares on a regular basis, with as little as £20 a month, Bolland also mentions National Savings, and the save-as-you-

earn sbare option schemes

offered by some employers, as

worth considering.

important consideration for

very young people," saysBoi-land. He recommends invest-

ment trust savings schemes as

a sensible way of building up

Investment trusts are compa-

nies which buy shares; inves-

tors purchase shares in the

trust as a way of gaining expo-sure to a spread of equities.

Savings schemes allow you to

some capital,

As for bousing, Bolland says: "Right now is probably a good time for young people to buy their own flats, It all depends on earnings but, in many areas, servicing a mortgage is cheaper than renting. I would suggest that this is a more practical use of money for meone at this stage of their life than engaging in long-term savings."

Accumulating some savings before taking on a mortgage is a good idea, however. Not only will this help with legal costs and so on but, if you can put down a deposit of around 25 property, you could avoid pay-ing expensive mortgage indemnity premiums - and reduce the hazard of getting caught in a negative equity trap if property prices fall.

Retirement seems a long way off when you have just started work but people will tell you that, now you are working, you should think about a pension "The financial services industry would have everyone believe that the younger you start saving for a pension, the hetter," says Bolland. But be is

If your employer has an occupational pension scheme. Bolland says it will probably be worth joining, depending on a number of factors - most importantly, how long you expect to stay in the job.

Personal pensions, sold by life assurance companies, are less likely to be worthwhile at this early stage in your career because early payments are eaten up by commissions and charges and your personal and work circumstances are likely

"If the person really is in a position to put some money away for retirement, then single premiums where possible should be paid," Bolland says. The point is that it is daft to expect that a personal pension which might be suitable at age-22 will remain so for the rest of the person's life. There must be limited appeal in a 22 year-old tying up capital for 40

Harris agrees. "At this age, it is difficult to see how single individuals would have a need for life assurance or sophisticated pension arrangements. "It would be far more beneficial to think of channelling available resources into savings, which are flexible and

may be used at a future date in purchasing property.' Bolland's advice is unequivocal; "I think the main point that people should bear in mind is that there are going to be a lot of people trying to sell them things, and that great care is needed to avoid making investments on spurious grounds. Keeping one's options open at all times is sensible."

Rate changes await Budget

cut from 6 to 5.5 per cent triggered a gage and savings rate changes but most banks and building societies are awaiting the Budget before moveshkhu. Savers are getting nominally low rates for money left on deposit at banks and societies - many instant access savings accounts at societies pay about 4.5 per cent gross on deposits of £5,000.

If societies do not want to queeze savers much further, they bave two cholces: to reduce mortgage rates by less than the full half point; or to squeeze their own mar-gins in a bid to satisfy both savers and bouseholders.

Banks have greater flexibility, since they can fund their mortgages through the money markets instead of relying on retail funds. They are competing aggressively for an increased share of the mortgage market.

The Nationwide and National & Provincial societies, and the National Westminster bank, all have cut their standard variable rate by a quarter of a percentage point to 7.74 per cent. Existing borrowers at N&P will have to wait until after the Budget before being told when the new rate applies. while those at Nationwide and NatWest will get the reduction from January I.

Nationwide also has launched several new oneyear mortgage discounts. The size depends on the amount of deposit borrowers have available.

Discounts of between 0.5 and 2 percentage points are available for Nationwide homeowners moving house. and for new borrowers. The obligation for borrowers with a deposit of less than 10 per cent to take out mortgage payment cover is being walved (except for some fixed and capped rates). The society also has waived its mortgage application fee, which covers the valuation

per cent. Nationwide will pay such borrowers £250 on com-

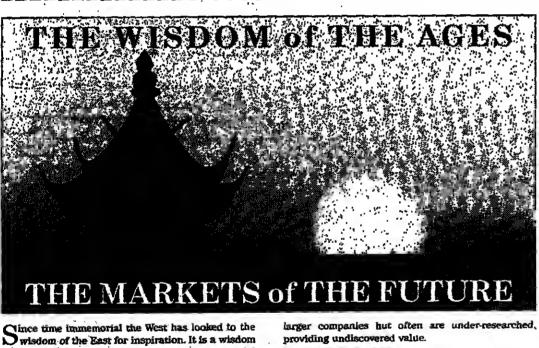
pletion of the mortgage. Others to have cut their mortgage rate include the Newcastle building society, which has reduced by 0.24 of a point to 7.75 per cent, and Northern Rock, down by 0.34 to 7.65 per cent

Royal Bank of Scotland has passed on the full 0.5 point reduction, taking its rate down to 7.49 per cent, while two ceotralised lenders. Bank of Ireland and Citlbank, are reducing their customers will benefit from December 1 at Bank of Ireland, and from January at Citibank.

Centralised lenders are theoretically, in a good position to lower their rates since, like the banks, they can get funding from the money markets. "They have the opportunity to be competitive; but since most new husiness is being done on fixed and discounted mortgages, they may decide to use their additional margins there," says Ian Darby, of mortgage broker John Char-

John Wriglesworth, building society analyst at UBS, is surprised that the societies are cutting their mortgage rates by as mncb as they have because of the pressure on savings rates. He says: "Societies have to offer relatively high savings rates because of pressure for retail funds from the stock market and the government, If they ent mortgage rates by an average of 0.25 of a point, I think savers' rates will come down by about 0.3 of a

The large societies are not revealing their hand until chancellor Keuneth Clarke reveals his in the Budget on Tuesday, but some banks have announced reductions in savers' rates already. Nat-West has pruned 0.625 of a percentage point off most of its rates while Barclays has reduced by about 0.25 of a



that has often been allied to a strong entrepreneurial

That correspondential spirit has made the Far East the fastest growing economic region in the world today - with growth rates of typically 5% to 8% a year Japan's economy is already highly developed. And

the four "Asian tigers", Hong Kong, Kores, Singapore and Taiwan are catching up fast. As are the emerging markets of Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia and China. Save & Prosper believes the region offers exciting investment opportunities with high potential rewards, with varied levels of risk. A choice of three Save & Prosper funds offer you the ideal way to capture the dynamism of the markets of the future.

South East Asia Growth Fund -established la years ago to provide exposure to companies in South East Asia excluding Japan. Original investors have so far seen their money increase its value by more than fourteen times.

Asian Smaller Companies Fund - focuses on the region's smaller companies which can grow faster than "Offer price performance from 6.10.78 to 1.11.93 with not inc

Chino Dragon Fund - (\$27 million invested in the first 6 months) invests in 'China Play' stocks - those companies which trade with or operate in China. And which benefit from China's vast potential.

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FINANCE AND THE FAMILY

New look for tables

end FT will notice that the format and tistical tables have been changed substantially. The changes were introduced first in Tuesday's edition. The aim has been to bring

the tables up to date, in tune with the needs of readers. The most obvious difference is that the tables have been given a consistent type face.

service pages, which have been revamped in recent years, are largely unaffected by the changes. UK investors will note, however, that we have pulled together a number of statistics under the heading "Key indicators" (see Inset for example; today's table appears on page 15 in the first section).

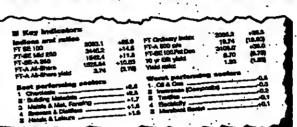
From Tuesday to Friday, the st-performing sectors appear as in the Inset; on Saturdays, a full list of Leaders and Laggards appears elsewhere on the

tion (just before the London page, which can be found today on page 12 of the first

The only alteration to the format of the information provided is that details of the income and redemption yield are now shown on the left hand side, rather than on the right as before. Currencies. Because of the

space created by moving some of the futures information to other pages, it has been possi-ble to expand our coverage of currencies substantially. The two separate articles, on currencies and money markets, have been combined in a single

The currency tables have been supanded to include a greater range of countries. The mid-rate is now shown explic-itly, rather than being left for the reader to calculate. The table of cross-rates has



page. The Saturday paper also includes the FT-SE 100's clos-Substantial changes have also been made to our coverage of international equities (see page 20 of the first section). There is now scope for all shares to show highs, lows, dividend yields and price-earnings ratios.

Although we are not yet able to show these figures for all the stocks, we hope to fill in the gaps over the next few months. We have also expanded our range of world stock. market indices, including more

from emerging markets. Equity options and futures now appear on the World Stock Markets page.

Bonds, Coverage of international bonds is now concen-

trated on one page. On Saturdays, this page is headed Bonds and Commodities; from Tuesday to Friday, it is called International Capital Markets. Our gilts coverage has, there

also been expanded. All these statistics appear on page 13 in today's first section. ■ Derivatives. The general rule is that tables which focus on derivatives will appear on the same page as statistics on the underlying markets. Thus, equity index futures and options will now be found on the World and London stock markets pages.

All futures and options contracts will be shown in the same format and will be grouped together by product, rather than by the exchange on which they are traded.

It is always disconcerting to find that statistics which are used regularly by readers have changed, or have been moved to a different position in the paper. But we believe the new structure is a considerable improvement and that readers will find the statistics even more useful than before.

Philip Coggan

The Week Ahead

Hanson may have some good news on the US coal strike when it reports annual profits on Thursday. The strike cost Hanson £29m in the third quarter and it predicted it would cost £50m to £80m in the fourth, to the and of

Investors are keen to see a settlement, the only question is what the coal producers will have had to give to the mineworkers to achieve that. The market is also hoping

for a dividend increas although forecasts are for a fall in pre-tax profits from £1.29bn (FRS3 basis) in 1992 to £1.05bn-£1.07bn, and around £50m less excluding disposal profits against £1.09bn. Either way earnings per share will be significantly lower.

Hanson pays its dividends quarterly, and has paid 2.85p for each of the last four payments. Some feel an increase is due, perhaps to 3p a quarter, while others think rise will not be forthcoming. The City is anticipating a

steady and unspectacular set of figures from GEC, which reports its first six months on Wednesday. The expectation is that the second half of the year will be significantly stronger when a number of large contracts are due for ementation.

expected to be in the region £350m - £360m, roughly level with or perhaps slightly down on the £356m recorded in the same period last year. Earnings per share are expected to be about 8.1p. compared with 8p and e five per cent increase in the

Profits before tax are

interim dividend to 2.81p (2.68p) is forecast. Bass, the UK brewing, hotels and retail group, is expected to report on Wednesday a 5

per cent increase in full year

pre-tax profits from £473m to

bout £495m. Brewing profits are likely to be hit by margin pressures and bad debt provisions, and pub retailing will feel the effects of disposals. Improvements should come from Holiday Inn in the US and UK leisure operations.

A £175m restructuring charge will reduce Grand Metropolitan's pre-tax profits for the year to about 2770m, 16 per cent down on last year's 2913m. Thursday's announcement is expected to reveal a brighter picture at the trading level. IDV, the spirits division, should achieve double digit profits growth with some help from currency translation. Another good performance is forec Burger King and North American food operations will

show some recover - Higher losses and £6m to £8m of restructuring costs at the Racal-Redac software subsidiary and other special factors are expected to result in markedly lower pre-tax profits at Recal Blectronics, the data communications. radio and network services group, which reports its interims on Thursday.

Pre-tax profit estimates range from about £12m to £16m against £23.1m at the interim stage last year. "Normalised" pre-tax profits are likely to be

MEPC, the UK's second largest property company,is expected to announce on Thursday pre-tax profits for the year to end September of around 199m, down on the previous £109.6m. Net asset value is estimated to emerg at 440p, down from 465p last is expected at least to meet the company's June forecast of 14.75p.

2.10 Marion 32.80 Graysi 110.00 GEC

TAKE-OVER BIDS AND MERGERS

			KARY P			alones"	- Ohidende		
Company	Sector	ton .	P		pier		per share (r)		
ASE Labouro	Ma	Aug	2840	(2,510)	7.0	6.8)		0.75	
Auglo Mali Bank		Sect	9.250	\$3.800	6.7	(4,35)	3.36-		
Black & Edglacton	. BuSr	14	20	2,000 1	0.01	H		(-	
Boustoni · · · ·	; Beg-	Sept	283	1117)	0.1	ä	0.35	(0.3	
Capital Radio · ·	Med	Sep	11,700	8,800			6.75	525	
Concentrio		Sep .:	9,360	8.250		(11.68)	688	65.65	
Count	: Mac		252 L	-606 1			5.375	H0.75	
Crossroads Of	. 066		1.520%	(297)		60.8	· ·	. (
Diplomi	Bec	840	20,400	(13,800)	24.8	- (19.4)	12.0	0.76	
Direct Line	. 10/8	Sep .	60,200	2(15,100)		H		- 6	
Demociin Workinskie		Oct	5,300	(4400)	9.66	0.15	9.5	9.5	
Duyer	Stop	Sep	7,740 L	(7,130 1)		· ()	-	- 6	
Excopers Leters	n/a	Jun	221	54,900 U		- ·.#		į.	
F&C Eurotrust		Sep .	210.4	(181.5)	1.28	" (1.47)	1.23	(1.23	
Changes Income Trust	lettr	Sept :	: 47.60	. (36.05)	281	(3.35)	2.75	6.2	
Goodhad Group	· · Med	· May···	17,000 L	- 335		. 0	0.05	10.5	
Headerson Strate Inn		Oct .	271.0	(186.8)	1.36			10.4	
Kenwood Appliances		Sen	5,360	(5,000)	9.6	0.0	3.0	5.85	
Kurik Sava		Aug	120,100			(48.21)	18.3	. (18t	
McLeod Russel		Sep	5,160	(4,940)		· (7.46)	6.1	(6.0	
Makella Group	CEC	-Jun -		{14/900 f)		: : ()	, · ·	. (
Mariand	SED .		8,120		30,3	(20.1)	~9.7 4	. (8.4	
Nesco .		Jun .	231	(222)				•	
Office & Elec Machine	Mec		2034	(67 L)	-	θ	0.14	(0.1	
Rodine		Sep#	2,140 L	(1,090)		(0.0)			
Scottleb Helional Tat	Mili		908	. 28	7.63	8.74	7.75		
Shari Group	Text	Jul	2,440	(1,960)	11.3		53	FL	
Strategem	Offin		1,200	(386)	9.5		4.75	(4.78	
Tate & Cyle .	FdMe		222,500	(189,500)			. 13.0	(12.1	
Tombineon	Text		1,130	(1,050)	12.2	(10.8)	11.5		
TR Property law Tat	MTr	Sep†	36.2	(25.3)	0.65	(0.0)	0.4	- 10	
Unigroup	DdJ4e	Sept	4,410	(794 L)	; -	. ()	-	. 6	
Waterglade	Hob	May	11,700 L	(18,500)		н			

ormpany	Sector	Helf-year 10	Pro-tant	profit C)	divide per sta	nds*
AEL .	. Har ·	Sep	19,180	(17,500)	- 60	: (5.8
b · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Elec .	Sup	1,630	(1,200)	1.05	. (1.0
Zen Med Lyons	G&C B&D	Sep§	1,290	(287,600)	7.3	(1.00
mber indostrial	Oler	Sep	2,430	(1, 170)	5.0	
opted Hotographics	Mec .	Sep	60 L	(B22 L)	-	(
ére Petroleum	OLG	Sept 4	. 632 L	(515 L)		
bcock inf	Eng	Sep	9,200 L	(16,800)	· ··-	(t.c
lack Arrow	Mec	Sep .	348 .	(1,550)	0.5	. (1.5
PB Industries	BcB4s	Sep -	44,000	27,500	28	. 27
district in Treat	InTr	Sept	219.0	. (198.0)	20	42
ejedonie kaveskaent	Offin ·	Sup	25,000	(19,300)	5.4	(5.0
uter Affect	Offin .	Oct	2.85	(7.29)	6.0 85.0	.71
hoster Weterworks	Wir	Sep	1,070 1,520	(1,040) (2,730 L)	63.0	(75.0
by of London PA .	Hec Med	. Sep	322	. (202)	1.27	(1.18
ropper (James)	PPSP	Sep	1,140	(595)	1.1	0.975
MAP (Juneary	Med	Oct	18,600	(14,800)	2.25	2.078
& C Emery. Mide.im	InTr	Sept	101.7	61.0	0.27	0.2
alcon Holdings .	n/a ·	Sep	175	(237)	3.0	. (
lafex.	PPSP .	Sep ·	1,270	(050)	0.75	- (1.5
ening High Inc Inv	InTr ·	Oct 1	2.67	(2.98)	1.1	[1.45
outer (Anten)	Aug '	Aug '	921 L	(1,900 L)	-	. 6
El Irriannellonal	Eng	Sep	191	(1,090)	-	. 9
uerdan Media	n/a	Oct	11,500	(14,700)		
eziamood Foods	FcBAs	Oet .	23,300	(24,700)	24	(2.3
peralace:	Balle	Sep .	158	(476)	- 0.5	(0.5
iciare	Elec	Sep	45 L 2,800	(70 U	20	20
nya Hotel well Systems	nta	Octt		(2,160) (172)	- 20	
yydroc Lambert	- toBr	Sep	1,760 5,200	(4,200)	50	(4.6
est Holdings	Beo	Sep	619	(115)	0.95	0.75
ectorald Mortin	BAD	340	2,160	2,600	227	12.2
eration Thompson	B&D	Sep	11,500	(9,000)	1.6	(1.45
L. Hoklings	Bog	Sep	2,100	(008,1)		,
	Med · ·	- Aug	201	(282 L)	-	Ė
ational Grid	Hec	Sep	285,300	(261,600)		: ŀ
orthern Foods	Folke .	Sep .	72,100	(86,490)	3.5	. (3.4
Saf	CEC	Sep	898	(1,990)		· f
plometries :	INT.	800	. 98 .	(29)	_=	6
aborne & Little	Mec .	Sep	947	(805 F)	2.5	(2.0
afigetan	Misc	Sep	300	(69)	0.28	(0.25
doy Purticilo	DA	Sup	429	(370)	1.5	
mental Duffiye	Tom	- 9ep	10,300	(10,400)	8.6	6.6
perengan perdemundia	Elec n/a	Oct	108,500 1,570	(98,000)	3.95	3.35
adout	Test	Sep .	6,780	(6,010)	0.83	.40.63
office Power.	Elec .	Sep	115,700	(95,200)	. 413	(3.72)
arics & McEmon	Misc	Sep	9,350	(16,000)	224	2.24
ing investment	hillr ·	Sept	296.0	(259.7)	4.2	(4.2)
ruth Statis Water	Wr.	Seo	5,800	(5,100)	16.5	(150)
with Wolf Water	WAr.	Sep	50,200	(48,900)	8.4	(7.8)
eding behavior	Eng _	Sap	1,690	(1,880)	1.8	(1.5)
ec Holdings	Offin	Sep	486	(146 L)	-	(A
born EMF	HBL.	Sap	105,000	(105,200)	0.0	p. q
neins .	Text .	Aug	. 604 L	(587 L)		H
adalone	Tel	Sep	174,500	(100,200)	4.12	(3.43)
ace	PPEP	Sept	11,400	(7.040)	1.0	H
	Eng	Seo	5,000	(8,520)	6.325	(8,325)
armord lavorements	Prop	Jun	8,470	(3,670)	2.75	275
orthington	.Text	Sep	508	(305)	0.6	(0.5)

·	`.	•	RIGHTS ISSUE	S	
			is a 1 - 1 at 50p rights issue.		• :
			vie a 2 - 7 at 36p rights lauce. Son via a rights lauce.		:
			2m via a 1 - S at 145p rights iusau	e.	

OFFERS FOR SALE, PLACINGS & INTRODUCTIONS Noerforth Soft LentTet.is to pales 551.5m via an offer of 63m C shares at 100c. Castlet is to sales EAJon via a placing of 13,89m shares at 50p.

Goodbead Group is to raise 95,6m via a placing and offer of 24,2m shares at 25p.

Kitty 1286 is to raise 82,14m via a placing and offer of 7,15m Shares at 30p.

Lynx Holdings is to raise 82,28m via a placing of shares at 30p. Lync, Holdings is to rate 55.26m via a placing of shares at 36p.

Minpett is to naise 2685,000 via a placing and offer of shares at 4p.

Meleon Florat is to mise 291m via a placing and offer

Talapse le to rate 250m via a placing.

TLS Range is to rate 22.6m via a placing and offer of 12.5m shares at 24p.

				ividend (c)	•
Company		Armemet	Lest	Ace.	This year
	Sector	due	link.	Finel	lest.
PHAL DIPIDEDES				-	
Dany	BED.	Wednesday	5.25	13.65	5.45
Control Techniques	Bec	Monday	2.15	4.7	2.35
Dunder And London lov, Tet.	rvia intr	Monday Tuesday	3.0	82	3.0
Gerturore Velue	inTr inTr	Monday	0.832	4.	0.885
Govett Amer Grand Metropolitan	3nii) 880	Thursday Thursday	4.6		4.65
Pleneri	Cong	Thursday	276	7.7 2.86	2.85
Huntingdon International	-HEH	Wednesday Thursday	0.B7	1.9	- 0.87
MEPC		Thursday	3.0 5.25	7.5 14,75	2.75 5.25
Motro Radio Group	Med	Transdev	1.5	3.5	1.5
Royal Bank of Scotland	Benk n/s.	Trunsday Tuesday	2.8	6.0	. 30
Royal Trust Gov Sec	Sno	Monday	0.9	0.35	0.35
Tope Estates Westiam & Seat Denb	Prop	Monday Thursday	0.577 42.45	1.522	
Young ## Hokdings	_ Mag	Tuesday	42.45 1.0	2.0	2.45
PATRICIA DESCRIPTOR			٠.	.—	:
Armilen Group	_Bak	Thursday	3.7	6.8	_
Angle United	Chem FdFR	Wednesday Wednesday	0.2 3.55	0.65	
Associated Nursing Services	HAH	Wednesday	3.00	7. 35 1,0	-
	- FcMa Med	Monday	. 0.5	0.7	
Borthelicks Bristol Brusing Post Bristol Blo-Isolandogy	Med H&H	Monday Wednesday	4.0	7.76	: 7
California	HEL:	Mondey	-	-	. *
Cape	Bda	- Wachesday Thursday	3.0	7.75	
Dawson International	_Text	Tuescher	1.5 2.9	3.06 6.1	
England Electricity	Bec	Toesday Monday	5.5	13.7	-
EFIII ascorne Trust	inTr BdAt	Monday . Riday	1.2	. 1.27	: -
Meld Group	PPEP	Wednesday			_
Gerbnore Yalos idrestinents General Electric Company	tnTr '	Monday Wednesday	2.68	0.932	-
Cibbons Lyons Group	-PP&P	Wachneeder	20	7,82 3.0	
Citity Men	_rive	Wednesday	3.0	4.5	-
Li Gosp	00n ·	Tuesday -	. 22 1.56	4.85 . 3.1	-
Johnson Metthey	MOME	Wednesday	3.2	7.1	
Kalemano	(Sec	Mondey	0.25	1.35	
Leiters (James)	BdMa BAD	Monday	1.5 1.0 ·		
Metroteck Industries	Reci	Tuesday	. 110.	6.0	
Mid Karrit Holdings	Wat	Wednesday	4.75	- 5.75	· <u>-</u>
Monite Investment Trust Mountefew Estates	inii:	Tuesday Wednoeday	20 80	12.0	•
Horthantbur	_8c	Wednesday	-	. 120	
Pulips Herrie		Tuesday	22	4.65	-
Recei (Sectronice	Gec	Thursday Wednesday	1.5 4.0	2.75 7.5	: •
Scapa Group :	Oth	Thursday	1.6	408	
Severo Trent	Wet	Thursday	7.0	14,1	
Sheabank	_ Prop	Monday Monday	. :	-	
Indey Robor	PP&P	Thusaday .	. :. 🗓		
Tops Salutes	Prop	Monday	0.577	1.622	٠.
Ferson international Group	Brg	Tuesday Wednoodsy	•	•	
Visch Heidings	—n∕a — hTr	Tuesday	` <u>.</u>	. 0.1	
Yorkshire Water	Wet .	Wednesday	7.05	142	

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FINANCE AND THE FAMILY

Diary of a Private Investor Clarke must take axe to bureaucracy

Kevin Goldstein-Jackson makes his suggestions for the Budget

der One" followed hy a rather large amount I was preparing for Kenneth Clarke's first Budget on Tuesday.

In history, many national declines can be traced to increases in hureaucracy rather than a growth in occu-pations actually creating something. It is partly to pay for vast armies of civil servants that Clarke, the chancellor of the exchequer, will he forced in his Budget to find additional ways of raising revenue.

My "Murder One" payment was not for a hit man to help reduce the ranks of Whitehall mandarins but to Murder One booksbop in London's Charing Cross Road for a large number of thrillers. I was stocking up in case Clarke imposes value added tax on books. I have also renewed several magazine subscriptions for two years rather than the usual one in order to escape any VAT that might be imposed on such publications.

My share portfolio is much reduced from last year and I am not adding to it until after the Budget; I want to keep cash available for any new investment opportunities which may arise hecause of Clarke's proposals. I am cer-tainly oot rushing into any last-minute investments based purely on "tax avoidance" promotions: to me, an investment must appear to have reasooable prospects quite apart from tax considerations.

In his previous ministerial positions, Clarke has not beeo afraid to announce radical changes, so I feel he will put his own considerable mark on the Budget. There coold be surprises for everyone.

Not all may be pleasant. For

he credit card one thing, he is known to view receipt said "Mur- the various anomalies in VAT the various anomalies in VAT with some concern. Suppose he reduced it from 17.5 per cent to say, 16 per cent - hut put it on everything.

Discussing VAT on fual,

Clarke has said: "Most other countries do it." Since, unlike Britain, many countries in the European Union do not zero-rate bus fares, food and children's clothing, the same argument could be advanced for imposing VAT on these items in the UK - especially as EC bureaucrats are keen to "har-

monise" VAT rates. Many people travel to the Continent to bring back alco-bolic drinks, so depriving the chancellor of UK doties on beers, wines and spirits. VAT on ferry trips might make such expeditions less attractive.

The chancellor has also said that extending VAT to fuel "will encourage real energy conservation and contribute to our targets for reducing carbon dioxide emissions". Somewhat similar argumeots could he advanced for taxing bus, aeroplane and ferry travel while zero-rating tha railways. This might also make it slightly easier to privatise British Rail.

The chancellor could also announce an end to mortgage interest tax relief, and major alterations to National Insurance contributions. Such dramatic changes

would affect almost every sec-

tor of the stock market. But

what, as a private investor, do I hope the chancellor will do? We know he wants to encourage industry, Although business expansion schemes are due to end oo December 31, I hope a replacement, with tax advantages, will be announced to encourage investment in

oew and expanding companies



that are genuinely involved in manufacturing. But sharp lawyers and accountants should not be allowed to htjack investments into property or other non-manufacturing activities.

I would also like to see personal equity plans (Peps) abolished in favour of a new scheme to encourage direct investment in companies without the need (and expense) of investing through plan manag-

Everyone should be allowed to invest a certain amount each year (say, £10,000) directly in shares without having to pay tax on any gains from se, or on money mada from re-investing the proceeds.

In addition, people should be encouraged to devise their own pension plans. Any money (up to a certain specified level) invested directly in shares for pension purposes would receive the same tax advantages now given to pension and insurance fund managers.

Abolishing stamp duty on share transactions is also long overdue. Again, to encourage a more direct involvement with companies and to deter tax avoidance, stamp duty could be ended on shares bought and registered in the names of individual private investors. although others would still have to pay. This would help to level the playing field between private investors and institutions, which benefit already from lower dealing costs. Whatever the chancellor's tax-raising plans, I hope they will be accompanied by massive cuts in the size of the civil

Your CGT

allowances

The table shows capital gains

tax indexation allowances for

Multiply the original cost of the asset by the figure shown for the mouth in which you bought it. Subtract the results

from the proceeds of your sale

and the balance will be your

Suppose that ynn bought shares fnr £6,000 in July 1986

and sold them in October 1993

for £14,000. Multiplying the

original cost by the July 1986 figure of 1.454 gives a total of £8,724. Subtracting that from

£14,000 gives a capital gain of

£5,276, which is below tha

1993-94 CGT allowance of

£5,800. If you are selling

shares bought before April 6 1982, you should use the

March 1982 figure. The RPI in

assets sold in October.

taxable gain or loss.

service - starting with top offi-cials in Whitehall. Britain is

dividing rapidly into two sec-tors: the haves (almost unsackable civil servants with guaranteed, inflation-proof pensions) and the have-nots (almost everyone else whose job security and pension benefits remain in doubt).

I would also like to see a crackdown on the use of nomi-

nee names and other methods of disguising the identities of certain UK-based businessmen who make fortunes from share and other transactions but pay little or no tax. If ordinary people are being asked to contribute more, they have a right to expect that everyone shares the tax burden fairly.

1982 1983 1984 .1985 1986 1987 1,473 1,488 1,486 1,452 1,449 1,450 1,454 1,450 1,442 1.633 1.626 1.621 1.600 1.594 1.590 1.591 1.577 1.574 1.564 1.559 1.560 1.555 1.542 1.528 1.496 1.489 1.486 1.485 1.485 1.483 1.418 February March 1.709 1.706 1.682 1.675 1.671 1.662 1.655 1.648 1.642 1.636 1,785 1,750 1,737 1,732 1,732 1.393 1.392 1.392 1.393 1.389 1,731 1,732 1,724 1,715 1.440 1.428 1.423 1.378 1.371 1.373 1.632 1989 1988 1990 1991 1992. 1993 1.089 1.083 1.079 1.065 1.082 1.057 1.060 1.057 1.046 1.040 1.037 1,277 1,268 1,263 1,241 1,233 1,229 1,228 1,225 1,216 1,207 1,197 1,194 1.187 1.180 1.168 1.373 1.367 1.362 1.340 1.335 1.330 1.329 1.314 1.308 1.295 1.289 1.289 February 1.022 1.022 1.018 1.018 1.022 1.021 1.017 1.014 1.015 1.009 1,005 1.006 1.008 1,107 1,097 1.004 September 1.088 1.091 1.092 1.050 1.046 1.045

CGT INDEXATION ALLOWANCES: OCTOBER

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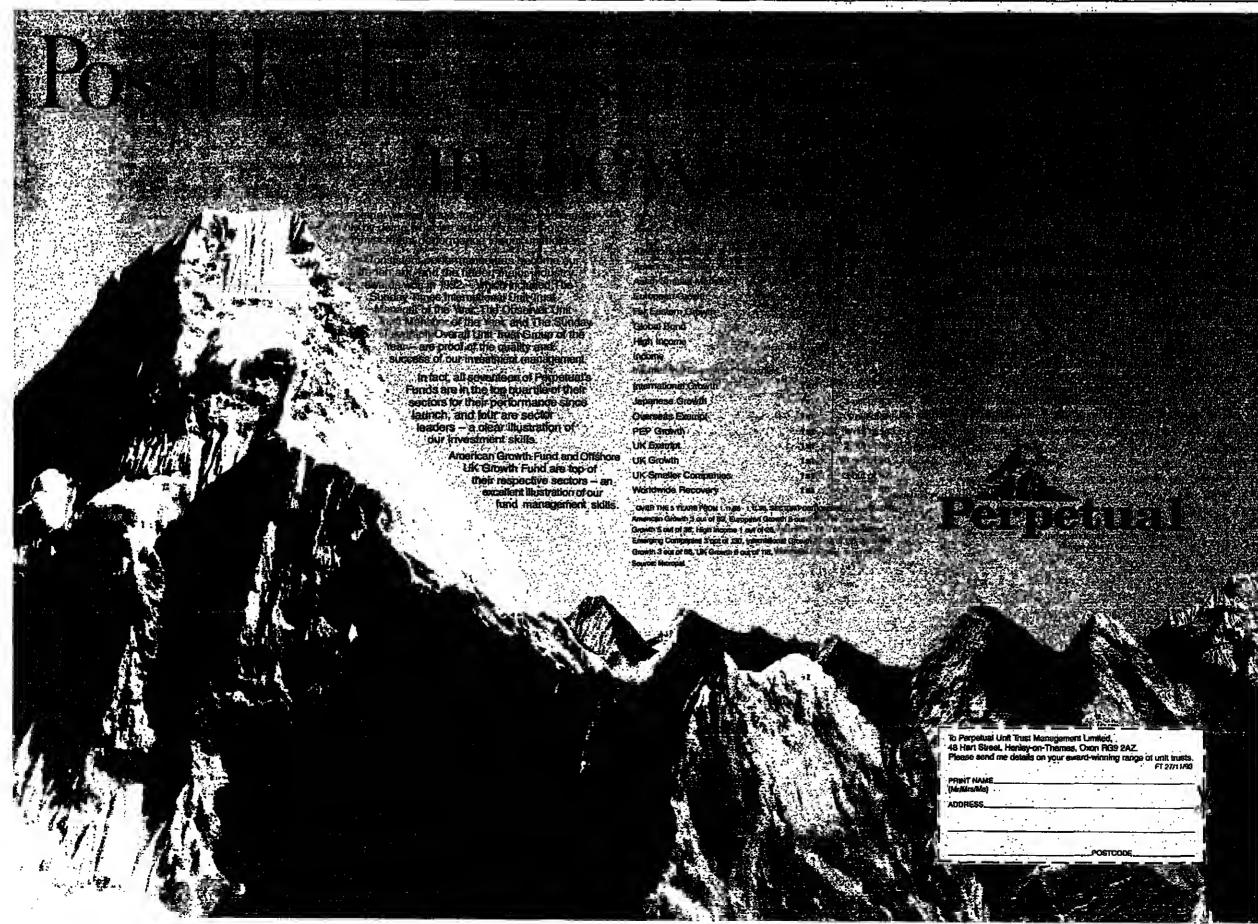


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FINANCE AND THE FAMILY

How a lender plumbed the depths

Alison Smith reads the banking ombudsman's latest report and finds some sobering stories

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self-employed plum-ber, whose bank sold him a loan protection policy withont telling him there were restrictions on unemployment cover for people in his cate-

taken up by the banking In another case, a grand-mother opened savings counts for two boys but they did not get the preferential interest rate advertised. Each account received an extra £852

in interest after the ombuds-

gory, won almost £700 in com-

ation after his case was

Publication this week of the annual report from Laurence Shurman, the industry's consumer watchdog, has high-lighted the continuing level of complaints against banks, ough the increase was not nearly as steep as last year. Shurman stressed higher

standards of conduct were still

needed from both banks and

should show more sensitivity.

customers. He said hanks

even when they were entirely in the right, and debt counsel-ling should be available more widely. Shurman urged that those

entering the industry should receive specific lessons in banking ethics as part of the training offered by the Chartered Institute of Banking. He also recommended that the revision of the code of banking practice should reflect a European directive on unfair terms in consumer contracts which is due to come into effect in

The report showed that preliminary complaints rose to 10,231 in the year to the end of September 1993 - a very slight increase on the previous year. But complaints accepted for full investigation rose more sharply - by 16 per cent - to

Consumer and customer groups were disappointed that complaints had not fallen despite the introduction of improvements such as the maladministration involving banking practice code. Just sums with a maximum of



under 40 hanks are covered by. this scheme, under which personal customers and small companies can complain about

£100,000. In fast over one-third of the cases investigated fully during 1992-93, the embudsman found for the customer. Most awards

were between £100 and

The highest, of 281,700, went that there had been improved development product a property ments in some accordance. development project where a small company had its overdraft facility withdrawn after ing customers claiming they it had committed itself. The had not been told about new lowest, of 25, came after a claim for £9,000 was investi-gated: the ombudsman decided the complainant was entitled to 44p, which was rounded up to take account of interest.

One area where complaints are growing concerns how Shurman said customers should get clearer information about the exact scope of mort-gage protection policies since banks "are not always as keen as they should be to explain the limitations attaching to

such policies". He said a typical problem arose where two people were borrowing jointly against their combined salaries but the second-named borrower did not qualify for the unemployment cover, which applied

£10,000, but there were some only to the first borrower. were fewer complaints about cash machines, and from existsavings accounts which offered better rates of interest.

Even so, Shurman made clear that faster progress needed to be made in trying to reduce card fraud through measures such as fitting cash machines with videos and monitoring suspicious pat-terns of withdrawals. He said also that banks should do more to protect those who were most vulnerable to card frand, including the very elderly.

While welcoming the fact that complaints had levelled off, Shurman criticised some banks for not publicising the ombudsman echeme enough and for having complaints pro-cedures which were so com-plex that they put people off.

Taxman yields on relocation

mployees who have been relocated since 1986 got some good I news from the Inland Revenue this week, writes Peter Ashby. Unless they had sold their old house or flat, the Revenue had been seeking to collect tax on relocation allowances given to them by their

Now, following an announcement on November 23, the Revenue will no longer pursue any individual taxpayers unless they have employers who will pay tha tax for them under what are known as tax equalisation, or tax protection, arrangements. Even then, the Revenue will pursue only the

The story started in 1986 when the Revenue insisted that, from that point on, taxpayers had to sell their old nomes to benefit from tax-free relocation expenses. Up to then, it had merely required an individual to move house. Strictly speaking, the expenses have been taxable for many years, but the Revenue had granted tax relief on an extra-statutory concession

The 1986 change was to affect all taxpayers, but the Revenue directed its attention mainly to major employers, who generally pay the tax on behalf of their staff.

The employers and their advisers were not prepared to accept the change and heavy lebbying, led by my firm, paid off with the Revenue's announcement. It has now agreed to reduce the amount it will be collecting from employers as well as the number of people likely to be affected. The tax bills for employees

could have been substantial. It is agreed generally that the new statutory limit (which applied from April 6 1993) of £8,000, above which relocation expenses are taxed, is inade-

Therefore, an average employee with a relocation package of £15,000 could have Any taxpayer who accepted had a tax bill of £6,000 to pay if the Revenue view, settled its he had sold his old home. In practice, amounts of £10,000 were commonplace and senior

employees could have had hills very much higher. recoverable: The present expatriate population in the UK is estimated at 250,000. Obviously, not all of these are eligible for these

savings - but many will be. In addition, many relocations within the UK involve short-term moves. The oil industry, for one, has moved many people to the Aberdeen area of north-east Scotland. If employees knew they were

being transferred temporarily, they would normally expect to return to their own home. Before the revenue's announcement, they would have had to pay tax on their relocation allowances; now, they will not. As far as paying UK taxes is concerned, staff without employer assistance will bene-

fit only if they have protested

and kept their position open.

position and paid his tax, probably will be unable to benefit.

There are only two circumstances in which the tax is

income which includes the relocation expenses has not been completed for some other reason, the employee can write to his inspector, have it finali-sed and the tax will be repaid. The matter might technically have been held open if inspector and taxpayer agreed to disagree, while the latter still paid the tax.

Any repayment will not attract interest as it is being made on a concessionary, not a statutory, basis. But anyone who refused to pay will find his liability is now removed.

*Peter Ashby is expatriate tax partner at Price Waterhouse, and chairman of the tax on relocation lobby group.

DIRECTORS' SHARE TRANSACTIONS IN THEIR

Company	Sector	Sheres	Value	No of directors	
SALES					
Ferguson IntiF	ack	. 70,000	232	1.	
Greehern Telecomptg	Eins -	30,000	. 44	1	
Highland Distillers B	rew	200,000	630	2*	
Meyer International Bo	#Me	26,038	115	1*	
Paion	Eins :	245,000	446	3	
Reuters	Med	4,138	68	1.	
Tadpole Technology	Bas	390,000	1,073	5*	
ThorntonsF		25,000	41	1 .	
WPP Group	Med	848,917	785	1	
PURCHASES					
Burtonwood Brewery B	rew	79.000	117	1	
Crossroads Oil	D&G	100,000	14	1:	
David Brown Group		7,170	14	3	1
English & Scott Wts		70,000	27	1	
Fairey Group		1,500	10	. 1	
Fairhaven Inti	D&G	50,000	12	1	
Finsbury Underwrite	.LRI	411,600	412	4	
Gertmore	LRI	2,037,201	3,422	16	
Gertmore	MhF	.20,000	32	2 .	
Helical Bar F	COL	18,000	47	1	
Norcros	Oth	7,000	11	1	
N Atlantic Small Co	InTr	20,000	82	1	
Sherwood Computer B		95,574	. 99	1	

ctions, including the exercise of options (*) If 100% subsequently sold, with a value above 210,000, Information released by the Stock Exchange 15-19 November 1993, Source Directus Ltd. The haskle Tysok, Edinburgh

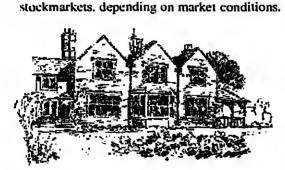
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FINANCE AND THE FAMILY

Unit trusts / Pembroke

No shocks, please, we're careful

embroke does not rank alongside the better known names of the unit trust industry, such as M&G or Fidelity, but it is the second highest performing fund in the UK Equity Growth sector in the five and three years to November 1 (offer to hid, net income re-invested, Source: Micropal). The fund was established in

December 1986 as a joint venture between John Carrington & Co., a London-based independent fund management company established in 1970, and a Cardiff stockbrokar. Carrington took over total ownership in December 1988.

Once it acquired a five-year track record, Pembroke caught the eye of independent financial advisers, who recom-mended it to clients. As a result, it has grown from £5m last year to just under £14m at end-October. The price is still only weekly hut there are plans to go daily in the new year. Also, the name is to be changed soon to Pembroke Growth following the recent

acquisition by Carrington of two Brown Shipley unit trusts. Pemhroke is managed by a trio: John Carrington, a former financial journalist with The Times: George Luckraft, who joined the company in 1980 from university; and Nigel Thomas, formerly an accountant with Robson Rhodes and one-time manager of Hill Samuel's Smaller Companies fund. The team's strategy relies

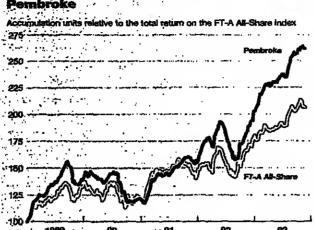
heavily on stock selection and Thomas, as investment man-ager, has vato power over selection. We look for value in terms of cash flow per share, dividend cover, yield, earnings growth, and the growth relative to the price/earnings ratio," he says. "If we don't find it in the FT-SE stocks. then we look elsewhere."

He cites Sirdar, one of the top 10 holdings, as a classic example of looking for value in a declining industry. Sirdar, which deals in textiles and hand-knitting yarns, was bought on a B per cent dividend would be a second by new dend yield. Boosted by new management, the company has increased its dividend while the shares are yielding 5 per

Thomas adds: "Wa are, hope fully, picking the best of the Footsia like Cable & Wireless, De La Rue and Wolseley, and then giving it a good blend of medium and smaller size compamies that are growing irrespective of the economy." His aim is companies growing by 10-20 per cent a year.

About 68 per cent of the fund is split evenly between large and medium sized companies. Four per cent is in cash and the rest in smaller companies.

"Wa're not a slave to sectoral weightings," says Thomas. "If we don't like oil companies, which are 9 per cent of the All Share, we don't have them." The team has a predilection for companies "which make things or sell things" so that it tends



ignore oil, some financials

There are certainly no financial or property companies in the fund's top five holdings: Electronic Data Processing, a Sheffield-based computer software and services group; May-born Group, which makes fabric dyes, baby products and florists' sundries; Cable & Wireless; Filofax, the personal organiser company; and Next, the fashion retailer. EDP, the largest holding, accounts for 24 per cent of the fund but holdings usually are limited to

2 per cent. The team finds smaller com-

panies through its network of specialist small company bro-

Thomas adds that performance is aided by a readiness to sell stocks which are not performing as well as expected.

kers and its own experience. Luckraft and Thomas both have small children and noticed that many of the prodncts they bought for them came from Mayborn - which is now the fund's second-largest holding.

Luckraft says Pembroke's performance has resulted from avoiding disasters - largely, by taking the view that, where smaller companies are concerned, investing is like lending money to the management. With three people involved, the team also has the time to meet the managements of the fund's smaller companies. "We operate a management ban list and we will not touch some managements wherever they turn

If something makes a loss for a good reason, it's worth keep-

ing. But, in the main, if we've made the wrong decision, we cut them ruthlessly," he says. Selling out can mean losing out, and the team says there are many times when it has come to regret disposing of a stock too soon. One such was Rhino Group, a computer and video games retailer, which was sold at half the present share price.

At the moment, Thomas does not see much value in stocks on the FT-SE, which has many companies exposed to interna-tional earnings. There's some risks on international earners. especially in Europe, so we try

slipped in the year to November, where it is in the second decile (18th of 144). The team attributes this partly to its dispunies - it tends to steer clear of property companies and other recovery and cyclical stocks, which have performed well recently.

"We've missed out on the roperty sector and we don't ke contractors, either," says Luckraft, "One wrong contract and the business is out of the window. We don't like nasty

is 5 per cent and the annual management fee 1 per cent. The bid/offer spread is about 5.7 per cent. Minimum lump sum investment is £500 and there is a monthly savings plan of £35. Holdings can be put into a personal equity plan vithout cost.

to avoid those."
Pembroke's performance has

shocks." ■ Charges: The initial charge

Scheherazade Daneshkhu ■ This is the last article in the

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matter of choice

My wife and I own our house in equal shares as tenants-incommon. To reduce inheritance tax, we intend to leave our half shares to our son, But would it not be wiser to leave him 9/10ths of our half share so that the survivor with 11/ 20ths would have full control over the property?

An individual who owns a

share of property as tenant incommon is able to leave the whole or part of his share in the property to wheever he wishes. It is possible, therefore, that you could in your will leave 9/10ths of your share to your son and 1/10th to your spouse. Your spouse would then have an 11/20ths share in the property, but this does not mean that she would have "full

Both your son and widow, as tenants-in-common, have an undivided share in the whole property, which means that the person with the smaller interest can still enjoy the whole of the property.

Reply by Barry Stillerman of untant Stoy Hayward.

Transferring a holding

I intend to transfer to my son part of my holding of SPLIT (Save & Prosper Linked IT) capital shares, the price of which is substantially above that at which I bought them. To save market-makers' spread (substantial in this case) and broker's commission, I wish to execute a direct transfer form which my son can then register directly with S&P. Am I correct in assuming

the completed form and pay ½ per cent of the market value to the Stamp Duty Office before he can register the transfer

2. This market value will be



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based on stock exchange clos-ing price (as stated in the FT Cityline) on the day of the

3, A simple written letter from me to my son, signed by ns both, will be sufficient evidence of this transaction andacceptable to the Inland Revenue for CGT purposes.

Alternatively, I might wish to transfer these shares to my son as a gift, for no consideration. In this case, would the transfer be exempt from stamp

Also, would f have the choice of either effecting the transfer at present market price, accepting the CGT liability myself, or postponing liability (as in the case of transfer between husband and wife) until my son disposes of the

If you sell the shares to your son, the stamp duty will be based upon whatever price he actually pays you as shown on the transfer form. If you giva them to him, no stamp duty will be payable (provided that you complete the stamp duty exemption certificates on the back of the transfer form).

For CGT purposes, tt makes no difference whether you sell the shares to your son or give them to him: you and he will be treated as though you had sold them to him at their market value (on the quarter-up basis) on the day of the sale

might be. Ask your tax office for the free pamphlet CGT14 (Capital gains tax: an introduc-

> The CGT rules for transfers between husband and wife do not apply to any other transac-

CGT pool for shares

I understand that when shares are added to an existing holding, the base cost of the total holding (old and new) has to be used in any capital gains work - and there is not a "last in, first out" arrangement for subsequent sales. If, however, one holding is persocal and the additional one is in a ince name, how are the above

rules applied? Shares in your own name, and those in the name of a nominee, are pooled for CCT purposes without regard to the difference in registration. This follows from sections 60(1) and 107(1&2) of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992:

60(1) "In relation to assets held by a person as nominee for another person ... this Act shall apply as if the property were vested in . . . the person ... for whom he is the

107(1) "Where a person disposes of securities, the securi-ties disposed of shall be identified in accordance with the provisions of this section with securities of the same class acquired by him which could be comprised in that disposal."

(2) "This section applies notwithstanding that securities disposed of are otherwise identified by the disposal or by a transfer or delivery giving effect to lt ...

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Deal that turned sour

o lain Armstrong, it sounded like a good deal: a 50 per cent return in one year, writes Scheherazade Daneshkhu. But the biology teache now secms to heve lost the £5,000 he invested in a scheme from a man he says he believed was acting as an agent of City Financial Part-ners, even though the agree-ment was on unheaded paper and referred to the contract as a private transaction. Eighteen months later, the

money has not been repaid, tha man - Alistair Fairweather - cannot be contacted and City Financial says the deal was a private agreement between two people which has nothing to do with the com-Armstrong's predicament

serves as a cautionary tale to others offered returns that seem too good to be true.

He was, naturally, interested when be received a call from Fairweather, his financial adviser of four years' stand-ing, to tell him of an exciting investment opportunity. "He talked at length about unsecured loans and how they command very high interest rates.



He also talked about the suc-cess of his business and his plans to expand it," said Arm-

The agreement was that Armstrong would pay Fair-weather 25,000 and that the latter would repay him £7,500 one year later. Alarm bells should have been set off in Armstrong's mind at the high rate of interest but the signed agreement also referred to the loan as an "investment in his [Falrweather's] hnsiness

expansion." Armstrong said: When you go to a financial adviser, they say they are a member of Lantro and are backed by this and that. I thought he was acting in his capacity as financial adviser at the company and that the com-pany would eventually back

City Financial has termi-nated Fairweather's contract as a result of the debt hut says that, since the contract was a private one. Fairweather was not acting on its behalf. Lautro, the self-regulatory body for the insurance industry, is

stigating the case. The conduct of appointed representatives - self-em-ployed salesmen selling the products of a single life office - in the life insurance indus-try has been the main focus of efforts by Lantro to curb sales of unsuitable products to

The issue of the degree to which a Lantro member is responsible for the actions of its agents was highlighted a year ago when Guardian Royal Exchange was fined £100,000 by Lautro for failing to monitor adequately two of its

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Investments Source of all figures: Micropal, Offer to bid with gross income reinvested to 1.11.93. Five year performance figures: Special Situations Trust + 67.2%, European Trust + 130.2%, UK (3rowth Trust + 85.5%). Past performance is no guarantee of future returns. The value of o PEP and the income from it may go down as well as up, and you may got book loss than you invested. PEPs had for less than lines years are subject to future statution change and the value of tax cowings will depend on individual circumstances. The Flootity PEP is differed and managed by Flooting Normances Lineau, a momentar of IMFO.

Rush is on for the BES

any sponsors and companies involved in business expansion schemes are urging people to invest before Tuesday's Budget because of speculation that chancellor Kenneth Clarke might decide to are the BES immediately instead of December 31, as announced previously. But while it is in their interests to urge swift action, investors should make sure they get financial advice before acting; otherwise, they could find themselves regretting any hasty action.

Budget fever has led some ponsors to increase their exit prices. The Allenbridge group. leading BES analyst, says this ehould help keep up the price of new issues.

Accumulus Froebel, a cashbacked, arranged exit scheme sponsored by Terrace Hill Capi-tal, has raised its exit price from 120p to 124p after five years for every 100p invested. Terrace Hill says the return to a higher-rate taxpayer will crease from 14.1 per cent to 14.8 per cent a year as a result. The issue is almost fully subscribed. Neill Clerk, sponsor to

St Anne's Residences, has also raised its exit price from 120p to 122p.

However, sponsor Hodgson Martin which has launched St Andrews' Residences for the Scottish university, bas dropped its exit price by Ip to 122p. The net return should be 14.3 per cent a year to a higherrate taxpayer. Minimum investment is £2,000.

Downing Corporate Finance, which saw its Chiltern housing programme over subscribed, has now launched a second issue. It aims to raise up to 25m for the housing association to provide homes at affordable rent to low income families. The exit price of 124p equates to 14 per cent for a gher-rate taxpayer (the calculation of BES rates of return depend on a number of factors, such as when tax relief can be claimed). The scheme, fully cash-backed with a minimum investment of £2,000, ie described by the British Tax-payers' Association, a tax consultant, as "a top of the market, cash-backed, contracted

exit for a worthy cause." The Tenth Johnson Fry Cash-Backed scheme sims to

raise f5m for Nottingham Trent University. The con-tracted exit price is 121p. equating to 13.7 per cent for a higher rate taxpayer. The buyback obligation is being secured by a certificate of deposit. Minimum investment

Meanwhile, the £30m BES

Scheherazade Daneshkhu

reports on the latest issues

Nationwide building society and Merrill Lynch, the investment bank, has become fully subscribed. But another £30m is being raised to buy proper-ties repossessed by Nationwide to be let on assured tenancies. The terms of the scheme are almost identical to the previ-ous issue. Investors can choose a fixed return of 121p after five years for every 100p invested equating to a compound annual return of 14.3 per cent for a higher-rate taxpayer.

Alternatively, they can have a 60p minimum return plus 1.2p for every 1 per cent rise in the FT-SR 100. The return will be calculated from the level on the start date to the highest closing level during the five years, thereby locking in the ilghest point. The index would have to rise by 51 per cent in order to beat the fixed return. Both returns are backed by certificates of deposit. Mini-Terrace Hill Capital and Neill Clerk are sponsors to South Eastern Recovery IV, a "predator" BES which does not have a secured exit route but aims to profit from the still-debope of a handsome profit. Minimum investment is £1,000. Pavilions of Splendour is an estate agency specialising in unusual buildings. Its managing director, Marianne Watson-Smyth, is a former secretary of Save Britain's Heritage. It aims to raise £250,000 through the BES to market and sell Grade I or Grade II properties. Mini-

pressed residential property market by buying now, letting to private tenants for five

years, and then selling in the

Permanent interest-bearing shares

Prices of Pibs have not changed greatly since the PT last published the table on October 28, writes Scheherazade Daneshkhu. writes Simon Mozley, of Hoare Govett, attributes the market's relativa lack of activity to

investors awaiting the Budget. Pibs are fixed interest-paying iostruments issued by building societies and income usually is paid twice a year. They offer higher yields than gilts because of their higher risk: societies are less secure than the government. Gains from Pibs are exempt from capital gains tax unless they

are bought in a fund. Mozley believes this week's base rate cut will have a beneficial effect on Pibs: "The prospects for greater profitability by societies was enhanced by the recent cut in interest rates. Not only should this provide an incentive to the bo market but it will also allow societies to manage their interest margins to a greater

extent. This should be good news for Pibe investors as per-On balance, the higher the Pibs' yield, the riskier the society is deemed to be by the

the lowest yield in the table. But since these are in denominations of £50,000, few private investors are likely to be

market. Thus, both Halifax attracted to them. Mozley huilding society issues have believes that "both First believes that "both First National and Bristol & West have underperformed the market and there is scope for fur-

	PERMANEN	T INTERE	ST BEARI	NG SHARES		
Stock	Coupon (gross %)	Minkmum (2)	lacue date	leave price (pence)	Price* (pence)	Yield* (gross, %
Bradford & Bingley	13.00	10,000	30/9/91	100.20	141,75	9.17
Bradford & Bingley	.11.63	10,000	29/6/92	100.13	127,75	9.10
Bristol & West	13.38	1,000	11/12/91	101.79	136.50	9.80
Bristol & West	. 13.38 -	1,000	31/10/91	100.34	136.50	9.80
Britannia (1st)	13.00	1,000	13/1/92	100.42	136.50	9.52
Britannia (2nd)	13.00	1,000	8/10/92	107.13	136.50	9.52
Cheltenham & Gloucs	· 11.75	50,000	21/10/92	100.96	128.25	9.16
Coventry**	12.13	1,000	28/5/92	100.75	128.50	9.44
First National	11,75	10,000	4/5/93	100.25	114.75	10.24
Helifax	12.00	50,000	23/1/92	100.28	135.25	8.87
Halifax	8.75	50,000	7/9/93	100,62	102.00	8.58
Leeds Permanent	13.63	50,000	3/6/91	100.00	150.00	9.08
Leeds & Holbeck	13,38	1,000	31/3/92	100,23	138.00	9.69
Newcastle	12.63	1,000	8/9/92	100.45	133,50	9.46
Newcestle	. 10.75	1,000	15/6/93	100.32	114,00	9.43
North of England	12.63	1,000	23/6/92	100.14	131,50	9.60
Skipton	12.88	1,000	27/2/92	100.48	132.00	9.75

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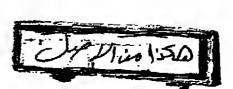
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FINANCE AND THE FAMILY

Put your trust in benchmarks

John Cuthbert on a system that makes it easier for investors to choose between funds

ne common complaint about unit trusts is that there are too many. They may he classified by sector and some funds have specialist labels but, these things aside, trusts look very much alike.

Detailed fund biographies and some definitive standard for judging performance would belp investors to choose. But the only information available at present is a fund's total

return record. No wonder unit trust investment can be bit or The same cause for concern could once be heard in the United States, in the past 10 years, though, investors there have had access to a system called henchmark adjustment that provides more information about a fund's characteristics

and allows people to assess the top funds from information based on more than just a total return figure. The system incorporates an easy to-understand dual stan-dard. The first is the concept of risk-adjusted performance. There are two answers to the question: how well has fund X performed? One has to do with risk, the other with return.

tance in evaluating performence because there is an important relationship between risk and return. The riskier the investment, the higher the return has to be. A benchmark approach adjusts a fund's total return to take account of risk. This is because it is all too easy for a manager to achieve everhigher returns by simply taking increasingly risky bets. On

This is a point of basic impor-

managers are those who have a high return relative to risk and not a high return alone. The second standard uses a benchmark to judge the size and consistency of the manager's performance.

a risk-adjusted view, good fund-

The basic notion behind benchmark comparison recog-nises that most funds have an "active" approach to management. In simple terms, active managers aim to provide a higher return than an investor

could get on his own. Whether a manager has been successful in this can be determined by comparing the fund's return with a benchmark that has no managerial decisions at all. Fortunately, everyday indicies such as the FT-A Ali Share are highly suited to this role. Benchmark comparison is

the first stage in a process of sorting managerial wheat from the chaff. Funds that can beat their benchmark consistently benchmark consistently it is

UK Equity	Income S	ector					
Fund name	Total return	Benchmark %	RM ratio	Yield	Risk relative to sector	Risk description	Risk/return
Newton Inco	те						
1991	17.86	-6.15					
1992	. 5.08	4.67					
1993 -	32.17	5.81					
rotel	54.91		1.09	3.50	0.72	LOW	0.46
lup Mertini to	ic .						
991	19.84	-4.17					
992	7.48	7.05					
993	42.95	16.59					
otal	70.05		1.39	4.62	1,00	AVERAGE	0.42
Icuma UK 6	q inc						
991	29.16	5.37					
992	-2.04	-2_45	•				
903	34.88	8.53					
otal	62.03		1.23	3.17	1.02	AVERAGE	0.37
d Gren UK E	g inc	•					
991	18.06	6.15					
992	0.10	-0.31					
993	42.22	15.88					
otel	60.88		1.19	3.73	1.03	AVERAGE	0.35
ag St UK HI	ine · · .						
991	26.49	. 2.68					
992	1.30	0.89					
993	31.47	5.11					
otal	59.26	•	1.17	5.75	1.04	AVERAGE	0.34
redit Suisee	Inc						
991	25.45	1.64					
992	3.26	2.85	·				
993 · '	32.12	5.76					
otal	60.83	•	1.20	3.83	1.10	ABOVE AVE	0.33
un All Eq loc	c						
991	23.92	0.09	•				
992	0.89	0.48					
993 .	32.83	6.47					
otal	57.65		1.14	3.83	1.08	ABOVE AVE	0.33

umber. The banchmerk column is calculated by comparing the fund's return with the total return of

provide an identifiable body of above-average funds for further screening. My studies reveal that only 24 per cent of trusts have beaten their benchmarks more often than not over the past three years.

The next stage in the screening process employs what we have discovered about risk and return. Some managers could simply beat their benchmark because they take risky bets. So, by calculating a number that represents a fund's risk, and then dividing this into its total return figure, a further number expressing the fund's risk/return trade-off can be

· If this trade-off is better than the benchmark (ie, higher return and lower risk), then this constitutes further evidence of managerial ability. Only 15 per cent or so of man-

agers fall into this category. The size of the risk/return trade-off figure is crucial because it reveals something further about mana zerial ability. Sometimes, this figure is so large that, when taken with the fund's record of beating the an overwhelming indicator of top-notch managerial skill. Only 4 to 5 per cent of unit trusts (around 80 funds in all) come into this category

As it happens, the UK equity income sector provides the perfect example of benchmark adjustment at work. The following example is purely a quantitative description of recent history; it is not a com-plete study of this sector and, therefore, is not foolproof.

The table shows the total return and benchmark records of the seven top funds in a sector of III. These funds have been ranked in declining order of the most important indicator for this sector - the risk/ return figure. (Note that the relative importance of different indicators varies between sectors). These rankings are based on three years of total returns, the minimum period neces-

The total return column records the year-on-year return (figures are based on Septem her to September) for each of three years, and the total for the three-year period. Year-onyear total returns are a far

more reliable basis for avaluation than cumulative periods because they provide a chance

to see how the success of the

manager's strategy has varied

This is of great importance because UK equities recorded heavy losses in two of the past five years, and then made up most of the ground in just one. A cumulative figure hides this detail

The next column - benchmark return - exposes the amount by which funds out or underperformed the All Share in each period. The figure, under the heading BM ratio, summarises these statistics. Acuma's BM ratio of 1.23, for instance, shows the fund beat the All Share by 23 per cent over the three years.
The risk column reveals by

what percentage the fund is riskler than the sector average. Newton Income's figure is 0.72, or 72 per cent of the average, which is low.

information about these magnificent seven than could be gleamed from cumulative total return figures alone. Newton Income, for example, has a total return over one year which places it 91st in its sector - but it is the top fund on a risk/return basis in the survey

Most of these funds look good on a total return basis over three years, but this survey has also deliberately excluded some high total returners on risk grounds. Take Pernetual Income. Its total return places it third in the sector over three years, but its risk (1.25, high) knocks it out of the top seven.

All these funds have been selected because they share common virtues: high risk/re turn trade offs (the sector average is 0.28 and the figure for the All Share is 0.31); bench-mark outperformances over three years; and the most consistent total and benchmark returns. But although these funds bave these things in common, they display them in different degrees.

This is important because it would be wrong to read these rankings as a strict hierarchy, Newton Income should not necessarily be preferred to all the others. Instead, funds must be appreciated for their differ-

Newton Income has very low risk because it bolds bonds as well as equities. This gives the fund defensive qualities in falling markets but means that it might not produce the highest returns in a rising market. This fact is reflected in its low three-year benchmark score of 1.09.

The high benchmark return consistency of Credit Suisse, Ragle Star and Stm Alliance all three have beaten the All Share in the three years we studied - also indicates funds with defensive qualities. While 1992 was a poor year for equity income funds (the average fund lost 5.85 per cent), these three funds all made money. But 1993 has been a boom year (the sector average return is 34.36 per cent) which these funds have missed to some degree. So, with defensive funds, you end up with less of the downside - but less of the upside, too.

On the other band, you might prefer a fund which offers the chance of a little more gain on the upside, Morgan Grenfell and Jupiter Merlin come into this group, ln both cases, the 1993 return is way above the sector average, a fact which is reflected in the size of the 1993 benchmark These tables record far more return. But, whatever your preference, the point about a benchmark approach is that it allows you to decide for yourself.

	Account	Telephane	Motice/ term	Minhoum	Flate %	þ
INSTANT ACCESS A/65						
Teachers' BS	Bullion Share	0800 378669	Instant	2500	6.40%	Ϋ́Υ
Buckinghamshire 85	· Chiltern Gold	0494 873064	Postal	€2.500	6.55%	%Y
Skrmingham Midehkes BS	First Class .	0902 645700	Postal	210,000	6.80%	Y
Bristol & West BS	Balmoral	0800 100117	Postal	000,022	7.10%	Y
NOTICE A/cs and BONDS						_
Feachers' BS	Affirmles CO	. 0800 378869	90 Day	21,000	8.50%	γ
	Minuter 90 Gapital Sheres	081 858 8212	30 Day	210,000	7.10%	
Greenwich BS						Y
West Bromwich BS	180 Day :	021 525 7070	180 Day	250,000	8.10%	
Bristol & West BS	Premier Option Bd	0272 294271	6 Mth .	25,000	6.85%	1/2 Y
MONTHLY INTEREST						_
Birmingham Midshires BS	First Class	0902 645700	Postal	0002	5.00%	M
Bristol & West BS	Balmoral Monthly	0800 100117	30 Day	000,012	8.55%	N
Nootwich BS	Investment Bond	0800 400900	90 Day	225,000	7.25%	Ŋ
West Bromwich BS	· 130 Day	021 525 7070	180 Day	250,000	7.81%	- N
ressas (Tax Free)						_
fincidey & Rugby 8S		0455 251234	5 Year	£25	a 05%	١
Duntermine BS		0383 721821	5 Year	23,000	7,90%	4
Oudley BS		0384 231414	5 Year	£10	7.87%	Ý
Progressive BS		0232 244926	5 Year	21	7.75%	ì
MOH INTEREST CHEQUE Nos (G	(roes)					\equiv
Caledonian Bank	HICA	031 556 8235	Instant	. 21	5.00%	Y
Chelsea BS	. Classic Postal	0800 717515	instant	22,500	6.00%	Y
				225,000	6.60%	Y
lorthern Rock	Current	0800 591500	Instant	250,000	6.69%	_M
OFFSHORE ACCOUNTS (Gross)						
Woolwich Guernsey BS	Wookvich inti	0481 715735	instant	£500	6.25%	١
Confederation Bank Jersey	Flexible investmt	0534 808060	60 Day	210,000	6.75%	%)
Derbyshire (IOM) Ltd	90 Day Notice	0624 683432	90 Day	250,000	7,80%	Y
forkshire Guerneey Ltd	Key Term	0481 710150	31.8.94	25,000	6.70%E	١
MARANTEED INCOME DONOS (Net)						_
ico FN		081 680 7153	1 Year	250,000	4.45%	٦
Consolidated Life FN		061 940 8343	2 Year	£2,000	4,75%	١
rasperity Life FN		0600 521546	3 Year	225,000	5.23%	١
inancial Assurance FN	•	081 367 6000	4 Year	250,000	5.65%	١
iberty Life FN		081 440 8210	5 Year	000,23	6.00%	1
IATIONAL SAVINGS A/C+ & BONES (C	iross)					
	Investment A/C		1 Month	220	6.25%G	
•	Income Bonds		3 Month	22,000	7.00%H	M
•	Capital Bonds G		5 Year	€100	7.75%F	0
	First Option Bond		12 Month	21,000	8.34%1	_ Y
IAT SAVINGS CERTIFICATES (Tax Fre						_
	40th Issue		5 Year 5 Year	2100 2013	5.75%F 3.25%	0
•	6th Index Linked		D TEM	€100	4 infin	0
	Childrens Bond E		5 Year	225	7.85%F	0

shown Gross. Fixed a Fixed Rate (All other rates are variable) OM = Interest paid on maturity. N= Net Rate guaranteed until 1.12.83. G = 6.5 per cent on balances of £25,000 and over. H = 7.25 per cent for balances of £25,000 and over. H = 7.25 per cent for balances of £25,000 and over. * = After 6 month qualifying period Source: MONEYFACTS, The Monthly Guide to investment and Mortgage Rates, Laundry Loke, North Wall County (All County Coun

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GA reforms

industry is starting to respond to criti-cism of the poor value received by customers who surrender their endowment policies in the early years. General Accident Life is introducing a new endowment policy which guarantees that the surrender value in the early years will be equal to all the premiums paid. There are some conditions, however.

The guaranteed payont applies only in cases of financial hardship - for example, if the borrower defaults because of redundancy, marital hreakdown or sickness. And the company will pay only the sur-render value to the mortgage lender. But at least borrowers will owe less than they might otherwise have done. While this change is

undoubtedly an improvement, it deals with only part of the problem of the inflexibility of endowments. Many people who are not in financial hardship may want to surrender their policies because of a change in their circumstances. The good news is that the GA policy will also offer enhanced values to those who surrendar for any reason in the first few years. It estimates, for example, that payouts for those who surrender after year three will improve

by 60 per cent. GA Life will achieve this change by spreading the costs of setting up the policy over five years instead of the first two, as was the case previously. As a result, intermedi-

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product will be paid on a "level commission" basis through the life of the policy, rather than receiving most of it opfront as is usually the

This obviously creates a cash-flow problem for financial advisers. Some believe that when, under proposed new disclosure rules, they have to reveal the amount of commission they receive, consumer pressure will force the industry to move to a level commission backs.

GA Life will cootinne to offer its old-style endowment policy, which pays commission npfront, alongside the new version. In its press release, the company says it "antici-pates that IFAs [independent financial advisers] will make the decision based on the right prodoct for the iodividual cir-cumstances of the client."

The whole issue brings us back, however, to one of the basic problems of the commission system. The new policy will result in the same termi-nal payont as the old; indeed, the only difference for the pol-icyholder will be the enhanced value in the early years.

Thus, it is hard to imagine any circumstances when it would be in the best interest of the client to bave the old policy; the best interests of the adviser are another matter.

If all products were sold on a level commission basis, these conflicts of interest would not occur. Bot while the systems run in tandem, there are likely to be problems.

Nevertheless, any attempts by the life industry to reform itself must be welcomed. Present regulatory plans, which will involve customers being given full details of surrender values as well as commission payments, ought to mean that those consumers who do want endowment policies will be buying with their eyes open.

Philip Coggan

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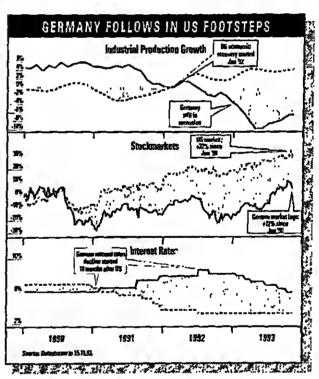
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NALYSIS of the Italian political scene no longer consists of "Porn star in poll victory shock." The shocks of last Sunday'a vote demand greater ekills than that; but not much more in my case, for f believe it was all the fault of the

Americans. More of that later. There was some cogent analysis among top Italian commentators. notably Norberto Bobbio in the Turin daily, La Stampa. He noted, essimistically, in his pre-election forecasts that tradition was unpromising: "The history of united Italy is constituted by a succession, not of governments and oppositions which have alternated. but of regimes whose successor has made a tabula rasa of its predeces-

Each regime had wiped out what the former government had done and, since the second world war, there had been a single government - one of the centre. Today, though, there no longer was a centre.

As They Say in Europe / James Morgan

Italy's messy road to liberation

fully, Italy would now join "the main bighway of great damocracies." There would be a left and a right and both would be dragged towards the middle. This image of a vacuum where the centre parties used to be, and which would suck others into it, dominates the minds of Italians. The Vatican'e Osservatore Romano alona was agnostic: "The centre represents purely and simply a point of convergence of

The Italian desire to impose physical laws on its failed system was not shared elsewhere. In the old friend Johann-Georg Reissmüller decided that "government standstill could follow bad government." But what upset him, as a man of the right, was the prospect of a communist revival.

He said that although the Communist party had not benefited from Italian corruption, it had received Soviet subsidies and its leaders had climbed the political ladder when the party was still loyal to Moscow. How can it be that broad strata could expect the political and moral regeneration of

the state from such people?"
Why not? The political and moral regeneration of Germany after 1945 occurred with the active participation of many who were infinitely

Communist party might produce. In fact, the post-communist Party of the Democratic Left in Italy, which rejected the tutelage of the USSR long before its opponents rejected the embrace of organised crime, has a fair claim to join in any programma of political reconstruction. It has, after all, a good record in local government, partly because it could not participate

the present crisis. Anyway, Italy is not the only place where there is a revival of communists without any revival of communism. The implacable reali-

fully in the system of bribes and.

kickbacks that is responsible for

ties of post-communism have led to people looking again to representatives of a discredited system in those countries where a communist party has exercised power. It is not necessarily a worrying trend; almost everywhere, top former communists have done too well out. of capitalism to start thinking about wrecking it.

The success of the MSI is not part of what might seem to be a parallel phenomenon - the revival of fascism in countries with a communist past. The MSI got e lot of votes parify because it was not anything else. But here we come to the nub of problem: Sunday's vote was, in fect, an anachrenistic revolt

Some months ago, I wrote that Italians do not blame outsiders for their problems. I was wrong, for those with long memories do. Perhans one of the reasons for the success of the neo-fascist MSI was that it, too, was not only outside the corrupt network of organised crime

and political cronyism but it also

has anti-Mafia credentials. The predecessors of both the communists and the MSI, obviously, were targets of American hostility. In 1943, Washington made a deal with the Sicilian gangster, Lucky Luciano, to facilitate the Allied landings in Sicily, and the Mafia . I James Morgan is economics correregained its position - as part of

the coalition against Mussolini who had almost wheel it out.
It prospered in that odd triangle of power constituted by the Christian Democrats, Washington and the Catholic church. Each had its own reason for tolerating the Maria. Neither the Communist purty nor the MSI played any part in the evolution of the system which the Americans brought into which the Americans brought into being in 1944 when the Allies entered Rome. So, while the other pillars of the system collapse, the Maña will, perhaps, be put back into the bottle from which Wash-ington released it.

In Sicily itself, 75 percent of the Curious, is it not? Washington's one-time partner in Sicily faces pepular rejection while its enemies on the mainland have triumphed over its cold war friends. As Bobbio said, any change in Italy wipes out the immediate past.

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What animals hate: Rulus Stone, with his dog Osca, and a container of Curb, his secret formula for repoliting animals

repelling secret

ufus Stone is unlikely to forget the day he received an early-morning phone call from e tea planter in Assam. Wild elephants were using the timbers supporting his main tea-grading shed as scratching posts. One building had already collapsed and his staff feared for their lives.

The caller had heard of a magic potion called Curb that would repel the intruders if sprayed on the buildings. Could Rufus send some some urgently? The carefully-contrived cocktail was urgently despatched, and proved effec-

tive. The elephants went. Stone's company, Sphere Laboratories (London), has dealt with tigers in Malaysia, gerbils in Israeli desert settlements, pigeons in Trafalgar Square, moles in parks and sports grounds, and, recently, football pitch invasions for Tottenham Hotspur and Queens Park Rangers. Both clubs' newly-laid turf were being damaged by hirds.

Lt Colonal Rufus Stone RE has done many things. He was born 81 years ago on a farm in mid-Devon and has worked as a seaman, an inspector in the Metropolitan Police and a regular soldier. During the war he worked on the Mulberry Harbour off the coast of Normandy

during and after the D-Dey of domestic animal repellants landings in 1944 He has no formal training. but has worked as an agricultural feedstuff salesman, an engineering designer, a con-sulting engineer and a sur-veyor. From 1959-63 he worked for the Cyanamid Corporation as UK general manager and then as European director of the agricultural foodstuffs and

veterinary division. Soon after he was made redundant by Cyanamid at 51, a chance meeting in a London pub led to a request for him to

beard about Curb and were attracted by the powder form.
"I soon realised that Curb would stop pigs from tailbiting, birds from pecking crops, dogs from fouling footpaths and rats from jumping on poultry and killing their victims."

seed companies, local euthorities, government departments, and export agents. "All sorts of big companies

Soon he was selling Curb to

buy it from me and sell it under a variety of fancy ferent names in France, Ger-

Clive Fewins meets. Rufus Stone, soldier, sailor, policeman, engineer, surveyor, salesman and potion mixer

chewing the woodwork in their stables at a racing stud.

"I had always been passionately fond of animals, but from my experience in the veteripary and agro-pharmaceutical field I had also developed a pretty good idea of what substances they found repellant," said Stone, who runs the one-man business from his 16th-century cottage in the village of Chilton on the Berk-shire Downs.

I did a bit of ringing round and experimented with a substance I concocted, based on aluminium ammonium sul-phate. It was a powder mixed with water that I painted on the looseboxes. After a bit of experimentation I managed to find a formulation that

"I had a hunch that I was on . to something big, so in 1967 I took out patents, and regis-tered the main product under

the name Curb. . "Then, without doing any formal marketing - all I did was some phoning round - I managed to interest a host of important people in the agri-cultural and horticultural

world. Some people in the field

many. Italy, Austria and m the

East, Stone said. The patents cost Stone £7,500 and covered 25 countries, but they proved to be the wisest "I raised £15,000 from a loan

company - the only money I have aver borrowed - to help me develop the enterprise at this important stage and you could say the sphere was really rolling," he said.

Sphere has been rolling productively - and profitably -

ever since. Stone can be seen. at all hours mixing his secret potion in the 2,000 sq ft industrial unit - a former wartime explosives and mixing store at Milton Park near Abingdon that he has rented since 1970. "It is only four miles from my house so I just drive down

and mix to order. If there is a rush I bave a few part-time helpers I can call upon. Annual production is about

50 tons and at £2,000 a ton that means I turn over about £100,000. Profit runs at 20-25 per cent of turnover and my main overheads are materials at about £20,000 a year and my annual rent, which is £12,000. and selling Curb doesn't' he want to do something new?

"I find it so interesting that I never want to retire. My father was playing golf to a 16 handi-cap at 86, although I have given up riding and shooting f should like to develop the company further," Stone said.

"I find the calls I get and the problems to be solved immensely fascinating. I have given papers at scientific meetings in the USA and Europe, and I meet all sorts of interesting people on my troubleshoot-

ing trips in this country.
"A few months ago I had phone calls from Sweden and Eire on the same day. Both callers rang to tell me they had discovered Curb will stop birds pecking putty out of window frames. Soon after the big putty manufacturers got on to me. Now I sell to them, and so it goes en.'

There are two more things Stone wants to do. The first is to make his stepsons. Sean and Simon, who he hopes will take over the business, fully conversant with Curb's secret formula. The second is to develop neem oil, a natural extract from India.

"The insect-repellant qualities of this substance have been known to mankind since 500 years before Christ, but it has yet to be exploited to its full potential," he said. --

"It will repel, and if necessary kill, just about every type of insect known to man. The Americans are now growing it and say it is going to be very over the next 100 years. Some experts say it has a part to play in preventing the spread of HIV, while it can also be used to repel organisms that cause barnacles to form on the

outside of ships.
"I am keen for the British to exploit neem oil. All f need is to find somebody with a few million to put into it."

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Tax and revolution

■ Continued from Page 1

One response is to say, why worry? If people are reluctant to pay higher taxes, but continue to say they want more of the state services such as education, health and pensions, perhaps this opaque system is in an obscure way giving the electorate what it wants. Does the libertarian right's

contention that hig govern-

ment is growing inexorably stand up to close examination? As John Hills, of the London School of Economics, has shown in his study of the welfare state for the Joseph Rowntree Foundation, the share of national income taken by education health and social security has levelled out since the mid-1970s. It has fluctuated with the economic cycle; and the latest upturn in spending is mainly because of recession. Yet it seems perverse to suggest that people might be hap-

pier with the results of an

opaque and deceptive political

process rather than one in

which clear choices are on And whatever the level of colerance of tax in Britain and that tolerance will be tested by both Norman Lamont's and Kenneth Clarke'a tax increases which have yet to take effect - there are wider grounds for thinking that tax reform in the developed world

will develop new impetus.

The first is that Europe, regardless of the future of the European Union, cannot escape confronting new taxation problems of a kind that is more familiar in the US federal system. And, since the widespread abolition of exchange controls, capital has become internationally mobile. The result is likely to be a long run shrinkage of national tax Without exchange controls, it is no longer possible for governments to tax the citizen through inflation by defaulting on their IOUs. The citizen can move his investment else-

Governments are following the example set by Lord Lawson in seeking to offer low rates of corporation tax to inward investors. They recognise that investment decisions are increasingly influenced by

tax considerations. That is how international competition in tax policy squeezes the corporate tax base. Over the long term the

Spending tax would overcome many income tax problems

ageing of the population in the developed world will also impose an increasing hurden on those workers who are not internationally mobile. So just: as US etates find that high taxes and highly redistributive tax systems drive away people and companies to lower taxed states, European governments will find their power to tax is eroded. What reforms would cope with a world of increasingly footloose taxpayers?

From the public choice theorists' perspective, this competi-tion in fiscal policy is a reform in itself. Protective state functions - defence, law and order - will no doubt continue to be financed by central government. But taxes for other purpose will be closely questioned. To that end Geoff Mulgan and Robin Mutray, of the independent think tank Demos, have argued for hypothecation.

or earmarking taxes so that

people know what a particular tax is being spent on. Yet as the Institute for Fiscal Studies has pointed out, if the level of spending is dictated by earmarked tax revenues, it will go up and down with the economic cycle. So national insurance revenuee go down in recession, just when the need for social security goes up.

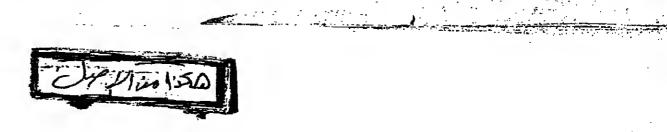
A reform with wider poten-tial is the radical system suggested by the Meade Committee in the late 1970s. This was that people should be taxed on whet they spend rather than on what they earn or own. This would transfer taxation to the point at which people derive benefit from their money rather than the benefit they might obtain from their income or assets.

An expenditure tax, would overcome all the traditional problems that income taxes have with inflation, depreciation, the valuation of pension rights and of human capital. By operating on cash flow rather than income it abolishes the differential taxation of particular forms of income and saving. It can be progressive, rising more than proportionately with income.

Politicians often claim that the administrative problems of switching to an expenditure tax would be overwhelming. But perhaps politicians are also worried that such a tax would be more transparent. Individuals and companies would discover that their tax bills were far higher than

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today's headline rates. It takes a crisis to push through such a radical reform. But many tax theorists, including Charles McClure, main author of the first Reagan tax reform package, believe that income tax, on which the 1980s reforms were based, is in Its death throes.



Traffic jams are becoming a year-round nightmare for Bangkok's 8m inhabitants. Victor Mallet reports

streets of Bangkok. A European businessman in a pin-stripa suit with rolled-up trousers wades through 18in of rain and raw sewage, briefcase in one hand, shoes in the other, head-

In another flooded road nearby, a pair of Thai schoolgirls are trapped with the family chauffeur in their BMW. The engine is still running in spite of the water, but the traffic head is stationary. They left school 3/2 hours ago and are only halfway

A secretary who left work at 5 pm is standing in a crowded, motionless bus. She will not reach her home in the suburbs until 11 pm. An Englishman is forced to abandon a business trip to southern Thailand after missing his flight, it took him more than three hours to each the airport. His pregnant wife ias just spent six hours in a taxi trying, and failing, to keep an appointment. Back in their apartent, she vents ber frustration by methodically ripping to shreds a novel set in Thailand entitled A

This is, to be sure, a particularly pad Monday during the rainy sea-ion. But traffic jams, once a source of wry local humour, are becoming. year-round nightmare for the ity's 8m inhabitants. Some Thais redict the government will fall ecause of its failure to reduce conestion in the capital.

The effect on society and on famiy life is profound. Cars have. Thais sleep, read books, watch tele, than Australia, and on its way to

t is Monday, 6.30 pm, on the vision, make telephone calls and do their homework in the Volvo, Mothers rise before dawn, drag their children out of bed and into the car to beat the rush hour, and feed them breakfast at the school gates. Dinner with friends has become an

lcome chore. Even the normally aloof royal family has intervened in response to public frustration. King Bhumipol has donated 18m baht (\$500,000) to the traffic police, allowing them to buy more motorcycles and train "rapid deployment force" to rush

"Traffic is getting worse and worse and everybody is moody, be it Thats or foreigners," said Queen Strikit in her birthday speech at the palace in August. The crisis has reached an unbearable point ... It's sad to see children leaving home at four o'clock in the morning."

There is, unfortunately, no relief in sight. Successive governments, corrupt or inept and sometimes both, have failed to plan the development of Bangkok or provide any form of urban public transport other than buses and taxis. Property developers building high-rise blocks - which will generate yet more traffic - can flout such regula-tions as there are with a well-placed Only 9 per cent of the city's sur-

face area is given over to roads, compared with a typical 25 per cent in the world's other major cities. As Thais become more and more prosperous, an extra 450 new cars jostle on to the streets each day. Thailand



becoming Toyota's biggest foreign

market outside the US Thai commuters have quickly developed survival tactics to deal with the ordeal of spending six hours a day in their cars. One of the most popular radio stations in Bangkok is "Jor Sor Roi," or Radio 100. Drivers with mobile telephones give details of the latest snarl-ups over the air to their fellow victims. The radio station once co-ordinated the helicopter rescue of a woman about to give birth who was trapped in a traffic jam.

Physical needs are catered for by the Comfort 100, a \$5 portable toilet available from Esso garages which looks like a plastic petrol container with a funnel; or the East Pee, a sort of plastic bag containing liquidabsorbing gel; or, for something more than mere urination, the all-purpose Combi, a bag in a card-

For those in a hurry, gangs of motor cycle taxi-drivers wearing coloured overshirts (for which they have to pay protection money to the police) are clustered at various street corners around the city. They can be seen weaving skilfully with their passengers in and out of the immobile lines of cars.

Then there are the mobile offices. Dr Narongchal Akrasanee, head of the General Finance group of com-panies, uses a modified Volkswagen Transporter, a van fitted with swivelling chairs, a telephone, a facsimile machine, a television, video and compact disc players and a refrigerator. Visitors can hire a similar but slightly less huxurious van from the Regent Hotel for Bt5,000 a day.

"It's mad," Narongchai says of the traffic. "It's the major suffering of the people here, and it's making the government very unpopu-lar... If we don't have public transportation soon, it will be crazy." He and his researchers estimate that congestion costs the city's inhabit-ants nearly \$2bm a year in lost time

and fuel. Other estimates run as high as \$6bn. Desperate citizens, encouraged by newspapers, have proposed dozens of improbable schemes to alleviate their plight, including declaring a state of emergency: "Give a

supremo draconian powers," said

one Bangkok Post headline. After years of contemplating and then failing to deliver everything from elevated Skytrains and Skybuses to underground trains, go ernment officials are thinking of moving the capital - or at least their ministries - to a new site further east. One of them even suggested building twin motorways in the Chao Phraya river, which runs through the city centre and remains one of Bangkok's few relatively pleasant spots.

Another idea, supported strongly by the police, is to reverse the direction of major one-way streets, although no one is sure why this would make any difference. A fur-

ther proposal is to ban cars on alternate days on the basis of their licence plate digits; those starting with an odd number would be allowed out on, say, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and those with even numbers on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. But they tried that in the Nigerian capital, Lagos, and all the rich families hought extra cars so they could drive every day of the week.

Even if a solution - an underground railway, for instance - is agreed, it would take years to build and the construction work would cause further chaos. In the meantime. Bangkok will continue to suffer. Its people are poisoned daily by the carbon monoxide, lead and toluene spewing from thousands of exhaust pipes. A fifth of the traffic policemen have hearing problems, and many have lung disorders as

The manic behaviour of Bangkok bus drivers has been explained

partly by a study conducted by a local university into the effects of exhaust fumes. According to Professor Thephanom Muangman, dean of the environment and resources fac-ulty at Mahidol University: "The gases are powerful enough to devastate the central nervous system, brain functions and consciousness One can only guess at the psycho-

logical impact of the traffic on Bangkok's school pupils. "Our children's future is being badly affected," said a letter to the Post from a "concerned parent" who pleaded with the authorities to do something to return the country to harmony and sanity. "Hurry up," the writer said, "before we all go

The crisis has already had an impact on the capital's culture, A Thai author won a prize this year for a novella called A Family on the Road; the family lives entirely in its car and the book ends with the wife

Minister for a Day

From minor to major

Nigel Spivey picks up the sports portfolio

sound mind in a sound body) was a mixim fashioned by a satirist, not a doctor. And if you go back to its original Latin context (Juvenal Satires 10) you find that it was framed not as a conditional prescription, but rather as a wistful fritter of stoic simplicity.

cited of sportsmen and women whose ungracious boorishness appears to disprove the for-mula as it is commonly understood. But not to worry. In my Ministry of Sport, the promotion of healthy minds in sound bodies will radically transform

the tenor of life in Britain. In the past, this portfolio has been perceived as a minor sine-

Numerous examples can be cure. Some thoroughly wretched physical specimens have slouched in and out of the post, trailing clouds of ignominy behind them. Searching their polysatur-

ated hearts over the birching of English hooligans or the sterold intake of Welsh weightlif-tars, they have treated sport as an activity marginal to com-merce, education and social welfare. They have failed to grasp the fact that in a technological society there are always going to be large numbers of unemployed, and those in employment will be ever more sedentarily occupied. In such a society, spert is not marginal. It is at the heart of human

So I shall be clearing the desks of my predecessors, and greatly extending tha powers of the Minister for Sport John Patten, the education secretary, will be first to feel my presence, for I hava visited enough primary schools to realise that we are nurturing a whole generation of asthmatic, myopic and ill-co-ordinated children in this country, and

my first move will be to get these youngsters fit. School teachers, who in the past used to be able (and willing) to stay on for games coaching after lessons, will coaching after lessons, will have their salaries immediately doubled. School playing fields will be vastly artended, by compulsory purchase where necessary, and school premises, especially in the cities, endowed with new symnasia.

We shall raise funds in the We shall raise funds in the short term by imposing a 40 per cent tariff on all computer games and videos (short-term, because I foresee a time not distant when children are

weaned off these dehilitators. In the long term, naturally, massive savings will be gar-nered from the fall-off in calls on the National Health Service. At the secondary school level a very similar programme will

Those marvellous men and women who used to forfeit their Saturday afternoons to blow whistles on wet fields will be brought back and rewarded, and most teenagers will return home with only just enough energy remaining to pick up a book and sit quietly improving their literacy. The regime will not be Spartan, but neither will it be very different from

Arnold's Rugby.
I know that I shall have allies for my programme in both houses. Sebastian Coe, MP for Falmouth and Camborne, will help; as will those athletic lords Archer and Parkinson. In the first instance my ministerial aides will be entirely recruited from the Cheltenham Ladies lacrosse team, anunfailing advertisement for good sense and good

In due time I trust that state schools will be turning out equally giorious products. I shall also employ a large detachment of peripatetic dep-uties, whose joh will be to tour the country, encouraging all the many local initiatives which already exist. They will be role models of both prowess and pleasant manners: not the Gattings or Mansells, but the Brearleys and Linekers. No other nation in the world

I think, has such a reservoir of amateur enthusiasm for sport as Britain: my ministry will at last recognise this as the resource it is, assisting with club expenses, providing bursa-ries for those with special neads, and facilitating the escape routes sport offars to those whose futures are other-wise bleak. Some of our greatest sportsmen (Daley Thompson, Linford Christie, Frank Bruno, Geoff Capes) hava opanly admitted that they might now be doing time were it not for sporting opportunities. Ten years ago the government forced schools to sell their playing fields. Now it is urgently having to huild new prisons. The price is haing

Youth is like quicksilver. It needs to move, to collide and bounce. Injecting that elemental dynamism into the challenges of sport makes sense. I am not concerned about the fortunes of the national soccer teams, nor Britons who hill their way into the second round of the Wimbledon tennis championships

always find their pitch according to the marketplace. But I am concerned about the young-sters reduced to raving, drinking, and fighting in the streets. There are happier ways of releasing that energy. M Nigel Spivey is the 1993 Eastern Counties hammer-

Professional athletes will

FINANCIAL TIMES

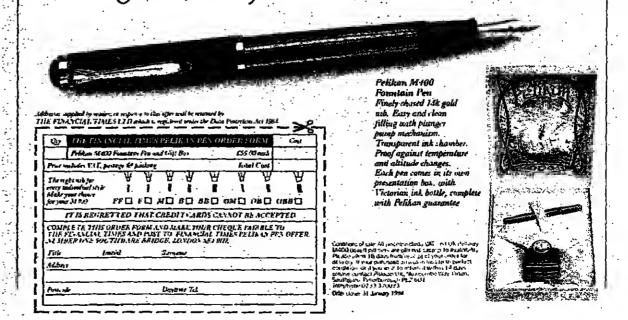
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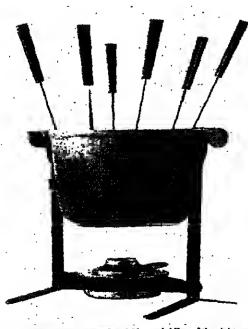
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To hell with colour - black is back

Brenda Polan dresses down - delicously - in every woman's favourite fashion classic

t was the kind of party which, a year ago, would have been a raucous festival of colour: bright satin, aggressive taffeta, dazzling lame. It would have been cheerful with feathers, beads, diamanté buttons and Damboyant bows. This year, however, the room was a haven of sombre sobriety. It was difficult, on first entering, to distinguish the black-clad men from the black-clad women. Only the flashes of female flesh, the bare arms, shoulders and nearly-bare bosoms which glowed under the dimmed lights, offered a few clues.

This sea of darkness elicited a strangely mixed response: disappointment that the eye-stimulation offered by a rich variety of colour and texture was missing; and a relaxing sense of familiarity and safety. This, after all, was just the way it was in the mid and early

"rediscovered" colour. Those, of course, were the days when most of us wore little else but black at any time of the day, a phenomenon jointly induced by the Milanese designers with their passion for an urban uniform of black, white and grey and the new wave of Japanese designers with their bag-lady, post-holocaust monochrome

Fashion victims of the time would confess to having inadvertently bought the same black jacket twice, to having another eight similar ones in their wardrobes and to being made nervous by the sight of anyone wearing something colourful. Men and mothers got very depressed at what they perceived as a morose and deliberately disfigur-

For, in our culture, black clothing carries deep-seated associations of

guilt, gloom, sorrow, sin and death. Prince's subsequent temper tan-It is the non-colour worn by nuns and widows, celihate priests, ascetic scholars, avenging goddesses and cauldron-peering witches, by the Furies, Hamlet, Queen Victoria and Dracula.

So whenever it is worn by someone who falls into none of those categories, it has, traditionally, a perverse, dramatic effect. Beau Brummell's falling out with the Prince Regent may have degenerated into name-calling but it began as a clash of styles when Brummell discovered he was bored with jewel coloured brocades and embroidered velvets and got himself up in sober black, relieved only by a simple white stock.

The entrance he consequently made has, as he might have wished, reverberated through history. It was the start of an unstoppable rev-

trum only made it more likely. On women, particularly young women, the dramatic effect is further heightened. Traditionally, as the debutantes presented at Qui Charlotte's Ball can testify, white and its pastel near-neighbours are the appropriate colours for maidens. White is the colour of purity and

innocence, simplicity and hope. Black, its opposite, manages to imply impurity, experience, sophistication and, if not cynicism, then t was only in the early years of the century that it became permissible for a woman to wear black for evening glam-

our rather than because she was in mourning - and even then, if she was not an actress, she had better

This was a proviso which oper-

grown-up's dress, a dress worn by a woman of the world with a long sautour of pearls and a cigarette in a

So much of recent fashion history

is a matter of Chanel inventing and Yves Saint Laurent revising that it is hardly surprising that, the LBD having been reworked by every coutarier in between, it was young Yves who gave it new life in the shape of the Smoking, a dress which mimicked the lines and satin revers of the gentleman's tuxedo. Simultaneously the last of the exclusion clauses became inoperative. The self-dramatisation of Beatnik black had deliberately set cut to undermine all kinds of conventional ideas about dress. The young women of the 1960s loved it

Smoking with equal passion.

However, shock value is easily ment were fleeting Gratitude and attenuated by familiarity. In the relief will last a lot longer. last 30 years the LBD has become a staple of most women's wardrobes not because of its drama. but because of its lack of it.

It is the equivalent of the man's evening suit. In it, a woman feels secure in the knowledge that she is appropriately dressed. She will never look as if she has tried too hard - much worse than looking as if she hasn't tried at all. Unless the LBD in question is particularly extravagant in style, she will never look dated and, more important, she will never look like mutton dressed as lamb, a serious hazard when fashions in eveningwear become ghtzy, colourful and overtrimmed. for its moodiness, its hint of threat So, at last week's party, among

ated even when Coco Chanel intro-duced the first official Little Black their mothers. They embraced Saint palazio pyjama suits, the black their mothers. They embraced Saint palazio pyjama suits, the black all-Dress in 1923. It was very much a knock-offs, regret and disappoint-

> sociologist given to sweeping interpretations of fairly frivolous trends, observed portentously: "Ah hah, sackcloth and ashes. The eighties are really over. They've all gone into mourning for their Chanel handbags. It's nineties self-denial."

No. no. It's nineties ease and comfort. You can only sustain high anxiety for short stretches of time and that is exactly what getting into a party dress used to be like. Me? I was wearing a black trouser suit over a black lace body. Wouldn't you have been?

Belgian chic – from riches to rags

Does anyone actually wear the deconstructionists' designs? Avril Groom looks at the clothes on the catwalks, below, and, right, on some real-life customers

he most interesting and challenging clothes right now come from e man who makes jackets out of old Metro posters and a woman whose idea of decoration is hospitalstyle tape ties. This sounds like the same avant-garde freakiness that spawned fashion-victim long black layers, impossible to wear for anyone other than scrawny superwaifs, but the growing band of sophisti-cated women who love these clothes tell a different story.

Ann Demeulemeester, Martin Margiela and Dries van Noten are the tongue-twisting Belgian trium-virate leading the "deconstruction" movement which turns the traditional precepts of clothes-making literally inside out, putting lining fabrics, raw edges, seams and so on on the outside.

These are controversial ideas that originally made a strong point about consumerist fashion in recessionary times but, as the threesome insists, such ideas are only a tiny part of their output.

The designers are the direct descendants of the older

avant-garde grouping of Rei Kawakubo, Yohji Yamamoto and Issey Miyake, who have long toyed with such themes. But whereas the Japanese looked to their own culture and the future for their uncompromising shapes, the Belgians are infused with a powerful nostalgia

Anarchic shows in derelict hospitals featured plastic-bag dresses bound round with Sellotape

for Europe's fashion past. The Belgians graduated from art school in Antwerp in the mid-1980s. They share a philosophy which then seemed revolutionary, that clothes should be a quiet mix of individual pieces, new and old, to enhance the personality. With

brash, gilt-buttoned logoland all around them, they needed shock tactics to get noticed.







Jeans and chiffen by Martin Margiela

Hence Margiela's anarchic shows in derelict hospitals and car parks featuring plastic-bag dresses bound round with Sellotape, or waiter's aprons worn with thigh-high wad-ers. Demeulemeester's overlong sleeves and tape-ties looking suspiciously like ideas from straitjackets or hospital robes, and van Noten's retreat into institutional-looking baggy grey or beige linen.

Now that fashion has undergone

a sea-change and recycling, plain clothes and tiny details are desirable, they find themselves in the vanguard and they have softened their position. Far from clothing women in ugly black layers, they say, they want them to look their natural best. The result in their spring collections, and those from kindred spirits such as Martine Sitbon and Helmut Lang, is a delicate, lyrical freshness that makes the efforts of better-known designers to follow the same lines look like the bumbling of clumsy dinosaurs.

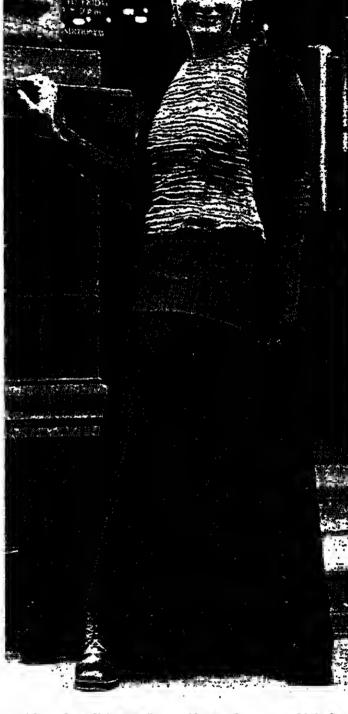
These Belgians are far from the snarting nihilists some of their publicity suggests. Margiela is a charming, gentle giant whose chunky marled sweater and sea dog's can Sea fisherman than a designer. He finds beauty both in precious old clothes and the ability to remodel them in modern form.

between the witty and the wacky, usually coming down on the right side because of their quality. The soft, chunky Aran-style sweater shrouded in a layer of fine net, the clingy crop-top apparently made from a pair of long aocks, the antique-looking crepe dress with its darts and bem carefully unpicked and pressed open (yet still flatter-ingly cut), the man-styled jacket cut with a narrow shoulderline and overlong sleeves to emphasise femininity - the list seems endless.

Margiela's influence on current fashion is eloquently displayed by his spring collection. There is not a single new piece, just his favourites from previous collections, all coloured grey and carefully dated with their year of design. There they all are - the apron skirt, the fleshcoloured chiffon body with tattoo print, even the recycled paper tacket all invented here but seen on many international catwalks for the first time this season.

Sheila Cunningham, a 60-year-old East End social worker and onetime assistant to New York fashion doyenne Diana Vreel, is one of his fans. "His clothes are a private plea-sure. They don't cry out 'designer' and could be second-hand but they are well-made and feel wonderful. Dark colours are good for work and public transport. The shapes are individual enough to transcend trends. I buy such things in sales and need them to last."

Ann Demenlemeester, a small, pale blonde with limpid blue eyes, is a perfectionist whose busine self-financed and controlled. She says she "only started designing when I felt I had something differ-



■ SARA BLONSTEIN, 28, media ideas are fun – to me, this is the first time in ages something new has happened in fashion." event organiser: "I've never been a power-dresser. I prefer street shion but now I'm older I want a more elegant version. I have worn second-band clothes which the beautiful tiny details and fabric of Demeulemeester's designs remind me of. Margiela fits a curvy figure

brilliantly. I love the flowing look feel very attractive in them. The ent to say, to put my soul into clothes. Mainstream fashion was

about comedy then but I was trying to design poetry." Her clothes are detailed with craft-like care. Tiny ties that bind and fasten, fine tucks in the back of a swirling soft dress that give it a flattering sensuousness, the femi-ninity of a bias-cut velvet akirt under a narrow, but mannish, brocade frockcoat - wearing these

clothes is a subtle pleasure. Her spring look is soft and fragile, with tiny linen camisoles suspended

She is wearing a black silk/wool brocade sleeveless coat by Ann Demenlemeester, £590, silver metallic/acetate top by Martin Margiela, £165, nylon/polyamide top by Helmut Lang, £150, wool apron skirt by Dries van Noten, 2200, all from Browns, South Molton Street

over mesh tops and hitched-up Victorian skirts, and pale, delicate col-ours replacing some of the black. "I wanted to dispel the idea that my clothes are sad," she says, "though sadness is a fine emotion."

Dries van Noten, who looks as

beautiful and delicate as his printed chiffons, is the most acces the three in design terms. Always more inclined to use colour, he likes fragile, ethnic fabrics, antique embroidery and beading which he mixes with plain textures. His spring collection of nostalgic chif-

designer's PR. These clothes are beautiful, minimal, dark and unconventional, all very me, but fon lingerie dresses, softly roseprinted overblouses and double chif-

fon reversible skirts is one of the

■ CAITLIN COLOCOTRONIS, 26,

extension of myself, to look brave

and sery as these do, even though they are subtle, showing off the

personality rather than the body.

They are tactile, well-cut and

flattering. In adapting them to myself I feel confident. I hate

labels; I resent paying to be a

artist: "I like clothes to be an

season's prettiest.

The clients' comments show the appeal of these clothes to be their subtle detail and unshowy luxury. This is because they are cleverly designed and well made from the best fabrics. There is an idea that the deconstructed look can be achieved by chopping up, rebuilding and leaving raw edges on any old undersized, overwashed 1970s lef-

look as if you are wearing chopped-up 1970s leftovers. To look struction must be handled by artists and experts.

I don't wear them all the time

stand this kind of fashion."

London SW3.

bu Niall McInemeu.

Some of my family do not under-

She wears a black rayon/viscose

dress by Ann Demeulemeester, 2299, black and white wool tweed

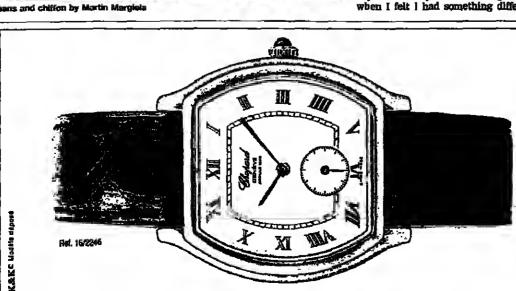
jacket by Martin Margiela, £529,

both from Joseph, Brompton Cros

Make up by Hannah, hair by Jon, both at Molton Brown W1. Pictures

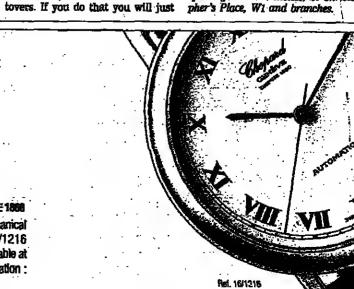
by Tim Jenkins. Catwalk pictures

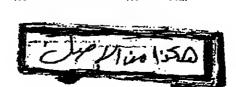
A selection of the Belgian de ers work can be seen at the following shops: A la Mode, Hans Crescent, London SW1: Browns, South Melton Street, W1; Harvey Nichols, Knights-bridge, SW1; Joans, Floral Street, WC2; Joseph, Brompton Cross, SW3: Pollyanna of Barnsley; Warehouse of Glasgow and Whistles, St Christo pher's Place, W1 and branches.





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Town and the half-way point of the second leg.
Intrum Justitia, the pan-European

entry in the lightweight W60 class, is the yacht setting the pace - literally. On Wednesday, It posted a new Omega 24-Hour Challenge record for the 1993/4 race with a run of 376.6 miles. At one point in the day, the satellite results system showed Intrum holding a steady 22 knots. But the depression blasting it along weakened and the average

speed dropped to a tamer 17 knots. Spray reached as high as the first spreaders on the mast, reported skipper Lawrie Smith, and the onwatch crew faced walls of green water coming down the deck. Much of it found its way below.

These boats are notoriously wet,

Yachting/Keith Wheatley

Very wet, very cold and very fast

point of a dive than the surfing sailboards they've been described as," said Smith. "Everything is dripping down below. Floors, walls. clothes. Only the bunks are dry and I'm not too optimistic about them. It's horrible - but you can put up with it if you're winning," grinned Smith on a live video link via

Aged 37, and Britain's top professional sailor, he has transformed the fortunes of Intrum Justitia since replacing Roger Nilson as skipper the start line out of Punta del Este. in Uruguay, two weeks ago and has stayed in pole position (in the W60 class) since.

Scentics to rival vachts refused to believe that changing one man could alter the fortunes of a highly technical campaign. Alan Gray might beg to differ.

Gray's yacht, Jamarella, made a

middling start in the 1989 Admiral's Cup campaign so he brought in Smith and the boat finished top AC yacht for the season. "He's simply an excellent saflor and makes a big difference when he joins," said Gray. "It's motivation and experience, not just ability. Lawrie has grit and a bit of magic, plus huge technical ability to optimise things like sails. You can't quantify attitude but, if we were talking about the media or show business, you'd know he has star quality."

Ross Field, skipper of the fourth-placed Yamaha, 74 miles behind Smith, does not seem to be enjoying himself quite so much. "Conditions are bloody unpleasant. It's very cold and the snow and fog are making it even more difficult," he said. "We've spotted icebergs and this snow is ahead of a new front

coming through." Yamaha was lucky to escape undamaged after heing knocked flat in the "big blow" that powered intrum to its record run. Field said the broach happened in around 35 knots of wind and the yacht was on its side for nearly 15 minutes.

"We had the spinnaker up and were sitting at a steady 25 knows" boat speed without surfing. We broached and it was bloody terrify before we could turn the boat ing. The crew were all clipped on, so there were no injuries, but we

were all a little shaken." After the experience of Tokio in the early days of this leg, there will scarcely be a Whithread crewmember who is not wearing his safety harness. Tokio, which won the W60 class in the first leg of the race and is second around 20 miles behind Intrum Justitia, lost bowman Ken Hara overboard when he fell from the tip of the spinnaker pole with-

out a safety line. Skipper Chris Dickson said: When we spotted Ken in the water, we were doing 13 knots away from him with two spinnakers up and a lot of work to do.

around. Hara's first thoughts on seeing the boat going away from were: This must be a dream. this can't be happening.' He removed his boots and held them upside down for additional buoyancy. He was wearing only seaboots and thermal underwear at

"This incident was not due to extreme conditions but through ess. All the crew is aware that, in different conditions and darkness, things might not have gone so smoothly," added Dickson, who reprimended Hara. The bowman is a hero in Japan, where he is the country's first big-time profes-sional sailor in a nation that is

The jury is still out on the question of whether the bigger 80ft mati-ketches can bold off the chal-leage of the W60s on this 7,500 mile leg to Western Australia. The smaller yachts need consistent winds of more than 80 knots to break through but, so far, they have had only random 12-hour spells of heavy air. Nevertheless, Intram Justitia has passed Merit Cup, the second-placed maxi, and has only New Zealand Endeavour 50 miles or so ahead.

Pierre Fehlmann, skipper of Merit Cup, is candid in his anxieties about his yacht's inability to match the Kiwis despite having near-identical boats from the same do they have a hull that is some what better in surfing conditions? Do they simply have better belins men? Or do they push the bost one than we do?" pondered a downcast

And Bearing on the Party

udley Wood is a big lad. He needs to be. As secretary of the Rugby Football Union, he sits on a rugby throne whose power and wealth has swelled in the seven years that he has occupied it. Since 1986, the Rugby Union's business has grown from £5m to nearer £45m; the staff from 50 to more than 100. It owned the Twickenham ground, an assortment of allotments, better known as car parks, and 26 houses nearby, now it has a rebuilt stadium and a second ground com-plete with hotel in Wolverhampton. You have to pinch yourself to remember that all this has happened while the economy has been in reverse.

This increased financial strength has made England the dominant nation in the talking-shop which some refer to as the Four Home Unions committee. But on the field progress has stalled. The All Blacks triumphal progress round Britain suggests that this afternoon's international will provide another demon-stration of the gap between England and the top nations in the southern hemisphere. Wood is using his muscle to persuade the other home unions to accept changes which serve England's aspirations rather than their own interests. Wood plans changes to chub rugby in Europe, in the way tours are handled and in the five nations championship and the distribution of the television revenue it generates.

"In future we will be looking to develop a Test series against an incoming country like Australia. I suspect this would be two Tests. it would be nice to think that we could bold one in the north and one at Twickenham. We had the South Africaps at Elland Road [Leeds United's ground] last year and this year the crowds at Anfield [in Liverpool] and Gateshead for the New Zealanders suggest there is a large audience for

our game," said Wood. The reality is that with £28m raised to complete the north and east stands today - and the west stand due for rebuilding starting in May, a two Test series would have to be played diate future to maximise income.

Whether English rugby remains fashionable depends on how the team fares in the world cup, due to be held in South Africa in 12 games', or 19 months', time. Certainly, England's club structure, though heaving under the strain of home and away Courage league fixtures, is vibrant and the envy of all, save the French.

The Welsh, whose domestic league is sponsored by Heineken beer, want to improve competition for their top clubs and have urged the creation an Anglo-Welsh league. Woods said: There is no urgency to establish an Anglo-Welsh league. The bome and away fixtures must stay for one more season, so we can best see how to adjust the numbers in the top three divisions. There's no flexibility at present and if we had a bad winter I'm not sure how we would fit in those matches cancelled.

"The four English clubs who met their Welsh counterparts the other day did telephone me to tell me what they were doing. Of course, we understand that these fixtures were and are important to them and add extra spice



Power but not enough glory

Under Dudley Wood England has grown rich. He tells Derek Wyatt his plans

and revenue. It is probably true too that at the moment the Weish clubs need the English clubs more than we need them. We have sponsorship deals to honour - in Courage's case we've another three and a half seasons to go - and we won't be dictated

to by other sponsors. "Adding more to the time-table would impact on the Five Nations which we have been trying to push back towards the end of the season but we cannot convince the French who do not wish to move their club competition. I'm not sure we can expand it either. Romania is not the strength it was and our B team has comprehensively beaten Italy and Spain so they must wait. America is struggling and only Canada would be worth considering and two leagues of

five probably wouldn't work." The Five Nations Championships is the envy of all other sports. No one in their right minds would tamper with

The quality of the play in the five nations has fallen. The standards set by Australia in the Parc des Princes three weeks ago against France and the power of the All Blacks showed last Saturday against an embarrass-ingly weak Scotland team, showed that it bas become too inward

While New Zealand has its sights on the World Cup in 1995, England has its sights on the Five Nations and the World Cup. To some extent the Five Nations is now an irritant in the preparation of the squad. Yet, it is the proverbial jewel in the crown where television is concerned even though the existing contracts are confused. In France, the broadcaster Antenne 2 owns the rights for France's championship home games until 1995. The

BBC owns the rights to games in the

it, except...except...the tournament is not serving the aspirations of French or English rugby.

UK until 1994. Another UK broadcaster – Sky or FTV – could buy the rights to the French games from Antenne 2 and put any new UK deal in jeopardy. Ireland's state broadcaster RTE could do a similar deal.

There is nothing to stop them. The Four Home Unions television sub-committee has not kept abreast of developments in the European media and is still trying to formulate a contract to put out to tender. Wood conceded as much: "It has been a tricky series of negotiations between the four home unions and about what we want to put in the tender. We are aware of the holes that exist."

In the past the four home unions have divided the cake into equal parts and though Wood would not commit himself it is apparent that this will no longer be the case. England, with the largest rugby population, will receive more than the others, possibly as much as 40 per cent of the total.

The senior clubs, who want to negotiate their own television contract. shot themselves in the foot a few weeks back. Racing at Ascot was called off and BBC television offered

England to plot its own future

to take the second half of the Wasps v Bath game live for £15,000. The senior clubs refused, fearing it would harm their gates that afternoon. Televising it would have given them some idea of the pull of the leagues and some reaction from their sponsors. It is sometimes easy to forget that all these developments have come

about because of the 15 England players who will try to stem the All Black tide this afternoon. It is they who have created the increasing demand for the game. Their development is being held up by the parochialism of the home unions. If they had their way. I believe, they would want pendent of the other three home the marker posts on each hole are 150 metres from the flag.

Secret joy of Ireland's missing links

o what else does Nick Faldo do with his spare time apart from strap his wrist to the latest high-tech gadgetry to ease ten-

This summer he donned his architect's hat and broadened his education by visiting some of the great Irish golf courses that never host a pit-stop on the European tour. His ambition is to design both a links and an inland course in Britain that stand comparison with: any, so the journey was an

essential one. Some -Irish links courses such as County Sligo and Lahinch, are known to most golf students, but there was one place that Faldo visited that has escaped attention. Ballyliffm, in Donegal, is the most northerly course in the whole of Ireland. It lies just

below Malin Head.

Quite why it is not recognised among Ireland's finest courses is something of a mys-tery. Its absence from most guidebooks explains why the fairways are largely deserted; a stark comparison to Ireland's most celebrated venues. But Malin Head did have 19 days in force, and this was perhaps a contributing factor. Who, though, ever went to Ireland for the weather?

Furthermore, Ballyliffin is a breathtaking links course, and the green fees, at If8, represent a bargain which you will have to search hard and long to match.

What Ballyliffin is not, however, is a fair golf course. It is gloriously, maddeningly, unfair, as most links cours are. Its fairways are covered in pimples, and if you were not surrounded by some of the most sublime views to be found anywhere, you would be cursing as your 230 yard drive comes to rest on a vicious up-

The whole course is a hidden trove. It does not matter one score card you have picked up lists the fifth hole as a 389 yard par four, when what you are actually confronted by is one. of the great natural par threes? You quickly grow used to the fact that the score card measurements are in yards while

Of course if you do not accept these eccentricities, there are plenty of £75 per round courses in the UK where you will have time during the five hours it takes to play 18 holes to ruminate on the fact

that everything is spot on. Ballyliffin itself contains, so far as I could see, two hotels, two shops, a post office, a couple of bed and breakfasts, two pitch and putts, a wondrous beach and the golf course. It lies halfway up the Inishowen peninsula, beloved of geologists, archaeologists, historians, naturalists, ornithologists but not yet golfers. Just do not tell too many about it, will

Faldo, by the way, played off the back tees and breezed round in 69, which is three

Derek Lawrenson follows Nick Faldo to Ballyliffin in County Donegal

officials and left with a look of envy on his face that suggested his minders were about to be confronted with the questions: who is going to find me a piece of land that matches this one? The day I played the sun was shining. There was barely a breath of wind. I felt almost guilty standing on some of Ballyliffin's more exposed areas swinging the club freely and with no concern for the weather. There must be days out there when the wind possesses such strength that simhe beyond the efforts of most of us. I would not want to swap for one of those.

Not that everyone was happy on this gorgeous day. On the first tee in front of us, there were two disgruntled Irishman. "I don't know how they get away with it," one of them said, to which his friend replied to anyone in earshot. "Bloody disgusting charging £8 for green fees, isn't it?" Clearly some people do not know a bargain even when it is laid out in front of them in all its

Motoring / Stuart Marshall

Needing to make a name for itself

Mazda's sleek Xedos enters a market in which status is vital

get into the lower end of the premlum market is called the Xedos (pronounced ke-see-dos). Choosing this name must be a Japanese revenge for all the mickey-taking by foreigners over the funny names the Japanese have given their vehicles in the past, such as Cedric, Violet, Gloria, Cherry, Bongo (yes, I swear lt) and

Even when they have thought up a good name, things bave sometimes gone

azda's hid to wrong. Wouldn't The Toyota get into the Windom be much better as the Wyndham? But what's in a name? The Xcdos 6 I.6i, Mazda's junior sports saloon, (pictured), is east in a similar, if smaller, mould to the Lexus GS300, a BMW 530 rival that impressed me deeply.

At £15.995 for the manual (£16,895 automatic) the Xedos 6 1.61 slips into the lower reaches of the executive market where it costs exactly the same as a BMW 316i Special Equipment, which might or might not be sheer

It is sleek and shapely, with



Stopping stone for the junior exective: the Mazda Xedos 6 1.6 is priced at the lower end of the executive car market.

not a straight line or flat surface in sight. From the front, the tiny air intake grille and slit-eyed headlamps make it look like a sleepy Siamese cat with its tongue half out. In common with the Lexus,

the Xedos has been designed to cut through the air with minimum disturbance and, at husiness motoring speeds, wind noise is virtually suppressed at source. Perhaps this made me aware of the tyre roar on coarsely textured surfaces. But, apart from this and an occasional buzziness at high revolutions in the gears from the smooth-running and vigorous 16-valve engine, I rated the Xedos 6 L6i a compact and comely car with delightful

Just as Lexus GS300 buyers or user-choosers may well graduate to an LS400 as they move higher up the management ladder, the 1.6i Xedos 6 will be a stepping stone. Next In line is the two-litre, V5-engined Xedos 6 which leads up to the flagship of the such as BMW, Mercedes and

marque, the Xedos 9, with a choice of two-litre or 2.5-litre V6 engines. The Xedos 9 made its debut at the Frankfurt show last September and arrives in Britain early next

The biggest burdle Lexus and Xedos have to leap is entirely subjective. When executives choose new company cars, status might well rate higher than performance. For years, the business and social credibility of makes

Jaguar has been well estab-

Although Lexus LS400 sales increased during the recession while those of most of its competitors fell, the name anlike those of its European rivals - still does not have instant recognition. Xedos is even less familiar.

But then, so once were names like Canon, Minolta and Nikon. Just ask a photographer what happened to Leica and Contax in the precision camera market.

Pedal policy

motoring column to produce a reaction. Even if pro-bike, motorists complain - justifiably - about a nority of cyclists who behave disgracefully. They cite riding on pavements; foul language or threats of violence

to pedestrians who protest; ignoring traffic signals and one-way streets; and riding unlit at night. Cyclists, also justifiably, complain that some drivers behave thoughtlessly, even

aggressively toward them as ough they had no right to be on the road at all. The fact is that cyclists have a perfect right to use highways (but not motorways) freely, although whether they are always wise to exercise this

right is open to question. But they also have responsibilities Insurance is a prime

example. Few cyclists have any, yet a third of the 20,000-odd accidents involving them each year are held to be their fault. In law, they could be responsible for damage and injury, even legal fees

This Christmas, about 1m children will wohble forth on their new bikes. Many, thankfully, will wear safety belmets. But even more important would be a RiderBike* policy (£12 a year for an individual, £20 for the family) bought with the bike from independent cycle

Last year, 24,800 cyclists became road casualties in Brttain, 3,787 with seriou injuries. Of 204 who died, 48 were children. While insurance cannot prevent accidents, it can at least make the results of many of them less distressing.

* Information on RiderBike from 061-795 4905

S.M.

THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE

MOTORS



Distinctly upper crust

Philippa Davenport samples the foreign flavours on Britain's bread boards

tre of Europe but it scores closer to the bullseye in one respect than many other EU neighbours -

Eating in hotels and restaurants on the continent, I have been struck by the omnipresence of side plates laid with cardboard cut-out rolls that bear no resemblance to real bread. They are lightweight, anaemic, textureless and tasteless. In Britain, bowever, any eating establishment with a mite of pride takes the trouble nowadays to welcome diners with a choice of increasingly good breads.

Shopping for bread also has become fun and, for variety alone, Britain seems to have become the bread basket of Europe. Yet, sliced white was the norm less than 15 years ago; indeed, sliced white was the *only* bread on offer in many outlets - a fact so depressiog that it prompted Michael Bateman and Caroline Conran to launch a campaign for real bread in the Sunday

Now, mills are being restored busily, village bakers are bouncing back and supermarket bakery sections are expanding faster than Chorleywood dough. The whiff of freshly baked bread wafts from in-store ovens and cash tills

are ringing merrily. Liucolnshire plum bread, Irish soda bread. Scotcb pancakes and barley bannocks are all selling well but, above all else, the trend is international. Look along the shelves and you will see loaves with claims Armenian, Russian, Indian and other foreign origins. Every week, newcomers swell the ranks of this bready tower of Babel. Only yesterday I spotted a label that made me laugh out loud: "Mediterranean bread imported from Canada.

There is a lot of good bread in Britain now and a lot of absurdities. Some designer breads coming into the shops are a triumph of style over fla-

Parallel with all of this, interest in bome baking is growing apace and two new books are devoted to the subject. One is The Complete Bread Book, by Gail Duff (Pavilion £17.99), sub-titled "150 traditional recipes from round the world." Duff is a competent cook, noted for her wholefood and vegetarian writings.

The other is The Bread Book, by Linda Collister and Antony Blake (Conran Octopus £9.99). It is sub-titled "a step-by step guide to making over 130 deli-cious breads" and appeals more to me than Duff's, partly because it does not attempt to cast its net so wide.

Blake is one of those photographers who is so good at illustrating the written word rather than seeking to dominate it. Collister is an accomplished baker and totally trustworthy as a recipe writer. She inspires confidence by virtue of her quiet, unflamboyant style and attention to detail.

Sbe always mixes and kneads doughs by hand "because I enjoy it physically." She accepts, though, that others may prefer to use a food mixer and a dough hook. Similarly, although she would to French, Spanish, Portu-guese, Italian, German, Greek, acknowledges that others may

find dried yeast granules or best sliced thinly and should easy-blend varieties more convenient. Accordingly, she has tested her recipes using these sorts of yeasts as well.

Although the majority of breads in this book are raised with yeast, unleavened breads are included, too. There are also quick breads made with baking powder (or bicarbonate of soda plus cream of tartar or acidic liquids) and sourdough

'A lot of good bread is baked in Britain now but there are also many absurdities'

she found particularly exciting to crack. It is an appetising collection and a very practical guide to the gentle art of good home baking. FRENCH SOURDOUGH

This is Collister's version of the crusty, chewy loaf made popular by the famous Poilane baking family in Paris. She warns that the tea towel lining the basket used to mould the loaf must be linen, not terry-cloth, dry and heavily-floured: if the dough sticks while rising, it can collapse when inver-ted onto the baking tray for

cooking. She points out that the first two or three batches will taste good but will not rise as well or be as successful as later batches when the starter becomes established. The loaf is an excellent keeper and be eaten within one week.

For the starter: 8 oz stoneground wholemeal bread flourabout 8 fl oz lukewarm water. For the sponge: 5 fl oz lukewarm water, 8 oz unbleached

white bread flour. warm water; % oz sea salt; about 8 oz umbleached white bread flour: extra flour for dusting. To make the starter, put the

wholemeal flour in a small bowl and make a well in the centre. Pour in the hukewarm water and mix to make a very thick batter. Cover with a damp tea towel and leave at room temperature for three days, re-dampening the towel each day so the batter absorbs the natural yeasts in the air. After three days, the starter should be emelly, grey and only slightly bubbly.

To make the sponge, pour the starter into a large mixing bowl. Stir in the lukewarm water and add the white bread flour. Beat with your hand for about one minute to make a thick batter. Cover with a damp tea towel and leave at room temperature for 24-36 hours until it is spongy and slightly bubbly. The longer you leave the sponge, the more pro-nounced the taste will be.

To make the dough, stir the sponged batter well. Beat in the remaining water and the salt, then mix in enough of the remaining white bread flour to make a soft but not sticky

Turn out the dough on to a lightly-floured work surface and knesd for 10 minutes until firm and elastic. Return the dough to the bowl, cover with until almost doubled in size:

eight-12 hours. Knock back the risen dough. Cut off 6-8 oz and set aside for making the next starter (see below). Shape the rest of the dough into a ball and put it into a round basket 9 in wide and 4 in deep that has been lined with a dry, heavily-floured tea towel. (Use a greased 2 lb loaf tin if you prefer, or place the ball of dough directly onto a baking tray).

Cover with a damp tea towel and leave to rise at normal to warm room temperature until: almost doubled in size: about eight hours. Subsequant hatches may take less time. Pre-heat the oven to 220°C/ 425°F (gas mark 7). Invert the loaf in the basket onto the bak-ing tray. Using a sharp knife, slash the top of the loaf four

the loaf may collapse: Sprinkle with flour. Bake for 20 minutes, then lower the oven temperature to 1909C/375R (gas mark 5) and bake for 35-55 minutes longer until the loaf sounds hollow when tapped underneath Transfer to a wire rack and leave to cool com-

To keep a starter for the next batch, put the reserved 6-8 oz portion of dough into a greased plastic bag and store in the fridge for up to three days, or leave the dough in a small bowl covered with a damp tea towel at normal room temperature for up to two days, redampening the towel each day. To use, start at the sponging

stage in the recipe above; you will have to add a little extra lukewarm water to make a thick batter. Proceed with the



many evocative pictures in "The Bread Book", by Linda Colleger and Anthony Bieke (Conran Octopus, £19.99, 192 pages)

Bourbon? Take it out of Kentucky

Giles MacDonogh raises hell in bluegrass country

ere I to play dev-il's advocate in Louisville, Kentucky - a risky thing to do - they would almost certainly have me run out of town because I would suggest two important changes in the way Bourbon whiskey is

Firstly, I would abolish the rule that the spirit may only be matured in new white oak casks. Secondly, I would shift production several bundred miles to the north, to the Cansdian border, a place cool enough to allow the whiskey to mature in peace.

Bourbon is a prisoner of its own packaging: new white oak, charcoal filters, and Kentucky. In the last century, and the first few years of this, it was virtually indistinguishable from "white dog" or moon-shine. This coarse, backwoodsman's dram was derailed by Prohibition. There was no time between the repeal of the Volstead Amendment and the outbreak of the second world war to build up mature stocks of Bourbon which means that the earliest properly made whiskies were bottled during the second world war or just after.

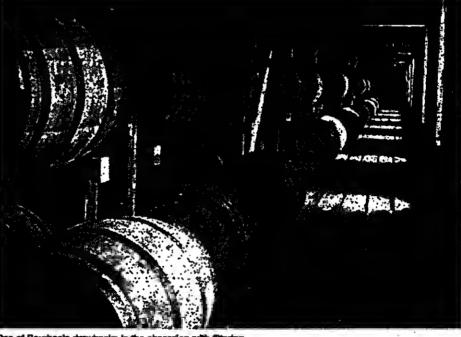
I was fortunate enough to sample one of these at United Distillers' big distillery complex in the suburbs of Louis-

When Bourbon emerged from its big sleep, it did so with all the gimickry of new oak and indications of great age. In reality, however, age is not a good sign when it comes to Bourbon.

The sun burns brightly in the long Kentucky summers and the whiskey is fairly grilled in the gaunt, corrugated iron silos which are a distinctive feature of the landscape. The spirits lodged under the rooftops lose volume at an alarming rate. It has long been held true that the best Bour-bon is the "middle cut", barrels housed half-way up the multistorey warehouse, where they are best protected from the

As the whiskey reduces in of the flavours and tannins in the white oak casks. At around six to eight years it achieves a sort of balance where it is no too oaky or peppery. When the cask and whiskey flavours have agreed to some sort of marriage it makes the Bourbon good to drink. Left for longer it gets forbiddingly peppery and

The 28-year-old Bourbon I sampled at the independent Heaven Hill distillery was like chewing on a mouthful of



One of Bourbon's drawbacks is the oil

splinters. Another drawback, when it comes to Bourbon, is an obsession with filtering. If one were to believe the contents of the current advertising campaign for the Ten-nessee whiskey, Jack Daniels,

the stuff would be so hygienically filtered that it would be indistinguishable from caskaged vodka. Filtering takes the goodness out of all alcoholic drinks. Booker Noe is aware of this and this is why his very special whiskey - Booker's - is mfiltered

Booker Noe is the grandson of Jim Beam, one of the distillers who pioneered the rebirth of Bourbon after Prohibition. Booker was chief distiller et

Jim Beam until recently. Now his son, Fred, is being groomed for the job. Fred has an agreeable frankness when it comes to Bourbon. As we went through the distillery I pointed to the heavy filtering process going on before bottling: That's why daddy's so fond of his Bourbon!" he said. The filtering was introduced in the 1980s. The old boys say the

whiskey don't taste like it used to. We don't make it like we used to," be adds candidly. Booker Noe is one of Ken-tucky's living legends, a colos-sus of a man who lives in patriarchal style surrounded by his

family.

His job is to select the very. best whiskles from the Jim which uses a small percentage Beam distillery which are of wheat together with the pressued as single-cask Bourbons. Booker'a is issued at cask strength in very limited quan-tities and sells in the US at around \$45 (£30.20) a bottle. It is wonderfully complex for a Bourbon; an eight-year-old whiskey from the middle of the warehouse with tremendous depth of flavour Booker also selects the other cask-release Bourbons for Jim Beam: Basil Hayden, Baker's and Noh

Jim Beam is not the only Bourbon distillery to issue sin-

gle-cask Bourbons. Ancient Age has had a notable success with Blantons and their rare (I was unable to put my hands on a bottle) Rock Hill Farms label is consistently cited as one of the best on the market.

None of these single-cask :Bourbons is widely available in

The best you'll find bere is a high strength whiskey such as Wild Turkey 101 (50.5 per cent), or Makers Mark from Kentucky's most picturesque (almost "boutique") distillery in Loretto. The higher strength works better for Bourbon as the flavours appear to marry

Makers Mark is a Bourbon mash tub (another is Rebel Yell). This may well be respon-sible for the impressive, lemony length of its taste on the palate. What is more the flavour of the whiskey seems to win out over the cask for once: but then, I have probably said

■ Makers Mark is available from Harrods (071-730-1234) or Selfridges (071-629-1234) priced around £21. Harrods also sells the Wild Turkey 101

The Good Food Guide (Wblch? Books £14.99), in spite of its editors' foibles, has served the UK and its readers well, raising standards and bringing to the judgment of food, wine and service a typically British approach.

of the word, it has relied on readers' letters for restaurant recommendations and has been a commercial success. selling more than 60,000 copies annually with a small staff and limited expenses.

But the guide needs to respond to changing circumstances. Its faithful readers are growing older and its younger ones are not in the habit of sitting down and writing letters after every meal to pro vide it with the raw material it relies on It offers a Freepost

Guide to the food guides

able fax report form would also

The Consumers' Association has released Tom Jaine, the editor, from his contract and spent several months searching - so far unsuccessfully for a suitable replacement.

Over lunch of risotto with

clams and oxtail cn crepinette with pureed potatoes at Aubergine, London, SW10 (tel: 071-352-3449) Jaine explained why editing a national guide was becoming increasingly dif-ficult. While standards had

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culinary fashions have come and gone during his five-year tenure outside the capital a gastronomic vicious circle pre-

> side London, people tend to eat out less frequently and only when the occasion demands e birthday, anniversary or wedding. Restaurants have two to three busy days and nights a week, usually at weekends, and so keep prices high. High prices stifle demand, people therefore go out less and the circle is perpetuated. Jaine's gloomy prediction was that in the future only hoteis and pubs may survive outside London. (A recent Gallup survey found that the British public prefers staying in and watching television to eating out).

This was created. Jaine felt.

by special event eating. Out-

The invaluable independence of the Good Food Guide becomes obvious when it is compared with its competitors. The Bgon Ronay Guide sponsored by Cellnet (£13.99) is the most comprehensive, thanks it would appear to close collaboration with the American Express database, but the print is small and the spine and binding inadequate. The AA Best Restaurants in Britain (£11.99) is sponsored by Abbey Well water and, although the print is clear, the maps are surprisingly poor and the decision to list all restaurants begin-ning with T together - The Dorchester, The lvy, The Savoy, but surprisingly not

The Ritz - I found confusing.

The Ackerman Charles Heid-

sieck Guide (£14.99) is as effervescent as one would expect from its association with a champagne bouse. My main gripe here is that this guide, while informative, is not at all critical. I also find photos of empty restaurants off-putting one good reason for staying

in and watching television. There are even more guide to London restaurants this year. Harden's (26.95) remains the most concise, np-to-date (complete with a list of restaurant closures) and most user friendly in terms of format and price. Its ratings for food, ser-vice end ambience, however, have become too restrictive. The first edition of the Even

ing Standard London Restan rant Guide (59.99) is disappointing. Although it benefits from two authoritative, incisive writers, Fay Maschler on food and Andrew Jefford on wine, and bas the clout of a blg organisation behind it, I was left with two nagging questions. Why did it cost 50 per cent more than the other two London guides and why does it have to have such a smelly

This year I have overcome

two major reservations against the Time Out Guide (£6.99) and use it more than any other London guide. Its cover too is awful - as is the Good Food Guide - and Its A4 size is inconvenient. But it is comprehensive, including a down-to-earth account of a meal in London's only Burmese restaurant, Maymyo in Herne Hill, and its area index, with restaurants listed by area and then by cuisine, is highly practical. Most of all, I appreciated its breakdown of London restaurants by cuisine. It made me realise that if one is tired of

tired of eating out.

The person 1 abhor most in this world is the professional wine snob. The person I abhor second is the amateur wine snob. And the most boring conversation you can overhear is the two talking together."

he man who used to begin his wine classes thus is one of the few whose assessment of an individual wine I would accept without question. Almost all of us concerned

with selling or advising on wine pay lip service to the notion that the only thing that matters about wine is how it tastes and whether you like it. but no-one has put this maximinto practice as entbusiastically as James Rogers. As a wine merchant and, later, educator and consultant, he has made decisions about individual wines purely on the basis of lining them all up and tasting them without knowing what they were or how much

they cost. "It was my father who told me alweys to taste blind. You'll make a fool of yourself for the rest of your life,' he said, 'but you'll know more than the next person'. Wine has certainly taught me hon-esty and humility."

A typical Rogers exercise was a lunch last year at which dozens of Britain's more respected palates were invited to taste seven whites and seven reds and put them in order of price. My favourite white, for example, was Umani Ronchi's Casal di Serra Verdicchio (about £6 at bigger branches of Sainsbury's and Victoria Wine) which I guessed was far more expensive than a perfectly respectable premier cru Chablis. I never realised how good it was until I had

tasted it unsaddled with preeating out in London one is conceptions about Verdicchto. James Rogers could not have Nicholas Lander | come from a more traditional

Wine snobs: don't you absolutely hate 'em?

Jancis Robinson defers to a man of taste

background, and should by rights have become an affable but dozy pinstriped wine mer-chant. Raised in the leafy lanes of Surrey, he joined Cullens his family's firm of licensed grocers, as a young, failed accountant in 1971. The next year he had "an amazing experience". He tasted La Rioja Alta'e Vina Ardanza 1964 and realised that top-notch wine existed outside Bordeaux and Burgundy (a fact acknowledged by remarkably few of his

peers 20 years ago).
On holiday in California in
1973 he could hardly believe
the quality of wine made there (compared with the produce of Europe in its pre-technological age). Cullens customers were soon introduced to names such as Robert Mondavi and Christian Brothers. He would always taste and

then try to put a price on a given wine. "If I could still make a margin on it, then I'd buy it, was his philosophy. regardless of the French-ornothing mindset then prevailing. Thus two years later Rogers was the first major stockist of a cheap Argentine wine (branded Franchette by Its importers, presumably in the vain hopa that less open-minded customers would not notice its outlandish ori-

Then in 1979 Rogers tested the most extraordinary Cabernet Sauvignon bargain: a deep, fruity red that had all the punch lacking in so much chesp claret and was available by the tankerload from ... Bul-

garia, e place most customers would need an atlas to locate. "It was fascinating how that became so successful," rem bers Rogers. "I told all the shop managers to tell their claret-loving customers to what their friends thought of it. They loved it."

Bottles from Australia and New Zealand followed in 1981 and Rogers became the first non-scribe to win an important award for spreading the wine gospel to the consumer appropriately enough, from Marques de Caceres, an innovetive rioja producer. And then in 1985 Cullens was taken over.

Since then Rogers has been a consultant for importers Enotria Wines and the Barnes Wine Shop, has written for Off-Licence News, devised wine courses, and has been very ill. At one stage he could not even drink but continued to make wine judgments with confidence using his nose. "I'm surprised more people don't taste on the basis of smell alone, it gives the last wine as fair a chance as the first." That reflects his philosophy towards both wine and illness fairly

But his tastes in wine continue to evolve, as of course does the world's wine output. I have had a love affair with rioja, with New Zealand Sanvignon, with Australian Chardonnay (I remember a Brown Brothers 1978 that made me think that the Aussies were going in rule the world), but I have come back to finesse. You

finesse, just as you can't beat the mystique attached to their

"I'd love to observe two otherwise identical dinner parties where one lot of people is told they'll be served a first growth claret, and the other lot are just given it in a decanter without comment. 1 bet you'd get two completely different reactions." This is typical of someone who cares about what is inside each bottle rather than its external baggage.

In his wine merchant existence, Rogers may have argued that, compared with the nose, the eye is virtually redundant. But in the last year or so he has harnessed his own eyes to a camera to such good effect that an exhibition of his photographs is being held at Newton's restaurant, 33 Abbeville Road, London SW4 (081-673-0977). It opened last Monday and all proceeds go to a fund established by Rogers for those who murse the terminally ill at St Mary's Hespital, Paddington, London.





TRAVEL / OUTDOORS

Where the sun god rides the heavens

Nick Haslam visits India's east coast state of Orissa and the town of Puri, a major centre of pilgrimage for Hindus

n a raised ambank-ment deeply shaded with cashew nut and jacaranda trees, the road ran through emerald green paddy fields. Sariclad women stooped among the waist-high rice, and white egrets perched on the backs of wallowing water buffalo. The air was a heady mixture of pepper flower, woodsmoke and durant moke and dung

Passing a road-side temple, where a smiling goddess sat wreathed in marigold flowers and incense, our driver brought the Ambassador car to a halt. Excusing himself, he stepped out to make a small offering and to receive a dab of red dye in the middle of his forehead from a small boy in attendance. "The god-dess Batamangala," he said. "She protects travellers on the road."

Since survival on the crowded narrow road to Puri seemed to owe a great deal to divine intervention, I thought that Batamangala must be one of the more overworked god-desses in the immense Hindu pan-

On the east coast of India in the state of Orissa, Puri is one of the major centres of pilgrimage for Hin-dus who come to worship at the temple of Jagannath, Lord of the Universe and one of the most powerful Hindu gods.

The wide main street of the town was packed with a mass of cycle rickshaws, sacred cows and whiterobed pilgrims, with staves and sleeping rolls slung on their backs. I got out and walked, passing road-side stalls piled high with small wooden replicas of Lord Jagannath, a simple doll-like figure with raised arms and wide staring eyes.

One group of pilgrims, small wiry men with aboriginal features who were happily bargaining for a set of cooking pots, told me they had just come from Nepal and had been more than a year on the road visit-

The temple of Lord Jagannath, a massive walled structure of grey stone, was surrounded by a laby-rinth of small streets crowded with pilgrims, holy men (sadhus) and beggars. The main tower rose to more than 150 ft, from which long streamers floated languidly in the evening sky. Only Hindus may enter, and I was motioned to a huilding opposite, the fown library, where a gallery overlooked the

Below us, a constant stream of the faithful passed through a



ramperts monkeys gambolled and scratched themselves in the gathering dusk. Smoke rose from the many cooking fires inside the compound, where 6,000 temple attendants are permanently employed in building the huge cars which every year sally forth from the templa carrying the images of Lord Jagannath and his brother and sister down the main wide street of Puri.

the faithful passed through a The vast canopied cars, which people still mutilate themselves vaulted arch into the temple; on its have given the word juggernaut to during the procession. Looking

the English language, are more than 50 ft high. They weigh 100 tons, need 4,000 men to move them. and are destroyed after the procession each year. Formerly, the faithful - worked up to fever pitch dur-ing the processions - would throw themselves under the wheels, to be sure of an instant passage to

Even today, my guide told me,

down at the heaving throng, it was difficult to imagine what it must be like when Puri fills with more than 500,000 pilgrims for the festival. To escape the noise and confu-

sion, we repaired to the South Eastarn Railway Hotel for tea. Only half a mile from the temple, we seemed to step back into an older and more tranquil era as we entered. A long low building with wide verandas overlooking the Bay of Bengal, its walls are lined with hunting tro-

phies shot by officers of the Raj. A row of tall doors opens on to the trim lawn, giving glimpses of large heds swathed in mosquito nets. We sat on the veranda in rattan chairs under a fan and a turbanned waiter brought us tea, with fish paste sandwiches and saffron cake, a combination that brought back dim memories from childhood.

Behind us, a door led to the hilliard room, and around a small porthole let into it at eye-level, bright

red letters proclaimed the truculent command: "Wait for stroke." Woe betide, I thought, the careless flunkey who barged through that door at the wrong moment all those years ago. As we talked, bats flew overhead and the high cumulus hanging over the oily limpid waters of the Bay of Bengal changed slowly from lilac to purple as the sun went

All visitors to Orissa ara duty bound to visit the temple of the sun

god at Konarak a few miles up the coast from Puri. The temple, which rises from the dunes like a huge jagged molar, deplcts the 24-wheeled chariot which draws the sun god across the heavens. It was huilt in the early 13th century and lay in ruins until 1904, when sand drifts around its base were cleared and the beautiful carvings of the chariot uncovered.

Also laid bare for the first time in

centuries was an elaborate and highly detailed frieze of erotic carvlngs. The guide was rather coy about the religious significance of the enthusiastically coupling groups, and would only say that they were symbolic of the act of creation. The temple, which would once have been a place of pilgrim-age to rival Lord Jagannath, was crowded with tourists

Venerable grey-haired sndhus under black umbrellas struck poses and then demanded a few rupees. Large Indian families dawdled in the pools of shade cast hy the huttressed temple, the women elegant in bright saris, seeming not to look too carefully at the frenetic activities frozen for centuries in rock above their heads, while their busbands and sons peeked and giggled, taking the occasional snapshot. That afternoon was to be my last

swim. Nothing is done by halves in India, and I was escorted to the beach of the hotel by a porter carrying a sunshade, the guide - and a lifeguard. Nearby, fishing canoes were landing the day's catch, and I went over to see what they were bringing in, Fine-featured village women bargained hard with fishermen for the catch, which included shark and stingrays.

I asked if it was safe to swim. "Oh yes, sir." the lifeguard said. "Sharks are not available in shallow waters." We left the fishermen and returned to the private beach. Before entering the sea, I noticed the lifeguard standing and mutter-

ing with his hands beld together,
"I prayed to Baruna," he told me as we plunged into the warm surf. "The sea god." Never, it seems, is the divine very far away in India.

Nick Haslam's visit to Orissa was arranged by the India Tourist Office, 7 Cork Street, London WIX IPB. Tel: 071-137-3677|S. Places to stay in Puri nre the South Eastern Railwon Hotel, Chakratirtho Road, tel: 06752-2063, where n double room and full board costs £13; and the Toshali Sands, Konarak Marine Drive, tel:

ashington DC was staked out of a swamp in 1790 by hy a Frenchman with Paris in mind. The result wide, tree-lined avenues radiating like a spike from tains, monuments, parks and no huilding that is taller than the

In spring the trees are covered with cherry blossom; in December white lights glitter on black hranches. It is a city of power politics and diverse neighbourhoods: Capitol Hill, Georgetown, Chinatown, multi-cultural Adams Morgan, exclusive Dupont Circle.

dome on the Capitol.

If you are exploring on foot, the

Practical Traveller: Washington/Angela Wigglesworth

Purpose-built on a swamp

streets are numbered, east/west have letters. There are Tourmobile sightseeing buses, old Town Trolleys — you can get on and off as often as you like — and Metrobus. (Metro information: tel: 202-637-700 for advice).

Metrorail (a one-day pass costs \$5) is possibly the cleanest subway system in the world - some parts have carpets – and easy to follow. Taxis are reasonably priced. (A taxi driver from Sierra Leone told me street numbers get smaller as you, he thought the US was still the near the Capitol. North/south only place where dreams came

true, but advised against venturing into Washington's derelict castern areas). There are riverboats, canal barges and helicopter flights.

Hotel rates are lowest at week-ends, around holidays, during midwinter and late summer. Many offer free rates for children. The Washington DC Convention and Visitors Association has lists of all categories of accommodation, and bed & breakfast (luxury and budget) can be booked through agencies, though there is a booking fee. Fitness enthusiasts are well-ca-

ANA Hotel's superb health centre (2401 M Street, NW) covers 16,000 sq ft and is packed with gadgets; there is an exercise physiologist on the staff. The Capital Hilton has jogging routes in its centre, and 250 non-smoking bedrooms.

Washington has more than 50 mnsenms and 70 art galleries, almost all of which are free and open seven days a week. The Smithsonian National Air & Space museum - nearly 8m visitors a year - is the world's most-visited

tered for in several hotels. The museum, while the national museums of natural and American history are not far behind.

The White House, the only headof-state mansion in the world open to the public without charge, is 19th in visitor popularity, while the Smithsonian's Anacosta museum comes to the aid of the museumweary with a free bus which makes three round trips to its other museums on the National Mall.

Several new museums worth noting: the US Holocaust Memorial museum (Independence Avenne Postal museum (City Post Office Building, Capitol Hill): the Smlthsonian's Freer Gallery of Art (1200 Jefferson Drive, SW), which has a collection of work by Aslan and 19th and 20th century American artists. The Department of the Treasury offers one-hour guided tours on Saturday mornings - a week's advance registration is required (tel: 202-622-0896), plns photographic ID on tha day. Not new, but worth visiting, is the Pen-

tagon (202-695-1776).

Gardening / Robin Lane Fox

Digging in to stop the rot

Information about entertainment can be found in the Friday edition of the Washington Post and the weekly CityPaper. Half-price tickets to most events, including sport, can mance from Ticket-place in the lobby of Lisner Auditorium at 21st & H Sts. NW (tel: 202 TIC-KETS for information.)

Brochures, free maps and advice are available at the Washington Visitor Information Center, 1455 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, or tel: 081-392-9187 in the UK. Companies offering short-breaks and longer bolldays in Washington from the UK include: United Vacations (081-313-0999); Knoni Travel (0306-742222); British Airways Holidays (0293-615353); and North America Travel Service, which has offices in Leeds, Nottingham, Manchester and Barnsley.

Skiing/Arnold Wilson

Just watch this face

a bath this morning. A grown man is lying on the floor poking at my feet, his face millimetres from my right big toe. His name is Dion Taylor, he comes from New Zealand and his mission is to find a pair of ski boots that fit me. Since my feet – as I was once told – are like bricks, this is no easy task. We settle for Kotlachs: the RC837

"Wa bought this boot specifically for peopls who suffer from problem feet," says the Snow + Rock ski company cat-alogue, ominously. "To be honest I'd like to put you in Salomons, but Koflachs are better for your shape of foot," says
Taylor, a top man at Snow &
Rock, which is supplying
equipment for the 1994 FT
Round the World Ski Expedition, during which I will be skiing every day for a year. Next to me, my skiing com-panion Lucy Dicker is having

her feet prodded by anothe Kiwi, "Johnno" Carmichael. "Lucy, you've got very high arches and you pronate a lot," he says. "That means vour feet roll inwards when you walk. We'll compensate for that with our High-Definition Sidas inner The next stage is to have our

soles moulded to your foot." boots foamed, and then equipped with Winter Heat pads – a bit cissyish, but a few

since we will be spending all of 1994 in these boots. Foaming makes them fit snugly but means getting them on and off for the first few days is a

desperate struggle.

What else? A tough pair of
Sorel boots for our evening walkabouts; an Ortovox Stratus rucksack and avalanche shovel; Pieps Dual Frequency avalanche transceivers; WRS Sports Med back-supports (cor-sets to you and me) and Gul knee sleeves for support.

Then there are Gator fleece-lined face masks; Casio altimeter, barometer and thermometer watches; Avocet altimeters; Ski Dometers to clock speed and mileage; security ski locks; and powder traces to prevent us losing skis in deep powder. Oh, and some skis: Salomon and K2; and Lutah and Degre 7 ski suits. With everything on, we resembled walking ski

Next stop: the Bio-Mechanical Analysis Lahorntory (BiMAL) at Hammersmith, West London, where physiotherapists to the stars, hold court. Will Carling, the England rugby captain, was working out a few feet away when we started training on a Cybex 340. It sounds like a death ray, but it is helping Carling sort out a problem hip and, bopefully, will help us. You sit in what looks like a



iet pilot's seat and a metal caliper is strapped around your lower thigh. This device, when linked to a computer, checks the atrengths of your hamstrings, quads, and abductors and adductors and target any of these for strengthening or recovery from injury with a programme of weight training. "Very often energy is wasted by an inefficient style or lim-ited by injury," axplains Watson. "Cyhex will pin-point any weakness in strength or symmetry and can even be used to diagnose cartain medical condi-

Lucy and I had mixed initial diagnoses – basically Lucy was supple and I was strong. "Your overall flexibility was extremely high," Watson told me. "But the strength of your stomach muscles could be bet-

Lucy, meanwhile, showed "a very good range of flexibility around the pelvis and legs, with a full range of spinal movement. The combined strength levels of her legs was high and above twice her body waight, which was excellent. Street, London. Tel: But her right leg is 40 per cent 071-245-6151.

weaker than the left."

Outer fitness is being pur-sued: Lucy and I visited the Clarins Studio at Neville Daniel in London's Knightshridge for what we thought would be a couple of tubes of suncream and ended up having a three hour session with Sarah and cians, who administered headto-toe massage, facials and a range of skin products for all We do not use soap any more

 soap is for the hoi polloi. We have Gentle Foaming Cleanser, Rich Treatment Cream, Eye Contour Balm and Cel, Multi-Active Day Cream, Eou Dynamisante, and even Skin Beauty Repair. And that is just for London. We have not even started with the mountain moisturisers and potions yet.

Watch this face.

■ Snow + Rock: 188, Kensington High Street, London. Tel: 071-937 0872 BiMAL Clinic: 7, Glenthorne Mews, 115a Glenthorne Rd. Hammersmith, Lon don. Tel: 031-741-9711. Clarins at Neville Daniel, 25a Bastl

barp weather concen-trates the mind, and fleecing that would cope with the problem of damp. Between questions of frost and now and March, this is as damp. Despite appearances, much of a killer as frost, hut we bear less about it because

though, the frosts have not been so lethal as weatherperits effects are more haphazard. sons inclined us to think. The thaw after a hard frost I measure them by the scale begins the problem. The frost of 1991 when frost at the same upsets the fleshy leaves on season damaged many of my half-hardy plants, including plants like the blue-flowered agapanthus; but the lethal conpenstemons, beyond recovery. This year, their top growth is sequence is the damp, which then sits on the main crown unscathed, partly because the previous weeks bad been colder and their growth had slowed already. I had also and causes the plant to rot. The other day, 1 read an

latest pleasures, the late-flow ering schizostylis, are not fully taken a precaution, which I hardy in winter. What ha Just before the freeze, I doumeans (an expert grower assured me) is that, sometimes, ble-wrapped my marginals in that great newcomer to garden they will rot away in a wet winter or after a thaw. This weakness is widespread, not centres, Fibre Fleece. This is a thin, white drape, like a nylon least among plants with silver degrees off the frost or wind while allowing water to pass

As the frost leaves us, how are we to cope with damp? On a small scale, we can dig grit or gravel round the roots and necks of alpines, pinks and silver plants when first we put tham into the ground. Even now, we can usefully surround them with a layer of gravel to

Fibre Fleece comes in amply-priced packs for people with a few plants which they treat sharpen drainage until spring. On a larger scale, I find the problem more perplexing. How, for instance, do you deal with endemic damp all over a flower like pets. Those with bigger gardens should look for the large rolls at the back of the store: otherwise, they are availbed? The only answer is to drain it; but I have always able from such trade suppliers skipped the ritual chapter on of garden goods as Joseph herring-bone drains in the old gardening dictionaries. The FT forgot to check this point before engaging me, but in Bentley on Humberside. Owners of bigger gardens need to shop around.

through and reach the roots of

nlants underneath. Now. we

can wrap up vulnerable plants

without exposing them to drought or rot. Thanks to Fibre

Fleece, I still have unscorched

silver convolvulus, living dias-

cias and last year's verbena.

those days they had the late Arthur Hellyer instead. He had land-drained and herringdrained more square rods of soil than any of us.

What, then, does Hellyer recommend for beds which are turning into a swamp? His Gardening Encyclopedia (the 1993 at the remarkably low price of £14.99 for 784 pages) is clear

and uncompromising. On wet land, dig narrow trenches about 12 ft apart down to the level where the sub-soil becomes a pan on which the water sits. I bave had a trenchdigger, as a result, my future carrot hed looks like roadworks, with a pattern of trenches in which water is now sitting or trickling.

Perfectionists would now lay drainpipes at this level, but I am not entirely sure we have are most effective. The easier option is to fill each trench

are especially hard and angular. No doubt clinkers would solve the problem - but, out in the modern Cotswolds, they

have given way to gas.

Certainly, a system of trenches is the answer to a poorly-drained area, but the cheapest possibility is to trust Hellyer and choose a faggot drain instead. This under-publicised option has much going for it. You find your faggots, lay them end to end in the trenches, cover them with turf (placed with the grass downwards), and then replace the topsoil to cover the burial. Well-made faggot drains will remsin effective for years." saya Hellyer; in our gadgetminded generation, though, most of us probably have forgotten about them.

The question arises: where do you find a suitable faggot? Country residents will have no problems: they need only to cut bundles of brushwood from a hedgerow, choosing hazel wherever possible.

These bundles can be dropped into the trench, but you need to be sure the wood is not too soft or sbort of side hranches. Then, you surface with turf and replace enough

If you cannot fleece it, fagget it: damp, at least, can be drained away, whereas frost retains the unpredictability which caught us all short this week and makes winter survival such a hazard.

Rioja: abundant food and religion

nce upon a time. in Spain's Rioja region. a young woman named Oria, wanting none of the male attentions she received, walled herself together, heaven help us, with her mother. The intensity of Oria's reaction has made her a specially-loved saint in the locality and one to be reckoned with when it comes to sexual harassment.

In fact, if you want a collection of unusual saints along with royal tombs and quirky cathedrals, brilliant scenery and monasteries galore, not to mention an endless supply of wines both red and white, Rioja is well worth considering for a carborne spin in spring or autumn.

Traversed by the Camino de Santiago, or Pilgrim's Way of St James cleading on to Santiago de Compostela in far Galicia), the Rioja naturally has religious monuments in abundance. Being also traversed by the rivers Ebro and Oja - it takes its name from the latter - it has the benefit, as well as wine, of fertile ground and excellent produce. A good Riojan menestra de verdura - potage of vegetables - can knock spots off any Provençal ratatouille.

If I seem partial, please lay the blame on neighbouring Castile where you are hard put to find anything to eat except roast lamb and suckling pig. At all events, the much-traversed Rioja is open and civilised in attitude and bappens to have some of the best asparagus and red peppers in the business.

Up in the north the marginally decrepit town of Haro, with bodegas bearing names such as Muga and L'oper de Heredia, is wine capital of the Rioja Alta, or Uoper Rioja, the most-prized zone of this surprisingly small region.

You can visit the bodeyas if you wish. though personally I have always found one winery much like another. More to my uneducated taste is a non-posb restaurant called Terete, up in the old part of town, which has a medieval tunnel with 250,000 bottles in it and a grand hall with a barrel containing 16,000 litres.

Haro also has an agreeable main square. featuring bandstand and cafes, a proper palace and an 18th century town hall with a road running under it. There is, however, an even better class of monument not far off in Najera; and Najera, being on the Pilgrims' Way and a repository of royal tombs, would do very well for the first stop of a tour.

You will find it where the river Najerilla has eaten a steep cliff into the cavepocked, heavily striated, hright red sandstone of a grassy hill. The kings of Navarre made it their capital for a spell, popping the remains of their loved ones

into a wide-mouthed cave.

The cave was extended outwards by a handsome church which in turn was equipped with a monastery where masses could be said for the departed. This was a very normal Spanish arrangement, considered a good investment both by a grateful church and by crowned heads who looked

at their own careers and feared the worst. As is often the way with Spanish pilgrim towns, there is a tight little cluster of ancient streets around one end of the bridge and, with Santa María la Real tucked under the cliff, Nájera makes a charming stop. Good little restaurant, too, named Los Parrales, upstairs in the Calle Mayor at No 52, with a nice line in white beans and clams - olubias con almejas. But it is really the next place on my itinerary, San Millán de la Cogolla, which

Adam Hopkins recommends one of Spain's most scenic regions for a car-spin next spring

fascinates me. and, I think, many others. Leaving behind the wide and open land south of the river Ebro, you climb and climb, through rolling, partly-wooded footbills, into the halcyon country of the Sierra de la Demanda: wide skies, wellwooded mountains and the gentle peak of San Lorenzo rising high above.

Here it was, way back in the 6th century, that San Millan took up his abode, between a pinnacle of rock and groves of stunted oak. Author of more miracles than you could fit into a book as fat as the Bible, the saint now lies, straight-nosed and curly-bearded, in green alabaster effigy, in yet another cave-mouth in a hill-

The church built round this cave Is extraordinary: two little naves lyiog against the hillside, separated from each other by horsesboe arches and with stonework in a medley of styles going back to pre-Moorisb Visigothic. The place feels intensely ancient and spiritual and is also. beyond doubt, one of the loveliest corners of Spain.

This is the Monastery of San Millan de Suso. It was here, in a marginal note on a parchment, that the first written passage of bone fice Spanish was discovered along with the first known fragment of written Basque. This gives the place a pivot-like position in the evolution of language, a

genuine thrill for Spanish visitors and ardent linguists.

The next saint on this tour is one of Spain's three Santo Domingo's (another of the trio founded the Dominican order). This particular holy man built a causeway, or calzada, for the Santiago pilgrims and lived to a staggeringly old age. He has a whole town named after him - Santo Domingo de la Calzada, naturally enough and he is patron saint of the Spanish Society of Gerontology, as of the ministry of public works and its highway engineers.

railings round his tomb in the cathedral.

Here, too, you will find a splendid cock and ben, both purest white, cheeping and pecking away in a wooden balcony. It seems there was a German pilgrim who resisted the advances of the innkeeper's daughter - a kind of Santa Oria in reverse. To pay the young man back, she loaded his knapsack with the hotel silver, told the authorities - and had him hanged.

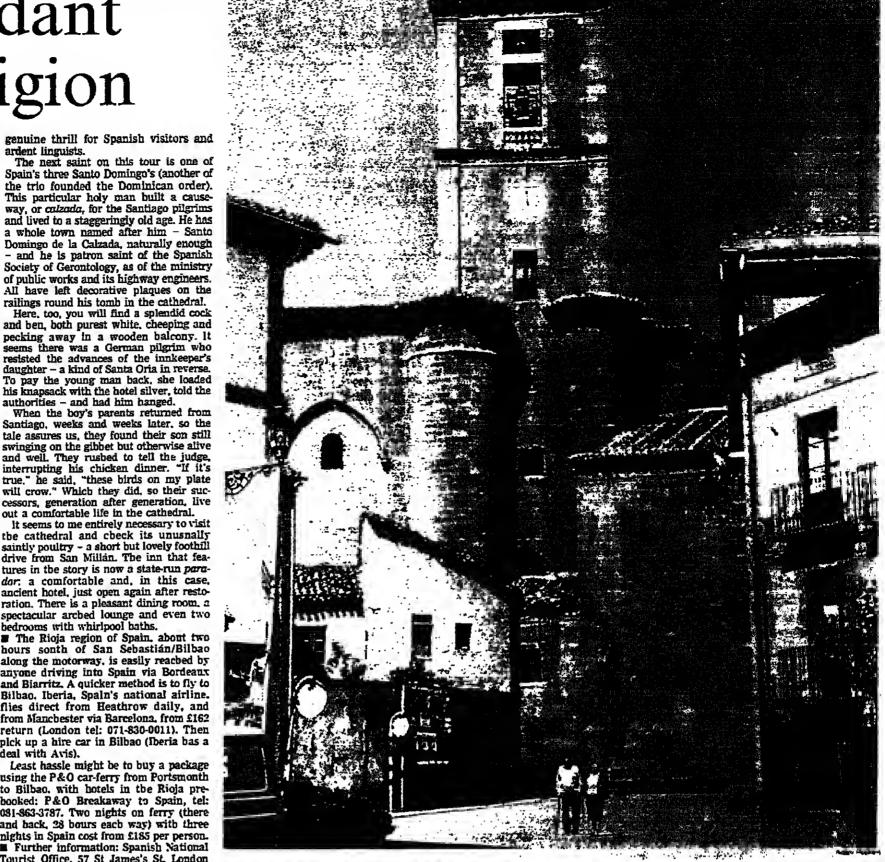
When the boy's parents returned from Santiago, weeks and weeks later, so the tale assures us, they found their son still swinging on the gibbet but otherwise alive and well. They rushed to tell the judge, interrupting his chicken dinner. "If it's true," he said, "these birds on my plate will crow." Which they did, so their successors, generation after generation, live out a comfortable life in the cathedral.

It seems to me entirely necessary to visit the cathedral and check its unusnally saintly poultry - a short but lovely footbill drive from San Millan. The inn that features in the story is now a state-run parador, a comfortable and, in this case, ancient hotel, just open again after resto-ration. There is a pleasant dining room, a spectacular arched lounge and even two bedrooms with whirlpool baths.

■ The Rioja region of Spain, about two hours south of San Sebastián/Bilbao along the motorway, is easily reached by anyone driving into Spain via Bordeaux and Biarritz. A quicker method is to fly to Bilbao. Iberia, Spaln's national airline. flies direct from Heathrow daily, and from Manchester via Barcelona, from £162 return (London tel: 071-830-0011). Then plck up a hire car in Bilbao (Iberia bas a deal with Avis).

Least hassle might be to buy a package

using the P&O car-ferry from Portsmonth to Bilbao, with hotels in the Rioja prebooked: P&O Breakaway to Spain, tel: 081-863-3787. Two nights on ferry (there and back, 28 bours each way) with three nights in Spain cost from £185 per person. ■ Further information: Spanish National Tourist Office, 57 St James's St, London SW1A 1LD. Tel: 071-499-0901.



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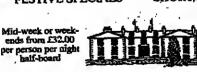
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"MILES FROM ANYWHERE" BUT ONLY 3 HOURS PROM LONDON

Designer grunge

habby has long been chic hut seldom more than now. As fashion designers scour fiea markets for inspiration, as Rei Kawakubo - the name behind the Comme Des Garcons fashion label - goes to infinite (and expensive) lengths to imbue even the newest of her creations with an air of faded antiquity, as dressing down is very much the order of the day, so, too, is dressing down the house. Grunge has hit the drawing-room.

drawing-room.

For those who find their own grunge hard to improvise a company called Shabby Chic has some of the answers. Shabby Chic sells...ready-shabbied sofas. Those of you whose eofas have over the years developed a shabby chic of their very own - dogs, children, buffet suppers - need read no further. Those of you who have (soh) sofas that etill look shamingly new might like to hurry down to Shabby Chic.

I would not want to mislead you into thinking that just because chic has turned shahhy it has also turned cheap – dear me, no. Shabby Chic sofas and chairs, homing in as they do on generosity of size, cost much the same as new ones.

What they offer instead is

that air of having been bashed about, lounged on, snoozed in by generations of well-upholstered ancestors — with a Shabhy Chlc sofa, nobody would ever accuse you of being one of those upstarts who had had to buy their own furniture. Shabby Chic's sofas all come covered in loose-covers of plain Jacquard cotton specially dyed to look faded. They are also pre-shrunk and pre-washed so

Lucia van der
Post finds just
what you need: a
shabby sofa

they can just be tossed into a washing machine when the shabhiness finally deteriorates into squalor.

Shapes are plain, simple and traditional. Allcia, which is photographed here, is the largest, coming in two, three and four-seater sizes and costing £1295, £1394 and £1495, respectively, for the beech-framed, foam-filled version, including the scatter cushions. When sprung with horse-hair and made entirely from natural materials, the name changes

the price rises spectacularly to \$2,530 without scatter cushions. You might have thought, that the British would do shabby better than anybody else. I have to tell you that when It comes to proper shabby chic this first British version is beaten into a cockedhat by its ultra-chic transatiantic counterpart (to which it is not officially related).

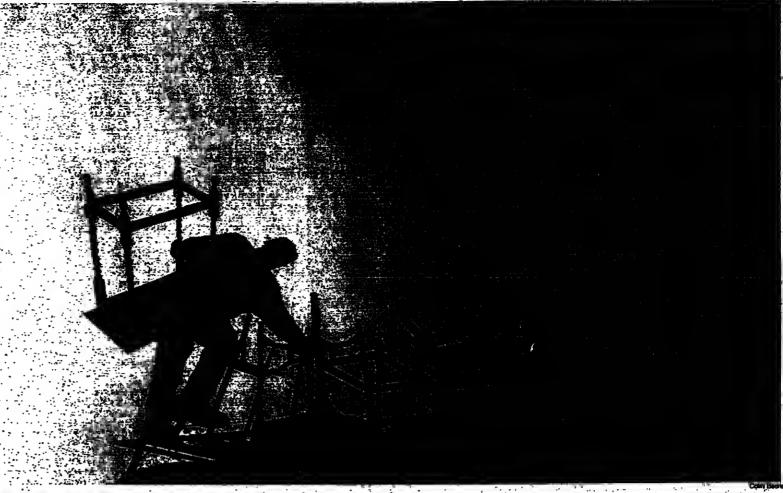
When I stumbled on Shahby

Chic in Manhattan's cool down-town SoHo last year at first I thought it was a second-hand shop. Seriously faded floral covers, chairs with authentically lumpy eeats and hunches of dried flowers that looked as if they had withered on the stem right there were spread about a suitably tatty interior.

Just as f settled in for a good old rummage among the bricahrac it came to me in a flashit was all new. Old 1980s-style glitz and glamour may have gone – hut the demand for immediate gratification, it seems, has not. Even shahpy can be provided instantaneously – at a price.

Shabby Chic is at The

■ Shabhy Chic is at The Piaza, 535 Kings Road; London Sw10 OTZ, tel: 071-352-7768. It will deliver all over the country. A catalogue should he ready in three to four weeks.



lable mountain; satique dealers prepare for one of the year's last big sale:

Treasures galore at the ultimate cash and carry

ext Saturday
night hundreds
of vane and
trucks will roll
on to a disused
airfield in rural England in
preparation for one of the last
big sales of the year - the
International Antiques Fair.
Dealers from across Europe

will have been arriving since dawn and the cavalcade is expected to continue throughout the weekend as containerloads of antiques converge on Newark in Nottinghamshire.

Trucks will be marshalled into position on a runway where 50 years ago Polish pilots from 301 Squadron landed their bombers. Like

those airmen, the dealers handie their cargo with care – antiques, like-bombs, rarely survive breakages.

Unwilling to leave the valuables inguarded, many of the drivers will sleep in their vehicles until trading begins on Monday. They arrive arrive early because pole position can make the difference between clearing their stock and not selling a thing.

Although the fair does not open officially until mid-morning on Monday, most dealers start selling by torchlight around dawn. All manner of antiques from fine china to poor reproductione are disgorged on to the runway as the the vehicles — lined up 10 ahreast and stretching for more than 1,500 metres — are

opened up.

This, however, is only the queue for admission to the main selling area - the adjacent Newark and Nottinghamshire agricultural showground. The organisers do not like this unofficial runway trade, but they admit that it is a price worth paying because if the airfield was unavailable the congestion would stretch for 16

Among those queueing will be dealers from as far afield as Valencia, Bavaria and Neples. The reason is simple - turnover. Trade sales at the Newark International Antiques Fair outstrip all others.

This is cash and carry on a grand scale. More than 70,000 people attend the two-day fairs, which are held every two months. They are ettracted by the prospect of finding bargains among the wares of thousands of dealers who prefer to do business here rather than in the eggressive London

markets. Newark has also been able to rely on a geographical location close to the antique heartlands of East Anglia and midway between London and

York on the Great North Road.
At the last fair in October dealers off-loaded antiques ranging from the sublime to the ridiculous. In one of the eprawling sheds normally reserved for livestock, a stallholder selling 18th century gold and silver took £25,000 in

Iholder selling 18th century gold and silver took 225,000 in six hours. No cheques or credit exhibition. After months of negotiation, the Whiltaker family sold their controlling

Tim Burt previews the International Antiques Fair at Newark, which draws thousands of dealers and collectors eager for a bargain

cards were accepted on his 12ft trestie table.

At another etail, an 1850 ormolu table with inlaid boulle work went for £725. "It had lain around for a month without any interest, but went very quickly at the fair," according to the deeler. Outside on the

quickly at the fair," according to the dealer. Outside on the runway, a church spire was sold before the fair opened; nearby a collector haggled over scrap from a famous battleship.

Ben Whittaker smiles at the

memory of the spectacle. The

young managing director of international Antiques and Collectors Fairs (IACF) knows a good business when he sees one. For him, the antiques trade is far removed from musty shops or lofty auction rooms. He believes it is fuelled by the international dealers who flock to Newark.

"We've captured a niche in the market. Before 1985 there were no big fairs, just regional

cards were accepted on his 12ft shares in IACF but retained management control of each event.

shows. We've changed all

The success of Newark has

spawned other fairs and IACF

now operates more than 20

around the UK every year. Ear-

lier this year it attracted the

attention of DMG exhibitions

a subsidiary of the Daily Mail

& General Trust and the organ-

isers of the Ideal Home

event.

The undisclosed deal has been estimated at £7m. DMG has got a bargain, according to Richard Roseman, a Massachuseetts-based collector and regular Newark visitor.

"This is the world's beet " he

"This is the world's best," he says. "In the US dealers trade off one another, so if you see something you like it often changes hands and goes up in price hefore your eyes. That doesn't happen here."

doesn't happen here."
Roseman, a collector of glass figurines, is an ideal customer. "The more I spend, the happier I am. There is no budget limit." If he sees something expensive which takes his fancy, he can arrange the cash from an onsite bureau de change.

Other overseas buyers come ready prepared. "The Italians are back into furniture," says one dealer with relish. Drivers from Milan and Rome park

Waterproof steel watches, for ladies and gentlemen, with an interchangeable steel bracelet and leather straps, from £1050.

their articulated trucks in an international compound on one side of the fairground. There, they exchange nods and glances with rival buyers from France, the Netherlands, Spain and even truckers working for

a South Carolina consortum.
However, the Italians are the
undisputed masters when it
comee to eerious huying
around the stalls. They work
in four man squads armed with
walkie-talkies. The buyer sees
what he wants, radios the deal
to his controller and, if agreed,
a colleague counts out the
cash. The other members then
pack it no while the huyer

moves on.

These squads are cetting market trends far beyond Newark. Christie's, the auction house, admits it watches what they are up to. Paul Barthaud, managing director of Christie's auction house in south Kensington, says:

"We always go to Newark. It's a good way of monitoring the market. If the Italians are back into dark furniture we tell our people in Rome, and it sometimes prompts us to develop new areas for auction

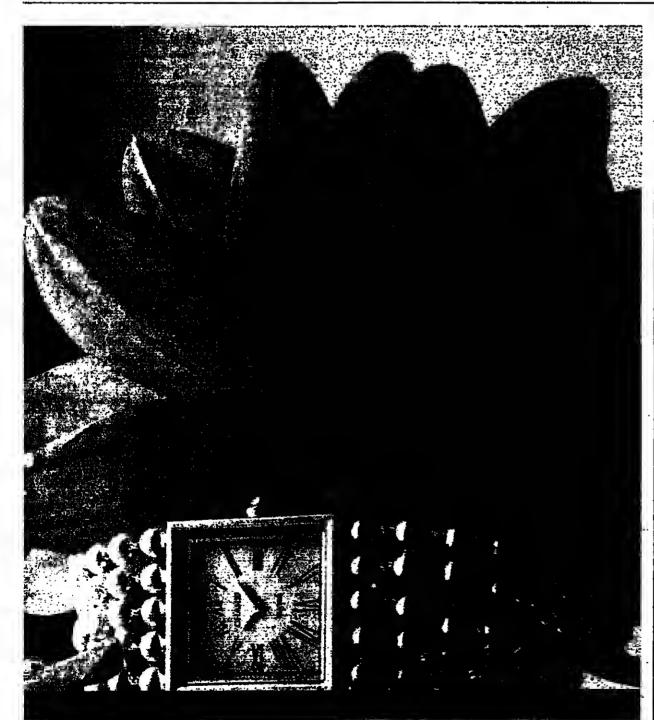
Next weekend the Italians will begin arriving again. They will etart on the runway, weaving between the makeshift stalls on Vespa scooters which they bring for the

They know what to look for.

Motley collections of old pubsigns and buckets of cutlery
are Ignored. They head
straight for the heavily carved
furniture, the jewellery and the
silver. "They are investing in
quality." says Ben Whittaker.

"They know there is a market
for a hit of nostalgia, a hit of

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CHANEL

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A sale to suit

NYONE who finds him or herself in London next Saturday might like to take note that one of the twice-yearly Menswear Designer sales is happening at the Kensington Hilton Hotel, Holland Park Avenue, London W14.

The women'e version of the event has become something of an institution with many a stylishly dressed woman-about town buying most of her wardrobe needs at one or other of these sales. What they have to offer is designer wear at very reduced prices. Most of the garments are either excess production or this season's designs that have been over-ordered. Everything on sale has to be at least half the shop price or less.

Next Saturday is a chance for the man-about-the-house to repleuish his wardrobe. Natty Italian suits (no names alkowed but suffice it to say that they come from the biggest names in the land), chic French ones, some English suits, starting at about £100, lots of casual war, shoes, socks, shirts, jumpers, overcoats — all the staples of the male wardrobe. The sale is on from 10 am

to 5 pm. Entrance fee £2.

BUCHERON

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HOW TO SPEND IT

Lucia van der Post looks at children's fashions and gift ideas . . . with a little help from her friends



Good taste for tiny tots

clothes do not constitute a child-friendly Christmas present - unless it be the spot-on pair of trainers, the "must-have" jacket or any other essential part of the tribal uni-

As a seven-year-old, my own tastes in clothing, indulged by my mother, ran to fairy tutus embellished with silver stars in which I tore around the neighbour-hood on my bicycle (fortunately no photographic evidence survives).

Children's tastes today seem infinitely more sober. Good taste bas reaped its harvest and at every price there are creamy Aran sweaters, crisp gingham shirts and rompers, sweet Peter Pan collars and infinitely desirable little Vivella dressing gowns.

Those who deem Christmas a suitable moment to replenish a child's wardrobe will be pleased to know that all this exquisite good taste is available by mail order. Eleanor House is a small opera-

trictly speaking, I suppose, tion based in Gloucestershire which offers just a few, beautifully designed

and made up children's clothes.

Mostly knitwear (see the photograph of the jumpers above which range in price from £33.90 to £37.90; the matching hats are £7.90), all of it is wearable, desirable and also just that little bit special. There are enchanting navy and cream cardigans for the small set (from six months to two years for between £31 and £35), there are thick Aran cardigans and jumpers for children aged from two to 10 (price ranges from £32.90 to £47.90), some cheeky hats (£9.90) and some round-collared soft cotton shirts from France (£14.50). The catalogue is available from Eleanor House, PO Box 49. Stroud, Glos. GL6 8YA. (Tel: 0453-884192).

Wigglets, 50 Stockwell Park Crescent, London SW9 ODG (tel: 071-738-5124) sells charming nightwear - everything from brushed cotton tartan pyjamas (£23-£29) and dressing-gowns (£32-£41)



(£23-£29). When it comes to toys and entertainment there are three two catalogues in particular that I think it worth men-

tioning. Firstly, there is Frog Hollow, 21

High Street, Pewsey, Wiltshire SN9 5AF. (Tel: 0672-64222). There is wide

classical striped and piped cotton ones

choice at almost every price range but it is particularly good at the cheaper

For older children and the catalogues brought out by the Science Museum and the Natural History Museum in London have some splendid ideas. The Science Museum catalogue includes books on a scientific oote (Can You Believe Your Eyes? - more than 250 visual odditles for £8.95), pocket microscopes, the famous potato clock, puzzles, or a large telescope (£109.95) for stargazers. And there is much, more.

From The Natural History Museum there is a lot of what it calls "Dino-fun" as well as kits to make your own archaeological replicas (£19.95 for Jerusalem, £24.95 for Jericho, £19.95 for Qumram), a fine solitaire set (£49.94) and a solar-powered watch (£89,95).

Both catalogues are available from Innovatioos (mall order), Euroway Business Park, Swindon, SN5 8SN.

Santa, may I have a

holiday in Hawaii?

your Christmas list and you are stnck for what to give them, then it might just he worth listening to what the children have to say. Here, SUZANNA DREW-EDWARDS goes after insider information.

o what is it that children really want today? Have playground preferences for trainers and Nintendo moved on or are they still top of the list? Hamleys, where approximately film is spent on toys and games in the run-up to Christmas, is putting the odds on Sega and Nintendo video games as best-sellers this year.

Traditionalists will be happy to know that Lego, Trivial Pursuit, Marvin's Magic and teddy bears also have a place in the top ten. But where better to go for advice than children? Their Christmas lists are surprisingly varied and, just occasionally unobtainable

Matthew Bushnell, nine

An Airfix model, a calculator, Monopoly, a classical piano cassette tape, an exciting adventure book, a pair of slip-pers, a surprise.

"I can do Airfix models hy myself now, although Dad does still help me a bit - I'm just finishing off a ship. I was given a calculator last year, hut it wasn't very good hecause it broke the first time I used it. I want a tape because I'm learning to play the piano and my slippers bave holes in, so l want a new pair to keep my feet warm."

Oliver Bushnell, seven. A Backgammon set and a

"I've only got a pocket set of Backgammoo and I want a bigger set. I want the padlock so l can lock things and keep them secret from my hrother Winona Navin-Holder,

nearly three.

Some fairy dust from Peter Pan, Tiny Tears, the Jungle Book video and a Beauty and the Beast T-shirt. "I want Peter Pan to hring

me same fairy dust so I can fly to Never Land and I want a Tiny Tears dolly because my frieod Georgia has one and she lets me play with her.' Lucy Gosling, eight.

Computer games, a moun-

"l'd like some computer games hecause Daddy's just hought a computer. There's one called Flight Simulator where you have to land the plane, but Mummy says it's very expensive. I want a mountain bike because I've only got a BMX and it doesn't have any gears for going up and down hills."

Thomas Gosling, six. "Can I have a Playmobile Lorry? And army clothes for

dressing up and Scalextric and

Rebecca Monk, 12. Money, a boliday, a colour television, a hi fi system, a set

of encyclopedias. "I'd like some money to put aside in National Savings so I can buy a car when I'm older, hut most likely I'd go on a holi-day to Barbados or Hawaii. 1 want the TV and the hi-fi for my bedroom hecause I spend a hit more time in there now with friends.'

Christopher Oshorne, 14. Guns and Roses CDs, an airhrush set, Sony Fontopia headphones, aftershave.

"I'm into art and one of my mates has an airhrush set

Winona Navin-Holder, nearly 3: Jungle Book video, fairy dust



Matthew Bushnell, aged 9: Airfix model, Monopoly, pair of slippers

which is really good. I'd like the headphooes so I can listeo in peace to my CDs." Joshua Drewe, 8.

Jurassic Park Command Compound and an Avanti 2001

"The Jurassic Park Command Compound has an electronic voice which gives out warnings. I want an Avanti 2001 racing car because it goes really fast and it has five

William Mallett, 91/4. World Cup cricket, some shin pads for football, a Nintendo Game Boy and a minibasketball set.

"My cousin bas a set of World Cup cricket and it's really good. I want some shin pads because I play football at school and although I've never played mini-basketball before, Football hoots, craft sets,

horse books, clothes. "l play football at school and at home with my brother Wil liam and I really like it. I already have a candle-making set which I enjoy and I'd like something similar. I want some books which tell you how to care for horses and some hor sey stories because I've been riding for the last year and a half and for clothes, I'd like some jeans, although not flared ones, some hody suits and a chiffon top. I can wear them to discos and friends' parties.'

Alice Taylor, nearly four. Goofy and a trip to the North

"I want Goofy to come on Christmas day and help me open my presents because he makes me laugh and I want to go to the North Poie to see Father Christmas and his reindeer, hecause that's where Daddy says he lives."

Caroline Prescott, 13,

A telephone line. "I'd like to have a private phone in my bedroom so that I can ring my boyfriend and not have Mum and Dad listening in while I'm doing it and telling me how expensive the call is." Alf and Bert Jones, 15month-old twins.

Too young to speak up for themselves their muther, Chrissie Probert-Jones, says that what Alf and Bert really like are buttons - "they're addicted to them" - so they will he getting nice chunky Aran cardigans with hig but-tons to fiddle with. They also love toothbrushes so much that they take them to bed with them. Bert has six teeth all corkers and Alf has four neat ones. They like to have a toothbrush in each hand and tend to fight over them. They are fascinated by pens

so they'll get a set with safe lids that are hard to get off. They also love noise and adore musical books such as The Snowman which a friend gave them last Christmas, so we'll get them another musical book. They love rattling maracas so we'll give them those.

"We're going to give them stockings with very little in them except masses of tissue paper which they can crunch up and envelopes that they can toy with. They are fascinated by electrical gadgets but they will not be getting any of those just yet. They're just beginning to like piling up bricks and to be able to fit things together so I think they'd like something like Lego or Brio.

"Alfie can run - be's beeo walking for two months already - but Bert just crawls but they both love trampolining so they'll get a mini-tram-poline from John Lewis. I've given one to many of my nleces and nephews and they've all loved it."



One of the best-value and nicest toys around is the jungle crayon factory box everything the budding artist or scribbler might need. For just £15.50 there are four pull-out drawers, safari stickers and generous supplies of pencils, rubbers, crayons, paints, markers and pads for writing on. It is available from Barclay & Bodie, 7 Blenheim Terrace,

071-328 7879. By mail add

Equally good valua in the same series are the versatile jungle-printed fabric bags - there is a zip-closing knapsack with three outer pockets (£12.50) and e book-bag which sports two outer pockets (which also costs £12.50) and can be carried on the back, shoulder



nention adults. There are grown men, I am told, who suffer psychological deprivation when separated from their teddies. Let them suffer no more, send for Teddy Bears of Witney's atalogue (£3, from 99, High Street, Witney, Oxfordshire, OX8 6LY. Tel: 0993-702616) in which the teddy fan can find anything from a brand-new one (but you'd never know!) starting at replica of an applient bear. Nnw that ready-washed

Bears are ever dear to a

about £23 to a limited edition and slightly worn teddies (much the nicest sort) are all the rage, Teddy Bears has a range of ready-distressed bears which should please even the most stringent fan. The bears photographed here are from the German firm of Clemens - Wuzzy is at the top left, while Fuzzy is pictured top right. Both are 20.5in, come in limited editions of 100 and cost £145

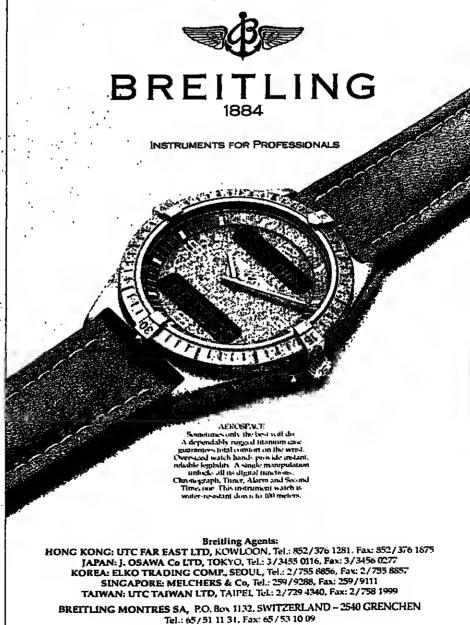
Rapidough seems set to become one of the cult games this Christmas. Launched at e rowdy press party at Grouchn's, the trendy chib in London's Soho, it was an instant hit. with grown men and women struggling to make model aprons, chandeliers, wheelchairs...you name

it, they were struggling. The basic idea behind it is that teams are given piles of dough and then draw e card which tells them what to model. The teams race m is trying to make. Points are awarded and participants take it in turns to do the modelling. It costs £24.99 from Hamleys, Regent Street London W1 and Harrods, Knightsbridge,









Making the grade

Listing aims to protect buildings of merit. Gerald Cadogan reports

they cannot generally he altered or pulled down withont official permission, is already a fact of life for 500,000 owners, improvers and would-be demolishers, with more listings on the way.

Officially, there are three grades: I, II* and II. Grade I means they are "exceptional," II' that they are "unusual" and II "regular." In all cases, though, a grading provides the stamp of quality and of architectural or historical impor-

The rankings help with getting grants from local authorities or English Heritage (EH), which in 1992/93 paid out £33m to owners of listed buildings (£3m of that for cathedrals and £9.2m for churches), and £7.4m on conservation areas. These grants go usually to help with major rehabilitation but, for most owners, recurrent maintenance is the problem: painting, pointing, and clearing the gutters of leaves (expensive when the huilder has to hire extra-long ladders).

Value-added tax of 17.5 per cent is an extra burden on such maintenance. This is odd when you consider that changes to the actual character of the building, which need listed building consent (LBC), escape the tax. Whether painting it an unusual colour or putting in a swimming pool, LBC means no VAT.

LBC does not come automatically, though. The relevant authority will probably need plans, charge a fee and check the application minutely. Major decisions may he referred to EH or such designated amenity societies as the Georgian Group or the Society for the Protection of Ancient Buildings. Neighbours and the public can object or suggest

In the 1980s, the then envi-ronment secretary, Michael Heseltine, initiated a major relisting project which revealed such hidden treasures as Odsey House in Essex (with work by the 18th century architect, William Kent), It rose from nowhere to grade L

isting historic But some areas etill need buildings, so that updating. The city of Manchester awaits Its new lists with 30-40 per cent more buildings. and Hull's list will be over 100 per cent larger.

By now, almost 10 years after it began work, EH has sharpened its Ideology of listing and its criteria. Contrary to general belief, being listed does not mean a building cannot be changed. It does mean that changee must be thought through carefully so they do not detract from the architecture already there.

That is why LBC is needed and, almost certainly, will be refused - for plastic windows. (Planning permission for them not needed for an unlisted building but in a conservation

from which 40 to 50 will get While there is no point in

listing all the surviving mills of the English north - there are 350 in Greater Manchester alone - some must be. They are grand buildings and an important component of the country's history

Likewise, the British Aerospace offices in Comet Way, Hatfield, north of London, have been listed both for their architecture and for their links with the Tiger Moth, Mosquito, Vampire and Comet aeroplanes history that could vanish all too easily.

In its thematic approach, EH is also looking at hospitals (helped by the property divi-sion of the National Health

Contrary to general belief, a listing does not mean that a building cannot be changed. But changes must be thought through carefully . . .

the reason also why district councils share the decisions with EH and the amenity societies. In 1992/93. EH dealt with 8.627 LBC applications, 11.2 per cent up on 1991/92.

With scholarship about the country's everyday architecture bounding ahead, spurred by the 1980s' re-listing, EH inspectors are more on the lookout for the medieval hall that might lurk beneath a Georgian facade. And if there is a sudden threat to an unlisted building of quality such as demolition - today's greater knowledge means quicker decisions about whether to use an emergency procedure known as spot-list-

It is, of course, better to preempt that procedure hy deciding in advance about categories of building that missed listing in the 1980s because they were too recent or the field-workers found them hard to type. Textile mills in Greater Manchester and West Yorkshire are under scrutiny and, helped by recent research, EH has prepared a list of 60,

area it might be needed). It is Service), cinemas and even pubs (in association with the Campaign for Real Ale).

With so many hospitale becoming redundant, many pose the delicate problem of balancing architecture with expediency. "Listing is fine if there is re-development," says William Filmer-Sankey, the Anglo-Saxon archaeologist who has become director of the Victorian Society. "It is less help-ful if the building sits empty." Holloway Sanatorium (grade I) at Egham, Surrey, is a particular worry. Nobody is interested in huying it without

heing allowed considerable

scope for re-development.

Meanwhile, it is being vandal-

ised, water has come in, and it is falling to pieces. Filmer-Sankey points out that the VS - also an amenity society - is swamped by LBC applications needing comment. But the system falls down with neglected huildings like the sanatorium because it is designed to react to deterioration - by serving urgent works or repair notices that can lead

to compulsory purchase -

rather than preventing it. He

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entiful House In Venice

wishes LBC applications had to be as detailed as those for planning, that way, the unnecessary destruction of special features might be prevented. Most listed buildings date

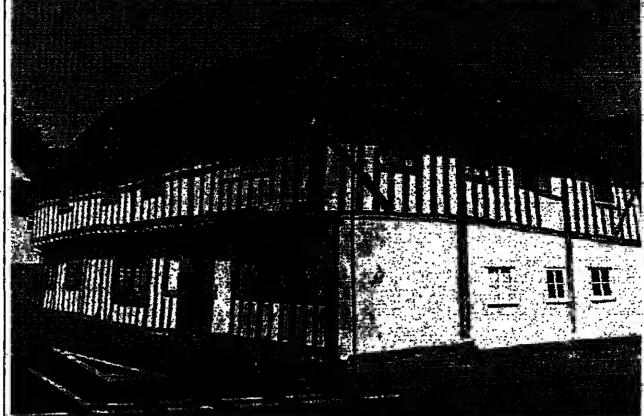
from before the second world war. Listing post-war buildings. had a shaky start when the environment secretary of the time rejected several of EH's initial candidetes. But one building that passed with a IP grade was Sir Albert Richardson's Bracken House, the former headquarters of the Financial Times near St Paul's cathedral.

Modern buildings become eligible after 30 years, or 10 years if they are outstanding and threatened. This year, schools, colleges and universities entered the lists. But private houses and commercial buildings are still few, as are churches despite Sir Basil Spence's Coventry cathedral (grade I). The Cummins Engine fac-

tory in Durham, designed by American architects Roche Dinkeloo, is grade II* while the Royal Festival Hall on London'e south bank rates grade L Jacob Epstein's status of Field Marshal Jan Smuts in Westminster, and Henry Moore's Three Standing Figures in Battersea Park, are grade IL EH wants to list more houses, including pre-fabs and some in new towns.

Any deterioration causes economic barm, and not just to the huilding. Buxton, in Derbyshire, is an extreme case. The decline of the 18th century Crescent (grade I) was damaging the success of other restoration schemes in the spa town until the Department of National Heritage served a repairs notice on the owner of a hotel that occupied half the Crescent. The hotel has now been sold to the local borough council, which was given a 100 per cent grant from the National Heritage memorial fund, while RH offered 11m for

external repairs. The other half belongs to Derbyshire county council which had begun repairs already. By a circuitous route, the Crescent'e listing has brought new hope to Buxion.



Cadogan's Place

In the steps of a king

There's a royal connection to one of the exceptional houses on offer

rade I buildings number than 440,000 bnildings listed in England. What is for sale among these build-ings of exceptional architectural or historical importance?

From the 15th century comes The Tudor Shops, a wool merchant'e house in Lavenham, Suffolk, which originally was probahly a hall-house (meaning one that started life as a medieval hall); £235,000 from

Hamptons (0284-767338). In Somerset, Poundisford Park was built in 1546 on a typically Tudor H-plan and still has its Tudor kitchen, hullt away from the house as a fire precaution. Its park was enclosed in Saxon times, and King John hunted deer there in 1208. Stags (0823-662822) invites offers over.

Two artists' houses from the 18th century in Hampstead, London, are offered. Hamptous: George du Maurier's 28a Hampstead Grove opposite Feuton House and next to Admiral's House in Hamp-

stead village (£665,000), and Romney's House in Holly Bush Hill. This was used as assembly rooms in the 19th century before becoming the local Constitutional

Architect Clough Williams Ellis (of

Portmetrion fame) converted it back to a private house for his own use before the second world war, after it had been assembly rooms in the 19th century and then the Hampstead Constitutional Club. "Substantial offers" are invited. .. In Devon, Bowden House near Tothes is

of Queen Anne and Tudor date. It is also supposedly haunted, as are the six holiday cottages in the grounds. Fulfords (0803-864112) is selling this handsome property for £995,000.

For grade I and 19th century living, I

Brunswick Square at Hove, Sussex (the quieter town next door to Brighton), is a assic Regency town house with a double bowed front; from Hamptons (071-493-8222) for an attractive £270,000. The square, laid out in the 1820s, is as smart and sophisticated as any of Nash's grade I London terraces round Regent's Park. In the capital, 5 Belgrave Square is a less ornate building on the north, sunny side of the square, a speculative leasehold development built by Thomas Cubitt as a speculative leasehold development on the Grosvenor estate in 1830.

A new, 40-year lease for this desirable address, with a ground rent of £5.000 (reviewable in 2013), costs £3.25m from Aylesford (071-351-2883) or George Trollope (071-824-8111). A mews is

Grade I is also for rent. Clenston Manor near Blandford Forum, Dorset, ie available from January for three years as an assured shorthold, with the possibility

of two more years being available.

The rent is negotiable at around £25,000 a year, through Savills (0202-887731 or 0722-320422). The house is Tudor, of knapped flint banded with green sandstone, but goes back to the 13th century. It has never been sold.

7.75

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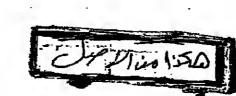
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Saviour of Spain or brutal fascist?

Robert Graham on the first comprehensive biography of Franco

hrough a mixture of luck and cantious cunning, Francisco Franco Bahmonde emerged in 1939 from the Spanish civil war at the head of a victorious army and became Caudillo of Spain.

The next 35 years; during which he ruled Spain, have come to be seen through the prism of ideological oppo-sites. Francoists claimed he saved the country from anarchy and communism, and then went on to lay the framework for a prosperous modern state with a stable succession.

Franco'e enemies never forgave his civil war victory over the Republicans. To them he was a brutal mili-tary dictator who kept Spain isolated from the mainstream of modern Europe, retarding economic and social development by several decades. At his death in 1975 he was still type-cast as a fascist ruler.

However, Franco died in his bed at the ripe old age of 82 while still head of state, implying he enjoyed a degree of acceptance which his detractors were never willing to concede. Franco also solved the problem of succession by restoring the monarchy, something which today might allow the regime to be seen in a more benevolent light.

This is not the case with Paul Preston, an expert on contemporary Spain and professor of international history at the London School of Economics: In the first comprehensive biography on Franco, Preston says he will he remembered above all for 'his ruthless conduct of the Nationalist war effort between 1936 and 1939 and the determination with which he pursued the systematic annihilation of his enemies on the left". At a secondary level he will be remembered "for the sheer duration of his survival".

Franco's achievements, he says, were personal and sectarian. He never made any attempt to heal the appalling scars left by the civil war. His Pharaonic monument to the dead, the Valley of the Fallen near Madrid, where he himself is buried, merely emphasised Franco's vindictive ser of triumph over his enemies. Thus he was no more than "a skilful manipulator of power who always looked to his own personal interests".

At over 1,000 pages, including foot-notes and hibliography, this is a painstaking reconstruction from

Efrica" as Breyten Breytenbach puts-

it - some of those who fought the

long battle for democracy are bowing

out; the exiled Poet, the retired Politi-

cian and the discgraced Leader's

The Poet is Breytenbach, an Afrika-

ner who fell ont with his coun-

try(men) when he married a Vietnam-

ese in the heyday of apartheid in 1973. They were given a special dispensa-

tion to visit his country, a trip which produced A Season in Paradise. He

became politicised and returned ille-

gally on behalf of the ANC in 1975. He

was jailed for seven years - which led

to The True Confessions of an Albino

Terrorist. He describes Return to Para-dise, an account of a three-month tour

of the country in 1991, as the last part

He describes a transformed country

country which used to be his own but is no longer. "Why did I come back? ...to complete the Incomplete, for

annihilation, deathwish. Why will I

not return to stay? Too late now. For-

eigner here. Painted monkey. Bitter

He is saddened as he zig-zags

around the country, interspersing what must be diary entries with recol-

lections of visits to West Africa, where in 1987 he helped to arrange the first meetings between South Afri-

can progressives and Black Africa.

Breytenbach says: "I am looking at

the future and it chills me to the

he financial anxiety

His host friend and sponsor for the

of a triptych.

26.1

Sonth Africa toils

towards next April's elec-

tion and majority rule -

towards the "New Sarth

every available source. Unfortunately, Preston's manifest absence of sympa-thy for Franco colours the tone of his judgment - even if the general thrust of the judgments themselves are likely to stand the test of time.

Preston takes the conventional view of Franco's military skill, arguing be was a safe but unimaginative commander. He faults Franco's excessive caution for prolonging the civil war. But this overlooks Franco's helief that, in a fratricidal conflict, a clear victory was essential to ensure subse-quent stability.

The biography is at its most coovincing dealing with the tense period in 1940 when Franco was tempted to join the Axis powers. Franco cultivated the idea that he had saved Spain from involvement in the second

> FRANCO: A BIOGRAPHY by Paul Preston Collins £25, 1002 pages

world war. The reality was more pro-saic. Franco admired Hitler and believed he would win. By backing Hitler, he anticipated the victor's spoils of Gibraltar and French North African possessions. However, Hitler had serious doubts about the value of Spanish entry into the war, and this gave time for Franco to reconsider. By then the tide had begun to turn and the Allies were offering economic aid; so Spain remained neutral.

In his negative assessment of Franco, Preston should have considered whether in fact Spain needed a period of repressed stability, like that provided by the Caudillo, to recover from the raveges of civil war and its long history of political instability. The civil war had in part been provoked by the advent of the republic in the 1930s and the introduction at a forced pace of a secular democratic state when there had been no such previous tradition.

Linked to this is the issue whether Franco, having come to power by accident rather than design, should have stepped aside. And if so, how and when? The earliest feasible moment would have been in 1946. Then concerted Allied pressure might have forced him to step down in favour of Don Juan as part of an

But Franco had by then acquired a taste for power and the monarchist solntion was fraught with danger. popular, the previous monarch, Alfonso X111 having done little to distinguish himself off the hunting field and out of the bedroom. Dor Juan himself was a weak figure with little appeal to the Republicans other than as a means of ousting Franco and his fascist supporters in the Falange movement. At this stage the army, the pillar of Franco's power, was dead against any reconciliation with the Republicans and there was still a guerilla problem

Thus Franco stayed on, a prisoner of his and the regime's fear of instability. But Franco always had the monarchist solution in mind and astutely coopted the monarchy by persuading Don Juan to educate his son, the future King Juan Carlos, in

Franco'a fierce anti-communism meant that he could count on US and Vatican protection at the onset of the Cold War. Despite public anti-Franco posturing, no western government seriously challenged the status quo in Spain. in fact, the stahility of the Franco regime (and that of his fellow dictator Salazar in Portugal) removed one post-war security problem for Nato, Meanwhile, Franco was flexible enough to tolerate a degree of internal opposition and was willing to listen to technocrats who persuaded him in 1956-57 to drop the economic policy of autarchy and begin to liberalise.
His enemies crushed, and only

mildly molested by hostility, much of Franco'a rule was surprisingly easy. As the years went on, he spent more and more time shooting and fishing, less and less dealing with the cabinet. Fortunately, he could depend upon the loyal services of Admiral Luis Carrero Blanco, who ran government husiness and shielded his senility. Franco is supposed to have had two in trays on his desk - one labelled "problems solved in time" and the other "problems solved by time". He just shuffled paper from one to the

Franco emerges from this



hiography a dull, rather mediocre figure - the proverblal sphynx without a secret. Yet Preston has avoided psychological analysis, leaving plenty of room for others to Investigate the formative influences

his plous mother and dissolute father, the oear-fatal wound sustained as a young officer in Morocco, his bossy and socially pretentious wife, Dona Carmen, This might show Franco was oot quite as dull as Prestoo makes

Long March career of Deng Xiaoping

Last man of the

Robert Thomson on the enigmatic

f Deng Xiaoping's health has heen holding up these past few days, he has probably been watching soccer matches on satellite television, and adding bits and pieces to half-written, perhaps never-to-be-published articles abont economic reform and Marxism. He has played a few bands of hrldge. flicked through the newspapers, and granted short audiences to the occasional guest at a heavily-guarded courtyard residence.

Outside the walls of his compound, China is being redecoreted. The cities are painted with bright strokes of neoo, streets are lined with aggressive vendors sclling clothes and gadgets from trestle tables thet could be the beginning of a retail emplre, and middle aged Communist party offi-cials ruuning machine tool companies are discovering that mastering the market is more difficult than memorising the Four Cardinal Principles or the Five Principles of

Peaceful Co-existance. At 89, Deng is unable to comprehend the breadth of change inspired by China's second revolution, and he has given few clues to the hreadth of bis own character. Under-standing Deng is mncb like his own description of the process of reform, crossing a river by feeling out the stones and, in his hiography, Sir Richard Evans bas touched oo most of the stones peeking above the

surface of the river. Bot Deng Xinoping and the Making of Modern China provides more insight into the making of modern China than into Comrade Deng Xiaoping, still generally described in the West hy his nnofficial hut appropriate title of "para-mount leader". in a sense, be is one in a long line of Chinese emperors, though that comparisoo understates the complexity of the Communist party leadership and its diverse oet-works of friendships, grudges and occasional alliances.

The hiography gives a good sense of the survival skitts that carried Deng through this political minefield, in which many of his revolutionary coi-leagues perished or were harshiy punished hy "comrades". China's leader is unassailable because he is almost the last man standing of the Long March hrigade, and hecause economic reform, a product of the pragmatic side of his personality, has brought such obvious gains.

But Deng has been ruthless and he has been wroog. In the 1950s, he was behind the Anti-Rightist campaign that followed a party campaign to encourage criticism and debate, the Hundred Flowers movement. The flowers which bloomed were cruelly nprooted and the party's character was changed, as idealism and honesty were found to be less useful traits than cynicism and

silence. Not long after, Deng was in the chorus supporting the Great Leap Forward, which tragically sent the country's economy into rapid reverse at a still-to-be calculated cost of lives. And there was Tiananmen Square in 1989, the effects of which were obvious to television andiences and the blame for which must be shared among a two-parts bru-

tal, one-part bungling Chinese leadership.
To understand these events.

we need to be given a sense of the rock formations below the river's surface and Evans, at this time, is nnable to do that and is reluctant to make broad judgments on the limited evidence before him. He is not dence before him. He is not helped by the Communist party's inability to come clean about its history or by Deng's few public statements of a personal kind. A doting daughter bas recently written in Chinese about her kindly dad, Deng Yiaoning but it is not Deng Xiaoping, hot it is not the stuff of critical hiography.

Daughter aside, the paramouot leader has generally avoided a Mao-style personal lty cult, though hillboards heve appeared with a largerthan-life Deng nrging the country onwards, and his few appearances are seen as heavily symbolic of something, even if the event hap-pens to be a tour of a sonthern Chinese theme park in a golf buggy. The collected works of Deng are clearly argued, thoogh made dull by the mandatory references to Mao Zedong Thought and other used concepts that were traded in long ago for a new market

Deng's achievement has not been to provide a grand vision of China's future, but to apply nationally the local economic experiments which he could

DENG XIAOPING AND THE MAKING OF MODERN CHINA by Richard Evans Hamish Hamilton £20, 339 pages

see were successful. Even the one liners for which he was famous, "seek truth from facts" and "black cat, white cat, the colour doesn't matter as long as it catches mice", were first said by someone else. As the latter phrase suggests, Deng's motivation was to haild a strong China, not to create a workers' paradise, and nationalism gradually got the hetter of communism when it became obvious that central planning was crippling the country.

In his epilogue, Evans lists the economic gains, providing retail price index statistics end figures on taxation growth and gross national product, which, he indicates, provide evidence that democracy should grow more slowly than GNP In developing countries. As a biographer, and a former UK ambassador to Beijing, be is a touch too diplomatic in his final judgment, which he leaves to "the people of China".

The atatistics are impressive, but China does need a vision, if not many visions, and the reluctance of Deng to allow more vigorous debate is a failing that will be rememhered. Chinese society has always heen more than the labour cost on an assembled and re-exported refrigerator, but only ecocomic diversity is officially encouraged in these years of upbeaval in a great culture, when social comment is needed to provide a context for change, Deng Xiaoping has forced thoughtful Chinese to be very selective in their pnblic speech or to be silent.

The liberals South

visit is Van Zyl Slabbert, the politician-academic who quit the whitesonly parliament to the anger of his fellow Progressives in 1986. At the end they have an awful row. Slabhert shouts at him, "You make out as if you're the only ones who cares" It is the South African liberals' indictment

journal, full of acute and witty insight

South Africa's two most famous women are "Heleo" and "Winnie". Helen Suzman was an MP for 26 years and for half of them was the single truly anti-apartheid figure in the Cape Town Assembly. She was - and is - a wonderful woman, brave, formidable, indefatigable, witty, twinkling. She started out on the bberal wing of the United Party in 1953, split in 1959 to form the Progressive Party, soldiered on alone from 1961-74, and only stepped down in 1989, not entirely happy about the emergence of the present opposition Democratic Party.

RETURN TO PARADISE by Breyten Breytenbach Faber £17.50, 224 pages

IN NO UNCERTAIN TERMS by Helen Suzman

Sinclair-Stevenson £17.99, 310 pages THE LADY: THE LIFE AND

TIMES OF WINNIE MANDELA by Emma Gilbey Jonathan Cape £18.99, 328 pages

the detail of her political career but holds back not just on personal things but on many other areas of delicacy: for example, her fury at Van Zyl's desertion of the parliamentary party is inadequately reported, and ber thoughts about "Winnie" could surely have been developed now that she does not have to play the politician. Helen Suzman has her place in the history books, and the affection of many of the leaders of the New Sarth Efrica, hut there is a necessary argument about her role. Did she somehow help legitimise an utterly undemocratic government which was happy to let her travel the world alusing them? Was she right, Van Zyl wrong? And, more important, can we now see that her passionate opposition to sanctions throughout the 1980s was misguided? Or not? Perhaps she should he best remembered as a most valiant champion of the oppressed -'Our Lady of the Prisooers", as Breytenbach once described her.

The story of Winnie Mandela is a terrible tragedy, and Emma Gilbey has had the sense to tell it straight. As everyone knows, the pretty girl from the Transkei married the charismatic and much older Nelsoo Mandela just a couple of years before be vanished into 26 years of imprisonment. The young Winnie seems to have

assumed that she would deputise for him, but her qualifications to do so were inadequate, as was her character. She was very hrave but - this is Ms Gilbey's central point - the police broke her in interrogation in 1969. When she was banished to the Free State in 1977 she was still very hrave but hy then something bad gone wrong: she had heen abused beyond the endurance of anyone but a saint. There followed drink and men and money mysteries and a violent temper which, when she returned to Soweto, were to lead to the notorious "Mandela Soccer Cluh" and a reign of terror which resulted in her house heing hurned down by her own people. Then came the kidnapping and murder of 14-year-oid "Stompie", after which she lost most of her remaining sympathy and eventually came to trial. Here was a nightmare for the ANC

leaders in exile, let alone for her loving husband-In-prison. ANC leader Oliver Tambo huries his face in his hands: "What must I do? We can't control her. The ANC can't control Winnie rapidly became a liability to

the entire anti-apartheid movement. The South African government would

have been thanking the good lord, except that they could hardly risk a long jail sentence when she continued to command the support of the unemployed and uneducated urban youth. In the eod, in June 1993, the Appeal Court gave her a suspended sentence, Nelson, out of prison in 1990, left her in 1991, by which time the new generation ANC leadership had taken necessary steps to sideline her. Was it the ANC's own fault? in Ms Gilbeys words, in 1980 "the movement needed a figure within the country who could act cohesively as a symbol to draw the elements of the 'Release Mandela' campaign together. Winnie came to be choseo because in the abstract she was the ideal choice. Here was some-one in a tragic situation who was sympathetic and charismatic, who was courageous, outspoken and to top

it all was the beautiful wife of their

she was not perfect ..." J.D.F. Jones

Africa has left behind

This is a fascinating, quiet, detailed and striking vignettes.

Her autobiography is disappointing only because it does not go far enough it reads like an extended version of one of her famous Report Back meetings to her posh northern Johan-

nesburg constituency - it describes

From Hangover to drunk Hamilton's London trilogy,

that dogs most young ceased for Patrick Hamilton in his mid-twenties when he wrote those two spine-chilling plays, Rope and Gastight. But in spite of this great popular success before the second world war, Hamilton was often in a distressed state, and the conditioned worsened as he grew older. He came from an eccentric family most of whose members were writers. He inherited a history of alcoholism and instability, and he succumbed like bis father to excessive

> CATALOGUE OF FIRST EDITIONS including books inscribed by Raymond Chandler, Heary James, D. H. Lawrence, Wyndhan Lewis, Katherine Mansfield, Sassoon, Steinbeck, Swinburne, Waugh and many others. PAUL RASSAM

IS EAST HEATH ROAD

drinking, half-ruining a brilliant career. Happily the royalties from his plays continued to flow for the whole of his life, and still do. He died in 1962. The plays were ideal for film-ing by Hitchcock. The director

rejected Gaslight when it was offered him by Selznick who had hought the rights but he eventually made Rope in 1948 with James Stewart. As an analysis of the street he filmed it exclusions he filmed it exclusions. experiment he filmed it exclusively in one interior set with no jump-cuts, curiously weakening the macabre tension of the play. Sean French regards the film as a transitional work in the Hitchcock canon, preparing the way for Strangers on a Train made from a book by a novelist who rivals Hamilton in her portrayals of plausi-ble con men, Patricia Highs-

Like the Victorian novelist Geoge Glssing whom he admired, Hamilton penetrated both the genteel and nether worlds of class-ridden Britain depicting the unclassed indi-viduals, those torn between the two, he found there. In The Siege of Pleasure (part two of any particular explanation for on its predecessor, The West also read all of Bruce's novels.

Twenty Thousand Streets under the Sku) he showed how easily a respectable, exceptionally pretty servant girl might become a hardened prostitute. Hamilton's fascination with street-walkere provided him with several narratives but, unlike Gissing, he stopped short at marrying one. His first wife Lois came like him from the cultivated middle-class and his second from the minor nohility. She too wrote novels.

Hamilton was a curious case of someone who since his boyhood in Hove, observed the world of drunks and psycho-paths with clinical detach-ment, and reproduced it to per-fection in his fiction; his masterpiece Hangover Square, a murder story, is largely set in a seedy pub in Earls Court during the period of Munich and appeasement whose mood it captures exactly in his maturity, to the horror of his friends, Hamilton grew to resemble a saloon bar drunk in one of his early novels.

Hamilton's personal decline. He focuses instead on the good work that Hamilton was able to do after he had undergone electric shock treatment and other forms of therapy. Finally French points to one surviving document that he considers may have effectively ended Hamilton's writing career. This

PATRICK HAMILTON: A LIFE by Sean French Faber & Faber £20, 327 pages

was a letter in 1952 from Mich-eel Sadleir, the head of Hamilton's publisher, Constable, giv-ing his reaction to the novel later published as Mr Stimpson and Mr Gorse. It must be one of the most wounding letters any novelist has ever received on submission of a manuscript, and it certainly toppled Hamilton's always shaky self-confidence.

French rates the book when read today as "a masterpiece of Sean French does not offer comedy", a significant advance

like much of Hamiltoo's fiction, and he suggests that Sad-leir, then in his mid-sixties was unable to see the merits of a novel "which struck so forcibly et his own social prejudices' Along with Bill Linnitt, the theatrical impresario, Sadletr had up to that point been one of Hamiltoo's greatest friends. The biography traces the

course of his relations with these two men. Male friendship was a source of strength to Hamilton throughout his life. Other friends included Arthur Calder-Marshall and John Davenport. His relations with women were always punctuated by catastrophe.

After the death of his father,

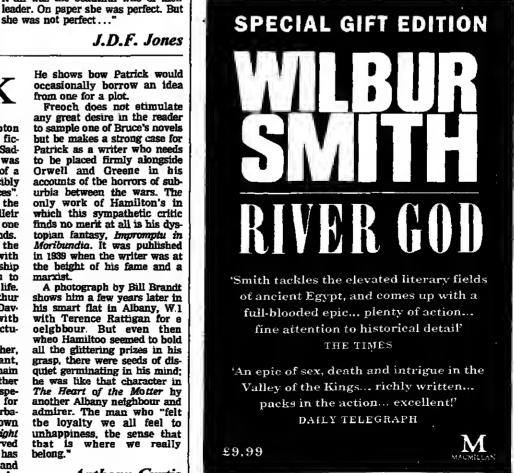
a preposterous old tyrant, Hamilton continued to remain closely in touch with the other members of his family especially his hrother Bruce, for dos. Bruce published his own life of his brother The Light Went Out (1972), and preserved a family archive. French has burrowed in it fruitfully and

He shows bow Patrick would occasionally borrow an idea from one for a plot.

Freoch does not etimulate any great desire in the reader to sample one of Bruce's novels but be makes a strong case for Patrick as a writer who needs to be placed firmly alongside Orwell and Greene in his accounts of the horrors of suburbia between the wars. The only work of Hamilton's in which this sympathetic critic finds no merit at all is his dystopian fantasy, *Impromptu in* Moribundia. It was published the beight of his fame and a marxist.

A photograph by Bill Brandt shows him a few years later in his smart flat in Albany, W.1 with Terence Rattigan for e oelgbbour. But even then wheo Hamiltoo seemed to bold all the glittering prizes in his grasp, there were seeds of disquiet germinating in his mind; he was like that character in The Heart of the Motter by another Albany neighbour and admirer. The man who "felt the loyalty we all feel to unhappiness, the sense that that is where we really

Anthony Curtis



n hurricane-prone lands, as natives know, the way to keep your home intact is to open the windows a crack. That way the winds can sluice through, dissipating force and equalising pressure. The same principle applies when talking to Mel Brooks. He is one side of his Hollywood desk, cracking gale-force aphorisms. You are the other, opening parts of your brain you never knew you could ventilate so Mr B's

surplus brio can hurtle through. Brooks is Hollywood comedy'a Force of Nature. He gave us The Producers, Blazing Saddles and Young Frankenstein. He makes movies that never heard the words "taste" or "restraint". And even when he has a bad run of hrainstorming - his naw film Robin Hood: Men In Tights (opening in Britain on December 17) marks a slight upturn after recent mishaps such as Life Stinks and Spaceballs he is still the man with the loudest. quickest, freshest opinions oo the movie husiness. No dithering, not even in response to my first ques-

"Raisin toast! Mr Brooks had raisin toast for hreakfast!" (This to test my recorder's sound level; it gets turned sharply down). Like many paid laughter-makers Brooks knows almost everything about comedy except – we begin with fundamentals - precisely where it comes

"Jokes" ponders the ruminative ball of energy, "go through a strange metamorphosis. Time is the important element. A series of events, some traumatic, some unperceived at the time, merge. And suddenly you're struck hy a brand new idea that's surfaced from

The thoughts of Hurricane Mel

Mel Brooks gives his gale-force views on films, comedy and Hollywood. Nigel Andrews takes cover-

the 'mud' of your unconscious stor-

Brooks's own storage bin is large enough to contain all the mud a humorist could require. He was horn to a large, loud family in Brooklyn. He gatecrashed world consciousness as a TV gag writer, sharing an NBC round table with the likes of Neil Simon, Carl Reiner and the man who was to become his neck-and-neck rival in movie comedy, Woody Allen. And he progressed through stand-up comedy to stage work and then to making the movies we know today: frescoes of lunatic ambition and largesse from hlazing Westerns via teeming toga sagas (History Of The World Part 1) to the all-human-life New York of

"Ideas that appeal to Woody are to do with defeating death. His big obsession is immortality. Me, I'm interested in 'social flux'. I don't care a lot about the psycho-dynamics of a situation. But I care very much about why - socially, historically - more than 10 people at any time are swayed to do something together or are oppressed."

Hence the guest appearances in Brooks movies by Hitler, Torquemada and others. Hence too his messianic reason for going into comedy in the first place: "I thought the world was foolish and I thought comedy was the best way to express how foolish it was."

Like many comics turned film-

makers, from the Allen of Sleeper to the Steve Martin of Dead Men Don't Wear Plaid, Brooks has found filmmaking itself a handy target for that onslaught on folly with his genre parodies, taking the mickey out of ailver-screen tropes and cliches; and doing it all with a sneaking fondness. "It's like jazz, It's very satisfying. You take a tune everyone knows and you play riffs on it. In High Anxiety all I had to do. was take Hitchcock and move him this way or that - a little to the left, a little to the right - and I got big

Give Brooks a broader target to pepper, though, and he is more likely to attack it off-screen than on. If there has been a disappointing side to his career, it is that his whirlwind opinions on larger contemporary topics than movie genres tend to be excluded from his movies. The follies of Washington: the Japanese 'invasion' of American industry and American cinema; his own Jewishness and what it means

"Hollywood used to be run by the Jews. You know why? Because in Europe, Jews could not own land. They were used to being barred from owning banks or railroads, but they could he 'amusants'. 'Please, amuse us!' So when they came to America, naturally many gravitated to the entertainment industries.

"Then later, when Hollywood



"Hollywood today doesn't want

for commerce, the Jews were thrown out. Today the Japanese own It. (Phone rings in outside office). They're calling me now!" So Brooks belongs to the Yellow Peril faction in Hollywood - those who think Tokyo is bad news for Tinseltown?

"I don't think the Japanese will control film-makers through censorship - that's the case argued by Would they make a film about Pearl Harbour?' paranoids. But they'll promulgate a concept that'a very dangerous to the art of cinema. That's the concept of tha 'hit'. Money. 'Do the books, do the books!' The Japanese want hlack

ink not red in the ledgers, and lots

But Hollywood always wanted that? "No. Wrong! The Sam Gold-wyns, the Louis B. Mayers, they were out to break even, not make a killing. When they started out, they knew they were in this small retail business like groceries. Instead of selling butter and eggs they were selling Dick Powell and Ruby Keeler. There was no big money in it when they began, but there was great joy and - the one word that's missing today - pride! Sam Gold-wyn would have all the chorus girls in a Danny Kaye picture dressed in silk! You never saw their underwear, but he said they felt good, so

they performed better. The studio bosses were happy if they broke even and made a modest profit and could keep what was the glory of those days, the cadres of talent. Fifty actors, fifty writers, fifty directors in one studio: mix 'n'

"Hollywood today - this is the lead of your article! - doesn't want to make good movies or try out new things, it just wants to make hits. People think Home Alone is a good movie because it made \$500m worldwide. They think people enjoyed it hecause it was good. But people enjoy things that are easy to assimilate, easy to digest, they enjoy a lot of hland crap. And the dynamic stuff, the daring, irreverent stuff,

As Hurricane Mel blows through. I open more parts of my brain to control damage. He is not quite right: The Golden Age moguls made a fortune not a 'modest profit'. But he is not quite wrong either. Obses sive book-keeping and cautious, sequel-prone production slates have become prevalent in parts of Holly-

wood today: with only the safety valve of TV and video allowing, as Brooks observes, some of the pres sure to be released from the inflated importance attached to the big-"There is this heaven called video! My last picture Life Stinks had this Jekyll and Hyde history. It did well in Europe, and Fox who distributed the picture over there send me flowers every day. It did

every time I leave the kerb, this big car with an 'MGM' number plate bears down on me. "So video has become our chance for an afterlife. For me, seeing my movies on video is like going-back to TV where I began. On the small

hadly in America and Metro-

Goldwyn-Mayer try to run me over:

screen people see the humanity again, the little gestures." Little gestures in a Brooks film? Well, perhaps. But what we treasure them for is their rudeness and flamboyance. Brooks himself, in more Brooksian mood, admits that his fixir is for the OTT: "In the cutting room a take I didn't like on the set, because it was over-the-top.

I'll almost always use because it was dizzler and more inspired, and and formula are the things he is quickest to chastise in most screen comedy today: especially the kind that grew out of the safety-first TV

sitcom tradition, from Roseaune to The Cosby Show. "TV viewers, especially Americans, are brainwasted into responding to rhythm not thought. De woman wasn't sick!" 'What?" 'De woman was dead! Studio laughfer! They laugh when they're told to laugh. Where did she go? Did she come in there? Come in there? She came in there! Studio laughter! That's not comedy, that's like a doctor hitting you on the knee to get a

In movies we work in a different way. We work on improvisation and experiment and risk. We work on a lovely marriage of thought and

emotion and physical activity." So what was the next product of this wedded bliss? (We were talking abortly before Brooks officially announced his Robin Hood project). "I'm waiting for something to come up from the dark coze of my unconscious. Something that speaks to me about the human condition and how to attack and celebrate it. Hatred is always a good starting point. I hated racial prejudice and we got Blozing Saddles. I hated poverty and we got Life Stinks. I hate politicians, so maybe there'll be a political comedy from me next. Something about the rich taking from the poor, the poor taking from the rich. Wait!" - mock-dramatic Brooks pause with hand held high as if struck by shining vision - "I see a tall green man wearing tights.

A gift to posterity

gant stone facade, one side overlooking square, the other the River Rhine. Inside, the design blends modern practicality with clean, classical lines. No expense has been spared. In the reading rooms, musicologists study antograph scores on microfilm. In the vault-like safe. Ilhrarians methodically sift through manuscripts. The Paul Sacher Foundation, inangurated in 1986, is going about

its work. This is Paul Sacher's gift to posterity. The 87-year old Swiss musician, who conducts the London Mozart Players at the Queen Elizabeth Hall next Wednesday, has spent his life commissioolng and performing oew music. Now he has gathered it together as a 20th century archive. The starting point was his own priceless collection of scores, bolstered by his purchase of the Stravinsky estate in 1983. Then came scripts, followed hy a steady flow of material from Berio, Birtwistle, Boulez, Dutilleux, Henze, Ligeti and others. The collectioo grows every week negotiations are currectly under way to buy John Cage's estate - and will soon need expanded premises. The only major gaps are Schoenherg

and Berg.
Paul Sacher is a living legend. The son of a Basle gardener, he atudled violin, founded the Basle Chamber Orchestra in 1926, married the widow of the head of the Hoffmann-La Roche chemical company, and used the family fortune to commission more than 200 works - among them Bartok's Music for Percussion, Strings and Celesta and other modern classics by Hindemith. Honegger, Martinn and Frank Martin. These compositions were not simply ordered and paid for: in many cases. Sacher befriended the composer, put is the composer.

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the spacious surroundings of his country home at their disposal, offered encouragement and watched the work develop. Then he would conduct the first performance (and often the second and third . . .). How different from today's cultural

Perhaps it is his progressive, open-minded spirit that has kept Sacher so young. Another source of vitality is his 12-year old son, whose mother - a young medical scientist - died of cancer in 1989, a few months before Sacher's wife died at the age of 93. He still leads a remarkably active life. Although he played a key role the growth of Hoffmann-La Roche (in which, thanks to his

Andrew Clark on Paul Sacher, musical pioneer and patron

initiative, his family gained a majority shareholding), business interests now play second fiddle to the foundation. He receives guests in his apartment at the top of the hullding, where the rooms - decorated with paintings hy Picasso, Chagall, Modigliani and others - bear testimony to his wife's lifelong patronage of 20th century art.

Dld he have a plan, a mission, from the start? "I knew exactly what I wanted. I had my own orchestra at school. I wanted to he a conductor. I wanted to do old music, I wanted to do new music, I wanted to do unknown things anything but the pleces which were repeated over and over agaio at concerts. I wanted to hear the voice of our time, how a man living today composes music. For me, the most important musician

APTHRITIS

GOT THE BETTER

"When I started the Basle Chamber Orchestra, we had no money. That didn't stop me inviting Stravinsky and Hindemith to come and conduct their music. If I asked a composer to write a piece, he immediately agreed. He knew me and my orchestra, the

quality and competence, and said yes with pleasure, Today's composers have lists of commissions and not enough time to fulfil them. In 1926, there were hardly any chamber orchestras - today there are hundreds. When I started, radio had only just begun; today, you only need go to a music shop and buy the record for yourself. It's a cen-

tury of change." Sacher's pioneering work in early music - he founded his own original instrument ensemble, Schola Cantorum Basiliensis, in 1934 – is almost forgotten today. His wealth has also tended to overshadow, and even obstruct, his career as a conductor. But no-one has ever doubted the quality of his musical judgment. The number of his commisslons which have stood the test of time speaks for itself.
And he is still commissioning - the latest being a violin concerto hy Wolfgang Rihm, to be premiered next year by Anne-Sophie Mutter.

It was Sacher'a infinence which turned Mntter's attention to contemporary music. "I told her 10 years ago – Tisten darling, you can't go on playing the Romantic classics for ever, it's boring. You're a young woman of our time'. We started with Stravinsky. She understands every style, she's a sweetheart and a fautastic

He is convinced that under standing contemporary music is only a question of generation, and that today's modern music will be popular tomorrow. "Boulez is now at Salzhurg. He conducts Bouley, and the hall is as full as It was with Karajan. We have modern composers who are first class people – Carter, Lutos-lawski, Berlo. I don't see any crisis. Music will go on developing - as it always has."

Andrew Clark reviews

Anyone looking for a summation of all Janáček's previous female portraits - which is how some commentators view the heroine of Makropoulos will be disappointed, for Silia avoids extremes of pathos or the grotesque. Instead, we get a distillation of the histrionic akills which have made her such a charismatic singing actress these past 30 years: the erotic power of a Lulu, the cheming calculation of an Ortrud, the self-destructive

passion of Elektra.

Silja's mature Czech monster

Janáček's 'The **Makropoulos** Case' in Vienna

fter spending most of ber career in German roles, Anja Silja has found a new lease of life portraying the mature female monsters of Janáček's operas. First came Kostelnička in Jenufa at Glyndebourne and Covent Garden. Now she is focusing on the grandest and most pathetic of them all - Emilia Marty in and will repeat at Glyndebourne in 1995. Her stage magnetism is perfectly suited to this opera, so much so that the new production at the Volksoper turns out to be even more of a one-woman show than

If that sounds more than a touch Germanic, It suits the expressionist style of this German-language production. The character is established before she sings a note. The widerimmed hlack hat and fur coat announce a grande dame, the flowing red wig reeks of temperament and the leather trou-



Anja Siga: her stage magnetism turns the first ever production of this opera in Vienna into even more of a one-women show than asual

year old is real and young at heart. With her tall, slim fig-ure, Silja carries it off in style, her stage manner a mixture of purposeful stillness and dynamic gestures. Small wonder everything around her pales into insignificance.

Act two produces some authentic diva behaviour, and after the subsequent humiliations - all graphically realised - she aings the closing monologue from the front of the orchestra pit, dressed in nothing more than a long hlack underskirt. What saves it from melodrama is the giant conviction she invests in every word. The voice is still strong, if not perfectly steady, and she is more than a match for Janáček's terse declamatory lines. She deserves better support

Under Isaac Karahtchevsky, the Volksoper orchestra was poorly balanced and slack. The staging devised by Christine Reinhard Heinrich looked like a had night at the Komische Oper in Berlin, where both are

The decor was skimpy and poorly lit, consisting of little more than interchangeable blocks and ill-defined projections. There was too much movement, As a result, the Volksoper ensemble made little impact. Kurt Schreibmayer turned Gregor into an ardent wooer, Wicus Slahhert made an unusually sinister Prus and Ernst-Dister Snttheimer's Hauk was a heantifully

eccentric sketch.

Discounting visits by Czech companies from Brno and Prague, this is the first staging of The Makropoulos Case in. Vienna. Brouček, Vixen and House of the Dead have already been given at the Volksoper. Jenufa and Katya Kabanova

repertory, and Osud was given a concert performance last year. But indging hy this production, the Viennese approach to Janacek is still mewhat cavalier. Thanks to Anja Silja alone, Volksoper audiences have seen what are in the Staatsoper's Makropoulos is really about.

- 7.3

sers suggest this fictional 337- from her production team. Concert / Richard Fairman

LSO free to be imaginative

London orchestras find themselves caught up in a frantic race to stay alive, the London Symphony Orches-tra is in the luxurious position of having time to think about music. A glance over the an end reveals a higher proportion of imaginative pro-grammes than with any of its

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WINTER

In order to please the cap-tains of the arts, each of the orchestras has taken on board a young maestro who can hoist the sail for 20th-century music. At the LSO this is Kent Nagano, who is looking a wellinformed choice. At the time of his appointment as Associate Principal Guest Conductor (how complicated titles get when everyhody has to be called something) he was on the hrink of success; now he has definitely arrived. It is a matter of taste

whether his concert on Thursday counted as imaginative, or just bizarre. Works hy Boulez and Mahler found themselves coupled with Paganini's First Violin Concerto, a showpiece for Sarah Chang, the highly-publicised teenage violin virtuso. The result was like looking down the wrong end of a telescope. The majority of the audience (it was a full house) had turned up to focus on the tiny musical stature of Pagan-

Very young musicians often face criticism if they fall short in interpreting great music, hut there was no danger of that here. The Paganini is frothy, insubstantial stuff and Sarah Chang was well ahead of any problems it might have posed. Her personality as a permore outgoing than the notquite-so-young Midori was when she first came on the

Chang attacks the most difficuit portions of the music with fearless confidence and makes a remarkably large sound for ona so slight. This concerto abounds in thirds, sixths and octaves, evan in harmonics, with which she dazzles quite effortlessly. Most talented 12 year-olds would he happy to get one note so well in tune at a time, let alone

While he was looking after the accompaniment, Nagano probably had time to cast his mind hack to Boulez's short

Messagesquisse for seven cellos or think ahead to the challenges of Mahler's Fifth Sym-phony. As both were heing recycled from a concert the week hefore, rehearsal time had presumably been sufficient for Nagano to get the sharp-ness of ensemble that he

The Mahier was a virtuoso performance, decisive, big in scale, loud, not unlike Tilson Thomas (former LSO Principal Conductor) in the same symphony. Each mada his case with panache, hnt sur-prisingly it was the otherwise more cogent Nagano who took the Adagietto too slowly and cossetted it to excess. The finale was also pulled around, but climaxed in a hlaze of glory. At least those who had come to see Chang stayed to

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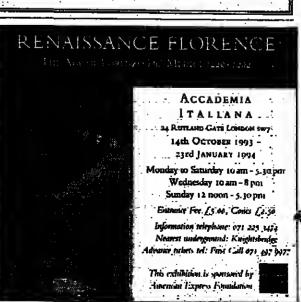
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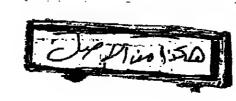
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should envy it.

The Tramway has a particu lar record for bringing Glasgow some of the most important European and British theatre. This is the one British locale to which Peter Brook brought his Mahabharata, Carmen and (earlier this year) Pel-léas et Mélisande; this is where Howard Barker's The Europeans had its premiere earlier this year, and this is a focal point for the four Romanian theatre productions currently or recently touring Britain. The theatre/dance/music com-pany Second Stride has just given here two performances of its new Escape from Sea, seen in London two weeks before; and in February Scottish Opera will give David Leveaux's new production of Brit-ten's Turn of the Screw here.

Glasgow, like Edinburgh and other British cities, has also its share of shows that London has seen or will see. Peter Hall's new production of Pam Gems's Piaf, with Elaine Page, which the West End has yet to see, is running this week at the Theatre Royal And Hall's 1992 staging of Wilde's An Ideal Husband, which ran for six months on Shaftesbury Avemue, recently came to both Glasgow's Theatre Royal and Edinburgh's King's Theatre. (Dulcie Gray and Michael Denison, in their blt roles, are still clinging on from the original cast - and now promoted to star billing, just above Kate O'Mara and Angharad Rees.)

Then there are productions that London does not see, but which tour Scotland, TAG Theatre's Scots Quair, which ran successfully throughout the Edinburgh Festival, has recently played at the Citizens Theatre; and the staging of Jakob Lenz's The Soldiers, which Philip Prowse directed and which opened during the same festival is a Citizens proto its Clasgow place of origin. Clasgow also gets to see productions from Edinburgh theatre, such as the Royal Lyce-um's A Midsummer Night's Dream, the second production by the Lyceum's artistic direc-tor Kenny Ireland, which recently transferred to G gow's Theatre Royal for a fort-

But the two contrasting forces that probably do most to define Glasgow theatre are its old music hall tradition on the one hand and "the Citz" on the other. The music-hall tradition, whose influence percolates through to the comic roles in the Edinburgh Lyceum's stagings of classic draina, erupts in the pantomime season. (At a time when trad panto is fading from the West End at Christmas, various Glasgow venues this December will offer productions of Robin Hood, Dick Whittington, Jack and the Beanstalk, Beauty and the Beast, Snow White and Mr McScrooge.)

The Citizens Theatre is a source of another kind of vitality, enlarging Scottish theatre

was on Tuesday night. Inside the Tate Gallery

the well heeled, black tied, glit-

see the money consumed by

flames. Slightly behind dead-

line Whiteread emerged, prom-

ising she would give the cash

doubt where the real

artistic avant-garde



Don Juan is at home in Glasgow

rather than carrying on old Scottish or English traditions. Since 1969 It has built up a complex reputation, a reputation_that includes sexiness, glamour, freshness, irony, camp, daring and more. It has presented classics in radical new - versions, introduced unknown European classics to Britain, developed new ways of adapting famous works of liter-ature to the stage, and pres-ented lively new plays.

The Citz Christmas non-pantomme, show, opening next week, will be The Lion, The Witch and the Wardrobe Meanwhile the two smaller auditoria have been launched other productions. There is little to commend in A Stinging Sea, by ·Vivien Adam and directed by Maggie Kinloch, currently in the theatre's smallest space: a crummy psychodrama set on a Hebridean island about a man, oman and a ghoul who var lously represents the boy the man once was, the children the woman has abandoned for him, the foetus she once aborted, and the child one or other of them would like to have. Plenty of sex (increasingly joyless), even more screaming, but weak female acting and

several narrative clichés. Upstairs in the Circle Studio, however, the staging of Goldoni's Don Juan -translated and directed by Robert David MacDonald - is a thrill No Don Juan tells quite the same story, and Goldoni's variants are part of this version's "excitement. Here. Donna Anna and Duke Octavio dislike each other and are only engaged with extreme reluctance; Elisa (the peasant Zerlina character) constantly tells lies to string along her men: Donna Isabella (the Elisa, There are less surprises Elvira character, already deceived by Juan) pursues her former lover in male disguise, and finds herself drawn to Octavio, her new protector (Anna even denounces ber, falsely, as Octavio's mistress); and Anna's father, the Commendador, only appears as a living figure, not as a

vengeful statue. When finally Juan is shown to have tricked all the women, and is trapped in sanctuary, he begins to rave hysterically:

Alastair Macaulay spends a happy evening with Goldoni at the Citz

"Elisa - Isabelia - Anna -He dies when the ceiling collapses upon him, but this act of God is the only hint of supernatural intervention in the play. All is rational, witty, dangerous, charged. (This is the British premiere of Goldoni's version: it is astonishing that we have done without it so long.)

The most remarkable character of all is Anna – a proud schemer, torn between virginal devotion to her father and sensual attraction to Juan, determined to resist Octavio at all costs and half-repulsed by Juan's more brusque advances. yet prepared at first to marry Juan even after he has killed her father. What a role! She is as complex, cold and cruel as one of Racine's heroines. But I was amazed too by the duplicitous determination of about Juan himself, but Goldoni fleshes out his lethal, Godless selfishness and bubris with telling detail.

I should love to see a Don. Juan festival - maybe at Edinburgh? - In which this Goldoni was included, alongside those other versions by Tirso de Molina, Molière, Gluck, Mozart, Byron, Zorilla, Strauss, Shaw and Horváth. The only flaw in MacDonald's production is that is Andrew Wilde's chilling Juan lacks sensual allure. But the staging has psychological depth, glamour, tension, and spirit. (Andrea Hart as Anna exemplifies all these factors.)

But I should love also to see a Goldoni festival. This year is the bicentenary of his death, hy tha way; and the more you see of his work, the more Just compare - to name but three - Strehler's revelatory and humane staging of Le Baruffe chiozzotte (brought last year to the National), the RSC's current staging of the knockabout Venetian Twins, and this rational and penetrating Don Juan. No British theatre has done more to honour Goldoni than the Citz; this is its eighth Goldoni since 1976. All eight have been translated and directed hy MacDonald. His Don Juan text exemplary: elegant, intelligent, Idiomatic, and never calling attention to its own cleverness. Lucky

Don Juan continues at the Citizens until December 11; A Stinging Sea ends tonight

Jazz More sax please

he curious sight and sound of the Pharoah Sanders Qnartet is causing some excitement, as well as consternation. in its short tour of the UK. The American tenor saxophonist, who first came to prominence heside the late, great John Coltrane, has found something of a cult following among the jazz dance fraternity lately. As sometimes happens with the unconventional, and non-commercial, he is also undergoing critical re-appraisal hy the pnrists, as torch bearer of what Coltrane hegan in the 1960s (he died in 1967).

It was the Coltrane followers who played up the jazz boom of the late 1980s with their tough hlowing, get-ontta-mayway style, so appropriate for those restless times. During the same period Sanders, whose own harsh sheets of sound were confined to the West coast, was making records that would be snapped np (and sampled) for the dance floor in the 1990s as interest in the new generation of saxophonists began to pall.

Thus the prospect of Sand-ers' carved mahogany features and long white fringe of a beard, inscrutable behind dark glasses and scorching tenor, drew an interesting selection of the jazz listening public to this smoky little club - from the middle aged hippies made good to the hep habitues of Camden Lock.

Most would have felt a little sbortchanged. For someone billed (inaccurately) as "the greatest tenor saxophonist on this earth" in the promotional blather, Sanders could at least have devoted more time to the instrument. Wednesday's set opened with a lengthy percussion workshop from the quar-tet, employing talking drums and shakers, Sanders bellowing "There will be peace and happiness" aggressively Into the microphone. To a huge and approving rush from the audience, he then set about the sax with some exuberant and often hair-raising spllt reed technique. The effect is rather like cleaning your ears out with

wire wool. But the excitement was shortlived. As the band - William Henderson (piano), Alex Blake (bass) and Sherman Ferguson (drums) - surged ahead enthusiastically, Sanders stepped ont, returning occasionally to shout or shake and even beat his chest comically. Miserly rations of caustically liberating tenor technique illicited screams from the andience, as did some fleet and funky fret work from Blake, but the most plaintive voice of them all was the one begging for more sax. Instead. Sanders began to beat a large copper bowl with a mallet.

As with the Sanders sound so it is with the performance it seems. You have to take the rough with the smooth.

Garry Booth

Dingwalls, Camden; Bristol Trinity Arts Centre (Sun) and Manchester Al's Cafe (Mon)

tage Minister Peter Brooke (to

The What? The Iron Man

Alastair Macaulay writes to his teenage niece

ear Kate, Well, if I'd known long in advance that Pete Townshend had written his new rock opera for children "as a Dad". I'd have asked you to join me for the first night. He adapted it from the original story hy Ted Hugbes - who wrote it for his children. Whoever expected a tale by the Poet Laureate to be turned into a rock musical? Wall, if Andrew Lloyd Wehber did it to

T.S. Eliot (Cats)... Since it's a rock musical, you will think it would suit you a whole lot better than it does me - you know how we disagree about Les Mis. and Joseph - hut in this case I'm not sure it would. Hughes wrote the story to belp his chil-dren learn to confront fear. All that side of it would interest you. But I wonder whether the music or the words would get under your skin.

To me, the show's most won derful feature is Anthony Barclay, who plays Hogarth, the central role, the boy wbo makes friends with the huge metal-devouring iron man, conquers his fear, and wins round everyone else. Barclay has been in several very different musicals in recent years -Assassins, The Fontasticks, Children of Eden - and he always makes a good impres-sion. Hogarth is not the big demanding role he deserves at this point in his career, but he plays it with such simple integ-

rity that he sweeps you up. He never does any of that bright-eyed musical-comedy cutie-pie stuff I hate so much; he has the kind of bones and dark eyes that are perfect for an idealistic young hero; and when the shows really lets him sing (not often enough), he can. (One of the show's mistakes is that, in trying to make Hogarth sound boyish, it sets his music high; and Barclay is asked to croon most of it in a pale half-tenor. It's not much of a musical that stops its leading role from having a really

good sing, is it?)
Almost everything else about
the show is less than wonderful, but a lot better than dreadful. It doesn't always tell its story clearly - which could make a young audience restless. I have a hunch yon haven't read Hughes's tale, but probably better (if you go) if the story takes you by surprise. The words are surprisingly intelligent - not surprising when Townshend drew them from a story by the Poet Laureate, but surprising when you think of most recent musicals. Nothing smart-alec about them, and not too much heavy rhyming; but nothing corny or soupy either.

Not quite enough of the music is really rock. (Do admit you never expected to hear me say that.) Too much of it is tuneless and beatless - like ponderous recitative - trying desperately to be expressive.

hut without impulse. Parts are discordant (daring in a musi-cal); other parts are almost like the things children chant in playgrounds. But suddenly ere are songs that loom out and catch everyone up. A Star Spirit sings "Don't be afraid of the night" twice in Act One, a beautiful rising melody. In Act Two, she returns as a man-eating Space Dragon and sings "1 want fast food fast", kind of

David Thacker, who helped Townshend to adapt the story, is also the director. As you know, rock musicals usually depend on scenery and special effects. This one has a huge 20-foot-high iron man who takes a few lumbering steps to and fro; the she-Dragon goes high in a trapeze; there is any amount of scrap metal onstage (the woman next to me said "I'd like to have a good rummage"). In the hig fight it's not clear at first whether the Iron man is wielding fire on her or has been set on fire by her. But special effects aren't really the point (a plus in my book, but

maybe not in yours). The Iron Man is really about psychology about learning to handle fear and aggression - and it ends optimistically.

I'm glad you all toved seeing Lcs Mis. over half-term. No. I haven't changed my mind about it, I'm afraid. Let's talk about it at Christmastime. Love from your wicked uncle

in the hig city.
P.S. What I'd actually like to know most is whether you've heard of Pete Townshend. (My taxi driver, who was born in 1962, hadn't.) When I was your age and younger, he was a hig name with The Who. See if your father still has LPs of their music: I used to borrow them from him in the 1960s. To my mind, the stuff he was writing then still has more edge today. It still sounds as if he needed to write it, whereas The Iron Man sounds like a task he had set himself.

The Iron Man continues at the Young Vic until Fehruary 12. Sponsored by The Evening



Off the Wall/Antony Thorncroft Prize bed of nails

terati were clapping to the ech-oes the news that Rachel Whiteread had won the Turner Prize, and £20,000, for her plaster cast of a room. Outside, the K Foundation, which has devoted around £200,000 to exposing the hollowness of the Turner, had nailed £40,000 in notes to a picmost axpressive mockery of ture frame tied to the railings of the Gallery, and was taunting Whiteread to come and colthe events inside the Tate. lect her prize for being voted the worst artist among the Turner short list of four - or

In terms of mind expanding innovation, and the creation of a challenging example of conceptualism, the K Foundation won hands down. It had staged an event, performance art of the highest order. Nailing notes to an empty frame was a

Once again the Turner has exposed the elistist sectarianism of contemporary art. The Prize is controlled by the Patrons of New Art, a small clique of dealers and collectors who invariably select artists that they either trade in or buy. It made a change that the

winner was not a sculptor handled by the Lisson Gallery. Instead it was an artist who works abroad and has pursued one idea - making casts of everyday objects of a size that can only fit into museums.

The jury made fools of itself in suggesting that Whiteread's work, "by exploring such themes es memory, death. community, isolation and homelessness, stimulates pub-lic awareness of these significant issues." The local council at Bow, which had Whiteread's latest commission, the cast of a house, thrust upon it, showed its stimulation by also voting

No one can doubt where the true pioneers of 20th century art - the Dadaists, the Surreal ists, the conceptualists, would be on this issue - outside in the cold, garlanding with notes the empty frame. Less exalted collectors of contemporary art are well served this waek end at London's

Cork Street. For the second

year running this hazaar

devoted to 20th century art is

open all of Saturday and Sun-

on Tuesday night - to knock

the house down this week end.

The first event was a great success, with galleries like Wiliam Jackson attracting 2,000 visitors, equal to about three months usual throughput. All the galleries, including the mighty Waddington, are concentrating on "affordable art". Dealers have finally accepted that to beat the recession they must grow a new generation of collectors, whose cheque books start at £1,000 or so, or even

Lord Palumbo, chairman of the Arts Council, used this week's annual Prudential Awards to mix soft soap and tough talk as he railied the massed ranks of the arts infantry to go over the top against cuts in subsidy in next Tuesday's Budget. He praised to the skies the Heri-

hollow laughter) while stridently making the economic and spiritual case for the arts. He even managed a threat. Prudential had told him that its continued support for the arts depended on the government maintaining its contribution: business was not going to make good any shortfall in state funding, in fact the Pru thinks that sponsoring the arts makes good commercial sense. It invests £800,000 a year in its awards and although most of the money goes on advertising and promotion it still hands over cheques worth £265,000, generally to experimental arts ventures, who must spend the

one this year was the Shobana Jeyasingh Dance Company. It had already received £25,000 as the winner of the dance category. The Pru is raising the stakes next year, adding a film and television category to dance, music, theatre, opera and the visual arts. Shobana Jeyasingh was a

money on creating new works.

The winner of the £75,000 hig

slightly odd that In its five years of existence the Pru's top prize has three times gone to modern dance – Rambert and Dance Umbrella were previous winners. This would be fine if modern dance was enjoying a popular renaissance hut in fact andiences have been falling and some leading practitioners, like London Contemporary Dance, are in crisis. Perhaps tha obviousness of modern dance gives it an edge over other art forms in the eyes of the final judging panel.

When time stood still. Loach's excellent film, Raining

are vivid moments from Lee Ross as a 1980s

over-entrepreneur who stays in

touch with the markets via a

hox of stolen portable phones.

he Royal Court Theatre Upstairs is a small space, and the first thing you notice ehout the set of *Hammett's* Apprentice is that the seating has been reduced to five rows hy a needlessly large stage. Everything else about the production is over-extended. Time itself seems to move slowly during the 150 minute play; or perhaps that is just the effect of altitude in the Upstairs studio.

Hammett's Apprentice hy Kevin Hood charts the emotional career of Mary, Cambridge mathematician and hellicose feminist. She is haunted by one of the Tolpuddle martyrs (James Hammett from Dorset in the 1830s), plagued by a dreadful mother, and troubled by a dying grandmother. Mary meets Alistair whilst attempting suicide from the 15th floor, lives with him, and takes him home to her grandmother's funeral. It makes lumbering drama. The play has the feel of Ken

ART GALLERIES TRIBAL ART 22 Nov-22 Dec 1883 Mon-Fit. 12-6.00 Sat. 10-1.00 BLMS LESTIPRS 1-5 Filkcroft St. Landon WC3H 8DH 071 838 6747

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Stones, ahout the same and issues strong enough to sustain a plot. Catholic working class culture. But Hommett's Apprentice

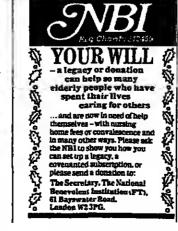
Repeatedly, characters present their histories as lacks a moral, spiritual and dramatic centre. There is little to be learned historically and less to he gleaned psychologically. intrinsically interesting, and the action falters into a series of encounters between people trawling though the past. However, Hood writes well Stage drama happens in the enough to suggest a waste of present. Hammett's Apprentice effort. And the superh acting of runs parallel to where it Ewan Hooper and Mary sbould, and needs to be trimmed down, put into the MacLeod as the grandparents sustains the interest if not the present and adapted for radio. action of the evening. There

Andrew St George

Royal Court Theatre Upstairs (071 730 1745)







The Met as it might have been

Susan Moore finds the refurbished galleries doing a traditional job

he greatest compliment that can be paid to the design of a picture gallery is to realise that one soon ignores it. Such is the success of the new 19th century European paintings and sculpture galleries at the Met-ropolitan Muscum in New York that the visitor presumes this is more or less how they originally looked. The pleasing proportions and restrained decoration of the Beaux-Arts classicism, the coherent layout of the galleries and their sympa-thetic lighting, are all taken for granted. It is the works of

art that compel our attention. The Met's latest refurbishent is worthy of a new chapter in the history of museology hecause it is not a straightforward exercise in the restoration of period rooms, as seen in, say, the National Gallery of Scotland. Since the opening of lts permanent galleries in 1880. the Met has been in a state of perpetual reconstruction. These new galleries were fashioned out of a 1970s glass and limestone shed of an extension the size of a football pitch. They were conceived to look as though designed by McKim, ead & White - the architects of the Fifth Avenue facade – at the turn of the century. We are presented with picture galleries as they might have beeo

but never were. David Harvey, the museum's senior exhibition designer, working with the curator. Gary Tinterow, and the Philadelphia architect, Alvin Hnlm, has played it straight. The classical language of architecture is employed literately and without apology - and without any tiresome Post Modernist distortion of detail. The historicism is particularly appropriate given that most Impressionist and Post-Impressionist art was intended for Beaux-Arts interiors. Nonetheless, the design betrays the defeatism - or is it pragmatism? - of our age. It effectively concedee that for non-contemporary art the

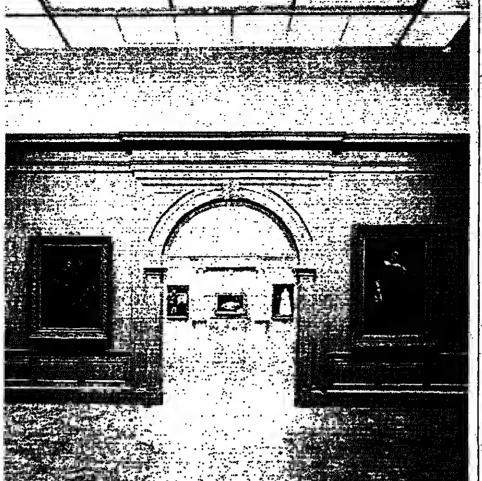
sculpture and picture galleries of Soane and Schinkel cannot be bettered.

Certainly the state-of-the-art former installation was found sadly wanting after only a decade. In the spirit of the Beaubourg, it offered e vast, bright, open-plan space studded with "flexible" star-shaped screens that provided a coofusing multiplicity of vistas and proved too cumhersome tn move. Not least of the merits of reverting tn traditional gallerles is that wall space is increased by 30 per ceot. Significantly, it was the

Met's curatorial team, and the collactinn itself, that determined the design, size and disposition of the galleries Presumably Ite director and trustees were wary of vesting absolute power in the relatively new breed of superstar architects who have been allowed to impose their vision on museum design regardless of the works of art within. There is none of the visual belligerence that characterises, say, Gae Aulenti'e Musée D'Orsay in Paris or James Stirling's Clore Gallery in London which sets superb Turners in an airport

The 200ft by 120ft space has been divided into a sequence of 21 galleries. To the south runs a main corridor which, with a ood to the Louvre's Grands Galerie, has been widened to display large Salon paintings and 19th century sculpture, From there one moves into galleries devoted neo-Classicisim, Romanticism and the Barbizon painters and oo to galleries whose wall space is tailor-made for ths museum's holdings of individual artists. Thus intimate spaces are provided for Degas pastels and Degas sculpture while the central double square is given over to a bravura display of Manet. One is made aware throughout of the generosity of

mueeum's



benefactors, from H.O. and Louisine Havemeyer, Degas's first American patrons, to the Hon Walter H. Annenberg and Mrs Anneobsrg who cootributed nearly half of the nsw galleries \$11-12m construction costs. The Annenbergs to bequeath their superb collection to the Met in 1990, made after seeing the model of the new gallsries, reveals how important the presentation of works of art has become in museum politics. The collection was widely believed to be going to Philadelphia.

The promised Annenberg bequest of 53 works of art, a great coup for the Met's director Philippe de Philippe Montebello, will make the museum's Impressionist and Post Impressionist collection

arguably the finest outside Paris. The extent to which it will complement existing holdings is revealed by its display in three of the new galleries, until December 12. Gary Tinterow is to be congratulated for the subtlety of his hang which uses the vistas through the galleries to integrate this separate group with the collection beyond. It is possible, for instance, to stand in the same place to view both the Annenberg and Met portraits by Cézanns of his Uncle Dominic as a monk, and Van Gogh's "Wheatfield with Cypresses" of 1889 and the "Cypresses" of the sams year. Tinterow offers any number of thonghtful resonancee throughout the galleries. The

only drawback of the vistas is that they impel the visitor to

The most controversial aspect of this modestly revisionist hang has proved to be the re-instatement of so many of the academic Salon paintings that had previously languished in store, and their prominent position. Bouguereaus and Cabanals are undeniably kitsch to modern sensibilities, but they do provide an appropriate foil to the Baryes and Rodins. They are even more relevant to the understanding of the Realists and Impressionists beyond. If there is one small gripe, it

about the colour of the gallery walls. The muted greens and blues immediately strike the wrong note. Obviously the sludge and slurry bues of the 1970s - and the decade'e antipathy to dark reds and cinnamons - have not Records

Paris-orientated pleasures

cated stockings here are three one-composer packs of transfers to CD, each Paris-orientated, promising houre of asure. The "Tresors Phonographiques de Jacques Offenbach" MM 34016, 3 CDs (British distributor Discovery Records, overseas Virgin France SA) contain excerpts from 21 Offen-bach operettas by some 30 artists. They come from a private collection, spanning the time of wax cylinders up to the outbreak of the second world war. A feast, then, of humour, satire, irresistible rhythm and some of the best tunes ever written. Of course the sound varies, but transfers are well made – there is little of the old hiss-and-scratch

Among the performers are opera stars like Emma Calvé sailing serenely through the Letter Song in La Périchole and Jussi Bjoerling, superbly carol-ling (in Swedish) Paris's songabout the three goddesses from La Belle Hélène. Mireille Berthon is in top form as the Grand Duchess of Gerolstein, gleefully confessing her weakness for the military, and as the bogus Colonel's widow in La Vie parisienne. Old favourites incinde Yvonne Printemps, sending up operatic sopranos who hold on to their notes too long (in "Dites lui", another of the Grand Duchess's indiscretions) and Reynaldo Hahn, . inimitably narrating two num-bers from La Boulangère n des écus to his own accompani-

As for the lighter stage, some of whose bright lights have little or no claim to singing voices, they excel when itimpenitent official in Les Brigands who has blown a large. sum of public money on women and admits he has every intention of doing so again if opportunity occurs. Some cover both worlds, like the Opera-Comique baritone Louis Musy, who with his wife so deftly and crisp projects another excerpt from Les Brigands, describing the tramp, tramp of the approaching cara-binleri, late as usual. I must not forget two emi-

Covent Garden is less con-

cerned to develop new audi-

or choosy, sophistinent visitors from the legiti-cated stockings here mate stage, Madeleine Renaud and Pierre Bertin, in an Alsatian dialect duet from Lischen et Fritzchen. Some knowledge of the colourful background of the collapse of the Second Empire and the beginnings of the Third Republic after the war of 1870 will help. So, frankly, will knowledge of French Imagine a non-English-speaking French listener landed with the lyrics in Iolanthe or Patience. But you couldn't want more agreeable

> Absolutely right for those fascinated by the musico-dramatic byways in Paris from the mid-1890s to the mid-1920s is "Les Inspirations insolites d'Erik Satie" (French EMI, CZS

Ronald Crichton makes his choice for sophisticated stockings

7 62877 2, 2 CDs). The "unusual inspirations" include some of the most remarkable products of the most unusual and eccentric of leading French compos-ers, the little man with a bowler hat, beard, pince-nez, overcoat and fetish-umbrella. He played the plane in bars but was, in the words of his teacher Roussel, prodigiously musical". His short, satirically or mystifyingly named pieces still tease, perpiex and delight in about equal measure. Not all the works here trans-

ferred from recordings of the 1970s are unfamiliar - the dreamy, almost motionless; well-loved Gymnopédies orchestrated by Debussy, for example. Two I did not know, the doleful Les Pantins Dan sent (Puppets dancing) and the Choses vues for violin and piano are delightful. Three longer, more demanding works, literally extraordinary are worth getting to know in these high-definition performances. Satie called his Socrate a "symphonic drama" but the description would hardly have occurred to anyone else. It is a deliberately plain, unemo-tional, evenly-paced setting of Plato's account of the end of

Socrates' life, given here in the version for four female voices (Danielle Millet, Andrea Guiot, Andrée Esposito, Mady Mesplé) and orchestra. Geneviève de Brabant is a miniature drama (with sones) intended for puppets. Mady Mesple sings poor, suffering Ceneviève's songs sweetly. Strangest of all is Le Piège de

Méduse (Medusa's trap) a "oneact comedy with songs" about a Baron Medusa and his entourage, included a stuffed mechanical monkey which dances and an insolent servant, Polycarp. Geneviève and Le Plège are graced by the dis-tinguished actor-musician Pierre Bertin whose virtuoso speaking almost makes up for the absence of texts in the notes. All three major works are conducted by Pierre Derveux. There is a useful note on Satie in the new Viking Opera Guide. Further information and vivid background material will be found in James Harding's book Erik Satie.

Among the most devoted of Satie'e colleagues was Milhaud, one of a group who, at the family's request, penetrated the mble room where Satie had lived for years and where no-one was invited. Geneviève de Brobant was among the unknown works they found There. Two of Satie's songs are included as a tribute in Darius Milhaud enregistrement historiques 1928-1948 (The Classical Collector 150 122, 3 CDs.). Riches indeed - the hittersweet Saudades for plano, once so strange-sounding now is so natural, and Le Boeuf sur le toit, both deriving from Milhaud's time in Brazil; La Cre ation du monde, surely de most euccessful mating of jazz and classical; the three tiny "operas-minute" opera on classical subjects (complete); not least, the popular Scaramouche for two pianos played by the composer and Marcelle Meyer. Other distinguished performers are the conductor Desormières, the planist Marguerite Long and, among the singers, the baritone Martial Singher and the invaluable Jane Bathori, a soprano who gave immumerable first performances for the younger composers in those

ot many people can whistle the airs from Smetana's

Widows. By all accounts it is a iolly, tnneful, light opera, ideal for the Christmas trade. Bot Eoglish National Opera knows it cannot fill the vast 2.358 seat Coliseum with such a little known work without a considerable marketing effort. It is contemplating playing the music down telephone lines so that anyone who needs convincing that they will enjoy it

can get a taster.

There will also be a special offer, four seats for the price of three, to encourage cele ory parties. The same deal will cover the other holiday pro-duction, Die Fledermaus. It is all part of the ENO's intensified effort to sell more seats. In recent years its audience has decilned inexorably, to 63 per ceot of capacity last sea-

As the Londno theatre belatedly fecls the sffects of the recession (West End ticket recently when, to fill some

Hitting the right note to fill the seats

sales are down 1 per cent on last year), the twn opera bouses, the ENO and the Royal Opera House, Covent Garden, are looking towards Imagina tive marketing schemes to attract audiences and shore up revence. They are well aware that deciloing attendances hardly help their case for more

subsidy from the Arts Council. But while the two Houses consider plans to build audiences they are well aware of the pitfalls. Both heve loyal, hedrnck, snpporters (whn rarely overlap). They are terri-fied that embracing cut price promotions and special offers with too much entbusiasm will allenate their regular patrons and increase the current curse of the West End last minute bookings.

The Royal Opera House experienced the problem

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VIENNA BOYS CNOIR ONRISTMAS CONCERT Oscray
Stangelberger (cond) Prog inc Offenbech Monsieur et Medame Denis;
Seasonal carols by Brahms, Kodély & Franck, J.Strauss II Waltzes &
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AAMS

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Wollgang Sawatilisch (cond) Laonidae Kavalkos (violin) Egik French
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domestica. C28, C20, E17, C13, C8, C5

Lon Phil

domestica. 236, 220, £17, £13, £8, £5

*Lon Phili
KRONOS GUARTST & Fodey Muse Buso. Andriesses Facing
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No 2 prem a new work by Fodey Muse Suso, the lorar player featured
on their Pacco of Africa album. £15, £10, £5.

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erch. £9, £4 unresonved

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TIME FOR BEETHOUSEN CONCERTO FESTIVAL Londor Soloids Chamber Orch, David Josefowitz (cond) Bestivoren Ov Prometheus: Prio Cone No.1. Romanca No.2 in F. Triple Cone Supported by The Fridart Foundation. E14, £12, £0, £7 "LSCO"

BBG SYMPHONY ORGHESTRA Radio 3 Polish Sesson.
Matthia & Amort (cond). Krysatof Smlatana violin Massian
L'Asconson Szymanowski Violin Concero No.2 Gorseki Symphony
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BBC Radio 3 FM

No. 1. CJ, C4 (unreserved) BBC Risks 3 FM
MARIA JOAO PIRES, AUGUSYIN QUMAT & OARY
MOFFMAN (clano trio) Inti Chamber Muelc Series Jarhms Sonata
No.3, Mozart Sonata in G, Schubert Sonata (Arpeggiane) Brahms Trio
No.2 Op.87 C15, C13, C9.50, 68 Internusical SBC

No.2 Op.37 15, C13, 59-50, 50

STAN TRACEY SO Years of Music. Stan Tracey's groups play music from Portraits Plus, Genesis & Pompoli Suite as well as his solo & big band arrangements of Monk, Ellington & a new duo with Derard Presencer. C12.50, C10, C7.50

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LONIOON MOZART PLAYERS Paul Sector (cond) Ivan Moravec
(prio) Hayden Sym No.7 (Le Mid); Mezart Plano Cond in C. K.503, Plant
Cantus in memorian Benjamin Briton; Mertinu Double Cond for String
Orch, Prio & Price. C18, C15, £11, £8

Orch, Pne & Perc. C18, C15, C11, E8

ACADEMY OF ST MARTIN IN THE FIELDS Kenneth Billito (Girvini Robert Smisson (vic) Mozart Sym No. 15; Stamitz Sinfonio Concernate; Douglas Welland Divertmento (1st UK peri); Hayda Sym No. 45 (Forewell) £14, £12, £10, £8, £6

OLIBERT O'SULLIVAN IM COMCERT Singing his chart-bushing hits - Clair, Alona Again (Noturelly), No Matter How I Try, W WIL, Nothing Rhymed, MC - with a string quartet as well as his regular musicians. £13, £11, £9, £7.50

Park Prome

unsold capacity, it offered 13 seats for Eugene Onegin, ranging in price up to £85, for just £15 to members of its staff, and to the staff of the Royal Academy, with which it has friendly links. News of the promotion leaked out and the box office was busy placating opera lovers seeking similar treatment. The aim is to dispose of empty seats without upsetting traditional subscribers. At all costs the two Houses want to avoid introdu-

cing a bucket-shop image to a trip to the opera or ballet. ENO and Covent Garden are taking different approaches to the same end. Although the ENO does make 58 seats available on the day at discount prices (£18 for the stalls; £6 for the gallery), and carries special offers for less popular operas through commercial radio and magazines like Time Out, its amhition is to sell more seats through attracting new andiences rather than reducing seat prices to its existing one. It is working on a special promotion which will

offer discounts to schools and

three weeks, to mark the 60th birth-

days of Peoderecki and

Gorecki, and the 75th aninver-

sary of the end in 1918 of

Poland's partition. Mostly It is about Polish music and musi-

cians, not for me to assess; but

adio 3 is running a Polish season over

to community groups.

This has yet to be launched. In the meantime the ENO will ntinue to target certain markets for particular productions that need help at the box office. There is no need to cut prices on its new La Bohème, which the other Saturday played to 105 per cent capacity thanks to an influx of stand-

ing them complimentary seats in the bope that the tuneful songs would later feature on their play lists. But discounting is perilous. The ENO much prefers to encourage its core andience by offering a free 24 hour booking service and discounts in car parking until it gets the major promotion

Antony Thorncroft on the marketing strategies of London's opera houses

ing room only aficionades. But aimed at new audiences off the the juxtaposition in the repertory of Figuro's Wedding and The Barber of Seville, which share at least one character in common, made it seem natural to offer a discount on the Rossini opera to buvers of Figuro

Another recent production, Street Scene, is virtually unknown despite its origin as a Broadway musical. The ENO took a mailing shot to First Call subscribers, pushing its bistory as a 20th century musical. It also made a media drive for radio producers, giv-

The need to hoost ENO attendances has been intensi-

Garden. In September Covent Garden launched a guaranteed ticket for £10 in a promotion with the FT. This attracted 17,000 responses, and will dispose of most of the unsold seats in the current season. The first performance of a triple bill of three modern bal-lets, a notoriously difficult programme to sell. was packed, thanks to 200 FT readere in the audience.

community groups. It also has two advantages over its rival down the road. It has fewer empty seats to fill last season its dance performances had a capacity of 87 per cent and opera 85 per cent. And it has more flexibility over its programming: ENO would find it financially fied by the success of Covent counter-productive to cancel performances of an unpopular opera production but Covent Garden can switch its dance

programmes, as it did last season when more offerings of Tales of Beatrix Potter were slotted in at the expense of the ailing Prince of the Pagodas. Covent Garden is also working on a long term solution to lifting audiences. It is based on the frequent flier schemes of airlines. As you huy tickets

tury chapel and a basketball-

Yesterday Włodek Lesiecki

ences. It fulfils its commitcourse certain, more challenging, productions earn more points than others. The aim is to access through broadcasting, and the Midland to deliver audiences of around Bank Proms and simultaneous screenings on the plazza. With 92 per cent of capacity, and lts average seat price much the promotion is likely to higher than that at the Coli-seum it sees ilttle potential in come into force next season. building on the databank of marketing Itself to schools or potential new supporters that

ADRIPHI, Street, 181 (971-59-1985)
Sunset Boulevard Booking to April 199Bate-Charing Cross. Pricer Cil-Cil-90 T000s.

ALBEROLS: Martin Lanc. Tel 971.847-2115
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yon acquire points, and points

can be converted into seats. Of

the Royal Opera gained through the FT promotion. Both Houses have improved recent years by cutting costs. But they still have substantial deficits. With the near certainty that the Arts Co will have to reduce its subsidy by 2 per cent cext year, it is more vital than ever that box office revenue is increased. The secret lles in finding an approach which boosts income without discounting the value of the product.

The Official London Theatre Guide

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Radio/B.A. Young All Poles together

there are other features on Polish theatre and current social On Saturday there was an interesting talk on the theatre. In this country we may think of Polish theatre in the light of Grotowski and Kaotor, well received by critics, less so by the public. Their work was a kind of dramatic emotion, but it expressed no overt politics, so the Communists gave it no ban - and no subsidy. The outstanding house was the Stary in Krakow, playing classics to both public and government

inadequate audiences. There is room for action. Appropriately, the Sunday play was Slavomir Mrozek's Slaughterhouse, translated by Ralph Manheim, a horrid satire

approval, as it still does, with

occasional foreign works. But

Poland has 65 state theatres,

with inadequate subsidy and

might be replaced by killing. The violinist hero (Nigel Anthony) is responsible; he accidentally brings to life a bust of Paganini, and the new live Paganini becomes a virtuoso butcher, his earlier desire. Butchery replaces music in the public mind; at the climax, the butcher hero, as he now is, is billed to perform on the Phil-

harmonic platform a coocerto for two bulls. The theme is valid indeed, the public subjection to fasbionable bsliefs. Mrozek gives too little to his sub-themes, the selfish love of the violinist's mother (Patricia Routledge) or the violinist's weakness for a friendly girl flautist (Emily Richard). The hero does not appear for his bull-concerto,

where it is proposed that the possibly for one of those hold that art has on the public causes, but the performance is not cancelled; the Philharmonic President calls for a substitute from the house. But the play cunningly ends before he gets a reply. Some good short pro-grammes illustrated Polish life

and times. The political change has made little difference -"we are social democrats" but the press is freer. Table Talk dealt with the delights of the Polish kitchen, the accent (as throughout the week) being on Krakow rather than Warsaw. In Snapshots, presenter Bogdan Frymorgan told of the "cavalry", the underground Bohemians of the 1980s who now direct their liberty to the TV. He gave an interesting talk too about tha Wielieczka saltmines that cootsin a 17th-cen-

gave a talk-com-concert of tra-ditional Polish music, as enjoyable as it was interesting, and far more up my strest than Time and Silence, the first of Brian Morton's six - six! pieces on Polish jazz. There was little of this until about 1956, just when I think jazz began to die. Since we have strayed into

jazz, on Tuesday Radio 2 gave a programme on Lorenz Hart, to my mind the best popular lyrlc-writer ever, and this I had to hear. It was dramatised. with David Suchet as the gay. drinking, unreliable Hart and Jack Klaff as the composer Richard Rodgers, to whom Hart had to explain internal rhymes and feminine endings, before putting them so cleverly into his songs. Lorelei King sang – "My heart stood still", "Mountain greenery", "Manhattan" and more, not a dud among them. __

Chess Nn 998: 1 Bg1 (threat 2 Qi2). If hxg1Q 2 Bxb7, or hxg1N 2 Bi1, or Qi3 2 Qxh2, or Kxg1 2

b5 20 f3! Black hoped for 20

cxb5, Bd5 soon regaining the

Bc6 21 e4 bxc4 22 bxc4 e5 23 Qa1 Ra8 24 Qxa2 Rxa2 25 d5

Bb7 26 Rb1 Ba6 27 c5! dxc5 28

f4! Perhaps only bere did Black realise that bis queen-side

strategy had failed. If exf4 29 e5

31 Ral Rc2? Rxal+ and Nf8 is a

stiffer defence. 32 Rxa6 Rxc3

33 Ra8+ Kh7 34 e8 fxe6 35

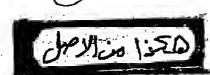
dxe6 Nf6 36 e7 Rc1+ 37 Kf2

Rc2 38 Ke1 Resigns

b5 29 fxe5 Ng4 30 Bxg4 bxg4

pawn with advantage.

wins a piece.



TELEVISION

BBC1

And the second second

7.00 Lande. 7.25 News. 7.30 Mythical Magical Creatures. 7.40 Felix the Ce2. 7.55 Peter Pan and the Printes. 8.20 Mediene Martown Investigates. 8.40 7cm and Jerry's Greatest Hits. 8.00 Live and Kinking.

12.12 Weather. 12.15 Grandel

कार्ति वर्षात्रक वर्षात्र विद्वानक संवर्षित वर्ष

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Weather.
Grandstand, introduced by Steve
Rider. 12.20 Football Focus, Letest
action from the FA Premiership.
12.25 Racing from Newbury: The
12.30 Bonusprint Gerry Feilden Hurdle.
12.40 Football Focus. 12.55
Racing: The 1.00 Alzo Long Distance Hurdle.
1.10 News. 1.15
Rugby Union. 1.25 Racing: The 1.35
Hennessy Cognec Gold Cup Hendicap Chase. 1.45 Rugby Union:
England v New Zeeland. Live coverage of the international at Twickenham.
3.30 Snooker: UK
Championship. Semi-timal action. Championship. Semi-final action 3.50 Football Haif-Times. 4.00

Snooker, 4.35 Final Score, Times may vary. 8.15 News. 5.25 Regional News and Sport.

5.30 Happy Familie 6.15 Dad's Army. A Home Guard effi-ciency test throws the ageing volun-teers into a panic. With Arthur Lowe and John Le Mesurier.

6.45 Noel's House Party. The conclud-ing part of the 3D Dr Who adven-7.45 Big Breek, Ray Reardon, Troy Shaw and Ronnie O'Sulliven help contec-tants from Newcastle, Comwell and

Cambridge.

8.15 Casualty. Charile faces an awkward decision when a young hometess girl burns up looking for a place to spend the night.

9.05 Harry. The wily reporter throws a party to celebrate the broadcast of Jonathan's video diary, but gets a shock upon seeing the programme for the first time. His problems, are compounded when an old friend is implicated in a 15-year-old case of police comption. With Michael Elphick and Tom Hollander.

News and Sport: Weather. 10.15 Match of the Day. Deamond Lynem introduces highlights from two of today's FA Premiership matches, busys PA Prenership maches, plus goals and news from remaining flutures. Expert analysis and com-mentary by Alan Hansen, Trevor Brooking, Barry Davies and Clive

11.20 Snooker: UK Championship, The conclusive frames of the second

BBC1

7.25 The High Chaparral, 8.15 Breekfast with Frost. 9.15 Christmas is Coming. 10.00 See Heart 10.30 Witning, 11.00 Careering Ahead, 11.30 The Homan

12.00 Bellamy Rides Again, The vital

importance of nitroger

12.55 Weather for the Week Ahead.

1.03 On the Record, John Humphrys

4.50 Stay Tooped, How animators are

8.15 The Clothes Show. The team visits

5.40 The Borrowers. Pod and Homity face death when a raging flood

8.26 Songs of Praise, Alen Titchmarsh

7.30 Lovejoy. Last in series, with lan McShane, Dudley Sutton, Caroline Langrishe and Malcolm Tierney.

9.05 To Play the King. Urcuhart (lan. Flichardson) is haunted by memor of his ruthless misdeads, and his

10.00 Legendary Traits: In the Footsteps of Buddha. New series. Alexander of Buddha. New series. Alexander Frater sets off on a pligrimage to northern India, where he discovers the influence of Buddhism on gener-

10.50 Film: Apology for Murder. (1986).

ations of devotees.

12.35 Close.

7.00 Last of the Summer Wine.

8.20 Birds of a Feather. Tracey

8.50 News and Weather.

3.00 Film: Ivanhoe. With Elizabeth Taylor ...

becoming more environmentally

London to assess the first collec-

washes them down a dengerous

joins the congregation in Durham Cathedral to celebrate Advent Sun-

becomes manager of a boys' foot-bell team, while a psychic message leads Dorien to believe a passionate fling with an athletic man in black is

just around the corner. Cornedy, starring Pauline Quirke, Linda Rob-son and Lesley Joseph. Last in

troubles are compounded when the

King (Michael Kitchen) argues that politicians should show more

respect for the wishes of ordinery

tions by young student designers at Graduate Fashion Week.

12.30 CountryFile, Rural and

1.00 News.

Artist and the comment of the great state has

reviews the week in politics.

enage of the opening shots from the fine at the Guild Hell, Preston.

BBC2

Open Linkersty. 8.86 Macgregor's Scotland.
 Dhoop Knarey (English subtities). 11.05 Network East, 11.35 Chanalys. (English subtities).

12.15 Film: Victoria the Great Anna Needle stars as Queen Victoria in this historical drama charting episodes in the life of the British monarch (1937).

ation. How the 17th century 2.10 CMS invention of the lens led to revo tionary dis -gong ett theas about the erties of light.

3.00 Film: The Unholy Wife. A bored housewife plans to kill her husband — but unwittingly shoots the wrong but unwritingly shoots the wrong man. With Diana Dors and Rod Stelger (1957). 4.30 Snooker: UK Chempionship. The

concluding session of the first semi-5.56 Scrutiny. New series. Anne Perkins Investigates parliamentary commit-

6.26 News and Sport; Weather.
6.40 Snooter: UK Championanip, Highlights of the decisive setation in the second semi-final.
7.20 The Great Depression. How Hollywood in the 1930s responded to the
Depression, either by mimoring its
worst effects or denying their very
existence. Films and news footage
often contained propagands. often contained propaganda designed to influence public real

to issues such as the plight of Calif-omia'e poor and destitute, a prob-lent which eventually prompted government action and inspired John Steinbeck's accleimed novel, The Grapes of Wrath.

8.15 In the Red. Six volunteers from Bristol examine how money is used in their city.

in their cay.

8.35 Performance: Hedda Gabler. A newlywed woman, dissatisfied with her marriage, is thrown into emotional turnoil by the arrival of an old flame. Stephen Ree heads the powerful cast in this adaptation of Hendikhest-heads. 16.48 Have I Got News for You, Jimmy Terbuck and Vitali Vitaliev join Paul

Menton, Ian Histop and Angus Deayton for the news outz. 11.15 Safe in the Arms of a Catastrophe. A series of programmes to mark World Aide Day begins with this semi-abstract visual drama showing

how a sufferer came to terms with his Mness. . 11.35 Film: Gold Diggers of 1933, With Joan Stondell, Ruby Keeler and

Aline MacMahon (1933).

BBC2

7.15 Poddington Pees: 7.20 Playdays, 7.40 Wishing, 7.50 Telling Tales. 8.05 Blue Peter, 8.55 Aftert the 5th Musiketeer, 8.15 Simon and the Witch, 8.30 TimeBusters, 10.00 Grimmy, 10.25 Grange Htt. 10.50 Growing Up Wild, 11.15 The Boot Street Band, 11.45 The C Zone, 12.00 Stingray, 12.25 pd. Gunamolos, 1.15 The Phil Silvers Show.

1.40 The Living Soon, Oan attends a

2.00 Around Westminster.

. . party thrown by the sister of an ex-girffriend:

2.30 Snooker: UK Championship, Cov-

8.10 Hugby Special England v New Zea-land. Highlights of yesterday's inter-

8.10 One Man and His Dog. Phil Drab-

neis in the singles and brace

7.00 The Money Programme. In 1990, a

apsed, and a comp

London insurance company col-

designed to protect British policy holders was set up to wipe out its

debta. However, most of the credi-tors affected were American, and

serious doubts have been raised as

to whether UK taxpayers should foot the bill for the misfortunes of foreign

throughout the drama centre as Ben Neston and Darrell D'Silva confront

their doubts and fears and join fel-

low students to go on stage for the

try to devise ways of raising money for the Treasury.

icelly increased the scale on which

7.40 Theatre School, Emotions run high

8.10 in the Red. in the penultimate epi-acide, six volunteers from Bristol take on the chancellor's deficit and

8.30 Locomotion. How rall travel dramet-

ically increased the scale on which wars have been fought, enabling far bigger armies with more ammunition to be sent to battle.

9.20 The Broadcast Tapes of Dr Peter: Profile of Dr Peter Jepson-Young, a young Canedian doctor with Akis, who managed to produce more than 100 video diaries detailing his delity battle with the disease.

10.05 Notes and Queries with Cline

bettle with the disease.

10.05 Notes and Querics with Clive
Anderson. Contributors' questions
are enswead on topics ranging from
train spotting to astrology.

10.40 Shooker: UK Championship. David
Vine introduces the concluding
frames of this year's final from the
Guild Hall, Preston. Commentators
include Clive Everton and John

first time.

tion scheme

ble introduces the second semi-fi-

SATURDAY

WIT 5.00 GMTV. 9.25 What's Up Doc? 11.30 The ITV Chart Show. 12.30 pm Movies, Games and Videos.

1.00 TTN News; Weather 1.05 London Today; Weather. 1.10 Film: Joey Boy. Cornedy with Harry Corbett and Stanley Baxter. (1965). 2.45 NBA Basketball, Alton Byrd with an

nour of action highlights 3.45 Who's Who. Gossip and glamour news, including a guided tour around the extravagant home of mil-lionaire antiques dealer Martin Miller.

4.15 Cartoon Time. 4.40 ITN News and Results; Weather. 4.55 London Tonight and Sport; Weather.

5.15 Cartoon.

5.25 Catchphrasa. 5.55 Gladiators. 6.55 Blind Date.

7.55 Murder, She Wrote. New series. Jessica is asked to devise her own Jessica is asked to devise ner own board game, but gets side-tracked when the vice president of the toy company is murdered. With Angel Lansbury, Barbara Beboock, John Hillerman and Joel Fablani. 8.50 ITN News; Weather.

9.00 Weather 9.05 The RIN Sun Hill officers deal with a local resident-turned-vigilante who attacks a drug dealer.

9.36 Film: The Magician. Cive Owen plays a London detective whose investigation into the dealings of a mysterious counterfeiter takes an unexpected turn when an American. businessman steps forward with vital information — can the man be trusted? Crime drama based on a true story, with Peter Howitt, Jerem Kemp and Jey Acovone (TVM 1993).

11.35 Aids - In a New Light '93.
Celebrities discuss the impact Aids has had on their lives. The programme is hosted by Paula Adul and Arsenio Hall, and features showbiz stars, including Etion John, Barry Manilow, Elizabeth Taylor, one Armette, Cindy Conviord

and Luke Perry. 1.05 Film: Tidy Endings. A woman is forced to come to terms with her humband's death from Aids when she meets his gay lover. With Stock-ard Channing and Harvey Flerstein (TVM 1991).

2.05 The Big E; ITN News Headlines. 3.00 Travel Trails. 3.30 New Music. 4.30 European Nine-Ball Pool Masters. 5.30 ITN Morning News.

SUNDAY

LWT

0.00 GMTV, 9.25 The Disney Club, 10.15 Link, 10.30 Sunday Morning, 12.30 pm Crosstatic, London Weether.

2.00 Highway to Heaven. Part one, Jon-athen and Mark face the difficult

task of convincing a crippled boy

that life can still be meaningful.

2.50 The Sunday Match, Watford v Crystal Palace, Live coverage from

5.30 Beside the Sesside. Gavin Weight-man tells the story of how people spent their sesside holidays before the package holiday boom in the

6.30 SeaGuest DSV. The crew contracts

9.00 London's Burning. The tension rises for Beylest as his trial contin-ues. Maggie returns from the Far East, while Joan and Sicknote con-

10.00 Spitting Image. Comedy with the latex puppets.

10.40 The South Bank Show, Two-part

11.45 Sall the World. The fleet reaches

1.15 Get Stuffed; ITN News Headlines

2.10 Get Stuffed: ITN News Headlines.

template a second honeymoon,

special. John Lloyd, script editor of Blackedder, Not the Nina O'Clock

News and Spitting Image, presents his personal guide to British com-edy, charting the success of the

new generation of comedians who have risen to fame over the past 15

years. With contributions from Rik Mayaff, Stephen Fry, John Cleese, Lenny Henry, Jo Brand, Ruby Wax, Vic Reeves and Harry Enfield.

the halfway point on its second-leg voyage from Uruguay to Australia.

a deadly virus after exploring the wreckage of an old space station

which crashed years earlier. With Roy Schelder and Stephanie

1.00 ITN News; Weather,

Vicarage Road.

6.00 London Tonight; Weather.

6.20 ITN News; Weather.

Beacham.

8.30 You've Been Framed

10.30 ITN News; Weather.

10.40 London Weather.

12,15 Cue the Music.

2.15 Derrick.

3.25 Get Stuffed.

8.30 On the Grid.

4.00 Night Heat.

1.20 War of the Worlds.

5.00 Crusade in the Pacific.

7.30 Heartheat.

1.10 Walden.

CHANNEL4

1.00 The Three Stooges. The terrible tno turns up at King Arthur's court.

1.25 Racing from Newcastle. The 1.30
Ladbroke Handicap Hurdle. 2.05 Steel Plate and Sections Novices'
Chase, 2.40 Beltway Homes Fighting
Fifth Hurdle, and the 3.10 Ladbroke

3.35 Film: The Holly and the lvy. The festive season turns sour for a coun-try person when revelations at a Christmas family reunion cause him to dramatically revise his outlook on life. With Ralph Richardson and

Denholm Elliott (1904).

5.05 Brookside.

6.30 Right to Repty.

7.00 A Week in Politics. Vincent Hanna and Andrew Rawnsley review that week's developments; News Summary. 8.00 Four-Mations. Three experimental

animations, beginning with William Latham's Biogenesis that boasts state-of-the-art computer graphics. Winter Trees, by Sarah Downes, takes its inspiration from a poem by Sylvia Plath, and Argument in a Superstore is a tongue-in-cheek piece by Stuart Hilton.

ose Line is it Anyway? Impro-8.30 Wh vised cornedy, hosted by Clive Anderson. With Tony Stattery and Josia Lawrence, 9.00 Brides of Christ. Mother Ambrose's

attempts to implement the latest Vatican reforms are disrupted by the arrival of a new convert with strong left-wing views. Matters are further complicated when the newcomer kindles romantic feelings in soma of the more impressionable sisters. Drama set in a 1960s Australian

Quast. 10.05 Rory Bremner: Who Else? 10.45 Film: Love Streams. Drama chronicling the emotional ties that unite an eccentric brother and sister as they search for fulfilment. Directed by and starring John Cassavetes, with Gena Rowlands, Seymour Cassel and Jakob Shaw

1.15 Late Licence. 1.25 Herman's Head.

1.55 Eurotrash. 3.30 Saturday Zoo 4.30 Made in the USA.

5.15 4-Tel On View.

REGIONS.

ITY REGIONS AS LONDON EXCEPT AT THE FOLLOWING TIMES:

SHARMADA: SHARMAD 1.10 Nick Off 1.40 Granada Sport: Action. 4.55 Granada News. 5.05 Goals Extra. 8.50 Granada Vesather 11.36 The Eyes of Laura Mars. (1976; 1.30 Hollywood Report. 2.00 The Heiden Room. 2.30 BPM. 3.30 The Little Picture Show. 4.25 The Big E. 5.15 On The Live Side.

HTV:
12.30 No Naked Flames. 1.00 HTV News. 1.10 Sal the World 1.40 Cartoon Time. 1.55 Final Eye. (TVM 1977) 3.45 Baywatch. 4.55 News and Sport 8.50 Weather. 11.35 The Eyes of Laura Mars. (1978) 1.30 Hotlywood Report. 2.00 The Hidden Room. 2.30 aPM, 3.30 The Little Picture Show, 4.25 The Exp E. 5.15 On The Livé Side.

WESTCOUNTRY:

1.05 Westcountry Weekend Latest. 1.10 The A-Team 2.05 Dinosaurs. 2.25 Anybody Out There?

3.05 NBA Baskerball. 4.05 Superstant of Westing.

4.55 Westcountry Weekend Latest. 11.15 The Eyes of Laura Mars. (1978) 1.30 Hollywood Report. 2.00 The Hidden Room, 2.30 BPM. 3.30 The Little Picture Show, 4.25 The Big E, 5.15 On The Live State.

YORKSHIRE: 1.05 Calendar News. 1.10 The Munsters Today. 1.35 Wanted: Dead or Alive. 2.05 Jumping for Joy. (1955) 3.45 Baywatch. 4.55 Calendar News.

ANGLIA:
1.05 Anglia News 1.10 The Littlest Hobo. 1.35
COPS. 2.05 Hardcastle and McCommit. (1983)
4-5 Kinght Rider. 4.55 Anglia News and Sport 8.50
Anglia Weather. 11.35 The Eyes of Laura Mars.
119731 1.30 Hollywood Report. 2.00 The Hidden
Room 2.30 BPM 2.30 The Little Picture Show.
4.25 The Big E. 5.15 Ch The Live Side.
Recommits.

BORDER: 1.05 Border News, 1.10 Kick Off, 1.40 Granada Sport Action, 4.55 News and Weather 5.00 Sports Results, 11.35 The Eyes of Laura Mars, (1978) 1.30 Hobywood Report, 2.00 The Hidden Room, 2.30 5PM, 3.30 The Utile Picture Show, 4.25 The Big E 5.15 On The Live Side.

CENTRAL:
12:30 Amenca's Top 10, 1.05 Central News 1.10 COPS, 1.36 Movies, Games and Videos. 2.00 kingst Rider. 3.00 The A-Team. 3.55 WCW Worldwide Wresting, 4.55 Central News 5.00 The Central Match - Goals E-tra. 8.50 Local Weather, 11.35 Lisa Stansfield. All Around the World. 12:35 The Big E. 1.30 Axis - In A New Light '93, 6.00 Speakeasy 4.00 Central Jotforder '93, 5.20 Asian Eye. GRANADA:

SCOTTISH:

1.05 Scotland Today 1.10 Telefros. 1.40 Hagger Agus. 2.10 Caiptean Zed Agus. An Zee Zone. 2.40 Scottish Books. 3.10 The Sullivans. 3.40 The A-Team. 4.55 Scotland Today. 0.50 Scottish Weather. 2.05 The Art Suiter Show. 3.10 Pop Profile. 3.35 Cinema, Cinema, Cinema. 4.05 BPM. 5.00 Blockrusiers

5.00 Blockhuslers
ULSTER:
12.30 Blockhuslers. 1.05 UTV Live Lunchtime News
1.10 Salurday Sport. 1.20 Movies, Garnes and
visees. 1.50 Dinosaurs. 2.20 BMX Bandés, (1983)
3.55 WCW Workende Wressling. 4.55 UTV Live
News 5.00 Saburday Sport. 8.55 UTV Live News
11.35 The Eyes of Lurar Mars. (1978) 1.35 Hollywood Report. 2.00 The Halden Room. 2.30 BPM.
3.30 The Little Picture Show, 4.25 The Big E, 5.15
On The Little Picture Show, 4.25 The Big E, 5.15
On The Little Picture. On The Live Side.

CHANNEL4 8.00 Early Morning, 8.25 Wowser, 9.40 Laurel and Hardy, 9.45 Dog City, 10.15 Beet That Sport, 10.45 Land of the Glante, 11.45 Liftle House on the Preiria, 12.45 pm Bush Tucker Man,

1.16 Football Italia. Soccer action; fixtures include Parma v Milan.

3.30 Film: Smoky, Family saga. Roving cowboy Fred MacMurray wins the cowboy Fred MacMurray wins the trust of rancher Anne Baxter after capturing and training a wild colt to work on her tarm (1946).

5.10 News. 5.15 High Interest, John Plender of The Financial Times examines the hard-ship facing many senior citizens as state pensions decline. He asks why occupational schemes often seem designed to benefit companies than Individuals, and investi-

gates the discrepancy between Brit-ish pension rates and those in Europe.

reviews, including Aladdin, C84 and Hard Target. 6.30 The Cosby Show.

7.00 Equinox, Specially filmed footage from a mission by the Space Shuttle Discovery, showing the procedures involved in launching and manoeu-vring tha craft, and ensuring tha sur-vival of its five occupants.

8.00 The Great Commanders, Accomplishments of Julius Caesar.

8.45 Snapshots. Bob Geldof returns to his native Dublin. 9.00 Witness, Former hostage Brian

Keenan describes his four-and-a-half-year ordeal in Lebanon to Irland and film maker David Hammond. Last in series.

10.00 Film: The Kill Off. Thriller, with Loretta Gross and Jackson Sims. Based on a novel by Jim Thompson. Part of the Made in the USA season (1989). 11.50 Four-Mations. Animation by women directors, featuring Corrina Askin's Godspeak, dealing with the role of

the Church; Carolina Lopez's roman the Church; Carolina Lopez's roma-tic fairy tale Swan Song; Rush Hou by Cathy Slim, which deals with paranola; and Michelle Salarmon's offbeat look at hairdressing, Perma-nent Wave. 12.15 Film: A Child from the South.

Josette Simon stars in this drama about a journalist who, after 20 years in exile following the political assassination of her father, returns to Mozambique (1991). 2.00 Close.

REGIONS

ITY REGIONS AS LONDON EXCEPT AT THE

FOLLOWING TIMES:
ANGLIA:
12.25 Help. 12.55 Anglia News. 2.00 British Motorsport Championships. 2.30 Cartoon, 2.40 North to
Aussia, (1990) 5.00 Bulseye, 5.30 Anglia nt War.
6.00 Anglia News on Sunday 10.40 Anglia Weather, 12,30 Gardener's Diary, 12,35 Border News, 2,00 Casanova's Big Night, (1954) 3,30 7th Heaven, 4,00 Go for Goal, 4,30 Scotsport, 5,30 Sounds at the ds, 6.00 Border Wesk, 6.16 Border News.

Sands, 6.00 Border Week, 6.16 Border News. CENTRALI 12.30 Take 15. 12.45 Central Newsweek, 12.55 Central News 2.00 Central Lobby, 2.25 7st Night, 2.50 The Central Match - Lva. 5.20 Life Goes On. 6.15 News 10.40 Local Westher, 11.45 Billy,

GRAMBHAN:
11.00 Sunday Service. 11.45 Eixon. 11.55 Appeal.
12.00 Sunday Morning. 12.30 Gardener's Diary.
12.55 Grampran Headlines. 2.00 Nature of Things.
2.00 Highway to Heaven. 4.00 Seit the World. 4.30
Scotsport. 5.30 The Business Game. 6.00 Put it in Winting. 6.15 Gramplan Headlines 10.40 Gramplan Weather, 11.45 On the God.

DRAMBHAN. GRANADA:

12.25 Granada on Sunday, 12.55 News 2.00 Return Go for Goal, 6.15 Coronation Street, 6.15 No

Go for Goal, 6.15 Coronation Street, 8.15 News HTW: 12.30 HTV News. 12.35 HTV Newsweek, 2.00 Inner Journeys, 2.45 The West Match, 3.25 The Greatest American Hero. (1981) 5.15 Movies, Gornes and Videos, 5.45 Anybody Olar Thee? 8.15 HTV News. 10.40 HTV Westher, 11.45 Wanted; Dead or Alive. HTV Weles as HTV except:
12.35 Playback, 2.00 Weles on Sunday, 2.30 The
A-Team, 5.15 Tellyphonin',
MERCHDAN.

MERIDIAN: 12.30 Seven Days. 12.50 Meridian News. 2.00 Country Ways. 2.30 Wanted: Dead or Alive. 3.00 Shane. (1953) 5.10 Carloon. 5.15 Dinosaurs. 5.45 Oogs with Dumbar. 6.15 Mendian News. 11.45 Serve You Right.

Serve You Fegin.

SCOTTISH:

10.15 Wernysa Bay 902101. 11.00 Link. 11.15

Sunday Morning. 11.45 Sunday Service. 12.30

Eikon. 12.40 Appeal. 12.55 Scotland Today. 2.00

The Thomas Crown After. (1968) 4.00 The 564,000

Question. 4.30 Scotsport. 5.30 The Business

Game. 6.00 The Box. 6.15 Scotland Today 11.45

The Arts Awards.

TYME TREES:
12.25 Tyme Tees Nows Roview. 12.50 Tyme Tees
Newsweek. 2.56 Sky West and Crooked. (1965)
4.50 The Champons - Where Are They Now? 5.20
Harmah USA. 5.60 Tyme Tees Weckend. 11.45 The
Trials of Rosle O'Nell.

Triats of Rosle O'Nell.
ULSTER:
12.30 Tomas an Traeln. 12.40 Instruments. 12.56
UTV Live News 2.00 Gardening Time. 2.25 Henneh
USA. 2.55 Statistye. 3.25 Police Str. 3.35 Call to
Glory. (1983) 5.20 Father Dowling Investigates. 0.10
Witness. 6.15 News 10.40 UTV Live News
WESTCOUNTRY:
12.30 Westcountry Update. 12.55 Westcountry
Weekend Latest. 2.00 Châden'e island. 2.25 The
Concrete Cowboys. (TWM 1979) 4.15 Harnah USA.
4.45 Men in a Woman's World. 5.15 Highwey to
Heaven. 6.15 Westcountry Weekend Latest.
YOUNDESHIRE:

TORKSHIRE:
12.25 Nawrang. 12.50 Calendar News. 2.55 Sky
West and Crooked. (1965) 4.50 The Chempions –
Where Are They Now? 5.20 Hannah USA. 5.50
Calendar News and Weather 10.40 Local Weather.
11.45 The Trials of Roale C'Ne

CHESS

British claims to be the Rfel Bxc3 13 Bxc3 Be4 14 Qc1 a4 15 Bh3 axb3 16 axb3 Ra2 17 Rd2 Qa8 18 Rxa2 Qxa2 19 Nd2 number two chess country after Russia were dented this week in the £100,000 Interpolis Insurance event at Tilburg. Netberlands. Tilburg is the world's strongest knock-out tournament, in which more tban 100 grandmasters and masters take part. Michael Adams caused a stir when be won the £40,000 first prize last

This week, though, Jonathan Speelman, Julian Hodgson and Tony Miles were eliminated quickly. Adams bimself followed in the next round. He was the victim of yet another teenage Russian wunderkind, Alexander Morozevich, 16, on a day when ex-Soviets made almost a clean sweep of their western rivals.

The top seed at Tilburg was the Fide world champion, Anatoly Karpov, who wins here by skilful tactics against an underprotected back rank. (A. Karpov, White: O. Romanisbin, Black, Tilbnrg

1 d4 Nf6 2 c4 e6 3 Nf3 b6 4 g3 Ba8 5 b8 Bb7 6 Bg2 Bb4+ 7 Bd2 a5 8 0-0 0-0 9 Qc2 d6? A natural move, but it effectively concedes Karpov a bishop pair which later proves decisive. Either Bxd2 or Be7 is more

consistent

10 Nc3 Nbd? 11 Rad1 Re8 12 Solution Page XXIV

ሟ A + i White mates in two moves, against any defence (by R. Lincoln, 1993).

Leonard Barden

BRIDGE

I WAS sitting West when this most interesting hand occurred during a session of rubber bridge:

A A J 8 6 5 ♥ 9 ♦ Q 7 5 2 4 J75 ♠ K Q 9 3 ♥ 8 3 ♠ 10 7 4 2 **♥** J7652 **♦** K J 9 AQ1096 3 2 V A K Q 10 4 ♦ A 10 8 6 4 3

With East-West vulnerable, South dealt and opened with one diamond. North replied one spade. My partner bid two clubs and South re-bid three hearts. North said four diamonds and South went to five. doubled, and South's redouble closed the auction.

l opened with my king of clubs, on which East dropped the 10. He should, I think, have

overtaken with his ace, in case I had a singleton, and followed with the queen. The declarer was marked with a 6-5 distribution in the red suits and, if he had a singleton club, the established knave was unlikely to be of much use. Had he done this and continued with a third club, we would have defeated the contract by two tricks.

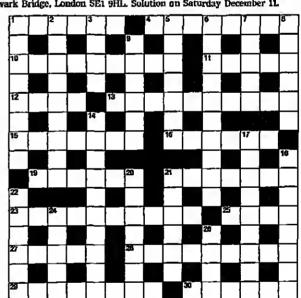
I had to switch to the spade two. The ace won, allowing declarer to throw his losing club. Now, be should have made his redoubled contract. But after winning the spade ace, he crossed to his diamond ace and continued with a low diamond, I won and exited with my knave to the queen. South had to go one down.

The safe method of play is to ruff a spade at trick three, then lead a diamond to my king. I can return a diamond, but this does not prevent the declarer from ruffing two hearts and making 11 tricks.

E.P.C. Cotter

CROSSWORD

No. 8,317 Set by DINMUTZ A prize of a classic Pelikan Souveran 800 fountain pen, inscribed with the winner's name for the first correct solution opened and five runner-up prizes of 535 Pelikan vouchers. Solutions by Wednesday December 8, marked Crossword 8,317 on the envelope, to the Financial Times, I Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL Solution on Saturday December 11.



ACROSS

1 Daughter to science-fiction author lives (6)
4 Reflex action of member being hammered? (4-4)
10 Clever scheme to use up gasmatter (9)
11 Conduct is mainly good in Edinburgh (5)
12 Copy paper? (4)
13 Watch found on the beach (10)
15 Cat hene (7)
16 Plain, bald Frank Green....(6)
19 ... surrounded by becoming maids at the junction (6)
12 Centres of activity in grand old England (7)
23 Three in old-fashioned pub (3.3,4)
25 Was in debt for ring, getting married (4)
27 Grand music-maker? (5)
28 Feverish? Bound to be a thermal source! (3,6)
29 Was this aircraft self-banking? (8)
30 Charges for books (5)
Solntion 8,316

DOWN

Broadcast of girl's, by itself?
(8)
Turner, maybe, leaving the cast (9)
Abundance of things to be knocked down (4)
5 She makes sin seem sorry (7)
6 Contract of employment (10)
7 American man leaving Heather (5)
8 King with lancy sedan fingers dough (6)
9 Send someone to Coventry Region, perhaps (6)
14 Long, sacred pieces of early music (6-4)
17 Cbaste girl, possibly with energy (4-5)
18 Lengths to which police go, taking a long time? (8)
19 Cable car system needs lively believe below junction (7)
20 This painter got it right with a circle! (6)
21 More work? (6)
22 More work? (6)
23 More work? (6)
24 Formarly, an officer to bonour (5)
25 Almost free fight (4)
Solntion 8,305



WINNERS 8,305: B. Wigley, Poynton, Cheshire; M.J. Davis, Stratford-upon-Avoa; R.V. Fratepietro, Bridgewater, Ct. USA; J.L. Kirkpatrick, Glasgow; A. Pleasance, Exeter; I.R. Watson, The Hague,



10.00 The Arts Programme. 12.05 Ronnie Hilton. 1.00 Jon Briggs. 4.00 Berbers Sturgeon.

BECTADIO 3 6.35 Open University: Access to Mathe - Starting Countdown, 6.55 Weather, 7.00 Countdownt. 6.35 Weather, 7.05
Record on Review. Telemann,
Schubert, Arenlesy, Kodely,
Panutrik, Tadeusz Beind,
Bacawicz, Coward, 12.00 Spirit
of the Aga. 1,00 Naves. 1,00
Table Talit, Polish cookery,
1,20 Chopin. 1,55 Lille National
Orthwater, Homerour and
5.25 Tel Junction.

SATURDAY 10.45 Wings and Landings. The prison journals of John Williams. Last in series. 11.00 Personal Records. Jaremy Nicholas visits Joanna. MacGregor. 11.30 The Nick Revell Show. 12.00 News. 12.33 Shipping Forecast.

1.05 Close.

12.43 (FM) Close. 12.43 (LW) As World Service. 10.00 Loces Ends. 11.00 The Week in REC RADIO 5 5.00 World Service. Westminster. 11,30 Europhile. 6.30 Mark Curry's Weekend 12:00 Money Box egators. 9,30 Get Set. 19,30 Hopelong Cassidy. 11,00 Gel. 12,00 Sport on 4 Plus 1. 12.25 I'm Sony I Heven't a 1.00 Nous 1.00 News.
1,10 Any Questions?
2.00 Any Answers? 071-580.
4444.
2.30 Playhouse. The Turn of the Screw, by Henry Jenses. 5.00 Costing the Emit.
5.25 Tes Junction.
6.00 News and Sports
Round-Up.
6.25 Week Ending.
6.39 Postcard from Gotham.
7.20 Kaledoscope.
7.50 Seturday Night Theatre:
The Lewanter by End Ambler.
9.90 Makes in Alfind.

The Leventer by Eric 9.20 Music in Mind.

10.15 Open Mind, issues of the

12.30 Sport on 5.
1.30 Sport on 5.
1.30 Sport on 5.
1.30 Str.-O-Six.
7.30 Airopop Worldwide.
8.30 Le Top.
9.30 Nightbest.
10.00 Sports Bulletin.
15.15 The Way Out.
19.00 Close WORLD SERVICE BBC for Europe can be received in Western Europe on Medium Wave 848 kHz (483m) at the following times GMT:

People and Politics. 8.00 News; Words of Faith; A Johy Good Show. 9.00 News; Business Report; Worldbrief. 9.30 Personal View. 8.45 Sports Round-up. 19.00 Printer's Devit; Letter From America. 15.00 Waveguide. 10.40 Book Choics. 10.45 From The Westides. 11.00 Newsciesk. 11.30 SBC English. 11.45 Mittaesmagazin; News to 11.30 BBC English. 11.46 Mittagemagazin: News in German. 19.00 News; Words of Felit; Mutithack Three. 12.45 Sports Round-up. 1.00 Newstour. 2.00 News Summary; John Feel. 2.30 Sportsworld. 3.00 News; Sportsworld. 3.00 News; Sportsworld. 3.00 News; Sportsworld. 4.00 News; British News; BBC English. 4.30 Heute Aktuell: News in German. 0.00 News; Summary; Sportsworld. 5.30 BBC English. 6.00 Newsdeek. 6.00 Heute Aktuell: News in German. 7.00 Newsdeek. 6.00 Heute Aktuell: News in German. 7.00 Nachrichten; BBC English. 200 reservacion. 6.00 Haute Aktualit. News in German. 7.00 Nachrichten: Weekend Festure. 0.00 News: Words of Faith; Personal View; Jazz For The Asking. 9.00 Newshour. 10.00 News; British News: Meridian. 10.45 Sports Round-up. 11.00 News; Words of Falit; Book Choke; A Jolly Good Show. 12.00 Newsick 12.30 Play of the Week: The Lady's Not For Burning. 2.00 News; Good Show. 12.00 News; Common Corresponders. 2.30 The Divine Supermarket. 3.00 News; Sritish News; Sports Roundup. 3.30 From Our Own Corresponders. 2.50 Write On. 4.00 News; Coast To Coast. 4.30 BBC English. 4.45 News and Press Review in German.

BBC RADIO 3 Sunday Morrang, 12.15 Music Matters. 1.00 Montavers Day, 1.00 France, 2.00 lbby, 2.00 Belgium, 4.00 Denmark, Mogens Pederson'e madrigals and mess. 6.00 Potanti. Motels by Milcolej Zelebniki Jord Bartricratel.

6.00 Potenti. Motets by Makolej Zhelonald and Bartolomiej Pakiel. 6.00 Monteverd: Day Update. Progress report on the celebrations. 6.05 Netherlands. Secular and secred organ Spain. Tomas Luis de Victorie 9.00 italy. Monteverdi. 11.00 Monteverdi: Past and Future. Anthony Burton discusses the

SUNDAY **BBC RADIO 4** 6.00 News. 6.10 Prejude. 7.00 News.
7.10 Sunday Papers.
7.16 On Your Farm.

7.40 Sunday. 8.50 Terry Wogen. Speaks on behalf of the BBC's Children in Need appeal. 9.00 News. 9.10 Sunday Papers. 4.15 Letter from America. 6.15 Letter from America. 6.00 Morning Service. 15.15 The Archers. 11.15 Mech

3.30 Pick of the Week. 4.15 Analysis. 5.00 Celtic Wanderers. 5.00 Poetry Please! 5.00 Poetry Please!
6.00 News.
6.16 Feedback.
6.39 Europhile.
7.30 Devout Scappics.
6.00 Sweet and inspiration
6.30 Reading Aloud.
9.00 The Natural History

Programme. 9.30 Special Assignment.

15.15 St Jack, Dr Jack Preger talks about his work with Calcutta'e beggars. 11.00 in Committee. 11-30 Seeds of Feith. 12.00 News. 12.33 Shipping Forecast. 12.43 (FM) Close. 12.43 (LW) As BBC World Service. BBC RADIO 5

6.00 World Service. 8.30 Mark Curry's Weekend 9.30 Mr Jones and the Ptg.
16.00 Johnnie Walker.
11.30 Fantasy Football League.
12.30 Simon Fenshawe's
Sunday Brunch.
2.00 Witsen's Weekly.
2.30 Sporting Albums.
6.00 Sunday Sport.
6.00 The Eagle Daries.
6.30 Education Matters.
7.00 Sportselssk.
7.15 Money Talk.
7.45 in Other Words. 9.30 Mr Jones and the Ptg. 7.45 in Other Words. 8.00 Italianissimo. 8.30 Make German Your

aaC tor Europe can be

received in Western Europe on Medium Wave 648 Edtz (462m) at the following times CBMT:

8.00 News; Antish News; 2017:
8.00 News; Buttish News; Printer's Devil. 6.00 Jazz For The Askang. 7.00 Newsdesk. 7.30 From Our Own Correspondent; Write On. 0.00 News; Words of Farth; Ray On Record 9.00 News; Business Review. 9.15 Short Bloys; Writers Block. 9.30 Folk Routes, 9.45 Sports Round-up. 19.00 News Summary; Science in Action. 10.20 in Praise of God. 11.00 Newsdesk. 11.30 BC English. 11.45 News and Press Review in German, 12.00 Play of the Week: The Lady's Not For Burning. 1.00 Newsdesk. 12.00 News; Summary; Making America. 2.30 Anything Goes. 3.00 News; Concert Hol. 4.00 News in German. 5.00 News; Business Review; 32C English. 4.30 News in German. 5.00 News; Business Review; Ask Description of Patty. Folk Routes. 6.30 Europe Today. 9.00 Newsdesk. 6.30 Newsdesk. 10.45 Sports Round-up. 11.00 News; Business Review; Ray On Record. 12.00 Newsdesk. 12.30 in Praise Of God. 1.00 News; Business Review; Ray On Record. 12.00 Newsdesk. 12.30 in Praise Of God. 1.00 News; Business Review; Ray On Praise Of God. 1.00 News; Business Review; Ray On Praise Of God. 1.00 News; Business Review; Ray On Praise Of God. 1.00 News; Business Review; Ray On Praise Of God. 1.00 News; Business Review; Ray On Praise Of God. 1.00 News; Business Review; Ray On Record. 12.00 Newsdesk. 2.30 In Praise Of God. 1.00 News; Images of Britain. 4.30 SBC English. 4.45 News and Press Review in German.

RADIO

7.00 Don Maclean. 9.05 John Sachs. 10.30 Heyes on Sunday. 12.00 Deemond Carrington. 2.00 Benny Green. 4.00 Stars of the Ritles. 4.30 Sing Something Simple. 5.00 Charlie Checker. 7.00 Richard Baler. 6.00 Sunday Half Hour. 9.00 Alan Keith. 19.00 Arts Programme. 12.05 Jon Briggs. 6.00 Alex Lester. 5.00 Weather, 7.00 Secred and Profane, 9.00 Brian Key's Sunday Morning, 12.15 Music

BBC RADIO 2

11.15 Mediumwave.
11.46 Cut the Mustard.
12.15 Desert Island Disks.
1.00 The World This Weekend.
2.00 Gardeners' Cuestion Time.
2.30 Classic Serial; Riders of the Purple Sage. Zene Grey's Western rovel.

Business, 9.00 Restart French, 9.30 Black Museum 15.10 Across the Line. WORLD SERVICE





Orchestra, Honogger and Revel, 2.50 Monteverd's Medigals. The eighth book. Last in series. 2.00 Vintage Yours. Smelans, Liszt, Mozar Trends in performing MonteverdFar music, 6.00 Monteverd's music. 5.00
Clementi. 7.00 The Coronation of Poppea, Monteverd's last opens. 10.55 Jezz Jamborea

Humperdinck, Hens Von Bulow, Smues, 6.00 Jezz Record Requests, 6.45 ** 9.50 7en to Ten.



- Five years ago, I sat at a table basklng in the late antumn heat of Inland Florida. unable to nod off, or to become pleasantly squiffy on one of those wonderful

long American cocktails. The trouble was there were three other men around the table: big serious business executives, with blg serious plans which they wanted to show

They reminded me of those diagrams one used to see during the cold war, of the effects of a nuclear bomb in the heart of London: the blob in the middle would be the impact in Whitehall, and the rings blossoming out denoted diminish ing degrees of carnage.

These maps also charted flows of

Dominic Lawson explains why Europeans want to wash that mouse right out of their hair

planned at EuroDisney. The three executives were from the Disney corporation and were attempting to show me the ideal suitability of northern France for their first venture into theme parks outside the motherland. The rings denoted population density, and speed of population movement. I forget now how many millions of ple they claimed were within four hours travelling of EuroDisney - thanks to the wonderful TGV -

Mickey's new site, then being

population and vulnerability, but but it was a number which, if these to something else: the power of men had been characters in a Dis-Mickey Mouse, and, in particular to ney cartoon, would have turned their eyes into cash registers.

In part they were trying to convince me, a British journalist, that the ontskirts of Paris was, on purely objective grounds, a far better site then anything that Britain could offer. I assured them that I was not in the least offended, and nor were the people of Britain. As it turned out, the people who were offended were the Spanish, but their government could not afford the - entirely legal - financial inducements offered by France.

Now we are all, particularly the investors in Euro-Disney, much wiser. It is not just the lack of sufficient passing trade that is the problem. It seems that Europeans find the working practices of the Disney corporation rather too onerous. A number of these disgruntled employees have gone into print on the matter in Friday's Daily Telegraph one Christin Ruble, who gave np after only eight weeks, complained that "We were remade in Walt's image" (although I think she looked sweet in the accompanying photograph, wearing her Mickey-Mouse hat).

Just who is taking the Mickey?

my column more attentively, she could have spared herself the embarassment. As I reported 18 months ago, on that trip to Florida, I stumbled across a document setting out the dress code for employees. They made the British army seem lax. So as a service to similarly-minded potential employees, I will quote it again from the section. headed "Women: Hahr". It stipnlated, among other things: "Hatr below shoulder length should be worn combed away from the face so that it will not fall forward or over the face when performing normal

If Miss Ruble had been reading job duties. Side tendrils, if worn, should not extend below the bottom of the ear lobe. If a yarn or hair ribbon is worn it should be no wider than one half inch, or longer than four inches when tied. Stickpin barrettes (both leather and plastic), and knitted chinon (bun) holders are not acceptable."

The "Men: Hair" section was scarcely less strict, and, among many other points, it demanded that: "Sideburns should be neatly trimmed and may be permitted to extend to the bottom of the ear lobe, following their natural contour. Flares or muttonchops are not -

Why hasn't it been taught in

She replied by referring to

historical fashion and to wrong.

assumptions about children's

powers of reason. Thinking of

the present backlash against

ideals of child-centred educa-

tion which - so it appears -

teachers have shown them-

"Well, of course it's child-

centred because you believe they can think for themselves.

But I don't think one excludes

society where citizens are assumed to think for them-

selves, to vote, formulate opin-

ions, digest all the information.

and their teach them not to do

so." Philosophy should be part of every teacher's education.

some support to the move-ment's claim that philosophy

accelerates children's reading

Studies in the US have given -

"You can't say you want a

selves unable to deliver?

schools before, then?

Americans seem happy to put up with such rules. Their's is a society which not only tolerates homogenisation, but worships it. But we in Europe are quality obsessed with individualism, particularly in matters of dress and appearance.

The Americans also are happy queueing I was amazed, in Florida, to see families standing for two hours to spend a minute on some new attraction. I could never see that happening in northern Europe. But the reason was not anthropological. It was the weather. It was simply too cold or wet, most of the year, for any sane family to want to queue. That is a point which it never occurred to me to put to those Disney executives five years ago, as we sat in our shirt sleeves in the heat of Florida in October. Dominic Lawson is editor of the Spectator.

ocrates was condemned to death for corrupting the youth of Athens. What sentence, then, would be appropriate for people caught teaching philosophy to five-

Karin Murris, a Dutch philosopher, thinks metaphysics could be the saving of English education.

She was born (where else?) in the Spinoza Clinic, Spinoza Street, Amsterdam, and studied at the famous University of Leyden. She says that unless children are taught to think, they cannot learn. Unless they are taught to scrutinise everything thrown at them by parents, pedagogues, politicians and the press, they cannot

develop into good citizens. Her diagnosis could strike a chord in a country constantly bemoaning the failure of its state education - perhaps, too, with a prime minister whose slogan is "back to basics".

But, I asked her, do we really want to raise a generation of little sceotics?

Philosophy means freedom, she replied, "It gives you choice: not being stuck with what is, but learning to formulate what could be. It is questioning. When you feel satisfied, you make up your mind temporarily - hut keep an open-minded attitude. I don't believe that is a bad thing for

Even in moral matters? Many teachers, she agreed, consider it their first duty to tell children what is right and wrong, what good and had. "But it's not as simple as that. Children are constantly being taught moral values, anyway. It's only an assumption that they cannot probe further. If you teach answers, and teach dogmatically, they won't have the concepts to heart. If they haven't thought it through for themselves, do you think they will obey?"

Questioning should start from an early age hecause beliefs can petrify into prejudice and prejudice can lead to violence. "For instance, religion has been used - I am not saying It is inherent in religion - to justify violence."

Karin Murris does not look like a poisoner of tiny minds. She has a gentle voice, easy manner and mischievous eyes. She lives with her English husband in a smart big hungalow in Berkshire, from where she runs her Centre for Philosophy with Children. And she has children of her own: a son and daughter, both at a local state

school, and a baby on the way. "With my own children, I am always clear about the values I think important," she said.
"There are a lot of rules you need to make living as a family Private View / Christian Tyler

When philosophy is kids' stuff

Children should challenge authority - not the law, the police or their teachers, hut epistemological authority: from? How do I justify them? "You can be very sceptical about the origin of helief and the possibility of true know-ledge without..." She paused. Becoming an anarchist? "Exactly."

There is no count of British schools that have tried teaching children philosophy but the idea is not new. It began 20

thew Lipman, a university philosophy professor and guru of the movement, had a hright idea for engaging the minds of no-hopers from city ghettoes. It is now taught in 5,000 schools there and has spread to 35 other countries. It seems to be particularly popular in eastern Europe, Russia and South

Lipman and his disciples use philosophical novels of the professor's own composition (the first, punningly titled Harry

logic) to provoke disciplined debate between children oo a topic of their own choosing. Murris follows Lipman's method hut uses different material Reing herself mainly a product of the continental tradition of philosophy, she is unhappy with some of the Lipmanite doctrines.

I asked her if there was an age helow which children were incapable of philosophising. "I don't think so. As soon as they can talk, they come up

tions. Infants are very open and sparkling and very cre-ative in their thinking. The older they get, the more closed down the answers become. If you don't start young, you have missed most people. She recalled conducting a

class of middle-class 10-yearolds: They were as good as gold, honestly. But they couldn't formulate questions. They just didn't want to explore ideas " Do boys and girls think dif-

"I haven't noticed it."

How many women philoso-phers have there been? There was a reproving silence. That's a rhetorical question, not an open-eoded question." Then she decided I was joking and laughed mer-rily. There've been so many : you're just not aware of them! But it's the same as in history sciences, everything. Why did the Dutch produce so many good philosophers and paint-

It is often said that men are better at sequential thinking. women at intuitive, lateral thinking.

"I don't know. This leftbrain, right-brain thing assumes a mechanistic view of the mind, anyway, Philosophy deals with both. You think with your guts, too. Scientists working on projects for 10 or 20

something is there. Philosophy. is very much a passionate affair. It's a passion for thinking. You are constantly in motion. That's why you can never he wise"

Are there forbidden topics?

the whole thing. Why did you say that? You have to justify. As soon as prejudices come to the surface they can be dealt with - by the children." from the parents?

VALV Clever." Murris said philosophy does

riculum but complements it. Do you mean, I said, that it is the sub-structure? "Absolutely, That's a lovely way of putting it it is the sub-

so-called child-centred education-in Britain, I asked her if she was "progressive".
"Oh, I hate labels! No, I'm a schools ban discussion of sex without parental permission. Children had fewer taboos philosopher. I think all philosophers are progressive, anythan adults. They needed to talk about death, for example, Are you just putting forward in a more systematic way the

and could spot the difference between "suicide" and "killing yourself". Sometimes, racism "It's wonderful when it comes · up _in · philosophy because then you neutralise

Don't you get complaints It's funny, but I haven't had single one. Children seem to know when they can or can't say certain things. They're

not subvert the rest of the car-

ability and mental age. Lipman points to successes with dropout teenagers in New Jersey. Murris is careful not to make structure. Philosophy is the fourth R - reasoning - that underlies the three Rs." its beneficial effect on truants

them permission to express their own opinions raises their self-esteem - and low self-esteem is cited often these days as a cause of addiction to drugs and violence.

The older I get, the more I realise how limited our think-

ing is and what we can grasp with it," Murris said, finally.

and disruptive children. Giving

"Philosophy gives you another perspective on life, and the more perspectives you have, the richer a person you are. The aim of education is subject. It is all about choices, ideas. What sort of life do you want to live? What sort of person do you want to become?

"Wa always assume wa remain the same person, that we have to have some coherent life story. But is there such a thing? We are constantly becoming the person we want to be. So, there is no harm at all in teaching children they

"You can only hope they take out what you value. But, at the end of the day, it's their decision. In a society that is rapidly changing, we haven't got a clue what our children will need in 10 or 20 years' time do we – what knowledge

what sort of skills? "But thinking soundly about these things is, I think, the best thing you can give them; about what they hear, what they see on television, what they read in the newspapers." She smiled wickedly. "Including the Financial Times.

A glass of champagne, not hemlock, I think, for Karin Murris. But how many teachers wrestling to instil the three Rs will be capable of delivering



Reaping science's reward

By Michael Thompson-Noel



Will he or won't he? All week I have been in a state of trepidation, wondering whether Kenneth Clarke Ha Ha Ha, Britain's chancellor of the exchequer. will dare to introduce value added tax oo hooks and newspapers - the

in Tuesday's Budget. I do not have a surplus of knowledge, anyway, and the prospect that its acquisition may be taxed has filled me with dismay.

In a flurry of desperation I have been reading book after book – one of which.

called Making of the Modern World, about milestooes in science, has had a strange effect, calming and pacifying me in a way I would oot have thought possible for some-one whose normal state of mind as he surveys this weary planet is one of melan-

Making of the Modern World was produced by experts at the Science Museum in London, and lists 100 key developments in science, technology and medicine. The

photography is superh. According to John Murray, the publisher, the inventions are presented chronologically to give an idea of the historical progress made in science, starting with the Byzantine sundial calendar in 1217 AD through to genetically engineered mice in the 1980s. Other inventions covered include Arkwright's spinning machine, Trevithick's high-pressure engine, Elias Howe's sewing machine, Puffing Billy, the first plastic. Bell's telephone, early cine cameras, the first tube railway, polythene, the V2 rocket, and Marconi's first radio

Before plunging in, I jotted down a short

list of scientific breakthroughs I would like to see. I did not ponder deeply. The idea was to improvise, at speed, a list of obvious improvements on the life we live now and see how it compared with the 100 key inventions listed in the book.

My list: a cure for cancer, and for all forms of illness; an anti-stupid pill; supercheap power, a gun that never hits its target, improved human life expectancy: a way to save the elephant and all God's

It is not a brilliant list. It is amazingly airy-fairy. Even I can see that now. But



what I hadn't expected was the overwhelming practicality of the 100 key inventions listed by the museum. Most of these gadgets and processes were the result of centuries' worth of effort aimed

at answaring extremely specific needs. None is airy-fairy, or was day-dreamed into existence. All are tangible and real. As the Science Museum says, reflecting on these inventions belps us appreciate why

the world of today has become what it has. An example is Bell'a mechanical reaper, signed in 1827 by Patrick Bell of Carmyllie. Scotland. For centuries, reaping (the cutting of corn at harvest) had been done using hand-held sickles and scythes, even though a mechanical reaper had been described in the writings of scholars of

Bell's reaper proved to be the first workable design. He was ignorant of previous research, except that of James Smith, and dismissed a succession of Ideas until starting work on a design incorporating the cutting action of garden shears. A small working model was made in 1827, followed by a full-scale prototype.

It is not in the least difficult to see how Bell's invention has played its role in shaping the modern world - or to realise that without it the European Union, among other ingenious things, would hardly have come into existence. No Bell's reaper: no Jacques Delors. No Jacques Delors: pestilence, war and famine across the face of Europe.

Similar trains of thought are produced by contemplating Lister's 1826 microscope, Bessemer's converter, Holmes' lighthouse generator. Crookes' radiometer, Wimshurst's electrostatic machine, the Rover

I am grateful to the Science Museum for helping me see why the world of today has become what it has. There is a reason for everything. Whimsicality is useless. An anti-stupid pill (given freely with The Sun) is probably nothing but wishful

Thanks to this book, I have grown tolerant and fond of all sorts of modern phenomena. Motorway service stations. British Rail. Eurotunnel and Euro Disney. John Major. Prince Charles. Britain's nuclear submarines. Alleged manifestations of the Virgin Mary. Vong Phaophanit's Neon Rice Field.

How long will this mood last? At least until Tuesday's Budget.

 Making of the Modern World, edited by Neil Cossons, £17.95.



CERF

The stag has always occupied a prime position among the symbols deployed by thirsty mankind. Its antlers graced the ale-halls of the Vikings, Gauls & Saxons. So, 125 years ago, someone suggested it be used as an emblem for the (originally English) Hine family's century old cognac house. It couches on the label to this day, reminding you to ask for Hine as in 'hind' & not, as some try to frenchify it, 'Een' when ordering this most graceful & majestic of



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